

# ASD-STE100 Simplified Technical English

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Standard for technical documentation

**ISSUE 9, JANUARY 2025** 



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# **Highlights**

This issue 9 of ASD-STE100 Simplified Technical English (STE) fully replaces all other issues and revisions.

# **Changes**

The table that follows includes all changes in this issue 9.

| <u>Subject</u>                                | <u>Change</u>  |  |
|---|--|--|
| General changes                               |  |  |
| Page status                                   | All pages changed to Issue 9.  |  |
| Page date                                     | All pages have the latest issue date (2025-01-15).   |  |
| Typing, various editing and formatting errors | These are corrected, where known.  |  |
| General                                       | STE terminology mostly aligns with ISO standards on terminology work (refer to the general introduction, reference documents).  Help (light bulb symbol) added to some rules in part 1 where applicable.  All texts in part 1 comply as much as possible with STE. |  |
| Preliminary pages and general introduction    |  |  |
| Title page  Copyright notices                 | Positions for title and subtitle in the page changed. Subtitle changed to read: "Standard for technical documentation" Issue date changed. Date for ASD copyright changed. Name of ASD changed. Date for ASD copyright changed.                                    |  |
|   | Reference to EU trademark added. Special usage rights revised. Disclaimer of liability revised.  |  |
| Highlights                                    | New text to show the changes included in this issue.   |  |
| Table of contents                             | Some terms changed.  |  |
| Subject-to-rule index                         | Revised to align it with the contents of this issue 9.   |  |
| General introduction                          | Text revised or changed where applicable. Change form revised. List of reference documents added.  |  |

| Part 1 – Writing rules |   |
|------------------------|---|
| Section 1 – Words      |   |
| Rule 1.1               | Wording for rule revised.  Explanatory text revised to include the definitions of technical nouns (noun terms) and technical verbs (verb terms).  The term "technical noun" fully replaces the previous term "technical name" in all parts of the document.  Help added.  |
| Rule 1.2               | Wording for rule revised. Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary. Help added.  |
| Rule 1.3               | Explanatory texts changed or added where necessary.  Texts and sequence of the examples revised or changed.   |
| Rule 1.4               | Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.  Summary tables (verbs and adjectives) revised.  |
| Rule 1.5               | Wording for rule revised.  Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.  Category 21, Law and regulations, added.  Category 22, Animals, plants, and other life forms, added.  Category titles fully revised.  Short explanatory text added for each category.  New examples of technical nouns added in the applicable categories.  Help added in category 17, Colors, to replace the previous note.  Help added at the end of the rule. |
| Rule 1.6               | Wording for rule revised.  Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.  New explanatory text and related example added at the end.   |
| Rule 1.7               | Wording for rule revised.  Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.   |
| Rule 1.8               | Wording for rule revised.  Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.   |
| Rule 1.9               | Wording for rule revised.  Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.   |
| Rule 1.10              | Wording for rule revised.  Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.  New examples added.  |



Rule 1.11 Wording for rule revised. Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary. Rule 1.12 Explanatory text fully revised. Category 3 changed to include subcategories for applicable subject fields. It fully replaces the previous category 4. New category 4 created. New examples of technical verbs added in the applicable categories. Help added. Rule 1.13 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary. Example revised. Rule 1.14 Wording for rule revised. Explanatory text revised.

#### Section 2 – Multi-word nouns

Title and subtitle

Rule 2.1

Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 2.2

Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where necessary.

New examples added.

Rule 2.3

Removed from section 2 and moved to section 4 to become rule 4.5.

#### Section 3 – Verbs

General Subtitle before rule 3.1 revised.

Rule 3.1 Wording for rule revised.

Table removed. Help added.

Help added.

Rule 3.2 Wording for rule revised.

Table revised.

Explanatory text revised.

Rule 3.3 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

Rule 3.4 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

Rule 3.5 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text revised where necessary.

Rule 3.6 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

Graphic chart (passive and active voice) revised.

Rule 3.7 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

#### Section 4 – Sentences

General Subtitles before rules 4.1 and 4.4 revised.

New subtitle before rule 4.5.

Explanatory text before rule 4.1 revised.

Rule 4.1 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 4.2 Explanatory text revised where necessary.

Rule 4.3 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

New examples of vertical lists added.

Help added.

Rule 4.4 Subtitles revised.

Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

Rule 4.5 New rule about articles and demonstrative adjectives added to this

section (it was previously rule 2.3).

Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

New examples added.

Help added.

#### Section 5 – Procedural writing

General Subtitle before rule 5.3 revised.

Rule 5.1 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Help added.

Rule 5.2 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 5.3 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

New examples added.



Rule 5.4 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

Rule 5.5 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Explanatory text in the examples revised. New explanatory text and examples added.

Help added.

#### Section 6 – Descriptive writing

Content structure Explanatory text revised.

Rule 6.1 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 6.2 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 6.3 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 6.4 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 6.5 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 6.6 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Section 7 – Safety instructions

Definitions Explanatory text added at the end.

Help added.

Rule 7.1 Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary. Help added.

Rule 7.2 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 7.3 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

#### Section 8 - Punctuation and word count

Punctuation Explanatory text revised.

Reference book added and information revised.

Rule 8.1 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

Rule 8.2 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text revised where necessary.

Help added.

Rule 8.3 Wording for rule revised.

Rule 8.4 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 8.5 No changes.

Rule 8.6 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory texts and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

8.6.1. Help added.

8.6.2. Changed to include a revised word count for numbers together

with units of measurement.

8.6.3. Examples changed or added.

8.6.7. Proper nouns of individuals, groups, organizations, and

geopolitical entities added. Related examples added.

Rule 8.7 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

#### Section 9 – Writing practices

General Subtitle before rules 9.2 revised.

Rule 9.1 Wording for rule revised.

Explanatory texts revised or changed where necessary.

How to use a different sentence construction, first example changed.

Rule 9.2 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 9.3 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

Rule 9.4 Explanatory text revised or changed where necessary.

#### General recommendations (GR)

GR-1 thru GR-6 Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where

necessary.

GR-7 New general recommendation for "Inclusive language" added.

GR-8 New general recommendation for "Possessive form" added.



| Part 2 – Dictionary |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Introduction        |   |
|                     | Explanatory text and related examples revised or changed where necessary.   |
|                     | Column 1 (explanation). New explanatory text related to "Verbs" added to include regular, irregular, auxiliary and modal verbs. Related examples added. |
|                     | How to select words. Text revised and flowchart revised.  |
|                     | List of recurring errors revised.   |
|                     | List of approved verbs added.   |
| Word list           |   |
| General changes     | Column 3 title changed to read: STE EXAMPLE.  |

#### Detailed changes

NOTE: A word in UPPERCASE letters is approved in STE.

A word in lowercase letters is not approved in STE.

NOTE: The word "revised" tells that only a small number of words are replaced or changed in the applicable

texts. The word "changed" tells that the applicable text is fully changed or almost fully changed.

Column 4 title changed to read: Non-STE example.

abandon (v) Approved alternatives inverted.

For the second approved alternative STOP (v), STE and non-STE

examples changed.

ABRASIVE (adj) STE example revised.

acceptable (adj) Second and third STE examples revised.

ACCIDENT (n) STE example revised.

accomplish (v) Help revised.

Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

accumulation (n) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

act (v) Approved meaning revised. Non-STE example revised.

action (n) TASK (n) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

activate (v) Removed from the word list.

ACTIVATE (v) Added to the word list as approved.

active (adj) Removed from the word list.

ACTIVE (adj) Added to the word list as approved.



activity (n) TASK (n) and PROCEDURE (n) added as an approved alternative.

Related STE and non-STE examples added.

For the approved alternative WORK (n), STE and non-STE examples

changed.

ADJACENT (adj) STE example revised. adopt (v) STE example revised.

adverse (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

Help revised. Related STE and non-STE examples added.

advisable (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

advise (v) First and second STE and non-STE examples revised.

affect (v) Help revised. Related STE and non-STE examples added.

AFTER (conj) STE example revised.

AGREE (v) STE example revised.

AID (n) STE example revised.

alert (v) STE and non-STE examples revised. allocate (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

allowable (adj) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

already (adv) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

ALTERNATIVE (adj) STE example revised.

ALTERNATIVE (n) STE example revised.

alternatively (adv) STE example revised.

amendment (n) First STE example revised.

among (prep) STE and non-STE examples revised. annotation (n) STE and non-STE examples revised.

RECORD (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-

STE examples added.

another (adj) ADD (v) removed from the approved alternatives.

First and third STE and non-STE examples revised.

appear (v) Second and third STE examples revised.

APPLY (v) Second approved alternative added. Related STE examples aligned.

APPROVAL (n) STE example revised. approve (v) STE example revised.

AROUND (prep) Help added. Related STE and non-STE examples added.

arrest (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

AS ... AS (conj) STE example revised.

Help revised.

ask (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

assistance (n) HELP (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

For the approved alternative AID (n), STE and non-STE examples

changed.

associated (adj)

Third and fourth approved alternatives revised.

assure (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

AT (prep) Third STE example revised. at least (adv) Removed from the word list.

attention (n) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

audible (adj) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

AUTHORITY (n) STE example revised.

AUTOMATIC (adj) STE example revised.

avert (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

aware (adj) First and second STE and non-STE examples changed.

AXIAL (adj) STE example revised.

BAD (v) Approved meaning revised.

Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

BE (v) Help revised.

bear down (v) Removed from the word list.

BECOME (v) Help added.

BEFORE (con) STE example revised. below (adv) Added to the word list.

beside (prep) STE and non-STE examples revised.

big (adj) Help added.

blank (v) SEAL (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

blank off (v) Removed from the word list. blank out (v) Removed from the word list.

BLEED (v) STE example revised.
BLOCKAGE (n) STE example revised.
BLOW (v) STE example revised.

brightness (n) Removed from the word list.

brilliance (n) Second non-STE example revised.

bring (v) Second STE example revised.

brush (v) Examples inverted.

BUT (conj) STE example revised.

BY (prep) Help removed.

by means of (prep) STE example revised.

calculation (n) STE and non-STE examples revised.
call (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

CAN (v) Approved meaning revised.

Help added. Related STE and non-STE examples added.

CANCEL (v) Second STE example revised.

CANNOT (v) Approved meaning revised.

capable (adj) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

care (n) First STE example revised.

carry (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

carry out (v) Help revised.

case (n) Non-STE example revised.

centralize (v) Second approved alternative removed.

chance (by chance) (n) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

characteristic (n) Second STE and non-STE examples revised. check (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

CHEMICAL (adj) STE example revised. chock (v) STE example revised.

choose (v) ALTERNATIVE (adj) added as an approved alternative. Related STE

and non-STE examples added.

clamp (v) Second approved alternative revised.

CLEAR (adj) Second approved meaning added. Related STE example added.

CLEARLY (adv) Approved meaning revised.

click (v) Help removed. Information about verbs that can be technical verbs are

included in Rule 1.12.

close (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

coincident (adj) ALIGN (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.



collapse (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

COME (v) Help added.
COME ON (v) Help added.

communicate (v) TELL (v) removed from the approved alternatives.

For the approved alternative SPEAK (v), STE and non-STE examples

revised.

CONTACT (v), HEAR (v), and COMMUNICATION (n) added as approved alternatives. Related STE and non-STE examples added.

communication (n) Removed from the word list.

COMMUNICATION (n) Added to the word list as approved.

COMPATIBLE (adj) Second STE example revised.

compile (v) Third STE and non-STE examples revised.

completely (adv) STE example revised.

comply (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

Help revised.

COMPONENT (n) STE example revised.

compulsory (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised. confirm (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

conclusion (n) First STE example revised.

CONNECT (v) Second STE example revised.

consecutively (adv) SEQUENCE (n) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and

non-STE examples added.

consequence (n) STE and non-STE examples revised.

contact (v) Removed from the word list.

CONTACT (v) Added to the word list as approved.

cool (v) Second STE example revised. correspond (v) Second STE example revised.

critical (adj) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

cycle (v) Approved alternative changed.

DAMAGE (n) STE example revised.

damp (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

danger (n) Help revised.

deactivate (v) Removed from the word list.

DEACTIVATE (v) Added to the word list as approved.

decrease (n) STE example revised.

deep (adj) Removed from the word list.

DEEP (adj) Added to the word list as approved.

DEFLATE (v) First STE example revised.

de-ice (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

delay (n) First STE example revised.

delete (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

Help removed. Information about verbs that can be technical verbs are

included in Rule 1.12.

demand (v) MANDATORY (adj) removed as the approved alternative.

NECESSARY (adj) added as the approved alternative. Related STE

example changed.

DEPLOY (v) First STE example revised. design (v) Non-STE example revised.

destroy (v) UNSERVICEABLE (adj) removed as the approved alternative.

BREAK (v) added as the approved alternative. Related STE example

changed.

dim (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

DIMENSION (n) STE example revised.

DISENGAGE (v) First STE example revised.

dispose of (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

disposition (n) First STE example revised.

DISTANCE (n) STE example revised.

distinctly (adv) STE and non-STE examples revised.

distort (v) STE example revised.

disturb (v) First STE example revised.

DO (v) Second approved meaning revised.

don (v) First STE example revised.

Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

double (adj) Removed from the word list.

drag (v) Help removed. Information about verbs that can be technical verbs are

included in Rule 1.12.

dress (v) First and second STE and non-STE examples changed.

DRINK (v) Help added.

DRY (v) Second STE example revised.

EACH (adj) STE example revised.

EAT (v) Help added.

either (conj) ONE (TN) OF THE TWO (TN) removed as the approved alternative.

OR (conj) added as the approved alternative.

either (pron) Approved alternative changed.

STE and non-STE examples revised.

ELECTRIC (adj) STE example revised.
ELECTROMAGNETIC STE example revised.

(adj)

ELECTROMAG- STE example revised.

NETICALLY (adv)

employ (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

HAVE added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

entail (v) Removed from the word list.

enter (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

Help removed. Information about verbs that can be technical verbs are

included in Rule 1.12.

entire (adj)

First STE and non-STE examples revised.

equal (v)

First and second STE examples revised.

erect (v)

First STE and non-STE examples revised.

essential (adj) Removed from the word list.

establish (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

ESTIMATE (n) STE example revised.

except (prep) Help revised. exception (n) Help revised.

exceptional (adj) STE example revised.

excess (n) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

excessively (adv) First and second STE and non-STE examples revised.

excluding (prep) STE example revised.

exert (v) STE and non-STE examples changed.

PUT (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

exhaust (v) Second STE example revised.

explain (v) STE example revised.

EXTERNALLY (adj) STE example revised.

EXTINGUISH (v) First, second, and third STE examples revised.

extremely (adv) STE and non-STE examples revised.
exude (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

FACE (n) Help revised.

face (v) Second STE example revised.

facility (n) Help revised. failure (n) Help revised.

fear (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised. feasible (adj) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

Second STE example revised.

few (adj) Help revised.

fine (adj) STE example revised.

flaw (n) Help revised.

FLOW (n) STE example revised.

FLOW (v) Second STE example revised.

FOLD (v) Second STE example changed.

forbidden (adj) DO NOT added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

Second STE and non-STE examples for NOT PERMITTED changed.

force (v) Second STE example revised.

forecast (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

foremost (adj) Added to the word list.

FREE (adj) Help revised.

fuel (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

FUNCTION (n) Approved meaning revised.

fundamental (adj) STE example revised.

furnish (v) Removed from the word list.

further (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised. gain (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

gap (n) Third STE and non-STE examples revised.

garbled (adj) Spelling corrected.

Second STE and non-STE example changed.

gauge (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

generally (adv) STE and non-STE examples revised.

generate (v) Second STE example revised.

Third STE and non-STE examples revised.

generous (adj) Help revised. generously (adv) Help revised.

gently (adv) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

GET (v) Help revised.

get away (v) Part of speech removed in the approved alternative.

get down (v) Part of speech removed in the second approved alternative.

get into (v)

Part of speech removed in the approved alternative.

get off (v)

Part of speech removed in the approved alternative.

get to (v)

First and second STE and non-STE examples changed.

GIVE (v) STE example revised.

glitch (v) First, second, and third STE examples revised.

GO (v) Help added.
GO OFF (v) Help added.

gradient (n) STE and non-STE examples changed.

graduated (adj) Removed from the word list.
great (adj) Second STE example revised.

gush (v) STE example revised.

handle (v) USE (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

haul (v) First and second STE and non-STE examples revised.

HAVE (v) Help revised.

have to (v) MUST (v) removed as an approved alternative.

Help included to replace MUST (v). Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

hazard (n) Help added. hazardous (adj) Help added.

helpful (adj) STE example revised.

hoist (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.
however (adv) STE and non-STE examples revised.
hurt (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

IGNORE (v) Second STE example revised.

ILLUMINATE (v) Approved meaning revised. STE example changed.

IMMEDIATELY (adv) STE example revised.

imperative (adj)

Removed from the word list.

IN (prep)

Third STE example revised.

inactive (adj) NOT ACTIVE added as the approved alternative.

All previous alternatives removed.

indicate (v) SPECIFIED (adj) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and

non-STE examples added.

injure (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

inside (prep) Second STE and non-STE examples changed.

interference (n) Help revised.

INVESTIGATION (n) Approved meaning revised.
IT (pron) Approved meaning revised.

Second approved meaning added. Related STE example added.

later (adv) Help revised.

left-hand (adj) STE example revised.

less (prep) Removed from the word list.

LET (v) Help added.

LIGHT (adj)

Third STE and non-STE examples changed.

locate (v)

Third STE and non-STE examples revised.

LOCK (v) Second STE example revised.

LONG (adj) Approved meaning changed.

Second and third STE examples added.

longer (no longer) First approved alternative MAXIMUM LENGTH removed.

LOOSE (adj) Second STE example revised.

LUBRICATE (v) STE example revised.

MAGNETIC (adj) STE example revised.

MAGNETICALLY (adv) STE example revised.

magnetized (adj) Removed from the word list.

main (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

maintain (v) Second STE example revised.

Third STE and non-STE examples revised.

MAINTENANCE (v) STE example revised.

MANDATORY (adj) Help added. Related STE and non-STE examples added.

MANUAL (adj) STE example revised.

MANUAL (n) Approved meaning revised. STE example revised.

MANY (adj) Approved meaning revised. Help revised.

MATERIAL (n) Approved meaning revised to include the second part of the meaning.

metallic (adj) Removed from the word list.

MINIMUM (adj) STE example revised.

MINUS (prep) STE example revised.

MIX (v) Second STE example changed.

modify (v) First STE example revised.

MODIFICATION (TN) added as an approved alternative. Related STE

and non-STE examples added.

MORE (adj) Help removed and approved meaning added.

STE example added.

MORE (adv) Added to the word list as approved.

MOST (adj) Help removed and approved meaning added.

STE example added.

MOST (adv) Added to the word list as approved.

MUST (v) Approved meaning revised.

NAME (n) First and second STE and non-STE examples revised.

NEAR (adj) STE example revised.

NEAR (prep) Second STE example revised.

NECESSARY (adj) STE example revised.

need (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.
neutralize (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

NEXT (adj) STE example revised.

next to (prep)

STE and non-STE examples revised.

STE and non-STE examples revised.

STE and non-STE examples revised.

First and second STE examples revised.

First STE and non-STE examples revised.

NOT (adv) STE example revised. note (v) STE example revised.

notify (v) CONTACT (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-

STE examples added.

ON (adv) First STE example revised.

ONE (pron) Help revised.

operable (adj) Non-STE example revised.

operational (adj) Help added. Related STE example added.

opportunity (n) Help revised.

option (n) ALTERNATIVE (n) and CAN (v) added as approved alternatives.

Related STE and non-STE examples added.

OVER (prep) Removed from the word list.

over (prep) Fourth STE example revised.

Help and related examples added.

OVERLAP (n) STE example revised.

PARALLEL (adj) STE example revised.

PARK (v) STE example revised.

PART (n) First approved meaning revised. Related STE example revised.

part (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

PARTICLE (n) STE example revised.

particularly (adv) STE and non-STE examples revised.

PASTE (n) STE example revised.

people (n) First approved alternative revised. Help added.

per (prep) Second STE example revised.

perform (v) Help revised.

MEASURE (v) added as an approved alternative.

PERFORMANCE (n) First and second STE examples revised.

periodically (adv) STE and non-STE examples revised.

PERMANENT (adj) STE example revised.
PERMANENTLY (adv) STE example revised.

persist (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

PERSON (n) STE example changed.
PERSONNEL (n) STE example changed.
pertinent (adj) Added to the word list.

picket (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

placard (v) STE example revised.

place (n) First STE example revised.

PLAY (n) STE example revised.
PLUS (prep) STE example revised.

PNEUMATICALLY STE example revised.

(adv)

POINT (n) Second STE example revised.
POINT (v) Second STE example revised.

POISONOUS (adj) STE example revised.

poor (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

pop (v) PROTRUDE (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and

non-STE added.

portion (n) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

POSITION (n) Second STE example changed. position (v) Second STE example revised.

POSSIBLE (adj) STE example changed.

power (v) STE and non-STE examples changed.

practice (n) Removed from the word list.

precisely (adv) STE and non STE examples revised. preferable (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

preferably (adv) Approved alternative changed. STE and non-STE examples changed.

preload (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

PREPARE (v) Second STE example revised.

prescribed (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

present (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

PRESSURIZE (v) STE example revised.

preventive (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

previous (adj) Removed from the word list.

PREVIOUS (adj) Added to the word list as approved.

previously (adv) Removed from the word list.

PREVIOUSLY (adv) Added to the word list as approved.

prime (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

principal (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.
prior to (prep) STE and non-STE examples revised.

priority (n) STE example revised. probability (n) STE example revised.

probable (adj) Part of speech removed from the approved alternative to read VERY

POSSIBLE. First approved alternative revised.

probe (v) STE example revised.

PROBLEM (n) STE example revised.

PROCEDURE (n) STE example revised.

process (n) Help revised. STE and non-STE examples revised.

process (v) Approved alternative changed. STE example revised.

produce (v) First, second, and fourth STE and non-STE examples revised.

Third STE examples revised.

product (n) Help and new related examples added.

MATERIAL (n) removed as the approved alternative.

prompt (adj) STE example revised.

propagation (n) Help revised.

PROPORTION (n) First STE example revised.

protect (v) Non-STE example revised.

protrude (v) Removed from the word list.

PROTRUDE (v) Added to the word list as approved.

provide (v) First and second STE and non-STE examples revised.

provided (that) (conj) STE and non-STE examples revised.
providing (that) (conj) STE and non-STE examples revised.
proximity (n) STE and non-STE examples revised.

pump (v) Approved alternative revised. STE and non-STE examples revised.

Second approved alternative added. Related STE and non-STE

examples added.

purpose (n) Removed from the word list.

PUT (v) Help added.
PUT ON (v) Help added.

QUALITY (n) STE example revised.

QUANTITY (n) First STE example revised.

raise (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

RANDOM (adj) STE example revised.

rapid (v) STE and non-STE examples revised. rapidly (adv) STE and non-STE examples revised.

reactivate (v) ACTIVATE (v) added as the approved alternative.

OPERATE (v) and START (v) removed as approved alternatives.

readjust (v) STE example revised.

real (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.
rebuild (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

recoil (v) Third STE and non-STE examples revised.

RECOMMEND (v) STE example revised.

recover (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

rectify (v) STE example revised.

reduce (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

REFER (v) First STE example revised.

referenced (adj)

Approved alternative changed. STE and non-STE examples changed.

REFUEL (v) STE example revised.
reinstall (v) STE example revised.
rejection (n) STE example revised.

relay (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

relevant (adj) Second and third approved alternatives revised.

REMAINING (adj) STE example revised.
REMOVAL (n) STE example revised.

renovate (v) Second STE example revised.

REPAIR (n) STE example changed.

replenish (v) Third STE and non-STE examples revised.

require (v) STE and non-STE examples revised. rest (n) STE and non-STE examples revised.

rest (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.
resume (v) First STE and non-STE examples changed.

reuse (v) STE example revised.

reverse (adj) Help revised.

review (n) EXAMINE (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and non-

STE examples added.

rework (v) Help revised. STE and non-STE example revised.

rise (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

SAFE (adj) STE example revised.

SAFETY (v) First STE example revised. safety-clip (v) Second STE example revised.

SAMPLE (n) STE example revised.

sample (v) STE example revised.
scrape (v) STE example revised.
SECONDARY (adj) STE example changed.

SEE (v) Second non-STE example revised.

SELECT (v) Third STE example revised.

separate (adj) Sequence of the approved alternatives changed.

DIFFERENT (adj) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and

non-STE examples added.

Part of speech for the first approved alternative changed.

separately (adv) Added to the word list.

serve (v) Help revised.

settle (v) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

severe (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

sharply (adv) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

SHORT (adj) Help revised.

shorten (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

should (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

SHOW (v) First STE example revised.

similar (adj) First STE and non-STE examples revised. simultaneous (adj) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

single (adj) Removed from the word list.

situation (n) Added to the word list.

size (n) STE and non-STE examples revised. skid (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

slip (v) First and third STE and non-STE examples revised.

SLOPE (n) STE example revised.
SMALL (adj) STE example revised.

snap (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

soften (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

SOLID (n) STE example changed.

SOLUTION (n) Second STE example changed.

SOMETHING (pron) STE example revised.

SOURCE (n) First and second STE examples changed.

soon (adv) Help revised.

spark (n) STE example revised.

specific (adj) APPROVED (adj) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and

non-STE examples revised.

SPECIAL (adj) removed from the approved alternatives.

SPEED (n) STE example changed.

spillage (n) First STE example revised.

split (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

split (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

stability (n) STE and non-STE examples revised.

stabilization (n) STE example revised.

STABLE (adj) STE example revised.

stage (n) STE example revised.

stained (adj) First STE and non-STE examples revised.

stamp (v) Approved alternative revised.

New approved alternative added. Related STE and non-STE examples

added.

stationary (adj) Second STE and non-STE examples changed.

STAY (v) Help added. STE example revised.

sticky (adj) STE example revised.

store (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

strain (v) First STE example revised.

strap (v) STE example revised.

strike (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

STRONG (adj) STE example revised.
STRUCTURAL (adj) STE example changed.

subject (v) Removed from the word list.

SUBSEQUENTLY Second STE example revised.

(adv)

substance (n) Non-STE example revised. substitute (adj) First STE example revised.

suck (v) Approved alternative revised. STE example revised.

suitable (adj) First STE example revised

suitably (adv) STE and non-STE examples revised.



SUPPLY (v) Second approved meaning added. Related STE example added.

support (n) First and second STE and non-STE examples revised.

support (v) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

SURFACE (n) STE example revised. suspect (adj) STE example revised.

suspect (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

SWALLOW (v) STE example revised.

switch (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

switch off (v) SET (v) included as an approved alternative to replace SWITCH (TN).

STE example revised.

DE-ENERGIZE (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and

non STE examples added.

Existing STE and non-STE examples revised.

switch on (v) SET (v) included as an approved alternative to replace SWITCH (TN).

STE example revised.

ENERGIZE (v) added as an approved alternative. Related STE and

non-STE examples added.

SYMMETRICAL (adj) STE example revised.

SYNCHRONIZED (adj) Second STE example revised.

TAG (v) STE example revised.

take (v) Second and fourth STE examples revised.

Third STE and non-STE examples revised.

take care (v) Second STE example revised.

tape (v) STE example revised.

taped (adj) Removed from the word list.

TASK (n) STE example revised.

TELESCOPIC (adj) STE example changed.

TELL (v) First and second STE examples changed.

test (v) STE and non-STE examples revised.

THAT (conj) Help added.

THEM (pron) STE example revised.
THEN (adv) STE example revised.
THERE (pron) STE example revised.
THESE (adj) STE example revised.

THICK (adj) Approved meaning revised. First STE example added.

THICKNESS (n) Approved meaning revised.

STE example revised.

THIS (pron) Help added. STE example revised. thorough (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

triple (adj) Removed from the word list.

TO (prep) First STE example revised.

TOTAL (adj) STE example revised.
TOW (v) STE example revised.

true (adj) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

turn off (v) Added to the word list.
turn on (v) Added to the word list.
turn over (v) Added to the word list.

under (prep) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

Third STE example revised.

undertake (v) Help revised.

START (v) added as an approved alternative.

uneven (adj)

UNIT (n)

First STE example revised.

UNLOCK (v)

First STE example revised.

upon (prep) Second STE example revised.

unrestricted (adj) STE and non-STE examples revised.

unscrew (v) Sequence of the approved alternatives changed.

STE and non-STE examples for REMOVE (v) revised.

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usage (n) STE and non-STE examples revised.

using (v) Removed from the word list.
use (n) Second example revised.

USE (v) First and third STE examples revised.

USUALLY (adv) STE example revised.

utilize (v) STE and non-STE examples changed.
valid (adj) Help revised. Third STE example revised.

VALUE (n) STE example revised.

verbal (adj) Removed from the word list. verify (v) Non-STE example revised.



visible (adj) Second STE and non-STE examples revised.

VISUAL (adj) Approved meaning revised. STE example revised.

vital (adj) IMPORTANT (adj) and NECESSARY (adj) removed from the approved

alternatives.

STE and non-STE examples for the approved alternative MANDATORY

(adj) changed.

WARM (adj) STE example revised.

WE (pron) Approved meaning revised.
WEAR (v) Third STE example revised.

weep (n) STE and non-STE examples revised.

WEIGH (v) Second STE example revised.

WEIGHT (n) STE example revised.

well (adv) Third STE example revised.

whenever (pron) STE example revised. whichever (adj) Added to the word list.

whichever (pron) STE and non-STE examples changed.

WHO (pron) STE example revised.

WIDE (adj) Approved meaning revised. STE example revised.

WILL (v) Help revised. Approved meaning revised.

WITH (prep) Help added.

WITHOUT (prep) STE example revised. wrong (adj) STE example revised.

yet (conj) Second approved alternative removed.

yet (adv) Added to the word list.

YOU (pron) Second STE example added.



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# **Subject-to-rule index**

This index helps you find the applicable STE rules related to different subjects.



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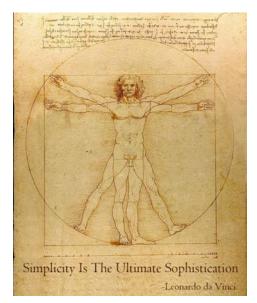
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# **General introduction**



# What is ASD-STE100 Simplified Technical English?

ASD-STE100 Simplified Technical English (STE) is a controlled natural language and an international standard to write technical documentation.

STE has two parts: a set of writing rules (part 1) and a controlled dictionary (part 2). The writing rules are about grammar and style. The dictionary gives the approved words that a writer can use.

### When and why was STE developed?

English is the international language of science, technology, and human relations. It is also the language of the aerospace and defense industry. However, it is not often the native language of the readers of technical documentation.

Many readers have a limited knowledge of English. The large number of meanings and synonyms that many English words have, and a complex sentence structure, can cause confusion.

In aerospace, it is important to correctly understand maintenance and operation documentation to make sure that systems operate safely and correctly and to protect human lives.

In the late 1970s, the Association of European Airlines (AEA) asked the European Association of Aerospace Industries (AECMA, now ASD <a href="https://www.asd-europe.org">www.asd-europe.org</a>) to investigate the readability of maintenance documentation in the civil aviation industry and find a solution to simplify the language used to write such documentation.

AECMA asked the Aerospace Industries Association (AIA) of America to help with this project and two project groups from AECMA and AIA were formed. These two groups explored the existing controlled natural languages and researched texts in many maintenance manuals. The results confirmed that a simplified language for aerospace was necessary.

On June 30, 1983, in Amsterdam, the AECMA Simplified English Working Group was founded and the AECMA Simplified English project started.

The product of this effort was the AECMA Simplified English Guide (first released in 1986) which, in 2005, became ASD-STE100 Simplified Technical English.

In 1987, the Air Transport Association of America (ATA) included the requirement to write in STE in its ATA100 specification for technical publications. Thus, the current name ASD-STE100 was assigned as a tribute to the name of the ATA100 specification.

Today, the success of STE is such that other industries use it beyond its original intended purpose of aerospace maintenance documentation. Interest in STE has also increased dramatically in the areas of language services, professional translation and interpreting, and in the academic world.



## What is the purpose of STE?

The purpose of STE is to tell technical writers how to write technical texts in a clear, simple, and unambiguous manner that readers throughout the world will find easy to understand. STE is not a treatise on the English language or technical writing. Thus, linguistic and grammar aspects are not fully included in this document because they are explained in other language reference books and guidelines.

#### Which words are available to the writer?

STE has a controlled dictionary that gives the words that are most frequently used in technical writing.

The approved words were selected because they were simple and easy to recognize. In general, each word has only one meaning and is approved with only one part of speech. For example, "to fall" has the approved meaning of "to move down by the force of gravity," and not "to decrease."

When there are synonyms in English, STE selects one synonym and does not include the others. For example, STE uses "start" instead of "begin," "commence," "initiate," or "originate."

STE approved meanings and spelling are based on American English and the Merriam-Webster's dictionary.

Writers can use the approved words in the dictionary as a core vocabulary. Writers can also use noun terms and verb terms that are applicable to their companies, industries, or subject fields. STE identifies these terms as "technical nouns" and "technical verbs" and gives the necessary rules to use these terms correctly.

# Does STE give rules for abbreviations?

No. Industries, companies, and projects can use different abbreviations. Thus, rules for abbreviations are not necessary in STE.

## Does STE regulate text formatting?

No. STE regulates the way to express the content. It does not regulate formatting, for example, typeface, numbering, and lettering. Usually, these requirements are included in the applicable specifications for technical publications, style guides, and other official directives.

## Does STE regulate units of measurement?

No. There are different methods to show units of measurement in a technical text. Projects and companies must decide which one to use. Usually, these requirements are included in the applicable specifications for technical publications, style guides, and other official directives.

#### Can STE be used alone?

No. It is intended to be used with other applicable specifications for technical publications, style guides, and official directives. A high standard of professionalism is necessary to use STE correctly.



#### Can STE be used for oral communication?

STE was developed for technical documentation only. But the rules and a controlled dictionary can help oral communication in meetings and presentations.

### Can STE be used to teach a writer English?

No. STE is not an English course book. STE will help the writer give complex information in a form that is easy to understand. Writing clearly is a complex task, and it is necessary to have a high level of fluency in English to write STE correctly.

### Can STE help technical translation?

Yes. One of the primary objectives of STE is to make translation easier. If the permitted words, the meanings of such words, and the types of sentence constructions in a text are controlled, the difference between texts will decrease to a minimum. Thus, it is easier for translators, neural machine translation engines, and Large Language Models (LLM) to translate text written in STE into the target language.

# Can writers get training in STE and find supporting authoring tools?

There are organizations, companies, and individuals that market and give training courses in how to use STE, and there are producers of authoring tools that support STE.

Neither ASD, the Simplified Technical English Maintenance Group (STEMG), nor any organization or company associated with the production of STE intend or imply any warranty or endorsement to these organizations, companies, and individuals that give training or produce authoring tools.

For training only, the above statement is not applicable to organizations, companies, and individuals who, through official agreements, are accredited by ASD to give authorized training.

For more information, refer to the STEMG website at www.asd-ste100.org.



# **History of ASD-STE100**

The first release of STE was as the AECMA Simplified English Guide, PSC-85-16598. This is the full list of all released issues, revisions, and changes.

| Release<br>date | Identification | Scope  |  |  |
|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| 1986-02-15      | First release  | The guide included writing rules (part 1) and the dictionary (part 2)    |  |  |
| 1986-09-15      | Change 1       | Guide revised  |  |  |
| 1987-06-01      | Change 2       | Examples of function words and nouns (part 3) added                      |  |  |
| 1988-06-15      | Change 3       | Examples of verbs (part 3) added   |  |  |
| 1988-12-30      | Change 4       | Examples of adjectives and adverbs (part 3) added                        |  |  |
| 1989-12-01      | Change 5       | Reformatted version of change 4. No changes to the content               |  |  |
| 1995-09-15      | Issue 1        | Guide fully revised. Original part 2 removed and part 3 became part 2    |  |  |
| 1998-01-15      | Issue 1,       | Updates and amendments   |  |  |
|                 | Revision 1     |  |  |  |
| 2001-01-15      | Issue 1,       | Updates and amendments   |  |  |
|                 | Revision 2     |  |  |  |
| 2004-01-15      | Issue 2        | Guide fully revised  |  |  |
| 2005-01-15      | Issue 3        | New issue released as ASD-STE100. No changes to the content              |  |  |
| 2007-01-15      | Issue 4        | Specification revised  |  |  |
| 2010-04-15      | Issue 5        | Specification revised  |  |  |
| 2013-01-15      | Issue 6        | Specification revised  |  |  |
| 2017-01-25      | Issue 7        | Specification fully revised, primary focus on the writing rules (part 1) |  |  |
| 2021-04-30      | Issue 8        | Specification revised, primary focus on the dictionary (part 2)          |  |  |
| 2025-01-15      | Issue 9        | New issue released as a standard.  |  |  |
|                 |                | Primary focus on harmonization of terminology with ISO standards         |  |  |

#### Maintenance of ASD-STE100

The ASD Simplified Technical English Maintenance Group (STEMG) is responsible for the development, production, publication, maintenance, and management of ASD-STE100.

The group primarily includes experts from ASD countries, along with an international team of experts from countries that are not members of ASD. There are also national and multi-country STE Support Teams (STEST) that assist the STEMG in its work. For more information, refer to <a href="https://www.asd-ste100.org">www.asd-ste100.org</a>.

#### **Distribution of ASD-STE100**

ASD-STE100 is available free of charge to all writers and users through the STEMG website <a href="https://www.asd-ste100.org">www.asd-ste100.org</a> or ASD-STAN <a href="https://www.asd-stan.org">www.asd-stan.org</a>. Unauthorized distribution of ASD-STE100, direct or through different websites or portals, is strictly prohibited without written permission from the STEMG.



# **Change forms**

STE is a living language. For its continuous improvement, feedback from users is necessary. Users can give their feedback through a change form (refer to the example on the next page), which is also available in electronic format on the STEMG website.

Use this change form to write your change request, comments, or recommendations. Then, send it to <a href="mailto:stemg@asd-ste100.org">stemg@asd-ste100.org</a>, to a national coordinator, or an associate expert of the STEMG. For more information, refer to <a href="https://www.asd-ste100.org">www.asd-ste100.org</a>.

The STEMG has records of all change forms and their assessments. The change forms are discussed in STEMG meetings, and the next issue of ASD-STE100 will include the agreed changes. The STEMG usually sends information to the originators of the change forms about the related STEMG assessments and decisions.



# Change form for ASD-STE100 Simplified Technical English

Use this change form to write your change request, comments, or recommendations. Then, send it to stemg@asd-ste100.org, to a national coordinator, or an associate expert of the STEMG. For more information, refer to www.asd-ste100.org. Writing rule or dictionary word: Change that you think is necessary: Purpose of the change: For dictionary words only, suggested approved meaning or suggested alternatives: For dictionary words only, example(s) of how to use the word. If it is possible, give sufficient examples from your documentation to support your proposal: Sent by: Date: Company or organization: Email: ASD STEMG assessment and decision: Date:

# **Acknowledgments and dedication**

ASD thanks all individuals, companies, and organizations for their contributions to the development and ongoing support of ASD-STE100.

The STEMG dedicates this issue 9 to all its previous chairpersons who directed the group from the start of the STE project:

- René Van Dijk (1983-1987)
- Wally Grindrod (1987-1991)
- Wilfried Jacobs (1991-1994)
- Kathleen Barthe (1994-2007).

These remarkable persons have shaped the history of STE, and today the world benefits from their passion and the enduring legacy of their efforts.

# Guide to the writing rules

The writing rules (part 1) have 9 sections that contain 53 rules. Most of the content in the writing rules is in STE. The spelling and punctuation obey American English rules.

On the first page of each section, you can find the list of all rules included in that section. Then, there are explanations and examples for each rule.

After their related explanations, there are non-STE and STE examples in different typefaces and colors as follows:

Non-STE: Make sure that the valve is <u>operable</u>.

STE: Make sure that the valve can operate.

General examples, not related to STE, are given in this typeface and color:

An opening door can be dangerous.

When you read the writing rules, always refer to the dictionary (part 2). The introduction to the dictionary includes all the necessary information to use the dictionary correctly.





For some rules in part 1, a graphic symbol and related text give you more information or examples about the applicable rule. This graphic symbol is referred to as "help." Some words in the dictionary (part 2) also have this symbol. Refer to the introduction to the dictionary for the necessary information about the types of help.



#### Reference documents

ASD-STE100 Simplified Technical English refers to the books, publications, and guidelines that follow:

- American National Standards Institute. (2024). ANSI Z535 series.
- Merriam-Webster. (2016). Merriam-Webster's collegiate dictionary (11th ed.).
- European Institute for Gender Equality. (2019). Toolkit on Gender-sensitive Communication.
- International Organization for Standardization. (2019). Terminology work and terminology science - Vocabulary - Part 1: Theory and application (ISO 1087:2019).
- International Organization for Standardization. (2024). Graphical symbols Safety colours and safety signs — Parts 1 thru 4 (ISO 3864).
- International Organization for Standardization. (2018). Occupational health and safety management systems — Requirements with guidance for use (ISO 45001:2018).
- International Organization for Standardization. (2022). Terminology work Principles and methods (ISO 704:2022).
- Kirkman, J. (2006). Punctuation matters: Advice on punctuation for scientific and technical writing.
- Swan, M. (2017). Practical English usage (4th ed.).
- The Chicago Manual of Style. (2024). The Chicago manual of style (18th ed.).
- Sabin, W. A. (2011). The Gregg reference manual: A manual of style, grammar, usage, and formatting (10th ed.).
- U.S. Government Publishing Office. (2020). U.S. Government Publishing Office style manual.
- United Nations. (2019). Disability-inclusive communications guidelines.

Issue 9



# Part 1 – Writing rules



"If you simplify your English, you are freed from the worst follies of orthodoxy...

And when you make a stupid remark, its stupidity will be obvious, even to yourself."

Orwell G. (1946). *Politics and the English Language*.



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# Section 1 - Words

#### Summary of the rules

#### Which words can you use?

- Rule 1.1 Use words that are:
  - Approved in the dictionary
  - Technical nouns
  - Technical verbs.

#### Part of speech

Rule 1.2 Use approved words from the dictionary only as the specified part of speech.

#### **Approved meaning**

Rule 1.3 Use approved words only with their approved meanings.

#### Forms of verbs and adjectives

Rule 1.4 Use only the approved forms of verbs and adjectives.

#### **Technical nouns**

- Rule 1.5 You can use words that you can include in a technical noun category.
- Rule 1.6 Use a word that is not approved in the dictionary, only when it is a technical noun or part of a technical noun.
- Rule 1.7 Do not use words that are technical nouns as verbs.
- Rule 1.8 Use technical nouns that are approved in your company, industry, or subject field.
- Rule 1.9 When you must select a technical noun, use one which is short and easy to understand.
- Rule 1.10 Do not use regional, slang, or jargon words as technical nouns.
- Rule 1.11 Do not use different technical nouns for the same item.

#### **Technical verbs**

- Rule 1.12 You can use verbs that you can include in a technical verb category.
- Rule 1.13 Do not use technical verbs as nouns.

#### Spelling

Rule 1.14 Use American English spelling unless other official directives tell you differently.

### Which words can you use?

#### Rule 1.1 Use words that are:

- Approved in the dictionary
- Technical nouns
- Technical verbs.

Simplified Technical English (STE) has a controlled dictionary (part 2) that gives the words most frequently used in technical writing. You can also use words that are not in the dictionary if you can include them in the specified categories of technical nouns and technical verbs.

A technical noun is a noun term that refers to a specified concept and is applicable to a subject field. A technical verb is a verb term that also refers to a specified concept or process and is applicable to a subject field.

#### **Examples:**

The word "use" is an approved verb in the dictionary.

The word "engine" is a technical noun.

The word "ream" is a technical verb.

The dictionary also gives a selection of words that are not approved, with examples that show how to use alternative words.



In the context of ISO 1087:2019, "subject fields" refer to specific domains or areas of knowledge that have specialized vocabularies.



Technical nouns and technical verbs are usually included in your company glossary or terminology database. Always refer to these sources, and to the specified rules in this section, for the correct selection of words.

# Part of speech

Rule 1.2 Use approved words from the dictionary only as the specified part of speech.

In the dictionary, each approved word has a specified part of speech. When you use an approved word, make sure that you use it only as the specified part of speech.

#### **Examples:**

"Test" is an approved noun, but not an approved verb.

STE: Test B is an alternative to test A.



Non-STE: Test the system for leaks.

STE: Do the leak test of the system.

or

STE: Do a test for leaks in the system.

"Dim" is an approved adjective, but not an approved verb.

STE: A dim light comes on.

Non-STE: Dim the lights.

STE: Set the lights to the dim position.

Some words are approved as more than one part of speech. For example, "clean" is an approved verb and an approved adjective. The position of the word in the sentence shows its function (and its meaning) because verbs and adjectives have different positions.

STE: Clean the inner surface of the container.

("Clean" is a verb here.)

STE: Make sure that the area is clean.

("Clean" is an adjective here.)

"Acceptable" is an adjective that is not approved. The dictionary gives three approved alternatives that have the same part of speech. You can use one of these alternatives to replace the word "acceptable" in the sentence with a word-for-word replacement.

Non-STE: A value of 2 mm is <u>acceptable</u>.

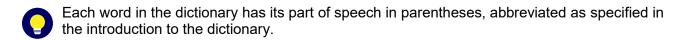
STE: A value of 2 mm is permitted.

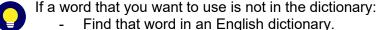
"Operable" is an adjective that is not approved. The dictionary gives an approved alternative that has a different part of speech: "operate" as a verb. Thus, you must use a different sentence construction.

Non-STE: Make sure that the valve is operable.

STE: Make sure that the valve can operate.

When you replace a word, always make sure that the approved alternative you select does not change the meaning of the sentence. If the meaning changes, select a different word or use a different sentence construction.





- Find which is the best synonym that is approved in the STE dictionary.
- Use the approved STE word or find a different sentence construction with other approved words.

# **Approved meaning**

#### Rule 1.3 Use approved words only with their approved meanings.

Each approved word in the dictionary has a specified approved meaning. Some of these words can have more restricted meanings compared with their meanings in standard English. Always use the approved words only with their approved meanings.

#### **Examples:**

The approved meaning of the verb "follow" is "come after, go after."

STE: Do the procedures that follow:

STE: Follow the green lights to the nearest staircase.

You cannot use the verb "follow" with other meanings that are not approved.

Non-STE: Follow the safety instructions.

In this sentence, always use "obey" with the approved meaning "to do that which the procedures or instructions tell you."

STE: Obey the safety instructions.

# Forms of verbs and adjectives

### Rule 1.4 Use only the approved forms of verbs and adjectives.

The dictionary gives each approved verb together with its approved forms. The dictionary also gives the approved adjectives in their base form, together with their comparative and superlative forms in parentheses where applicable.

#### **Example - Verbs:**

REMOVE (v), REMOVES.

REMOVES,

**REMOVED** 

This word tells you that you can use the approved verb "remove" as follows:

| Infinitive/Imperative forms | Simple present tense | Simple past tense | Past participle form (as an adjective) |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--|
| (To) Remove/Remove          | Remove(s)            | Removed           | Removed                                |

The past participle form of the verb is usually the same as the simple past tense. Thus, the dictionary gives it two times.



#### **Example - Adjectives:**

SLOW (adj) (SLOWER, SLOWEST)

This word tells you that you can use the approved adjective "slow" as follows:

| Base form | Comparative form | Superlative form |
|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Slow      | Slower           | Slowest          |

Adjectives that make their comparative and superlative forms with "more" and "most" do not have these forms in the dictionary. This is because "more" and "most" are approved words.

#### **Technical nouns**

#### Rule 1.5 You can use words that you can include in a technical noun category.

A technical noun is a noun term that refers to a specified concept and is applicable to a subject field.

The dictionary does not include technical nouns because there are too many, and each subject field uses different technical nouns for their texts.

You can find many of these technical nouns in your company glossary or terminology database. STE gives you a list of categories, with examples, to help you:

- Select technical nouns to put in your company glossary or terminology database.
- Use technical nouns correctly.

You can use technical nouns in procedural and descriptive writing if you can include them in one or more of these twenty-two categories.

#### 1. Official parts information

Terms that refer to all design items. For example, technical nouns included in illustrated parts catalogs or engineering drawings.

bolt, cable, clip, conductor, contact, engine, ferry tank, filter, hatch, hazard lights, indicator, light, logo, oil seal, prelubricated seal, pipe, propeller, retractor link, screw, switch, transceiver

#### 2. Vehicles or machines, and locations on them

Terms that refer to all types of vehicles and machines, and the locations that are part of these units.

aircraft, aircraft carrier, airframe, airplane, bicycle, cabin, car, cargo compartment, cargo hold, cockpit, deck, engine room, fuselage, helicopter, galley, lifeboat, overhead panel, ship, submarine, tank, train, truck, wing, wing root



#### 3. Tools and support equipment, their parts, and locations on them

Terms that refer to all types of tools, support equipment, their parts, and locations that are part of these items.

access ladder, blade, brush, cap, chock, clamp, cover, display, drill, file, gauge (gage), graduated beaker, handle, jack, label, rigging pin, roller, rope, rung, shaft, stand, tag, test rig, torque wrench, trestle

#### 4. Materials, consumables, and unwanted material

Terms that refer to materials, consumable items, and other substances that can cause contamination or malfunctions.

acid, adhesive, aluminum alloy, ammunition, compound, copper, debris, detergent, dirt, disinfectant, dust, foam, foreign object, fuel, grease, hazardous substances, hazardous waste, metal, metallic coating, oil, paint, penetrant spray, plastic, primer, sealant, sealing, soap, stainless steel, tape, waste, water, wire

#### 5. Facilities, infrastructure, and logistic procedures

Terms that refer to the management, structure, and operations of physical facilities, infrastructure systems, and logistic procedures. For example, areas for utility systems, transportation networks, storage, distribution processes, and operational logistic workflows. airport, apron, base, building, camp, dock, engine shop floor, flight simulator, gate, handling, hangar, packaging, packing, port, service bay, shipping, shop, store, storage, transport

6. Systems, components and circuits, their functions, configurations, and parts
Terms that refer to the structure, operation, composition, and system design.
air conditioning, amplifying circuit, armament, audio, aural warning system, collapsed position, exhaust, flight management, hardware, inhibiting signal, injection, inlet, input frequency, latch, pedal, power unit, pump, reverse mode, reverse position, standby mode, upright position, vent

#### 7. Mathematical, scientific, engineering terms, and formulas

Terms that refer to concepts, design, calculations, or methodologies. acceleration, allowance, astronomy, atom, average, biochemistry, biology, biome, burr, capacitance, carbon, category, cavitation, center, circle, coefficient, combination, configuration, conversion, count, critical temperature, curve, cycle, defect, degree, deceleration, density, diameter, displacement, duty cycle, elapsed time, electricity, energy, exponent, failure, ferry flight, flutter, force, fumes, genetics, geology, geophysics, graph, gravity, hardness, heat treatment, idle speed, ignition, inhibition, instrumentation, interference, issue, light, line replaceable unit, load, loss, measurement, modification, momentum, motoring, overhaul, oversized hole, oxygen, performance, phase, polarity, power, pressure, process, radius, rating, ratio, reduction, relative angular position, resistance, scan, shutdown, signal, specific gravity, stall, standard, steam, stiffness, strength, suction, temperature, tension, thread, tightness, torque, toxic property, vapor, voltage, water vapor, "C = (A - B) - 0.063 mm"

#### 8. Navigation and geographic terms

Terms that refer to positions, directions, or locations related to mapping, routing, or spatial orientation.

air, altitude, attitude, axis, bank, clearance, climb, coordinates, critical approach, datum, delay, deviation, drag, east, France, glideslope, gradient, heading, landing, leeway, Lima, north, pitch, roll, skid, south, west



#### 9. Numbers, units of measurement and time (and their symbols)

Terms that refer to quantitative data, measurements, or time-related information. 92, 303, ampere (A), degree (°), first (1<sup>st</sup>), half (½), hour (h), kilogram (kg), knot, liter (L or I), meter (m), mile, minute ('), month, ohm ( $\Omega$ ), one, one-quarter (¼), second ("), second (s), second (2<sup>nd</sup>), square inch (sq.in.), spring, third (3<sup>rd</sup>), three, year, winter, zero

#### 10. Quoted text

Terms that refer to texts that you cannot change in technical writing. For example, texts on placards, labels, signs, markings, and display units. abort button, EXIT sign, INOP system, OXYGEN pushbutton switch, ON position, NEXT button, FAULT legend, NO STEP marking, FASTEN SAFETY BELT sign, WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING sign

11. Professional roles, individuals, groups, organizations, and geopolitical entities

Terms that refer to professional functions, names of persons, organizations, companies, teams, sovereign states, or entities related to processes, responsibilities, or decision-making. air traffic control, British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC), captain, commander, copilot, crew, crew chief, European Aviation Safety Agency (EASA), Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), John Kirkman, manufacturer, operator, Transport Canada Civil Aviation (TCCA), United States of America (USA)

#### 12. Parts of the body

Terms that refer to anatomical features or functions related to medical, biological, or ergonomic contexts.

blood, digestive system, ear, eyes, hair, hand, head, lung, mouth, respiratory tract, skin, stomach

#### 13. Common personal effects, food, and beverages

Terms that refer to everyday personal items and types of food and beverage. beans, bread, cigarette lighter, clothing, coffee, flour, footwear, high-heeled shoes, jewelry, lipstick, matches, milk, mineral water, nail scissors, perfume, pizza, shampoo, wine

#### 14. Medical terms

Terms that refer to medical conditions, procedures, or anatomical structures. allergy, aspirin, asthma, blood poisoning, breathing, circulation, dermatitis, diabetes, dizziness, female, hallucination, headache, heart rate, irritation, male, medication, nausea, pneumonia, pregnancy, pulse, skin irritation, virus

#### 15. Official documents, parts of documentation, standards, and guidelines

Terms that refer to different types of official documents and their structural parts. For example, manuals, technical records, standards, specifications, and regulations requirements.

Acceptance Test, Activation/Deactivation, Allowable Damage, attention, caution, chapter, Checklist, Class, Cleaning, Compass Correction Card, danger, data module, Description and Operation, diagram, engine logbook, Federal Aviation Regulations, Fault Isolation, figure, flowchart, font, Functional Test, Ice and Rain Protection, Inspection/Check, issue, language policy, letter, maintenance planning, maintenance practice, maintenance records, Normal Braking, note, notice, packaging, page, paragraph, parentheses, post-flight report, post-mod, pre-mod, prerequisite, preservation, reference, Removal/Installation, Required Conditions, Repair Scheme, recommendation, revision, section, Service Bulletin, Standard Practices Manual, storage, Structural Repair Manual, table, test procedure, training material, Transportation, valid welding certificate, warning



#### 16. Environmental and operational conditions

Terms that refer to external factors and operating parameters that are related to systems or processes.

atmosphere, cloud, day, daylight, ice, hail, humidity, lightning, moisture, night, rain, relative humidity, sand, snow, storm, turbulence, volcanic ash, wind

#### 17. Colors

Terms that refer to colors that identify color-related properties, or show color attributes in different contexts.

beige, black, cyan blue, dark brown, gray, green, magenta, light green, orange, red, white, vellow



Colors are adjectives, but STE identifies them as technical nouns. Comparative and superlative forms of colors (for example, blacker, the reddest) are not permitted in STE.

#### 18. Damage terms

Terms that refer to types of defects or degradation and give information about malfunctions. buckle, chafing, corrosion, crack, crack propagation, deformation, dent, discoloration, distortion, erosion, fracture, fraying, galling, kink, nick, score, scratch, stain, spurious fault message

#### 19. Computer science, information and communication technology

Terms that refer to technological concepts, systems, or components in this subject field. add-in, add-on, AI, arrow, artificial intelligence, authentication, backup, backup file, bookmark, chatbot, content, cursor, cybersecurity, database, deep learning, dialog check box, digitalization, digitization, e-mail, embedding, field, file, firewall, hallucination, HTML, icon, interface, internet, laptop, large language model, local operation, machine learning, memory, menu, metadata, mouse, network, operating system, phone, plug-in, pre-loaded software, preset value, prompt engineering, remote operation, screen, search engine, smartphone, status bar, store, tablet, token, toolbar, touchscreen, tweet, tuning, update, voice mail, XML

#### 20. Civil and military operations

Terms that refer to concepts and activities, service delivery, product management, and customer and life-cycle support in civil and military operations. armed forces, assault, bomb, bullet, checkpoint, combat plan, contractor, customer, customer support, customer service, deployment, echelon, ejection seat, end item, end user, evacuation, formation, ground zero, gun, Integrated Product Support (IPS), know-how, lifecycle, machine gun, maintenance concept, mission, obsolescence, operator, Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM), patrol

#### 21. Law and regulations

Terms that refer to legal and regulatory texts. For example, contracts, warranty texts, certificates, standards and specifications, and legal papers. action, ambiguity, appeal, arbitration, bankruptcy, communication, competence, compliance, concession, contract, court, damages, explanation, explanatory text, impeachment, jury, law, judgement, jurisdiction, purpose, recommendation, scope, serious incident, serious offense, signature, statute, term, trade, waiver, wording

#### 22. Animals, plants, and other life forms

Terms that refer to biological entities in technical and environmental contexts. bacteria, bird, cassowary, cat, conifer, cow, dog, emu, fern, ferret, fungi, horse, insect, leopard, monkey, moss, mouse, pocket gopher, rose, termite, wombat





The technical nouns in their related categories are only examples. Rule 1.5 does not give a full list of all possible technical nouns. The listed words in each category have uppercase letters only when it is necessary. For example, official identifications, titles, and abbreviations.

Rule 1.6 Use a word that is not approved in the dictionary, only when it is a technical noun or part of a technical noun.

The dictionary includes some words that you cannot use because they are not approved. But if you can put these words in an applicable category of technical nouns, you can use them as technical nouns in some contexts.

#### **Examples:**

The word "base" is not approved in the dictionary and its alternative is "bottom (n)."

Non-STE: Make sure that the two spigots at the base of the unit engage.

("Base" is not permitted when it is related to a surface.)

STE: Make sure that the two spigots at the bottom of the unit engage.

But you can use "base" as a technical noun.

STE: The base of the triangle is 5 cm.

("Base" is a technical noun, category 7, mathematical, scientific, engineering terms, and formulas.)

terms, and formulas.)

The same word "base" can go into different categories of technical nouns. This condition occurs when you use the word "base" with different meanings in different contexts.

#### **Example:**

STE: Access to the base is permitted between 9 a.m. and 6 p.m.

("Base" is a technical noun, category 5, facilities, infrastructure, and logistic procedures.)

"Backup" is not approved in the dictionary and its alternatives are "emergency (n)" and "auxiliary (adj)." But you can use "backup" as a technical noun.

#### **Example:**

STE: Do the backup of the computer at regular intervals.

("Backup" is a technical noun, category 19, computer science, information and communication technology.)



"Backup" is a one-word technical noun. But you can also write "backup file," a two-word technical noun.

#### **Examples:**

STE: Keep the backup file in a safe area.

("Backup file" is a technical noun, category 19, computer science, information and communication technology.)

Non-STE: For this procedure, make sure that one person is available as backup.

("Backup" is not permitted and you cannot use it in this context.)

STE: Two persons are necessary to do this procedure.

(Different sentence construction)

"Main" is a word that is not approved, and its alternative is "primary (adj)."

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: The laptop has these main parts:

("Main part" is not a technical noun, and it is correct to replace "main" with "primary.")

STE: The laptop has these primary parts:

But you can use "main" as part of a technical noun.

STE: Retract the main landing gear.

("Main landing gear" is a technical noun. It is incorrect to replace "main" with "primary" here, because "primary landing gear" is not the technical noun that is approved in your company, industry, or subject field.)

If a word is not in the dictionary, you can use it if it is part of a technical noun. In the example that follows, "angular" and "position" are approved but "relative" is not in the dictionary.

#### **Example:**

STE: This procedure gives instructions to identify the relative angular positions of the power-turbine rotor disks.

(You can use "relative" as part of a technical noun, category 7, mathematical, scientific, engineering terms, and formulas.)



#### Rule 1.7 Do not use words that are technical nouns as verbs.

Use a technical noun only as a noun or as an adjective that is part of a different technical noun. Do not use the same word as a verb.

#### **Examples:**

"Oil" is a technical noun, category 4, materials, consumables, and unwanted material. Do not use "oil" as a verb. Use a different sentence construction that lets you use "oil" as a technical noun.

Non-STE: Oil the steel surfaces.

STE: Apply oil to the steel surfaces.

"Snow" is a technical noun, category 16, environmental and operational conditions. Do not use "snow" as a verb. Use a different sentence construction that lets you use "snow" as a technical noun.

Non-STE: If you think it will snow, make sure that the vehicle is in the applicable

configuration.

STE: If you think that snow will fall, make sure that the vehicle is in the applicable

configuration.

#### Words that can be technical nouns and technical verbs

In some contexts, the same word can be a technical noun and a technical verb. This condition occurs when you can put this word in a technical noun category (rule 1.5) and in a technical verb category (rule 1.12).

#### **Examples in STE:**

If the surface is hard, use a carbide drill.

("Drill" is a technical noun, rule 1.5, category 3, tools and support equipment, their parts, and location on them.)

Drill a hole at the intersection of the two lines.

("Drill" is a technical verb, rule 1.12, category 1 a), manufacturing processes, remove material.)

# Rule 1.8 Use technical nouns that are approved in your company, industry, or subject field.

If your company, industry, or subject field, has an approved technical noun for a system, component, part, or process, use that technical noun. Usually, such technical nouns are included in official parts information and in company documentation.

#### **Example:**

STE: The front panel of the phone has a touchscreen and a home button.

("Touchscreen" and "home button" are technical nouns that are approved in your company, industry, or subject field.)



# Rule 1.9 When you must select a technical noun, use one which is short and easy to understand.

When there is no technical noun that is approved in your company, industry, or subject field, select one that is short (not more than three words) and easy to understand.

#### Example:

Non-STE: Remove the four stainless steel pan head machine screws (10) that attach the

metallic machined flange (15) to the front housing cover (20).

STE: Remove the four screws (10) that attach the flange (15) to the cover (20).

In this example, it is sufficient to use the words "screws," "flange," and "cover." This is because these parts have index numbers, and the related illustration clearly identifies them. Differently, add one or two adjectives to the noun to help your reader understand.

#### Rule 1.10 Do not use regional, slang, or jargon words as technical nouns.

There can be technical words that only persons in confined regions or geographical areas use. These words are not easy to understand for persons who are from a different region or area.

When you select technical nouns, always use well-known words.

This rule is also applicable to technical slang or jargon words. If only a small number of persons understand a word, it will cause confusion and non-effective communication.

#### **Examples:**

| Non-STE: | During logging operations, attach a choker to the heavy machinery to hold the logs | , |
|----------|--|---|
|          | in their nosition  |   |

(A "choker" is a type of cable used in logging operations to attach logs during transportation. It is a term used in some regions of North America and Canada, Northern Europe, and New Zealand. Its meaning is not immediately clear to the

reader.)

STE: During logging operations, attach a <u>cable</u> to the heavy machinery to hold the logs

in their position.

*Non-STE:* After the firmware update, do not <u>brick</u> the router.

("Brick" is technical slang in information technology, with the meaning of "to make a device non-operational." Its meaning is not immediately clear to the reader.)

STE: After the firmware update, do not set the router to OFF.

Non-STE: Remove your gear from the work area.

("Gear" is technical jargon that refers to tools and equipment, and its meaning is

not immediately clear to the reader.)

STE: Remove your tools and equipment from the work area.



#### Rule 1.11 Do not use different technical nouns for the same item.

When you select a technical noun, do not use a different technical noun in other parts of your text to refer to the same item.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: 1. Make sure that the <u>servo control unit</u> is in the open position.

2. Do the operational test of the actuator.

3. Disconnect the control unit from the test rig.

STE: 1. Make sure that the actuator is in the open position.

2. Do the operational test of the actuator.

3. Disconnect the actuator from the test rig.

In the non-STE example, "servo control unit," "actuator," and "control unit" refer to the same item. Use the technical noun that is approved in your company, industry, or subject field. If, as in the example, the technical noun is "actuator," then always use this technical noun in your text.

#### **Technical verbs**

#### Rule 1.12 You can use verbs that you can include in a technical verb category.

A technical verb is a verb term that refers to a specified concept or process and is applicable to a subject field.

The dictionary does not include technical verbs because there are too many, and each subject field uses different technical verbs for their texts.

You can find many of these technical verbs in your company glossary or terminology database. STE gives you a list of categories, with examples, to help you:

- Select technical verbs to put in your company glossary or terminology database.
- Use technical verbs correctly.

Technical verbs must obey the same rules as other approved verbs in STE. Refer to section 3.

You can use technical verbs in procedural and descriptive texts if you can include them in one or more of these four categories.

#### 1. Manufacturing processes

Terms that give instructions and information to:

- a) Remove material:
  - drill, grind, mill, ream, unsolder
- b) Add material:

flame, insulate, remetal, retread

c) Attach material:

braze, crimp, solder, weld



# d) Change the mechanical strength, the structure, or the physical properties of a material:

anneal, cure, decay, freeze, heat-treat, magnetize, normalize, vaporize

# e) Change the surface finish of a material: buff, burnish, dress, passivate, plate, polish

f) Change the shape of a material: blend, cast, extrude, spin, stamp

#### 2. Computer processes and applications

Terms that give instructions and information for:

### a) Input and output processes:

click, digitize, enter, press, print, swipe, tap, type

#### b) User interface and application processes:

clear, close, copy, cut, delete, deselect, disable, drag, drag and drop, enable, encrypt, erase, filter, highlight, invalidate, maximize, minimize, navigate, open, paste, save, scroll, sort, store, tweet, validate, zoom in, zoom out

#### c) System operations:

abort, boot, communicate, debug, download, format, install, load, manage, process, reboot, update, upgrade, upload

#### 3. Instructions and information for applicable subject fields

Terms that give instructions and information in these contexts:

#### a) Engineering, mathematical, and scientific

bisect, compensate for, convert, detect, float, modulate, radiate, transform, sink

#### b) Medical

disinfect, intubate, operate, prescribe, sanitize, sterilize

#### c) Civil and military operations

aim, arm, detect, disable, dry-motor, enable, explode, fire, inhibit, intercept, lase, load, lock on, unlatch, unload, wet-motor, parachute

#### d) Navigation

approach, descend, deviate, fly, hover, land, maintain, navigate, retrim, take off, trim, respond, taxi

#### e) Automotive and railway

accelerate, brake, couple, crank, crash, decouple, dispatch, drift, inflate, park, qualify, steer

#### f) Energy, oil, and gas

compress, distill, drill, emit, extract, inject, pump

#### 4. Law and regulations

Terms that give instructions and information only for legal and regulatory texts. For example, contracts, warranty texts, certificates, standards and specifications, and legal papers.

acknowledge, comply with, communicate, conform to, describe, enforce, explain, meet (a requirement), inform, modify, notify, omit, regulate, sign, supersede, understand, waive (for inspection and requirements)





The technical verbs in their related categories are only examples. Rule 1.12 does not give a full list of all possible technical verbs.

If there is an approved verb in the dictionary that accurately gives the instruction or the information, use the approved verb. Do not use a technical verb if it is possible to write the same sentence with the words (verbs and other related words) that are approved in the dictionary.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: If you detect broken wires, repair them.

("Detect" is not approved and cannot be a technical verb in this context.)

STE: If you find broken wires, repair them.

#### But you can write:

STE: The security scanner detects metal objects.

("Detect" is the correct technical verb in this context.)

If you must use technical verbs, use only technical verbs that are correct in your context. Do not use technical verbs that are general or not clear.

#### Example:

Non-STE: Machine the hole until it has a diameter of 8.00 +/- 0.003 mm.

STE: Ream the hole until it has a diameter of 8.00 +/- 0.003 mm.

Do not use a technical verb if it is not necessary. If it is possible, use a verb that is approved in the dictionary and an applicable technical noun.

#### **Examples:**

"Clamp" is a technical noun, category 1, official parts information. Do not use "clamp" as a technical verb.

Non-STE: Clamp the cable in position.

STE: Put clamps on the cable to hold it in position.

"Grease" is a technical noun, category 4, materials, consumables, and unwanted material. Do not use "grease" as a technical verb.

Non-STE: Grease the fasteners.

STE: Apply grease to the fasteners.

"Wire" is a technical noun, category 1, official parts information. Do not use "wire" as a technical verb.

Non-STE: Wire the cable to the structure.

STE: Attach the cable to the structure with wire.



#### Words that are not approved but that can be technical verbs

The dictionary includes some words that, although not approved, can be technical verbs if you can put them in the specified categories.

#### **Examples:**

STE: Enter your password.

("Enter" is a technical verb, category 2 a), computer processes and applications,

input and output processes.)

Non-STE: Do not enter the engine test area without approval.

("Enter" is not permitted when it is in a different context.)

STE: Do not go into the engine test area without approval.

STE: If the tower does not respond, use a different channel.

("Respond" is a technical verb, category 3 d), instructions and information for

applicable subject fields, navigation.)

Non-STE: If the instrument fails to respond, do a test.

("Respond" is not permitted when it is in a different context.)

STE: If the instrument does not operate correctly, do a test.

#### Rule 1.13 Do not use technical verbs as nouns.

In English, words that look the same do not always have the same function in a sentence. Use technical verbs only as verbs, not as nouns.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: Give the hole 0.20-inch ream.

STE: Ream the hole to a 0.20-inch dimension.

But you can use the past participle form of technical verbs as adjectives.

#### **Example:**

STE: Lubricate the reamed hole.

(The adjective "reamed" is the past participle form of the technical verb "ream."

"Reamed hole" is a technical noun.)

#### Words that can be technical verbs and technical nouns

In some contexts, the same word can be a technical verb and a technical noun. This condition occurs when you can put this word in a technical verb category (rule 1.12) and in a technical noun category (rule 1.5).

#### **Examples:**

STE: Make sure that the plate is not damaged.

("Plate" is a technical noun, category 1, official parts information.)



STE: There are two methods to plate the ring nut (2).

("Plate" is a technical verb, category 1 c), manufacturing processes, attach material.)

**Spelling** 

# Rule 1.14 Use American English spelling unless other official directives tell you differently.

Use the spelling specified in the STE dictionary (American English spelling).

Use a different spelling only if other technical publication specifications, style guides, contracts, or other official directives are applicable.

#### **Examples:**

| Non-STE | The door is made of carbon fibre reinforced plastic.   |  |  |  |
|---------|--|--|--|--|
|         | ("Fibre" is British English spelling.)                 |  |  |  |
| STE     | : The door is made of carbon-fiber-reinforced plastic. |  |  |  |
|         | ("Fiber" is American English spelling.)                |  |  |  |

Non-STE: Change the colour of the display.

("Colour" is British English spelling.)

STE: Change the color of the display.

("Color" is American English spelling.)



If there is quoted text that has British English spelling, for example on a computer screen, do not change the spelling. Keep the quoted text as it is. Refer to Rule 8.6 which tells you how to use quoted texts correctly.



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# Section 2 - Multi-word nouns

#### Summary of the rules

#### **Multi-word nouns**

- Rule 2.1 Write multi-word nouns of no more than three words.
- Rule 2.2 When a technical noun has more than three words, write it in full.

Then, you can use one of these methods to make the technical noun clear:

- Give a shorter form of the technical noun.
- Use hyphens (-) between words that you use as one unit.

#### **Multi-word nouns**

#### Rule 2.1 Write multi-word nouns of no more than three words.

In English, you can use one or more words to describe or modify a noun.

Technical texts can contain long groups of words that have the function of one part of speech in a sentence. Usually, these groups of words are made of nouns and/or adjectives and are the subject or the object in a sentence. Such groups of words are known as multi-word nouns.

#### **General examples:**

| Horizontal cylinder pivot bearing           | (a multi-word noun of 4 words) |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Stainless steel corrosion protection strips | (a multi-word noun of 5 words) |
| Actuator operating rod                      | (a multi-word noun of 3 words) |

Long multi-word nouns are not easy to understand because the words in the multi-word noun can connect to each other differently. The main noun, or head noun of the group, is usually the last word of the multi-word noun. When the connections between words are not clear, ambiguity occurs. As a result, short multi-word nouns are easier to understand.

#### Runway light connection

(This example shows a short multi-word noun (3 words). The main noun is "connection.")

#### Runway light connection resistance calibration

(This example shows a long multi-word noun (5 words). The main noun is "calibration.")

The long multi-word noun in the example does not tell the reader the relation between "runway" and "calibration." The reader must understand four modifiers before the main noun "calibration."

Long multi-word nouns can cause problems for non-native English readers because, in some languages, the main noun comes first in the multi-word noun. When a multi-word noun has more words, it is less clear.

To help your reader, keep multi-word nouns to a maximum of three words.



To keep multi-word nouns short, you can use prepositions (for example, "of," "on," "in," and "for") and explain the multi-word nouns.

#### **Examples:**

| Non-STE:   | Runway light connection resistance calibration.  | (5 words)     |
|------------|--|---------------|
| STE:       | Calibration of the resistance of the runway light connection.                          |               |
|            | (1 word, 1 word, a   | nd 3 words)   |
| N 0TE      |  | (0 1)         |
| Non-STE:   | Install the forward turbine overheat thermocouple terminal tags.                       | (6 words)     |
| STE:       | Install the terminal tags on the forward overheat thermocouple of the t                | turbine.      |
|            | (2 words a   | and 3 words)  |
| Non-STE:   | Demove the engine transmission bevoing attachment halts                                | (E words)     |
| NO∏-3 I E. | Remove the engine transmission housing attachment bolts.                               | (5 words)     |
| STE:       | Remove the bolts that attach the transmission housing to the engine.                   |               |
|            | (1 word, 1 word, 2 words,  | and 1 word)   |
| AL OTE     | A.P. (10 - 110) A  | . ( . ( 4 ( ) |
| Non-STE:   | Adjust to obtain door operating rod alignment with the attachment poil                 | nt. (4 words) |
| STE:       | Adjust the <u>door operating rod</u> until it <u>aligns</u> with the attachment point. |               |
|            | (3 words   | and 1 word)   |

- Rule 2.2 When a technical noun has more than three words, write it in full.

  Then, you can use one of these methods to make the technical noun clear:
  - Give a shorter form of the technical noun.
  - Use hyphens (-) between words that you use as one unit.

A long multi-word noun can be a long technical noun, or it can be a combination of shorter technical nouns. Frequently, it is not possible to divide technical nouns into smaller parts because they are the technical nouns that your company, industry, or subject field uses. Thus, you must write technical nouns as they are, in their approved form.

#### Method 1 - Shorter form of technical nouns

If a long technical noun comes from an official document (for example, an engineering drawing or an illustrated parts catalog), write it in full the first time that it occurs in the text. Then, if it is possible, explain the technical noun and in the remaining text of your document, use a shorter form or an approved abbreviation.

#### **Examples in STE:**

Before you do this procedure, engage the ramp service door safety connector pin (the pin that holds the ramp service door, referred to in this procedure as the "safety connector pin").

In this example, you write "ramp service door safety connector pin" in full. Then, after an explanation, you give a shorter technical noun: "safety connector pin." This shorter technical noun has three words and obeys rule 2.1.

The Main Fuel Metering Unit (MFMU) is an aluminum alloy unit that includes a Main Engine Control Unit (MECU) and a Distribution Block (DB). The MFMU is installed in the engine bypass duct and operates in the engine fuel system. The function of the MFMU is to meter and supply the fuel from the Main Engine Fuel Pump (MEFP) to the fuel manifolds and the starter jets. The Digital Engine Control Unit (DECU) sends electrical signals to operate the MFMU.

In this example, the explanation is not necessary because the text gives all the necessary information about the unit. You write all official technical nouns that include more than three nouns in full the first time that they occur. Then, in the remaining parts of the text, you use their related approved abbreviations.

If an approved technical noun includes three words or less, it is not necessary to use abbreviations.

#### Example:

Do not write: The primary parts of the valve are:

- The DA (8)

- The PVA (15)

- The BA (17)

- The VB (20).

WRITE: The primary parts of the valve are:

- The diaphragm assembly (8)

- The poppet valve assembly (15)

- The bush assembly (17)

- The valve body (20).

You can use abbreviations that come from your official company documentation but be careful. A text full of abbreviations in a procedure, although shorter, is not easy to read.

#### **Example:**

Do not write: A. Remove the DA (8) from the VB (20).

B. Remove the PVA (15) from its seat.

C. Remove the BA (17) from the VB (20).

WRITE: A. Remove the diaphragm assembly (8) from the valve body (20).

B. Remove the poppet valve assembly (15) from its seat.

C. Remove the bush assembly (17) from the valve body (20).



#### Method 2 - Hyphens (-) between the words that you use as one unit

A hyphen is a punctuation mark that connects words or parts of words. You can use hyphens between words to show how related words operate as one unit. This method will make the multi-word nouns that you use agree with rule 2.1. Hyphenated words always count as one word.

#### **Examples in STE:**

Make sure that the <u>cutoff-switch power connection</u> is safe.

(3 words)

Inspection of the lavatory rapid-decompression device.

(3 words)

Make sure that you do not connect words which are not related, because this hyphen will change the meaning of the multi-word noun. If you are not sure, only explain the multi-word noun. Then, use a shorter form, or an official approved abbreviation.

If an approved technical noun includes hyphens, do not change it. If it is too long, write it in full the first time it occurs and then use the recommended method (shorter technical nouns) specified in this rule.

Do not use hyphens to make groups of more than three words. If you use hyphens for all the words, this multi-word noun will not be easy to read and understand.

#### **Example:**

| Non-STE: | Move the main-gear-door-retraction-winch handle. | (2 words, but not correct) |
|----------|--|----------------------------|
| STE:     | Move the main-gear-door retraction-winch handle. | (3 words)                  |

If an approved technical noun includes three words or less (for example "poppet valve assembly" and "diaphragm assembly"), it is not necessary to use hyphens.

#### Example:

Do not write: A. Remove the diaphragm-assembly (8) from the valve body (20).

B. Remove the poppet-valve assembly (15) from its seat.

WRITE: A. Remove the diaphragm assembly (8) from the valve body (20).

B. Remove the poppet valve assembly (15) from its seat.

But, if an approved technical noun includes a hyphen (for example "inward-outward valve"), do not remove the hyphen. Keep the technical noun that comes from your official company documentation.

#### Example:

Do not write: The inward outward valve is part of the fuel system.

WRITE: The inward-outward valve is part of the fuel system.



# **Section 3 - Verbs**

| Summary of the rules      |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Verb form                 | s and tenses of verbs  |  |  |  |  |
| Rule 3.1                  | Use only the verb forms that are given in the dictionary.  |  |  |  |  |
| Rule 3.2                  | Use only these verb forms and tenses of verbs:  - The infinitive form  - The imperative form (command form)  - The simple present tense  - The simple past tense  - The simple future tense  - The past participle form (as an adjective). |  |  |  |  |
| Rule 3.3                  | Use the past participle form as an adjective.  |  |  |  |  |
| Rule 3.4                  | Do not use auxiliary verbs to make complex verb constructions.   |  |  |  |  |
| Rule 3.5                  | Use the "-ing" form of a verb only as a technical noun or as a modifier in a technical noun.   |  |  |  |  |
| Active voi                | ce   |  |  |  |  |
| Rule 3.6                  | Use the active voice. In descriptive writing, you can use the passive voice only when the agent is unknown.  |  |  |  |  |
| How to describe an action |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rule 3.7                  | Use an approved verb to describe an action, not a noun or other parts of speech.   |  |  |  |  |

### Verb forms and tenses of verbs

# Rule 3.1 Use only the verb forms that are given in the dictionary.

The STE dictionary gives you the verb forms that you can use for each approved verb.

### Example:

REMOVE (v) REMOVES REMOVED, REMOVED

GIVE (v) GIVES GAVE, GIVEN





The introduction to the dictionary in part 2 gives you more information about the verb forms and how to use the approved verbs.

#### Rule 3.2 Use only these verb forms and tenses of verbs:

- The infinitive form
- The imperative form (command form)
- The simple present tense
- The simple past tense
- The simple future tense
- The past participle form (as an adjective).

Use only the verbs forms and the tenses of verbs that are approved.

#### **Examples:**

| Infinitive form (base form)   | Imperative form (command form) | Simple present tense | Simple past tense    | Simple future tense     | Past participle form (as an adjective) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| (To) Adjust<br>(regular verb) | Adjust + object                | You/we/they adjust   | You/we/they adjusted | You/we/they will adjust | The adjusted linkage                   |
|                               |                                | It adjusts           | It adjusted          | It will adjust          |  |
| (To) Give<br>(irregular verb) | Give + object                  | You/we/they give     | You/we/they gave     | You/we/they will give   | The given information                  |
|                               |                                | It gives             | It gave              | It will give            |  |

Do not use other forms and tenses that are not approved, for example:

- The present perfect (have/has adjusted)
- The past perfect (had adjusted)
- The present/past progressive (is/was adjusting)
- And all other complex verb constructions.

#### Rule 3.3 Use the past participle form as an adjective.

When you use the past participle form as an adjective, it shows the condition of something. This is not passive voice. Use the past participle form of a verb as an adjective as follows:

- Before a noun
- After a verb form of the verbs "to be," "to become," or "to stay."

Do not use the past participle form if it is not in the dictionary.

#### **Examples:**

STE: Examine all parts of the disassembled unit for damage.

("Disassembled" is an adjective before the noun "unit." It shows the condition of the unit.)



STE: When the unit is fully disassembled, clean all the parts.

("Disassembled" is an adjective after the verb "to be" that shows the condition of the unit.)

There are also approved adjectives in the dictionary that are the past participle form of verbs that are not approved. For example, "permitted," and "damaged." Their approved part of speech in the dictionary is "(adj)" and thus you can use them.

#### **Examples in STE:**

Do not put more than the permitted weight on the trolley.

Make sure that the mating surfaces are not damaged.

#### Rule 3.4 Do not use auxiliary verbs to make complex verb constructions.

Do not use the past participle form as a verb form together with the auxiliary verb "have." This construction will make a tense that is not approved.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: The operator <u>has adjusted</u> the linkage.

(The present perfect tense is not approved.)

STE: The operator <u>adjusted</u> the linkage.

(The simple past tense is approved.)

Some complex verb constructions include other auxiliary verbs with the past participle form as a verb. Sentences with these constructions become complex sentences in the passive voice.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: The seat is to be installed before you install the cushion

STE: Before you install the cushion, install the seat.

Non-STE: The volume control can be adjusted.

STE: You can adjust the volume control.

Non-STE: The temperature must be adjusted.

STE: Adjust the temperature.

Non-STE: The sleeve will be adjusted by the robot.

STE: The robot will adjust the sleeve.



# Rule 3.5 Use the "-ing" form of a verb only as a technical noun or as a modifier in a technical noun.

In English, words that have an "-ing" form can have different functions in a sentence (different parts of speech).

#### **General examples:**

Words that have an "-ing" form can be part of a verb to describe an action in the present.

Be careful while the door is opening.

They can also be <u>adjectives</u>.

An opening door can be dangerous.

They can be <u>nouns or parts of noun phrases</u>.

Opening a door can be dangerous.

They can make long groups of modifiers, noun phrases, and dependent clauses.

A mechanic opening a door without obeying the specified safety precautions can easily cause injury to persons standing near the door.

These different functions for words that have an "-ing" form can frequently cause ambiguity or long, complex sentences. Thus, words that have an "-ing" form are usually not permitted.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: When you are doing this procedure, obey all the safety precautions.

STE: When you do this procedure, obey all the safety precautions.

Non-STE: Mechanics wearing insufficient protective clothing and opening containers

containing hazardous materials in areas where there is a lack of ventilation, using inappropriate tools without observing the manufacturer's instructions, are in danger of coming into contact with these materials and thus suffering from skin irritation and breathing problems.

and breathing problems.

STE: Before you use dangerous materials, obey these precautions:

(1) Read the manufacturer's instructions.

(2) Make sure that there is sufficient airflow in the work area.

(3) Put on a face mask and protective clothing.

(4) Get the correct tools to open the containers for these materials.

If you do not obey these precautions, injury to your skin and your lungs can occur.



#### Words that have an "-ing" form and are technical nouns or parts of technical nouns

You can use a word that has an "-ing" form as a technical noun (for example, in procedural titles or headings).

#### **Examples:**

Cleaning, Testing and Fault Isolation, Handling, Packaging, Shipping, Troubleshooting

You can also use the "-ing" form of a verb as a modifier in a technical noun. This modifier is an adjective that is related to the function of a system, component, part, tool, material, or equipment.

#### **Examples:**

Air-conditioning system, degreasing agent, grinding wheel, polishing disc, sanding machine, switching relay, welding torch

#### Approved words that have an "-ing" form

Only a small number of approved words in the dictionary have an "-ing" form. They are:

- Nouns (lighting, opening, routing, and servicing)
- Adjectives (mating, missing, and remaining)
- A pronoun (something)
- A preposition (during).

#### **Active voice**

# Rule 3.6 Use the active voice. In descriptive writing, you can use the passive voice only if the agent is unknown.

Technical texts consist of procedural writing and descriptive writing. When you write in STE, <u>always</u> <u>use the active voice</u>. In descriptive writing, the passive voice is permitted <u>only</u> when the agent (the person or thing that does the action) is unknown.

#### What is active voice?

In the active voice, the subject of the sentence does the action of the sentence ("A" does "B"). Thus, the grammatical subject (A) is also the logical subject (agent).

#### What is passive voice?

In the passive voice, the subject of the sentence receives the action ("B" is done by "A"). Here, the grammatical subject is B, and the logical subject, or agent, is A.

#### General examples:

Active: The manufacturer gives the safety procedures.

Passive: The safety procedures are given by the manufacturer.

Active: The side stay holds the main gear leg.

Passive: The main gear leg is held by the side stay.



#### How do you know if a sentence is in the passive voice?

The best test for the passive voice is to think of the question "by whom or by what?" (the agent). If your text gives you an answer to this question, then the text is in the passive voice. When a sentence contains the preposition "by," it is a good indication that the sentence is in the passive voice. The object of the preposition "by" is then the agent and you can use the agent as the subject of a sentence in the active voice. In the examples that follow, the underlined text identifies the agent.

In each of the passive examples, you can think of the question "by whom or by what?"

The safety procedures are given by the manufacturer.

The main gear leg is held by the side stay.

But a passive construction does not always contain an agent.

The dimensions are given in the table.

The main gear leg is held in its position.

A sentence in the active voice always has a grammatical subject (the agent), but in the passive sentence in the example below, the agent is unknown (and we do not know the cause of data corruption). In the active sentence, the agent ("transmission") is incorrect ("transmission" is not the cause of data corruption), and the meaning of the sentence is different. Thus, the active sentence becomes technically incorrect.

#### Example:

Passive: During transmission, the data <u>was corrupted</u>. (Correct, the agent is unknown.)

Active: During transmission, something corrupted the data.

(Correct, you do not know the identity of "something," but you can use it as the

agent.)

Active: Transmission corrupted the data. (Incorrect, "transmission" is not the correct

agent.)

In the example, if you use the word "something" ("a thing that is not determined or specified") as the agent, the active voice will be technically correct.

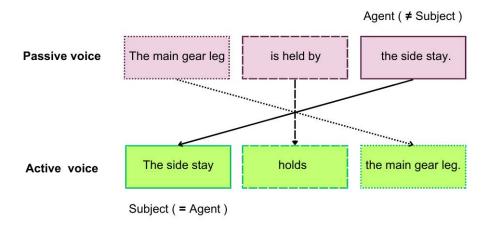
How do you change a sentence that is in the passive voice to the active voice?

To change a sentence from the passive voice to the active voice, you can use one of these four methods:

#### Method 1

When the sentence gives the agent (usually the object of the preposition "by"), put the agent at the start of the sentence. Then, use the agent as the subject. The subject must always be the noun that does the action in the sentence, as shown in the diagram that follows:





## Example:

Non-STE: The circuits are connected by a <u>switching relay</u>. (Passive)

STE: A <u>switching relay</u> connects the circuits. (Active)

#### Method 2

Change an infinitive verb to an active verb.

## **Example:**

Non-STE: These values are used by the computer to calculate the energy consumption.

(Passive)

STE: The computer <u>calculates</u> the energy consumption from these values. (Active)

The construction "are used by" gives no important information here. Thus, you can use the verb "calculate" to write the sentence in the active voice.

#### Method 3

In procedural writing, change the verb to the imperative ("command") form.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: The test <u>can be continued</u> by the operator. (Passive)

STE: Continue the test. (Active)

Non-STE: Oil and grease <u>are to be removed</u> with a degreasing agent. (Passive)

STE: Remove oil and grease with a degreasing agent. (Active)

#### Method 4

When the agent (the person or thing that does the action) is not given in the sentence, you can use the pronouns "you" or "we" as subjects in the active form. If the agent is the reader, use "you." If the agent is your company, or organization, use "we."

## **Examples:**

| Non-STE: | On the ground, the valve <u>can be opened</u> with the override handle. (Passive) |  |  |
|----------|---|--|--|
| STE:     | On the ground, you can open the valve with the override handle. (Active)          |  |  |
|          |   |  |  |
| Non-STE: | Additives are not used in this type of fuel. (Passive)                            |  |  |
| STE:     | We do not use additives in this type of fuel. (Active)                            |  |  |
|          | or  |  |  |
| STE:     | This type of fuel does not contain additives.                                     |  |  |

When you find complex sentences in the passive voice that include auxiliary verbs, decide if you want to write a procedural sentence or a descriptive sentence.

## **Examples:**

| u | iiipica | ٥.   |  |
|---|---------|------|--|
|   | Non-    | STE: | The volume control <u>can be adjusted</u> .                                      |
|   | ;       | STE: | Adjust the volume control. (Procedural sentence)                                 |
|   | ;       | STE: | You can adjust the volume control. (Descriptive sentence)                        |
|   |         |      |  |
|   | Non-S   | STE: | The oil temperature <u>must be adjusted</u> before the start of the test.        |
|   | ;       | STE: | Before you start the test, adjust the oil temperature. (Procedural sentence)     |
|   | ;       | STE: | Before the start of the test, the operator must adjust the oil temperature.      |
|   |         |      | (Descriptive sentence)   |
|   |         | OT-  |  |
|   | Non-    | SIE: | The valve <u>will be adjusted</u> during the test.                               |
|   | ;       | STE: | During the test, adjust the valve. (Procedural sentence)                         |
|   | ;       | STE: | NOTE: You will adjust the valve during the test. (Descriptive sentence)          |
|   |         | OT-  |  |
|   | Non-    | SIE: | The component is to be installed before you do the test.                         |
|   |         | STE: | Before you do the test, install the component. (Procedural sentence)             |
|   | ;       | STE: | Before the test, the operator must install the component. (Descriptive sentence) |
|   |         |      |  |



## How to describe an action

Rule 3.7 Use an approved verb to describe an action, not a noun or other parts of speech.

There can be different solutions to give the same information in STE. If there is an approved verb that describes an action, use the approved verb. Verbs describe actions more clearly than nouns or other parts of speech.

#### **Examples:**

Do not write: The ohmmeter gives an indication of 450 ohms.

WRITE: The ohmmeter shows 450 ohms.

Do not write: Before the removal of the unit, make sure that the power supply is OFF.

WRITE: Before you remove the unit, make sure that the power supply is OFF.

In the examples, all sentences are in STE but those with direct verbs describe the action more clearly.

If a word is not approved as a verb in the dictionary, do not use it as a verb. Use a different sentence construction to give the same information.

## **Example:**

Non-STE: Check the laptop battery.

STE: Do a check of the laptop battery.



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## Section 4 - Sentences

## Summary of the rules

#### Short sentences and clear sentence structures

- Rule 4.1 Write short and clear sentences.
- Rule 4.2 Do not omit words or use contractions to make your sentences shorter.

#### **Vertical lists**

Rule 4.3 Use a vertical list for complex texts.

#### Connecting words and connecting phrases

Rule 4.4 Use connecting words and connecting phrases to connect sentences that contain related topics.

#### Articles and demonstrative adjectives

Rule 4.5 When applicable, use an article (the, a, an) or a demonstrative adjective (this, these) before a noun or a multi-word noun.

#### Short sentences and clear sentence structures

The basic principle of STE is to make texts easy to read and understand. Thus, you must write short sentences and use clear sentence structures.

In STE, there are different rules for how to write sentences in procedures (section 5) and for how to write sentences in descriptive text (section 6). Section 4 contains the general rules that are applicable to the two types of writing.

#### Rule 4.1 Write short and clear sentences.

Write short and clear sentences that give accurate instructions and information.

In procedures, give short and clear instructions directly to the reader (imperative form).

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: To remove the cover assembly (9), first remove the four screws (10) that attach the cover (11) to the housing (12), and then, after taking the cover (11) off the housing (12), remove the preformed packing (13) and throw it away.

STE: 1. Remove the cover assembly (9) as follows:

- A. Remove the four screws (10) that attach the cover (11) to the housing (12).
- B. Remove the cover (11) from the housing (12).
- C. Remove and discard the preformed packing (13).



In a <u>descriptive text</u>, make sure that each sentence has only one topic (subject or idea) and does not contain the imperative form. Then, in the sentences that follow, gradually give information about that topic.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: The side stay assembly has two folding toggles hinged together and attached with hinges between the main gear strut and the side stay bracket.

(This sentence contains more than one topic. To make this information clearer, you can write a new sentence for each topic.)

STE: The side stay assembly has two folding toggles. The folding toggles are attached together with hinges. These folding toggles are also attached with hinges between the main gear strut and the side stay bracket.

(The new text has three sentences, and each sentence has its topic. Refer to the underlined text for the specified subjects in each sentence.)

<u>For the two types of writing</u>, always make sure that your text is not abstract. Make sure that it clearly shows how to do a task or how a system operates. Be accurate. Do not give information that is not accurate or can have different meanings.

#### **Examples:**

Do not write: No leaks are permitted.

(This sentence does not tell the reader about the action.)

WRITE: Make sure that there are no leaks.

(This sentence directly tells the reader about the action.)

Do not write: Different temperatures will change the cure time.

(This is an abstract sentence because it contains no information about how the

cure time changes.)

WRITE: When the temperature increases, the cure time will decrease.

(This sentence tells the reader the correct information about how the cure time changes. To make your writing more accurate, give the specified temperatures

and the related cure times.)

WRITE: The cure time is 2 hours at a temperature of 20 °C.



## Rule 4.2 Do not omit words or use contractions to make your sentences shorter.

Each sentence must have all its parts. When you write sentences, do not omit words or use contractions (for example, "don't," "isn't," "aren't"). If you do that, your sentence will be shorter, but it will not be easier to read. Write all the words in full.

Do not omit <u>nouns</u> to make short sentences. It will not be easy for the reader to understand the meaning of the sentence.

## Example:

Non-STE: Can be a maximum of five inches long.

STE: Cracks can have a maximum length of five inches.

Do not omit verbs because the reader will not understand the action.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: Rotary switch to INPUT.

STE: Set the rotary switch to INPUT.

Do not omit the <u>subject</u> because the reader will not understand the action.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: If installed, remove the shims.

STE: If shims are installed, remove them.

Non-STE: WARNING: MAKE SURE THAT THE POTABLE WATER SYSTEM IS NOT

PRESSURIZED. IF NOT, THIS CAN CAUSE INJURY TO PERSONS.

STE: WARNING: MAKE SURE THAT THE POTABLE WATER SYSTEM IS NOT

PRESSURIZED. A PRESSURIZED SYSTEM CAN CAUSE INJURY

TO PERSONS.

Do not omit articles to make the sentence shorter because omitted articles can cause ambiguity.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: Remove the bolt and stop.

STE: Remove the bolt and the stop.

Do not omit <u>parts of words</u> to make <u>contractions</u> because contractions will not be easy to understand.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: If your hands are wet, don't touch the USB power adapter.

STE: If your hands are wet, do not touch the USB power adapter.

## **Vertical lists**

## Rule 4.3 Use a vertical list for complex text.

When your sentence is long and you must include many different items (for example, a list of components, parts, or documents) or actions, you can put them in a vertical list. Vertical lists make long and complex texts much easier to read and understand.

## When you make a vertical list:

- Put a colon (:) at the end of the first sentence, before the first item in the vertical list.
- Identify each item in the vertical list with a number, letter, punctuation mark, or symbol. For example, you can use:
  - A dash (-)
  - A bullet point (•)
  - A letter (a, b, c...)
  - A number (1, 2, 3...).
- Start each item in the vertical list with an uppercase letter.
- Where applicable, use an article before the noun that is the subject of each item in the vertical list.
- Put a period at the end of an item in the vertical list if it is a full sentence.
- Do not put a period at the end of an item in the vertical list if it is not a full sentence.
- Do not put a comma or a semicolon at the end of an item in the vertical list.
- Put a period at the end of the last item in the vertical list.



To know which marks or symbols to use, refer to the applicable specifications for technical publications, style guides, and other official directives.

#### **Examples:**

In the two examples that follow, the vertical lists give a list of parts and documents. Dashes and bullet points identify each of these parts and documents.

Non-STE: The wheel assembly comprises the tire, the tube, the spokes, the spoke fittings,

the valve, and the hub.

STE: The wheel assembly has these parts:

- The tire
- The tube
- The spokes
- The spoke fittings
- The valve
- The hub.



Non-STE: The report must include each of the following: a completed REC-1 form, a three-view drawing of the unit, a photograph of the unit, a copy of the source data.

STE: The report must include:

• A completed REC-1 form

• A three-view drawing of the unit

• A photograph of the unit

A copy of the source data.

In the two examples that follow, the vertical lists give a procedure and a description. Letters and numbers identify each work step.

Non-STE: If the RAT is retracted, remove the tag, open the isolating valves and, ensuring that there is no possibility of fouling, slowly extend the RAT to its full stroke. Close

the isolating valves; tag "DO NOT OPERATE." Release the DOWN pressure.

STE: If the Ram Air Turbine (RAT) is retracted:

(a) Remove the tag.

- (b) Open the isolating valves.
- (c) Slowly and fully extend the RAT and make sure that it does not touch other parts.
- (d) Close the isolating valves.
- (e) Tag the isolating valves with "DO NOT OPERATE."
- (f) Release the DOWN pressure.

Non-STE: During the final movement of the landing gear retraction, the door operating bar located on the leg contacts and turns the latch, withdrawing the roller from the slot and the second roller entraps the door operating bar.

STE: When the landing gear retracts:

- (1) The door operating bar on the leg touches and turns the latch.
- (2) The roller moves out of the slot.
- (3) The second roller keeps the door operating bar in position.



You can use vertical lists in procedural and descriptive writings, but you cannot mix the two types of writings in the same vertical list.

In safety instructions, include negative commands (DO NOT) where necessary for each item in the vertical list. This method will make the safety instruction more direct and easier to understand.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: <u>CAUTION</u>: WHEN YOU GET ACCESS TO THE REAR FUSELAGE THROUGH THE ACCESS PANEL, <u>DO NOT</u>:

- PUT YOUR FEET ON THE APU LINE.

- USE THE APU LINE AS A HANDLE.

STE: CAUTION: WHEN YOU GET ACCESS TO THE REAR FUSELAGE THROUGH THE ACCESS PANEL:

- <u>DO NOT</u> PUT YOUR FEET ON THE APU LINE.
- DO NOT USE THE APU LINE AS A HANDLE.



Always make sure that each item in the vertical list connects clearly and correctly to the first part of the vertical list (the text that is before the colon).

## Example:

Non-STE: Do not use acetone for cleaning these parts after the repair:

the service cabinet,

- the toilet shrouds with the supports,

parts made of polycarbonate.

STE: After the repair, do not use acetone to clean:

The service cabinet

- The toilet shrouds

- The toilet shroud supports

- Parts made of polycarbonate.

Always make sure that the layout of your vertical list is easy to read. In the example that follows, there is a second vertical list included in the primary vertical list. Use the same level for all items in the vertical list.

## Example:

Non-STE: Remove these parts:

- The four screws (3)

- The four washers (4)

- The flange (2) that includes:

- The two O-rings (6)

- The seals (7)

- The shims (8)

- The spring (9).

STE: Remove these parts:

- The four screws (3)

- The four washers (4)

- The flange (2) (that includes the two O-rings (6) and the seals (7))

- The shims (8)

- The spring (9).

An item in a vertical list can contain a verb and not be a full sentence. Then, you do not use a period at the end of that item.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: The middle part of the reservoir has the components that follow:

One check valve that prevents the backflow of fluid.

One air relief valve that opens at a pressure of 25 psi.

- One transfer pipe connected to the pressurization manifold.

STE: The middle part of the reservoir has the components that follow:

- One check valve that prevents the backflow of fluid

- One air relief valve that opens at a pressure of 25 psi

- One transfer pipe connected to the pressurization manifold.



## **Connecting words and connecting phrases**

# Rule 4.4 Use connecting words and connecting phrases to connect sentences that contain related topics.

Connecting words and connecting phrases connect a topic in one sentence with an idea in a sentence that follows.

In a <u>descriptive text</u>, connecting words and connecting phrases give your writing a logical structure and give information that is easy to understand.

Some of the <u>connecting words</u> that are approved in the dictionary are "and," "but," "then," and "thus."

"As a result" and "at the same time" are examples of connecting phrases that you can use.

#### **Examples in STE:**

(Refer to the underlined connecting words and connecting phrases.)

The localizer course aligns with the centerline of the runway. <u>And</u> the glideslope path is at a constant angle to the threshold of the runway.

These safety precautions are the minimum necessary for work in the pit lane. <u>But</u> the local regulations can give other necessary safety precautions.

If the pressure increases, it changes the electrical currents in the transmitter. <u>Thus</u>, the power unit supplies currents to the indicator on the related panel.

When the hydraulic pressure is released, the sequence valve moves to the open position. As a result, the actuators are connected to the hydraulic return.

You can also use demonstrative adjectives as connecting words to connect ideas in related sentences.

In <u>procedures</u>, you can use these <u>connecting words</u> when an explanation is necessary after a work step. Connecting words can also be necessary in safety instructions to connect related sentences or make the text clear.

#### **Examples in STE:**

(Refer to underlined connecting words.)

Tag the disassembled parts. This method will help you during the subsequent procedures.

WARNING: ALWAYS USE PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT IN THIS AREA. THIS PRECAUTION WILL PREVENT INJURY.

## **Articles and demonstrative adjectives**

Rule 4.5 When applicable, use an article (the, a, an) or a demonstrative adjective (this, these) before a noun or a multi-word noun.

Articles and demonstrative adjectives show the position of nouns and multi-word nouns in the sentence. Use articles and demonstrative adjectives correctly and do not omit them to make the text shorter.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: Turn shaft assembly.

STE: Turn the shaft assembly.

Non-STE: Data module tells you how to operate unit.

STE: This data module tells you how to operate the unit.

STE: You can use equivalent alternatives for these items.

It is not always correct English to put an article before a noun. Do not use articles in general statements or concepts.

## **Examples in STE:**

STE: Solvents can cause damage to paint.

(No articles before "solvents" or "paint." The context does not give a specified solvent or paint.)

STE: The machine operates with high efficiency.

(No article before "high efficiency." The sentence refers to a general concept.)

STE: This software increases performance.

(No article before "performance" because it refers to an abstract quality.)

In short sentences, it can be clearer to use articles before all nouns.

STE: Install the nuts (2) and the bolts (3).

But sentences that contain a long series of items are clearer when you use the article only before the first noun in the series.

STE: Discard the O-rings (3), gaskets (4), seals (7), and washers (9).

When you use the article in a series of items, always make sure that adjectives do not cause ambiguity.

STE: Install the new O-rings (15), spacers (14), nut (13), and safety pin (12).

(The article in this instruction tells you that all items in the series are new.)



STE: Install <u>the new O-rings</u> (15), the spacers (14), the nut (13), and the safety pin (12). (The articles in this instruction tell you that only the O-rings (15) are new.)

A definite article is incorrect before a noun when an alphanumeric identifier comes after it. This is because the alphanumeric identifier shows that it is a proper noun.

## **Example:**

Incorrect: Tag the circuit breaker 36L7. CORRECT: Tag circuit breaker 36L7.



If you are not sure about how to use the articles correctly in your writing, refer to a comprehensive grammar book, for example, "Practical English Usage" by Michael Swan. This type of resource gives clear explanations on grammar topics, which include how and when to use articles correctly in your text.



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# **Section 5 - Procedural writing**

| Summary | of the r | rules |
|---------|----------|-------|
|---------|----------|-------|

#### Sentences

- Rule 5.1 Write short sentences. Use a maximum of 20 words in each sentence.
- Rule 5.2 Write only one instruction in each sentence unless two or more actions occur at the same time.

#### Verbs in procedures

Rule 5.3 Write instructions in the imperative (command) form.

#### **Descriptive statements in instructions**

Rule 5.4 When there is a condition that the reader must know about first, start the instruction with a descriptive statement. Then, divide that descriptive statement from the command with a comma.

#### **Notes**

Rule 5.5 Write notes only to give information, not instructions.

#### **Sentences**

#### Rule 5.1 Write short sentences. Use a maximum of 20 words in each sentence.

Procedures give instructions that tell you how to do a task. Long sentences in work steps are not easy to understand.

In STE, the maximum length of a sentence for procedures is 20 words.

Warnings, cautions, and other safety instructions must also obey this rule.

#### **Examples in STE:**

Install the three auxiliary screws (2) in the flange of the motor assembly (9). (This sentence has 14 words.)

CAUTION: WHEN YOU REMOVE THE SHROUD (26), BE CAREFUL NOT TO CAUSE

DAMAGE TO THE SURFACE OF THE FLANGE ASSEMBLY (22).

(This sentence has 20 words.)



Non-STE: Put preservation oil into the unit through the vent hole until the oil level is

approximately 6 mm (0.24 inches) below the surface of the flange cover.

(25 words)

STE: Put preservation oil into the unit through the vent hole. (10 words) Continue until

the oil level is approximately 6 mm (0.24 in) below the surface of the flange cover.

(16 words)

In the last STE example, the long sentence is divided into two shorter sentences, which are easier to read. You cannot divide this instruction into two different work steps, because the two actions occur at the same time.



Section 8 gives all the rules about word count.



Notes (rule 5.5) do not obey rule 5.1. Notes are important in procedures, but they contain information only. Thus, the maximum length of a sentence in a note is 25 words.

Rule 5.2 Write only one instruction in each sentence unless two or more actions occur at the same time.

If there are too many instructions in a sentence, the sentence is not easy to read and understand. Write only one instruction in each sentence and clearly show (usually with numbers or letters) the sequence of the work steps. You can use as many work steps as you want in a procedure.

#### **Examples:**

STE: (1) Set the TEST switch to the middle position.

(2) Make sure that all the switches on the control panel are OFF.

(Two work steps)

Non-STE: Set the TEST switch to the middle position and release the SHORT-CIRCUIT

TEST switch.

STE: A. Set the TEST switch to the middle position.

B. Release the SHORT-CIRCUIT TEST switch.

(The original sentence is divided into two different work steps because the two

actions do not occur at the same time.)

You can write more than one instruction in a sentence when two actions occur at the same time.

#### **Examples in STE:**

Hold the panel in its open position and install the fastener.

Slowly extend the rod fully and make sure that it does not touch other parts.

Cut and remove the wire.

Remove and discard the seal.



You can write more than one sentence in a work step:

- When actions occur at the same time
- When a result occurs immediately after an action.

#### **Examples in STE:**

<u>Make sure</u> that the locking torque of each of the four bolts (6) is a minimum of 0.30 Nm. <u>Then, torque each of the four bolts (6) to 4.20 Nm.</u>

(During a torque procedure, the torque action immediately follows the check of the locking torque in one action. Thus, you cannot divide the sentence into two different work steps.)

Measure the leakage from the outlet port. The leakage must not be more than 0.5 cc/minute. (The second sentence here gives the limit for the result of the test. The work step occurs in one action, and you cannot divide the sentence into two different work steps.)

## Verbs in procedures

## Rule 5.3 Write instructions in the imperative (command) form.

An instruction tells the reader to do something. Write the verb in the imperative (command) form.

#### **Examples in STE:**

Set the switch to ON.

Remove the four bolts.

Increase the pressure to 60 psi.

Inflate the tires.

Install the new O-ring.

The imperative form gives the reader a clear instruction. If you use other types of sentence structure, you can cause ambiguity. Thus, the reader will not know:

- If it is important to do a work step.
- If a different person did the work step.
- If a different person must do the work step in the future.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: The test can be continued.

STE: Continue the test.

Non-STE: Oil and grease are to be removed with a degreasing agent.

STE: Remove oil and grease with a degreasing agent.

Do not use the verb "must" before the imperative form, unless the instruction is very important for safety (for example, in a safety instruction) or when you give an important condition.



#### Example:

Do not write: Before you remove the clamp, you must disconnect the hose.

WRITE: Before you remove the clamp, disconnect the hose.

STE: WARNING: IF YOU MUST CUT THE WIRE, ALWAYS USE A PROTECTIVE

MASK. PIECES OF WIRES CAN CAUSE INJURY.

## **Descriptive statements in instructions**

Rule 5.4 When there is a condition that the reader must know about first, start the instruction with a descriptive statement. Then, divide that descriptive statement from the command with a comma.

If a special condition is necessary for a work step, the reader must know the condition first.

Write the condition first in the sentence, and then use a comma to show the end of the condition, and the start of the instruction.

#### **Examples:**

Do not write: Set the switch to NORMAL when the light comes on.

WRITE: When the light comes on, set the switch to NORMAL.

Do not write: Apply the primer when the surface is dry.

WRITE: When the surface is dry, apply the primer.

Do not write: Disconnect the Constant Speed Drive (CSD) from the gearbox, if it does not

operate correctly.

WRITE: If the Constant Speed Drive (CSD) does not operate correctly, disconnect it from

the gearbox.

<u>The comma is important</u>. Be careful when you use it because the position of the comma can change the meaning of your sentence.

#### **Examples in STE:**

If the Constant Speed Drive (CSD) does not operate correctly, disconnect it from the gearbox.

If the Constant Speed Drive (CSD) does not operate, correctly disconnect it from the gearbox.

The two sentences in the examples are correct, <u>but their meanings are different</u>. In the first sentence, the comma after "correctly" shows that the adverb modifies the verb "operate." In the second sentence, the comma after "operate" shows that the adverb modifies the verb "disconnect."



#### Notes

## Rule 5.5 Write notes only to give information, not instructions.

Notes only give information to help the reader during a procedure. They contain descriptive text and obey the rules for descriptive writing.

Notes must not give instructions, requirements, or limits.

## **Examples in STE:**

| NOTE: | The gyroscope will become stable after approximately 15 seconds.       |
|-------|--|
| NOTE: | It is not necessary to remove the nameplate (33) from the flange (27). |
| NOTE: | You can use equivalent alternatives for these items.                   |

A note can have one or more sentences. Each sentence in a note can have a maximum of 25 words.

#### **Examples in STE:**

| NOTE: | During the subsequent test, you get the cracking pressure when the fuel flow from the CROSS FEED port is more than 5 cc/minute. |
|-------|---|
|       | (One sentence, 22 words.)   |
| NOTE: | The data collection is not completed. Thus, the statistics module can give incorrect results.                                   |
|       | (Two sentences, 6 words and 8 words.)   |

Do not use the imperative form in a note. If you use the imperative form, the note becomes an

## Example:

instruction for a work step.

| Non | -STE: | <u>NOTE:</u> | <u>Make sure</u> that the avionics ventilation system continues to operate correctly. |
|-----|-------|--------------|---|
|     |       |              | (This text is not a note because it contains the imperative form.)                    |
|     | STE:  | (6)          | Make sure that the avionics ventilation system continues to operate correctly.        |
|     |       |              | (This is work step number 6 in the applicable procedure.)                             |



If you include instructions in a note, it is possible that the reader will not see the information. If the information given in a note is important to prevent damage or injury, you must give such information in a safety instruction.

## **Examples:**

| Non-STE: | <u>NOTE:</u> | When you connect the lines, do not bend them too much. If you bend the lines too much, you can cause damage to them.   |
|----------|--------------|--|
|          |              | (This text is not a note. It is a safety instruction.)   |
| STE:     | CAUTION:     | WHEN YOU CONNECT THE LINES, DO NOT BEND THEM TOO MUCH. IF YOU BEND THE LINES TOO MUCH, YOU CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THEM.   |
|          |              |  |
| Non-STE: | <u>NOTE:</u> | Before closing the hatch, it is mandatory to ensure that no persons are in the crew rest compartment. When the hatch is closed, there is no airflow to the compartment and therefore there is a risk of suffocation. |
|          |              | (Although the non-STE text does not contain the imperative form, it is not a note. It is a safety instruction.)  |
| STE: Y   | WARNING:     | BEFORE YOU CLOSE THE HATCH, MAKE SURE THAT NO PERSONS ARE IN THE CREW REST COMPARTMENT. WHEN THE HATCH IS CLOSED, THERE IS NO AIRFLOW TO THE COMPARTMENT AND THERE IS A RISK OF SUFFOCATION.                         |

Do not use a note to give limits, tolerances, or results of a work step. This information must come directly after the related action in the work step.

#### **Examples:**

| Non-STE: | В.    | Measure the leakage from the outlet port.  |
|----------|-------|--|
|          | NOTE: | The leakage must not be more than 0.5 cc/minute.   |
|          |       | (This note gives a limit that is important for the work step.)                             |
| STE:     | B.    | Measure the leakage from the outlet port. The leakage must not be more than 0.5 cc/minute. |
|          |       | (This work step is correct. It gives the action first and then the related limit.)         |



## How to use notes correctly

When you write a procedure, and this procedure contains notes, do this test:

- Carefully read the procedure without the notes.
- Make sure that the reader can do the procedure correctly without the notes.

A satisfactory result of this test tells you that you used the notes correctly.

If important information is missing from the procedure and this information is in a note:

- Remove the information from the note.
- Write the missing information in a work step.
- Include this new work step where applicable in the procedure.
- Do the test again until you are fully sure that the reader can do the procedure without the notes.



In STE, you use notes in procedures. You can write notes in descriptions only if the notes are necessary for illustrations or tables that are parts of such descriptions.



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# **Section 6 - Descriptive writing**

## Summary of the rules

#### **Content structure**

- Rule 6.1 Give information gradually.
- Rule 6.2 Use key words and key phrases to give your text a logical structure.

#### Sentences

Rule 6.3 Write short sentences. Use a maximum of 25 words in each sentence.

## **Paragraphs**

- Rule 6.4 Use paragraphs to show related information.
- Rule 6.5 Make sure that each paragraph has only one topic.
- Rule 6.6 Make sure that no paragraph has more than six sentences.

#### **Content structure**

Descriptive writing gives information, not instructions. Thus, the imperative form of the verb is not permitted.

Descriptive writing can be:

- A description of an item, a product, a system, or a component, its function, how it is made and how it operates
- A text that gives general information (for example, reports, brochures, and papers)
- A note in a procedure.

## Rule 6.1 Give information gradually.

In a descriptive text, give information gradually and make sure that each sentence contains only one subject. If you give too much information too quickly, your text will not be easy to understand, and it will be necessary for the reader to read it again.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: Instrument Landing System

During the approach to the runway, deviation pointers in the course indicators give commands to fly up or down and left or right. This information comes from the VHF transceivers, which are part of the Instrument Landing System. This helps the pilot during the landing approach. When the pilot responds to the commands, the aircraft can be flown over the runway centerline (localizer) and at a fixed angle (glideslope) to the runway threshold. The localizer signals are processed by the transceiver and data are transmitted to Air Traffic Control.



The STE text that follows shows how you can use short sentences to write a clear text that gives information gradually. Each sentence contains only one subject in underlined texts.

STE: Instrument Landing System

The <u>Instrument Landing System</u> (the system) on the aircraft shows data that helps the pilot during the approach to the runway. <u>This system</u> shows the pilot the deviations from the localizer course and the glideslope path. <u>The localizer course</u> aligns with the centerline of the runway. And <u>the glideslope path</u> is at a constant angle to the threshold of the runway. During the approach to the runway, <u>deviation pointers</u> in the course indicators show the pilot in which direction the aircraft must go:

- Left or right (for the localizer)
- Up or down (for the glideslope).

<u>This data</u> about deviations from the localizer course and glideslope path comes from two VHF transceivers. <u>These transceivers</u> transmit this data to Air Traffic Control.

The STE text is divided into two paragraphs and has a logical structure:

- The first paragraph has five sentences.
- The second paragraph has two sentences.

## Rule 6.2 Use key words and key phrases to give your text a logical structure.

<u>Key words</u> are words that occur in a text to connect different ideas, and <u>key phrases</u> are phrases that have the same function.

These key words and key phrases show how information in a text is related and give the text a logical structure.

You can also use <u>connecting words</u> and <u>connecting phrases</u> to help the reader understand the logical flow of ideas in the text. Connecting words and connecting phrases have the function of traffic signs, which tell the reader if the information is new, different, or a result of previous information. Examples of approved connecting words are: "and," "but," "then," "thus," and examples of connecting phrases are "as a result," and "at the same time."

The example that follows is the STE text of the example for rule 6.1. In the text, you can see how the underlined key words and key phrases connect sentences and their related ideas. This makes the text much easier to read and understand.

When you use key words and key phrases, make sure that you do not change them in your text. The same terminology will keep your text clear and correct.

## **Example in STE:**

| Sentence 1                                      | Sentence 2                                      |
|---|---|
| The Instrument Landing System (the system)      | This system shows the pilot the deviations from |
| on the aircraft shows data that helps the pilot | the localizer course and the glideslope path.   |
| during the approach to the runway.              |   |

Sentence 2 uses the key words "system," "show," and "pilot" again to add more information about sentence 1.

| Sentence 2   | Sentences 3 and 4                                     |
|--|---|
| This system shows the pilot the deviations                 | The localizer course aligns with the centerline       |
| from the <u>localizer course</u> and the <u>glideslope</u> | of the runway. And the <u>glideslope path</u> is at a |
| path.  | constant angle to the threshold of the runway.        |

Sentences 3 and 4 use the key words "localizer course" and "glideslope path" again and add new information.

| Sentence 3                                      | Sentence 4                                     |
|---|--|
| The localizer course aligns with the centerline | And the glideslope path is at a constant angle |
| of the <u>runway</u> .                          | to the threshold of the <u>runway</u> .        |

Sentences 3 and 4 also include the key word "runway," which refers back to sentence 1.

| Sentences 3 and 4   | Sentence 5   |
|---|--|
| The <u>localizer</u> course aligns with the centerline        | During the approach to the <u>runway</u> , deviation |
| of the <u>runway</u> . And the <u>glideslope</u> path is at a | pointers in the course indicators show the pilot     |
| constant angle to the threshold of the <u>runway</u> .        | in which direction the aircraft must go:             |
|   | - Left or right (for the <u>localizer</u> )          |
|   | - Up or down (for the glideslope).                   |

Sentence 5 also connects to the previous sentences 3 and 4 with the key word "runway" again. Then, sentence 5 gives more information about the function of indicators for the localizer and the glideslope.

| Sentence 2   | Sentence 5  |
|--|---|
| This system shows the pilot the deviations                 | During the approach to the runway, <u>deviation</u> |
| from the <u>localizer</u> course and the <u>glideslope</u> | pointers in the course indicators show the pilot    |
| path.  | in which direction the aircraft must go:            |
|  | - Left or right (for the <u>localizer</u> )         |
|  | - Up or down (for the <u>glideslope</u> ).          |

Key words and key phrases (for example, "show(s) the pilot") give a logical connection between sentences 2 and 5.



| Sentence 1                                    | Sentence 5   |
|---|--|
| The Instrument Landing System in the aircraft | During the approach to the runway, deviation         |
| shows data that helps the pilot during the    | pointers in the course indicators show the pilot     |
| approach to the runway.                       | in which direction the aircraft must go:             |
|   | - Left or right (for the localizer)                  |
|   | <ul> <li>Up or down (for the glideslope).</li> </ul> |

Sentences 1 and 5 are also connected to make a logical paragraph.

Sentence 5 also uses the key phrase "during the approach to the runway" from sentence 1 again to refer to the initial sentence and give more information about it. When you use the same key words and key phrases again, the sentences have a logical connection. If you use different terminology, your text will not be easy to read.

There is also a logical connection between the two paragraphs.

Paragraph 1 (Sentences 1 thru 5): <u>deviation</u>, <u>data</u>, <u>localizer</u>, <u>glideslope</u>

Paragraph 2 (Sentences 6 and 7): This <u>data</u> about <u>deviations</u> from the <u>localizer course and</u> <u>glideslope path</u> comes from two VHF transceivers. These transceivers transmit this data to Air Traffic Control.

#### Sentences

#### Rule 6.3 Write short sentences. Use a maximum of 25 words in each sentence.

Good technical writing uses short sentences for complex topics. Short sentences give a clear structure to your writing and make information easier to understand.

In descriptive writing, the maximum sentence length is 25 words. This is because descriptive text is more complex than procedural text.

#### **Examples:**

|   | OIL.     | show the pilot in which direction the aircraft must go.  | (22 words) |
|---|----------|--|------------|
|   |          |  |            |
| ٨ | Non-STE: | A smartphone is a cellular telephone that has an integrated comp<br>other functions, such as an operating system, internet browsing a<br>ability to run software applications.                       | _          |
|   | STE:     | A smartphone is a cellular telephone that has an integrated compother functions. (15 words) It includes an operating system and arbrowser, and it can also operate software applications. (16 words) | n internet |
|   |          |  |            |

STE: During the approach to the runway, deviation pointers in the course indicators



## **Paragraphs**

## Rule 6.4 Use paragraphs to show related information.

In procedures, work steps usually have numbers and letters to show their sequence. In descriptive writing, paragraphs keep related information together and give a logical sequence to the text.

In STE, a paragraph starts with a "topic sentence" which tells the reader about the topic of that paragraph. Then, the sentences that follow the topic sentence explain it, or give more information related to it.

In the example, the underlined topic sentence at the start of each paragraph helps the reader understand the content of the paragraph and its topic. When a new paragraph starts, the reader knows that there will be a new topic or different information in that paragraph.

## **Example:**

#### STE: 1. Lightning Strike

#### A. General

- (1) A lightning strike can cause damage to the aircraft. The damage usually occurs at the attachment points. The attachment points include:
  - The nose of the fuselage
  - The tail section
  - The propellers
  - The wing tips
  - The tips of the stabilizer
  - The trailing edge of the stabilizer
  - The antennas
  - The static dischargers.
- (2) From the attachment points, the lightning strike usually goes aft through the structure of the aircraft. The high current of the lightning strike can cause damage to the mechanical systems of the aircraft. Thus, a permanent or a temporary malfunction of the electrical and electronic equipment and systems can occur.
- (3) If a lightning strike occurs, it is necessary to do an inspection of the aircraft for damage. The maintenance personnel must do this inspection before the next flight.

The example has three short paragraphs, which give the text a clear structure and make it easy for the reader to understand.



## Rule 6.5 Make sure that each paragraph has only one topic.

In descriptive writing, paragraphs describe topics, and it is important that each paragraph has only one topic. The topic sentence is the first and most important sentence in a paragraph. The topic sentence gives new information and makes a logical connection between the new information and previous information. To make a logical connection in a paragraph, the topic sentence usually contains a key word and/or a connecting word or connecting phrase.

From the topic sentences, the reader will understand the contents of your text and will find the applicable information quickly. If the reader writes down each of the topic sentences from a text, they will make a good outline of its content. The other sentences in each paragraph give the information a logical structure and add more information on the topic of the paragraph.

If you refer to the STE text in the example for rules 6.1 and 6.2 again, you can see that the text is divided into two paragraphs:

- Paragraph 1 (sentences 1 thru 5) The topic is: "Data to help the pilot."
- Paragraph 2 (sentences 6 and 7) The topic is: "How this data is transmitted."

In the example that follows, the underlined topic sentence at the start of each paragraph helps the reader understand the content that the paragraph explains. More information then follows gradually and connects correctly to the information in the text.

#### **Example:**

#### STE: <u>Instrument Landing System</u>

The Instrument Landing System (the system) on the aircraft shows data that helps the pilot during the approach to the runway. This system shows the pilot the deviations from the localizer course and the glideslope path. The localizer course aligns with the centerline of the runway. And the glideslope path is at a constant angle to the threshold of the runway. During the approach to the runway, deviation pointers in the course indicators show the pilot in which direction the aircraft must go:

- Left or right (for the localizer)
- Up or down (for the glideslope).

This data about deviations from the localizer course and glideslope path comes from two VHF transceivers. These transceivers transmit this data to Air Traffic Control.



## Rule 6.6 Make sure that no paragraph has more than six sentences.

Paragraphs divide a text into logical units and help keep the reader's attention. If paragraphs are too long, they cannot have this function. Do not put different topics in the same paragraph. If a paragraph has more than six sentences, divide it into two smaller paragraphs. This structure will make your text easier to read.

#### **Example:**

STE: Description of the fuel manifold (refer to figure 10001)

The fuel manifold (1) has these primary parts:

- Two motorized fuel shut-off valves (referred to in this manual as a "shut-off valve")
- A pressure transducer (2)
- Three fittings (10), (13) and (15). (one paragraph, 1 sentence)

The shut-off valve operates in the valve body (21). The valve body (21) has:

- An aluminum alloy ball (27)
- A retaining ring (31)
- Two seals (26)
- A spring (25).

(one paragraph, 2 sentences)

The spring (25) holds the ball (27) in position to prevent internal leakage. The preformed packings (18), (2) and (30) are installed on the seals (26), the shaft (28), and in the valve body. They prevent external leakage. One of the two seals (26), on which the spring (25) operates, has the function of a relief valve. It operates when the pressure applied in the opposite direction is more than a set value.

(one paragraph, 5 sentences)

The actuator assembly (4) is of a rotary type. A DC motor, which has a permanent high-speed magnet, supplies power to the actuator. Micro-switches in the actuator de-energize it at the end of travel. They also send signals to the fuel control panel to show the operation condition of the valve. A micro-relay controls the direction of shaft rotation and an electrical connector connects the actuator assembly to the aircraft electrical supply. (one paragraph, 4 sentences)

The pressure transducer (2) is installed downstream of the shut-off valve (in the RH engine line). The fitting (10) connects the pressure transducer (2) to the fuel manifold (1). A lockwire safeties the pressure transducer (2). The pressure transducer (2) has an electrical connector that connects it to the Fuel Management System of the aircraft. (one paragraph, 4 sentences)

Three fittings (10), (13), and (15) connect the two shut-off valves and the pressure transducer (2). They attach the fuel manifold (1) to the aircraft structure.

(one paragraph, 2 sentences)

The example has short paragraphs, which give the text a clear structure and make it easy for the reader to understand.



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# **Section 7 - Safety instructions**

## Summary of the rules

#### **Definitions**

#### How to write safety instructions

- Rule 7.1 Use an applicable word (for example, "warning" or "caution") to identify the level of risk.
- Rule 7.2 Start a safety instruction with a clear and accurate command or condition.
- Rule 7.3 Give an explanation to show the risk or possible result.

## **Definitions**

<u>Safety instructions</u> tell the readers that procedures or work steps in procedures can be dangerous or cause damage. Usually, descriptive writing does not include safety instructions, unless these instructions are quoted text, or a descriptive text that includes safety risks.

The words and definitions that follow agree with the specifications for technical publications that are applicable to aerospace and defense:

- A **warning** tells the reader that there is a risk of injury or death.
- A caution tells the reader that there is a risk of damage to objects.



It is possible that other industries or domains use different words or categories for safety instructions.

If you use different words (for example, "danger," "attention," or "notice") or graphical symbols, always make sure that the content obeys rules 7.1 thru 7.3. For more information, refer to:

- International Organization for Standardization. (2018). Occupational health and safety management systems Requirements with guidance for use (ISO 45001:2018).
- American National Standards Institute. (2024). ANSI Z535 series.
- International Organization for Standardization. (2024). Graphical symbols Safety colours and safety signs Parts 1 thru 4 (ISO 3864).



## How to write safety instructions

Rule 7.1 Use an applicable word (for example, "warning" or "caution") to identify the level of risk.

Use a word (for example, "warning" or "caution") or, when applicable, a symbol, to immediately show your reader the level of the related risk.

#### **Examples in STE:**



All examples in this section are in uppercase letters, but STE does not give rules for formatting. Refer to the applicable specifications for technical publications, style guides, and other official directives.

WARNING: BEFORE YOU FILL THE LIQUID OXYGEN SYSTEM, PUT ON A FACE MASK AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. LIQUID OXYGEN CAN CAUSE IRRITATION OF THE RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION.

WARNING: ALWAYS KEEP YOUR HANDS AND FEET AWAY FROM THE BLADE. WHEN THE MOTOR OPERATES, THE BLADE TURNS AND CAN CAUSE INJURY.

CAUTION: BEFORE YOU OPERATE THE GROUND TEST UNIT, MAKE SURE THAT THE PRESSURE REGULATOR IS SET TO ZERO. THIS PRECAUTION WILL PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE UNIT.

<u>CAUTION:</u> DO NOT USE BLEACH OR CLEANSERS THAT CONTAIN CHLORINE TO CLEAN THE UNIT. THESE CLEANING AGENTS CAN CAUSE CORROSION.

Do an accurate risk analysis to identify the level of risk. Then, make a decision:

- If there is a risk of injury or death, use a "warning."
- If there is a risk of damage to machines, tools, or equipment, use a "caution."
- If there are the two levels of risk together, use a "warning."

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: CAUTION: EXTREME CLEANLINESS OF OXYGEN TUBES IS IMPERATIVE.

STE: <u>WARNING</u>: MAKE SURE THAT THE OXYGEN TUBES ARE FULLY CLEAN.

OXYGEN AND GREASE MAKE AN EXPLOSIVE MIXTURE. AN

EXPLOSION CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

In the non-STE example, the safety instruction is a caution. But if you know about oxygen systems, you also know that oxygen mixed with other materials can cause explosions. Because there is a risk of injury or death here, you must identify this safety instruction as a warning.

Compare the wording in the two safety instructions. The non-STE safety instruction is an abstract sentence and only makes a general statement. The warning in STE gives clear and correct information about how to decrease the risk of explosion. The warning contains the words "explosion," "injury," and "death" to make the reader clearly understand how important this safety instruction is.



# Rule 7.2 Start a safety instruction with a clear and accurate command or condition.

Start a safety instruction with a clear and accurate command or condition. Your reader must know how to prevent accidents and keep a high level of safety.

#### **Examples in STE:**

(Refer to the underlined command.)

<u>WARNING</u>: <u>DO NOT SWALLOW THE SOLVENT</u>. ALWAYS MAKE SURE THAT YOU KNOW

THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND FIRST AID INSTRUCTIONS FOR SOLVENTS.

SOLVENTS ARE POISONOUS AND CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

<u>CAUTION</u>: <u>DO NOT USE BLEACH OR CLEANSERS</u> THAT CONTAIN CHLORINE TO CLEAN

THE UNIT. THESE CLEANING AGENTS CAN CAUSE CORROSION.

If your reader must know about a condition before the start of a procedure or work step, give this condition first.

#### **Examples in STE:**

(Refer to the underlined condition.)

WARNING: WHILE YOU USE THE SPRAY PAINT, POINT THE SPRAY AWAY FROM YOUR

FACE. THE SPRAY PAINT CAN CAUSE INJURY TO YOUR EYES.

CAUTION: WHEN YOU ASSEMBLE THE UNIT, DO NOT LET THE PARTS FALL.

IF THEY FALL, PERMANENT DAMAGE TO THE PARTS CAN OCCUR.



## Rule 7.3 Give an explanation to show the risk or possible result.

If it is possible, always tell your reader about the problems that can occur if the reader does not obey the safety instruction. If there is a clear and specified risk, the person who does the task will understand the risk and be more careful. The examples that follow are those given in rule 7.2, in which the underlined explanation clearly shows the risk or possible result.

#### **Examples:**

(Refer to the underlined risk or possible result.)

WARNING: DO NOT SWALLOW THE SOLVENT. ALWAYS MAKE SURE THAT YOU KNOW

THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND FIRST AID INSTRUCTIONS FOR SOLVENTS.

SOLVENTS ARE POISONOUS AND CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

CAUTION: DO NOT USE BLEACH OR CLEANSERS THAT CONTAIN CHLORINE TO CLEAN

THE UNIT. THESE CLEANING AGENTS CAN CAUSE CORROSION.

WARNING: WHILE YOU USE THE SPRAY PAINT, POINT THE SPRAY AWAY FROM YOUR

FACE. THE SPRAY PAINT CAN CAUSE INJURY TO YOUR EYES.

CAUTION: WHEN YOU ASSEMBLE THE UNIT, DO NOT LET THE PARTS FALL.

IF THEY FALL, PERMANENT DAMAGE TO THE PARTS CAN OCCUR.



## **Section 8 - Punctuation and word count**

| Summary of the rules |   |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Punctuation          |   |  |  |  |
| Rule 8.1             | You can use all standard English punctuation marks but not the semicolon (;).   |  |  |  |
| Rule 8.2             | Use hyphens (-) to connect words that are directly related.   |  |  |  |
| Rule 8.3             | You can use parentheses:  - To make references to illustrations or text  - To include letters or numbers that identify items on an illustration or in a text  - To identify the work steps in a procedure  - To include abbreviations  - To give the singular and plural forms of a noun at the same time  - To explain words or a part of a sentence  - To include an alternative. |  |  |  |
| Word count           |   |  |  |  |
| Rule 8.4             | In a vertical list, a colon (:) has the same effect on word count as a period and shows the end of a sentence.  |  |  |  |
| Rule 8.5             | When you put text in parentheses, it counts as one word in that sentence.   |  |  |  |
| Rule 8.6             | Count each of these elements as one word:  - Numbers  - Numbers together with units of measurement  - Abbreviations  - Alphanumeric identifiers  - Quoted text  - Titles, headings, placards, and labels  - Proper nouns of individuals, groups, organizations, and geopolitical entities.  |  |  |  |
| Rule 8.7             | Hyphenated words count as one word.   |  |  |  |

#### **Punctuation**

Correct punctuation is important because it prevents ambiguity and shows how the different parts of the text are related.

STE does not give you rules about general punctuation. For more information, refer to official reference books. For example:

- The Chicago Manual of Style. (2024). The Chicago manual of style (18th ed.).
- Sabin, W. A. (2011). The Gregg reference manual: A manual of style, grammar, usage, and formatting (10th ed.).
- U.S. Government Publishing Office. (2020). U.S. Government Publishing Office style manual.
- Swan, M. (2017). Practical English usage (4th ed.).
- Kirkman, J. (2006). Punctuation matters: Advice on punctuation for scientific and technical writing.



# Rule 8.1 You can use all standard English punctuation marks but not the semicolon (;).

The semicolon (;) is not permitted in STE because it lets you write very long sentences. It is also not easy to use correctly. As an alternative to the semicolon, always write two different sentences.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: (1) Examine the removed parts; replace the damaged ones.

STE: (1) Examine the removed parts for damage.

(2) Replace the damaged part(s).

Non-STE: The battery is not user-replaceable; it can only be replaced by an approved service

station.

STE: Users cannot replace the battery. Only specialists at approved service stations can

replace it.

## Rule 8.2 Use hyphens (-) to connect words that are directly related.

A hyphen (-) is a punctuation mark that connects words or parts of words. Use the hyphen for technical nouns to show that two or more words are directly related. This construction helps the reader to understand words and phrases more easily.

The examples that follow show how to use hyphens to connect words that are directly related.

- 1. Terms that have two or more words and are adjectives before a noun: low-altitude flight, high-pressure chamber, air-conditioned compartment, transmitter-receiver system, quick-release fastener, clamshell-type flap, eighteen-inch monitor, cast-aluminum bracket, three-to-one ratio, trial-and-error method, air-to-air refueling, soap-and-water solution, up-to-date information, run-on torque, break-away torque, cut-in speed, in-flight entertainment system, stiff-bristled brush, fire-resistant material, self-sealing hose
- **2.** Two-word fractions or numbers: forty-seven, ninety-ninth, one hundred and sixty-two, three-sixteenths, one thirty-second
- Terms that contain an uppercase letter plus a noun, or a number plus a noun, and that usually give the shape or configuration of something:
   L-shaped bracket, O-ring, T-shirt, U-beam, Y-coupling, V-band clamp, 3-prong connector, 180-grit abrasive cloth
- 4. Verbs that contain a noun or a different part of speech as the first part: die-cast, arc-weld, fusion-bond, stop-drill, vacuum-pack, heat-treat, jump-start, air-condition, short-circuit, fast-forward, cold-roll, dry-clean, blow-dry
- 5. Terms in which the end of the prefix is a vowel, and the root word starts with a vowel: pre-amplifier, de-icing, anti-icing, pre-engage



A hyphen is different from a dash, which divides ideas, shows a range, or gives a signal for a pause. A dash is usually longer than a hyphen, but it is at times shown as a hyphen with a space on each side.



#### Rule 8.3 You can use parentheses:

- To make references to illustrations or text
- To include letters or numbers that identify items on an illustration or in a text
- To identify the work steps in a procedure
- To include abbreviations
- To give the singular and plural forms of a noun at the same time
- To explain words or a part of a sentence
- To include an alternative.

In STE, you can use parentheses as follows:

#### 1. To make references to illustrations or text

#### **Examples in STE:**

Remove the valve (10, Figure 1).

Install the cover (refer to paragraphs 2 thru 5).

## 2. To include letters or numbers that identify items on an illustration or in a text

## **Examples in STE:**

Disconnect the hoses (2) and (12) from the suction ejector (8).

Remove the nuts (74), the washers (76), the bolts (68), the seals (70), and the bonding straps (72).

#### 3. To identify the work steps in a procedure

#### **Example in STE:**

- (1) Install the locking cap (4) on the body (8).
- (2) Safety the locking cap (4) with the cotter pin (5).
- (3) Install a new retaining ring (6).

#### 4. To include abbreviations

#### **Example in STE:**

A Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) is a flat-panel display that uses the light-modulating properties of liquid crystals.

#### 5. To give the singular and plural forms of a noun at the same time

#### **Example in STE:**

- A. Before you do the test(s), install the component(s).
- B. Do the applicable test(s).



#### 6. To explain words or a part of a sentence

#### **Examples in STE:**

Increase the pressure slowly (not more than 10 psi each minute).

Make sure that the BLEED pushbutton switch is released (the ON legend is off).

#### 7. To include an alternative

#### **Example in STE:**

Open the left (right) access panel L42 (R42).

## **Word count**

Rule 8.4 In a vertical list, a colon (:) has the same effect on word count as a period and shows the end of a sentence.

In a vertical list, a colon (:) divides the first part of the sentence from the subsequent items in the vertical list. This colon has the effect of a period (full stop). Thus:

- In procedural sentences, you can use a maximum of 20 words before the colon.
- In descriptive sentences, you can use a maximum of 25 words before the colon.

Each item in a vertical list that comes after the colon counts as a new sentence. Thus, the limit for each item in a vertical list is:

- 20 words for procedural sentences
- 25 words for descriptive sentences.

#### **Example in STE:**

| To extinguish a possible fire, portable fire extinguishers are installed |            |
|--|------------|
| in these areas:  | (13 words) |
| - The cockpit  | (2 words)  |
| - The cabin  | (2 words)  |
| - The cabin sub-compartment  | (3 words)  |
| - The crew rest compartment.   | (4 words)  |



# Rule 8.5 When you put text in parentheses, it counts as one word in that sentence.

When you count words for sentence length, text in parentheses counts as one word of that sentence. But the words that you put between parentheses also make a new sentence. Thus, count them in that different sentence.

#### **Example in STE:**

Make sure that the EMER pushbutton switch is released (the EMER legend is off).

(This sentence has 10 words, because the text in parentheses counts as one word. The sentence in parentheses has 5 words and counts as a different sentence.)

If there is an identifier in parentheses (a number, a letter, or an alphanumeric identifier), this identifier counts as one word in the sentence. Abbreviations in parentheses also count as one word

## **Examples in STE:**

| Remove the safety pin (10).                      | (5 words)  |
|--|------------|
| Installation of a Business Class (B/C) Seat      | (7 words)  |
| installation of a business class (b/c) seat      | (7 Words)  |
| Hardware and Software Configuration Check of the |            |
| In-Flight Entertainment (IFE) System             | (11 words) |

#### Rule 8.6 Count each of these elements as one word:

- Numbers
- Numbers together with units of measurement
- Abbreviations
- Alphanumeric identifiers
- Quoted text
- Titles, headings, and text on placards and labels
- Proper nouns of individuals, groups, organizations, and geopolitical entities.

When you count words for sentence length, count each of these as one word:

#### 1. Numbers

#### **Examples in STE:**

| Do steps 13 thru 16 a minimum of three times.                    | (10 words) |
|--|------------|
| ("13" and "16" are numbers and each of them counts as one word.) |            |
|  |            |
| The spar box has twenty-one ribs.                                | (6 words)  |
| ("Twenty-one" is a number and counts as one word.)               |            |





Do not count numbers that identify paragraphs or work steps. These numbers are usually part of the document numbering systems.

#### 2. Numbers together with units of measurement

Units of measurement usually follow their related number (for example, 10 mA). When you write a number together with its unit of measurement, count them as one word.

#### **Examples in STE:**

| Make sure that the temperature in the room is 10 °C.              | (10 words) |
|---|------------|
| Make sure that the temperature in the room is 10 degrees Celsius. | (10 words) |
|   |            |
| The unit weighs 20 kg.  | (4 words)  |
| The unit weighs 20 kilograms.                                     | (4 words)  |
|   |            |
| The resistance must be 10 $\Omega$ .                              | (5 words)  |
| The resistance must be 10 ohms.                                   | (5 words)  |

#### 3. Abbreviations

In technical texts, you can use abbreviations (also acronyms and initialisms) to make sentences shorter and easier to read. But these abbreviations only help the reader if the reader knows their meanings. Each abbreviation counts as one word.

#### **Examples in STE:**

| The maintenance team does a test of this system each day at 10 a.m.          | (13 words) |  |
|--|------------|--|
| ("a.m." is an abbreviation and counts as one word together with its number.) |            |  |
|  |            |  |
| During this safety check, obey NASA protocols.                               | (7 words)  |  |
| (NASA is an abbreviation (acronym) and counts as one word.)                  |            |  |
|  |            |  |
| For remote access, use the VPN.  | (6 words)  |  |
| (VPN is an abbreviation (initialism) and counts as one word.)                |            |  |

#### 4. Alphanumeric identifiers

An alphanumeric identifier is a combination of letters and numbers that identifies something. Each alphanumeric identifier counts as one word.

#### **Examples in STE:**

| Examine the No. 1 bearing installation.                         | (5 words) |
|---|-----------|
| ("No. 1" is an alphanumeric identifier and counts as one word.) |           |
|   |           |
| Tag circuit breaker 36L7.                                       | (4 words) |
| ("36L7" is an alphanumeric identifier and counts as one word.)  |           |



#### 5. Quoted text

Quoted text is usually given in quotation marks ("...") Words between quotation marks count as one word in a sentence. In some sentences, or parts of the document, uppercase letters or differences in font can also show quoted text. Such text also counts as one word.

## **Examples in STE:**

Touch the "Service Overview" arrow to select the function page.

("Service Overview" is quoted text and counts as one word.)

Release the SHORT-CIRCUIT TEST switch.

(SHORT-CIRCUIT TEST is quoted text and counts as one word.)

C = (A - B) - 0.063 mm

(1 word)

(In STE, a formula is quoted text and counts as one word.)

#### 6. Titles, headings, and text on placards and labels

In some texts, there are words or groups of words that you cannot change. These are:

- Titles and headings
- Text on placards (for example, a warning notice in a work area or public place)
- Text on labels (for example, warning and caution labels that are attached to objects).

## **Examples in STE:**

Before you start a repair, refer to the Structural Repair Manual for the applicable safety procedures and precautions. (16 words)

("Structure Repair Manual" is the title of the document and counts as one word.)

Refer to Testing and Fault Isolation, page block 1001.

(6 words)

("Testing and Fault Isolation" is the title of a section in a manual and counts as one word.)

Refer to Requirements after Job Completion for the applicable procedures. (7 words)

("Requirements after Job Completion" is a heading in a data module and counts as one word.)

This procedure is for the inspection of SSI No. 57-21-16, "Outer wing bottom skin lower surface spanwise skin joints at stringer 13 and stringer 20 between Rib 12 and Rib 27 excluding areas covered by flap track fairings 3, 4, and 5." (9 words)

("This procedure is for the inspection of" has 7 words. "SSI No. 57-21-16" is the reference number of the Structurally Significant Item (SSI) and counts as one word. The subsequent text given in quotation marks is the title of the SSI. It is not in STE, and it is not possible to change it. Thus, this text counts as one word. As a result, the full sentence has a total of 9 words.)

"Interior hazards exist to such a degree that interior operations may be conducted only after full examination, and with extreme caution." (1 word)

(The text given in quotation marks is not in STE. It comes from a placard, and it is not possible to change it. It counts as one word.)



"FRAGILE - Please handle with care."

(1 word)

(The text given in quotation marks is not in STE. It comes from a label on shipping containers, and it is not possible to change it. It counts as one word.)

#### 7. Proper nouns of individuals, groups, organizations, and geopolitical entities.

There are groups of words that you cannot change because they identify:

- Individuals (for example, John Smith)
- Groups or organizations (for example, World Health Organization)
- Geopolitical entities (for example, Republic of Ireland).

#### **Examples in STE:**

The first president of the United States of America was George Washington. (8 words)

("United States of America" is the proper noun of a geopolitical entity and counts as one word. "George Washington" is a proper noun of an individual and counts as one word.)

The owner of STE is the Aerospace, Security and Defence Industries Association of Europe. (7 words)

("Aerospace, Security and Defence Industries Association of Europe" is the proper noun of an organization and counts as one word.)

## Rule 8.7 Hyphenated words count as one word.

Groups of words that are not usually adjectives but have the function of an adjective before a noun are hyphenated. Such groups of words count as one word.

#### **Examples in STE:**

Clean the surface with a soap-and-water solution.

(7 words)

Use the trial-and-error method.

(4 words)

When you use hyphens in long technical nouns to make them clearer to the reader, a hyphenated group of words also counts as one word.

#### **Examples in STE:**

| ~ · · · · · |         |       |        |       |
|-------------|---------|-------|--------|-------|
| CILITATE    | CIMITON | nowar | conne  | CTION |
| Cutoff-     | SWILLI  | DOWE  | COLLIC | CUUI  |

(3 words)

Main-gear-door retraction-winch handle

(3 words)



# **Section 9 - Writing practices**

## Summary of the rules

#### Different sentence constructions

Rule 9.1 Use a different sentence construction to write a sentence when a word-for-word replacement is not sufficient.

## How to use approved words correctly

- Rule 9.2 Use each approved word correctly.
- Rule 9.3 When you use two words together, do not make phrasal verbs.

#### **Consistent style**

Rule 9.4 When you select terminology or wording, always use a consistent style.

#### **General recommendations**

| GR-1 | The conjunction "that |
|------|-----------------------|
| GR-2 | The preposition "with |
| GR-3 | How to use pronouns   |
| GR-4 | The pronoun "this"    |
| GR-5 | False friends         |
| GR-6 | Latin abbreviations   |
| GR-7 | Inclusive language    |
| GR-8 | Possessive form       |

#### Different sentence constructions

Rule 9.1 Use a different sentence construction to write a sentence when a word-for-word replacement is not sufficient.

STE is a controlled natural language with a controlled dictionary.

To help you use the approved words correctly, the dictionary gives approved alternatives for words that are not approved. If you find an alternative that has the same part of speech, you can use it to replace the word that is not permitted (a <u>word-for-word replacement</u>).

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: A value of 2 mm is acceptable.

("Acceptable" is not approved.)

STE: A value of 2 mm is permitted.



When you replace a word, always make sure that the alternative that you select does not change the meaning of the sentence. If the meaning changes, or if the alternative does not have the same part of speech, you must use a <u>different sentence construction</u>.

A different sentence construction is necessary because:

1. You must change the grammatical structure of the sentence to use the alternative that you selected. Usually, the STE examples show you how to do this.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: The oil level on the sight gauge <u>must be visible</u> during the test.

STE: During the test, <u>make sure that you can see</u> the oil level on the sight gauge.

In this example, the approved verb "see" replaces the adjective "visible." But to use the verb "see," it is necessary to replace "must be" with "make sure that you can."

Non-STE: Cycle the unit twice to remove air from the lines.

STE: Operate the unit for two cycles to remove air from the lines.

In this example, the approved noun "cycle" together with the approved verb "operate" replaces the verb "cycle." And the technical noun "two" replaces the adverb "twice."

When you use different sentence constructions, always make sure that you use approved words that do not change the meaning of the sentence.

2. The word-for-word replacement of the word that is not approved gives a meaningless result.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: Without this modification, the service life of the unit can be uncertain.

"Uncertain" is not in the dictionary, but it means "not sure" or "not known." Thus, you can refer to "sure" and "know" in the dictionary. You will find that they are approved, and you can use "not sure" and "not known" ("not" + the approved word).

But do not write:

Non-STE: Without this modification, the service life of the unit cannot be sure.

or

Without this modification, the service life of the unit <u>cannot be known</u>.

These sentences are not clear, and they are not good English. You must think about the meaning of the sentence and then use a different sentence construction.

Non-STE: Without this modification, the service life of the unit can be uncertain.

STE: Without this modification, it is possible that the service life of this unit will be

shorter than usual.

The STE sentence uses approved words to give the same information clearly. Always make sure that you know the purpose of your communication and that the words that you use give the meaning that you want.



#### 3. The approved alternative that you find changes the meaning of the sentence.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: <u>Just apply</u> very light pressure to the surface.

STE: Only apply very light pressure to the surface.

NOT: Immediately apply very light pressure to the surface.

"Immediately" is the approved alternative for "just." But if you use the word "immediately" in this context, you will change the meaning of the instruction.

#### 4. The word that you must replace is not in the dictionary.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: The <u>incidence</u> of water in fuel is dangerous.

STE: Water in fuel is dangerous.

"Incidence" is not in the dictionary. Thus, you must think of a different word that has the same meaning, for example, "presence." But "presence" is not approved, and its suggested approved alternative is "be." You can use a different sentence construction to keep the same meaning.

#### How to use a different sentence construction

When you cannot do a word-for-word replacement, use different words to get the same result.

#### **Example:**

Non-STE: Lift the seat so that it <u>clears</u> the track locks.

STE: Lift the seat until it is away from the track locks.

NOT: Lift the seat so that it <u>cleans</u> the track locks.

In this example, "clear" is not an approved verb and its only alternative in the dictionary is "clean" as a verb. But "clean" as a verb does not have the meaning that you want.

Do not use "clear" as a verb or think that "clear" can be a technical verb.

Answer these questions before you write the sentence:

- "What is the meaning of the word 'clear' in this context?"
- "What is the action that a reader must do?"

If you are not sure, look for "clear" in an English dictionary and find the definition that is applicable to this sentence.

You will understand that "clears the track locks" is the result of the previous action "lift the seat." This is the action that is necessary to increase the distance between the seat and the track locks. Thus, you can tell your reader "lift the seat" (the action) "until the seat is away from the track locks."

In the examples, you saw:

- How you can change a word that is not approved in a sentence.
- How you can write a new sentence that has the same meaning.

Frequently, you must select different words, use different verb forms, or write new sentence constructions. It is possible that you must divide long sentences into shorter ones, remove information that is not necessary, or get more information from an engineer. Frequently, you must



make many changes to your text. Then, when you change one part of a text, you must make sure that it has no negative effects on other parts of the text.

#### Example:

Non-STE:

If cracks are detected during this procedure, the operator must perform the repair within a certain number of flight hours depending on crack length. Refer to following table:

| Crack length detected | Time before repair |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| L>                    | 1000 flight hours  |
| L =                   | 2000 flight hours  |
| L<                    | 3000 flight hours  |

STE: If you find cracks, refer to the table that follows:

| If the crack is of this length | Do the repair before |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| L>                             | 1000 flight hours    |
| L =                            | 2000 flight hours    |
| L<                             | 3000 flight hours    |

In the non-STE example:

- The underlined words are not approved in STE.
- The first verb form "are detected" is in the passive voice.
- The first sentence is 24 words long.
- An article is missing in front of "crack length" and "following table."
- The instruction is not in the imperative form.

As shown in the dictionary, you can replace:

- "perform" with "do"
- "within" with "in"
- "certain" with "some"
- "detect" with "find".

You can also include the missing articles. Then, the sentence becomes:

If cracks are found during this procedure, the operator must do the repair in some flight hours depending on the crack length. Refer to the following table:

This sentence keeps the same construction, but the sentence is not good English.

To replace "are found" (passive voice), you must change the construction to: "If you find cracks ..." But this does not change the construction of the remaining part of the sentence.

To replace "following," you must make a small change to the construction: "Refer to the table that follows:"

To replace "the operator must do the repair," you must change the construction to: "do the repair".

To replace "in some flight hours," you can use "number of flight hours."

To replace "depending," you must make an important change to the sentence. This important change is necessary because you cannot do a word-for-word replacement with the alternative "if (conj)" given in the dictionary for "depend."



You can then write the first sentence as follows:

If <u>you find cracks</u> during this procedure, <u>do</u> the repair before the <u>number of flight hours that</u> <u>are applicable</u> to the crack length. <u>Refer to the table that follows:</u>

But the first sentence has 23 words, and the technical meaning is not correct and not easy to understand. Also, part of the information is in the table. Thus, it is not necessary to give it two times. A good solution is to put the instruction in the table heading, as shown in the STE text.

The primary objective of STE is that readers immediately understand each sentence that they read.

## How to use approved words correctly

## Rule 9.2 Use each approved word correctly.

Some STE-approved words have meanings that are applicable only in some contexts (restricted meaning).

Before you use a word, read its definition in the approved meaning column of the dictionary. Words frequently have many different meanings in standard English. In STE, approved words usually only have one approved meaning. Other meanings that the word can have in standard English are not approved.

Always make sure that the word that you select has the correct meaning in the applicable context.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: Wear protective clothing.

STE: Use (or put on) protective clothing

The word "wear" is approved as a verb, but with the meaning "to become damaged by friction."

Non-STE: This regulation <u>extends</u> to all units.

STE: This regulation is applicable to all units.

The verb "extend" has the approved meaning "to increase, or cause something to increase, in dimension or range." In the non-STE example, the verb "extend" does not agree with its approved meaning.



Non-STE: When the pressure goes down, lift the cover.

STE: When the pressure decreases, lift the cover.

The verb "goes" together with the preposition "down" is a phrase that refers to a physical movement, for example, when an indicator (a gauge needle or a flag) goes down.

"Decrease" is better because it refers to the pressure, not to the indicator that monitors the pressure.

Non-STE: Make sure that the probe <u>went through</u> more than 500 °C.

STE: Make sure that the temperature of the probe increased to more than 500 °C.

You can use the verb "go" together with the preposition "through" only for something that physically moves through something. You cannot use it to show a requirement or a condition.

Non-STE: Move the tube to <u>see</u> if the inner connection is tight.

STE: Move the tube to make sure that the inner connection is tight.

You can use the verb "see" only for something that you can see with your eyes and not as a word for "come to know."

Non-STE: The indicator <u>turns</u> green.

STE: The color of the indicator <u>changes</u> to green.

You can use the verb "turn" only with the meaning "to move or cause to move around an axis or a point."

Non-STE: Do not let the pressure go below (or above) 20 psi.

STE: Do not let the pressure <u>become less than (or more than)</u> 20 psi.

The prepositions "above" and "below" are for physical positions only and not for limits.

Also, make sure that you use approved words as their approved part of speech. In English, words usually do not have different forms that immediately show their function in a sentence. Thus, readers can frequently think differently about the same word. To make sentences clearer, an approved word can usually only have one function (part of speech). In STE, use each approved word as the approved part of speech.

#### **Examples:**

Non-STE: When you work with cleaning agents, use breathing equipment.

STE: When you do work with cleaning agents, use breathing equipment.

"Work" is approved as a noun, but not as a verb.

Non-STE: Install the cover with the <u>help</u> of a second person.

STE: Install the cover with the aid of a second person.

"Help" is approved as a verb, but not as a noun.

Non-STE: Be careful not to <u>damage</u> the sleeve.

STE: Be careful not to cause damage to the sleeve.



"Damage" is approved as a noun, but not as a verb.

There are a small number of words that are approved as more than one part of speech and have more than one meaning. These words are important and frequently occur in technical English.

The word "flush," for example, frequently occurs in technical texts as a verb (with the approved meaning "to remove something or to operate with a flow of liquid"). The same word can also occur as an adjective (when it refers to a condition where one surface fully touches a different surface).

## **Examples:**

STE: Flush the pipes with a disinfectant solution.

("Flush" is a verb here.)

STE: Make sure that the door is flush with the adjacent surfaces.

("Flush" is an adjective here.)

But because the verb and the adjective have different positions and contexts, it is easy to see their function.

## Rule 9.3 When you use two words together, do not make phrasal verbs.

In English, a verb and one or more prepositions can go together to form a "phrasal verb." This phrasal verb has a meaning that is different from the meanings of its parts. Phrasal verbs usually have two meanings: the original, more concrete meaning, and a more general and abstract meaning.

#### **General examples:**

Put out the cat.

(Concrete meaning: "Put the cat outside of the house.")

Put out the fire.

(Abstract meaning: "Extinguish the fire.")

To prevent ambiguity, it is not permitted in STE to use approved words together to make a new phrase (phrasal verb).

### **Examples:**

Non-STE: After you put out the fire, close the valve on the fire extinguisher.

STE: After you extinguish the fire, close the valve on the fire extinguisher.

"Put" and "out" are approved words in STE. In the example, "put out" has a different meaning from the approved meanings for "put" and "out" given in the dictionary. The word "extinguish" has the approved meaning "to stop burning" and it is the word that is most usual in technical documentation.

Non-STE: This compound can give off poisonous fumes.

STE: This compound can release poisonous fumes.

"Give" and "off" are approved words in STE. In the example, "give off" has a different meaning from the approved meaning for "give" and "off" given in the dictionary. Here you must think of a different



word that has the same meaning. "Release" has the approved meaning "to make free," or "to let go." And it is also possible to use this word in this context as a replacement for "give off."

You will not usually find phrasal verbs listed as "not approved" in the dictionary. When you write a standard English sentence in STE, always make sure that the new sentence is grammatically correct. And make sure that you use the approved words with the meaning that they have in the dictionary.

Only a small number of phrasal verbs (for example, "put on" and "come on") are approved in the dictionary. They all have a restricted meaning.

## Consistent style

## Rule 9.4 When you select terminology or wording, always use a consistent style.

In procedures, you will frequently give the same information again and again. For example, most procedures give instructions on how to remove or install components or parts. When you select terminology or wording for a work step, use the same terminology or wording each time that type of work step occurs. The reader will identify the terminology or wording and will quickly understand the action. Different terminology or wording can cause confusion and delays.

#### Example:

These two sentences each give the same instruction and each correctly obeys the rules of STE.

STE: Lubricate the two bolts with a small quantity of oil.

STE: Apply a small quantity of oil to the threads of the two bolts.

If you use these two sentences in different work steps to give the same instruction, you do not help the reader. Select one sentence or sentence style and then use it again and again when the context (and meaning) is the same.

Non-STE: 1. Put the housing (8) in its installation position on the <u>main body (9)</u>.

- 2. Lubricate the two bolts (10) with oil.
- 3. Install the two bolts (10) in the body (9).
- 4. Torque-tighten the two bolts to 4 Nm.
- 5. Put the transducer (11) on the body assembly (9).
- 6. Apply a small quantity of oil to the threads of the four bolts (12).
- 7. Attach the transducer (11) to the body assembly (9) with the four bolts (12).
- 8. Torque each of the four bolts (12) to 0.8 Nm.

STE: 1. Put the housing (8) in its installation position on the <u>body assembly (9)</u>.

- 2. Apply a small quantity of oil to the threads of the two bolts (10).
- 3. Install the two bolts (10) in the body assembly (9).
- 4. Torque each of the two bolts to 4 Nm.
- 5. Put the transducer (11) on the body assembly (9).
- 6. Apply a small quantity of oil to the threads of the four bolts (12).
- 7. Attach the transducer (11) to the body assembly (9) with the four bolts (12).
- 8. Torque each of the four bolts (12) to 0.8 Nm.



In the non-STE text, you can see that there are different wordings:

- Different terms for item (9) ("main body", "body", and "body assembly")
- Different wordings for tightening the bolts ("torque" and "torque-tighten")
- Different sentences for the work steps about lubrication ("lubricate the XX bolts" and "apply a small quantity of oil to the threads of the XX bolts.")

In the STE text, each time that the same item occurs, it has the same noun, and the same context always has the same wording. This makes the text clear and easy to read. The reader reads one work step at a time and does the applicable task. To understand the content quickly and do each work step correctly, it is important that the wording does not change.

In descriptive writing, the reader must understand the text as a unit. Thus, it is important to use words and sentences correctly and give a logical structure to the text. This method makes the text easier to read and understand.

#### **General recommendations**

The general recommendations (GR) in this section are not STE rules. They can help you prevent typical errors that writers make.

## **GR-1** The conjunction "that"

In English, you can use the conjunction "that" to connect new information (in a subordinate clause) to a main clause. You can use this conjunction after verbs. For example: "make sure," "show," and "recommend."

Native English speakers frequently do not use "that" when they speak, and this style also occurs in writing. But this conjunction helps the reader understand where the end of the main clause and the start of the subordinate clause is. Thus, use the conjunction "that" as much as possible to prevent ambiguity.

This conjunction also helps with translation because, in many other languages, it is not possible to omit the equivalent word.

#### **Examples:**

Do not write: Make sure the valve is open.

WRITE: Make sure that the valve is open.

Do not write: The manufacturer recommends you prepare the mixture in an area with good

airflow.

WRITE: The manufacturer recommends that you prepare the mixture in an area with good

airflow.

Do not write: The gauge shows the reservoir is full.

WRITE: The gauge shows that the reservoir is full.

## **GR-2** The preposition "with"

In STE, the preposition "with" has three approved meanings. It is a function word that shows "association or relationship," "help or sharing," or "a means or instrument." In some sentences, this word can cause ambiguity. For example, the sentence: "Install the panel with the green fasteners" can have different meanings:

- Install the panel that has green fasteners.
- Install the panel together with the green fasteners.
- <u>Use</u> the green fasteners to install the panel.

Usually, the context of the sentence will give the reader sufficient information to know which meaning is correct.

But when you use the word "with," read your sentence again. Make sure that your sentence does not cause ambiguity, that there are no errors, and that the meaning of the sentence does not change.

#### **Examples:**

Do not write: Lift the aircraft at the maximum takeoff weight with passengers.

WRITE: Lift the aircraft at the maximum takeoff weight (passenger weight included).

The context (or experience) tells you that you will not ask the passengers to help you lift the aircraft. Because the sentence can have two different meanings, one interpretation makes it a joke.

Do not write: Make sure that the lever does not touch the stop (1) with hydraulic pressure

supplied.

WRITE: When you supply hydraulic pressure, make sure that the lever does not touch the

stop (1).

(Write the condition first.)

When you want to use a different sentence construction to replace the word "with", make sure that you show the primary action verb in the work step.

Do not write: Use tool TS9867 to seal the opening.
WRITE: Seal the opening with tool TS9867.

This sentence is clear because it gives the tool number. In STE, you must give the primary action verb which is "seal" and not "use."



## **GR-3** How to use pronouns

Pronouns refer to a person, a location, or an item that is already in a text. Examples of pronouns are "it," "they," "that," "these," and "those." If you use the pronouns correctly, your text will be easy to read.

In STE, the approved pronouns are in the dictionary. Do not use a pronoun if it is not in the dictionary (for example, "she" or "he").

If a pronoun can refer to one or more nouns in a text, it can cause ambiguity in a sentence. If there is ambiguity, replace the pronoun with the word that it refers to. This will make the sentence clear and easier to read.

## **Examples:**

Do not write: If you engage the pins incorrectly with the seats, they can become damaged.

WRITE: If you engage the pins incorrectly with the seats, the pins can become damaged.

Or

If you engage the pins incorrectly with the seats, the seats can become damaged.

Or

If you engage the pins incorrectly with the seats, the pins and seats can become damaged.

## GR-4 The pronoun "this"

When you use the pronoun "this" in a sentence, make sure that the reader knows the item the pronoun refers to. If "this" can refer to more than one item, give the applicable context again.

#### **Examples:**

Do not write: Make sure that the cover is not locked (this can cause damage to the probe).

(Which is the cause of damage to the probe? The cover in the locked condition?

Or the cover in the unlocked condition?)

WRITE: Make sure that the cover is not locked. If the cover is locked, this can cause

damage to the probe.

Or

If the cover is locked, damage to the probe can occur.

Do not write: Do not use crocus cloth on aluminum parts. If you do this, you can cause corrosion

on aluminum parts. Crocus cloth contains ferrous oxide.

WRITE: Do not use crocus cloth on aluminum parts. Crocus cloth contains ferrous oxide.

which can cause corrosion on aluminum parts.



#### **GR-5** False friends

A false friend is a word or an expression that looks the same as one in a person's native language but that has a different meaning in a different language. For example, the English word "disposition" and the Italian word "disposizione," or the Spanish word "disposición."

If you are a non-native English speaker, when you use a word, make sure that this word has the correct meaning in English (not the meaning of the word that looks the same in your native language).

#### Example:

Do not write: Obey the dispositions of the manufacturer when you use this adhesive.

("disposition" in English does not mean an "instruction.")

WRITE: When you use this adhesive, obey the manufacturer's instructions.

## **GR-6** Latin abbreviations

In English texts, you can find some Latin abbreviations (for example, "e.g." for "for example," "i.e.," for "that is," and "etc." for "and so on"). STE recommends that you do not use Latin abbreviations because they can confuse your readers if they do not know them. Always use English words to make the text clear.

#### **Examples:**

Do not write: Discard the standard parts (e.g., washers, screws, bolts, and nuts) each time you

remove them.

WRITE: Discard the standard parts (for example, washers, bolts, and nuts) each time you

remove them.

Do not write: These wires can have insulation of different colors (blue, green, red, etc.).

WRITE: These wires can have insulation of different colors. They can be blue, green, red,

or other colors.

You can omit these abbreviations when they are not necessary.

WRITE: These wires can have insulation of different colors.



## **GR-7** Inclusive language

Inclusive language prevents bias and makes sure that all persons have respect and representation. The objective of inclusive language is to use neutral and non-discriminatory terms and expressions to promote equality and inclusivity in communication.

STE does not include examples of inclusive language, but it fully complies with gender-neutral language requirements. When you write in STE, make sure that you always use gender-neutral language. Gender-specific pronouns, for example "he" or "she" are not permitted in STE. The words "man" and "woman" are also not permitted in STE, unless these words are necessary in an applicable context, for example, in a medical text. STE always uses neutral terms and constructions to prevent gender bias in technical documentation.

For more information, refer to international, national, company, or industry-specific guidance documents. For example:

- European Institute for Gender Equality. (2019). Toolkit on Gender-sensitive Communication.
- United Nations. (2019). Disability-inclusive communications guidelines.

#### **GR-8** Possessive form

The possessive form (also known as the Saxon genitive) adds an apostrophe and "s" to form the possessive. For example, "refer to the manufacturer's instructions."

STE is a controlled natural language that emphasizes clear writing and simplicity. While the possessive form is permitted in STE, make sure that you use it correctly. If you are not sure that your sentence is correct, do not use the possessive form.

Other languages do not have this type of possessive form or have a different alternative for the possessive form. As a result, it is not always easy for non-native English readers to understand the possessive form in English.

Always refer to technical publication specifications, style guides, or other official directives for information and rules.



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# Part 2 – Dictionary



Kerouac, J. (1958). The Dharma Bums.



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# Introduction

## General

The dictionary gives the words that are approved in STE (875 approved words) and the examples that show how to use each approved word correctly. The approved words in the dictionary are the most frequent words that you use in technical writing.

The dictionary also includes a selection of words that are not approved (1274 words). For each word that is not approved, there are one or more alternatives that are approved in STE. For each alternative, there is an example that shows how to use the alternative to communicate the same information correctly (with a word-for-word replacement or a different sentence construction).

The dictionary does not include technical nouns or technical verbs. But some of them are referred to as alternatives to words that are not approved. In the dictionary, the identification for technical nouns is (TN) and the identification for technical verbs is (TV). A dictionary entry does not include antonyms (opposite meanings) for the applicable listed word.

The dictionary uses American English spelling as defined in the Merriam-Webster's dictionary, and the punctuation in the examples obeys American English rules.

# Guide to the dictionary

The dictionary has four columns that give this information:

- Column 1 Word (part of speech): Includes the word and its part of speech
- Column 2 Approved meaning/ALTERNATIVES: Includes the approved meaning of an approved word or the approved alternatives for each word that is not approved
- Column 3 STE EXAMPLE: Includes examples that contain correct words and constructions in STE
- Column 4 Non-STE example: Includes examples that contain words that are not approved and constructions that are not permitted in STE.

## Example:

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                          |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| AID (n)                  | Help that is given                | IF YOU GET THIS<br>CHEMICAL SOLUTION<br>IN YOUR EYES, GET<br>MEDICAL AID<br>IMMEDIATELY. |  |
| accuracy (n)             | PRECISION (n)                     | THE PRECISION OF THE ADJUSTMENT CAN CHANGE.  | The accuracy of the adjustment can vary. |



## Column 1: Word (part of speech)

All words are in **bold** typeface.

A word in **UPPERCASE** letters shows that you can use this word because it is approved in STE.

#### **Examples:**

| Word (part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES    | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| ABRASIVE (adj)        | That can remove material by friction | POLISH THE SURFACE<br>WITH AN ABRASIVE<br>PAPER.                             |                 |
| AID (n)               | Help that is given                   | IF YOU GET THIS CHEMICAL SOLUTION IN YOUR EYES, GET MEDICAL AID IMMEDIATELY. |                 |

A word in **lowercase** letters shows that you cannot use this word because it is not approved in STE. To replace this word in a text, you must use a different word or a different sentence construction.

#### **Examples:**

| Word (part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| main (adj)            | PRIMARY (adj)                     | THE PRIMARY CAUSE<br>OF VALVE FAILURE IS<br>CONTAMINATION OF<br>THE FLUID. | The main cause of valve failure is contamination of the fluid. |
| build (v)             | ASSEMBLE (v)                      | ASSEMBLE THE UNIT.   | Build the unit.  |

The **part of speech** for each word is given in parentheses with its recognized abbreviation. Use an approved word only as the specified part of speech. Refer to part 1, section 1.

In the dictionary, there are eight parts of speech as follows:

- 1. **noun (n):** A word that is the name of a person, place, object, idea, quality, or activity.
- 2. **verb (v):** A word that shows a state of being or an action. Its tense (present, past, future) tells you when the action occurs.
- 3. **adjective (adj):** A word that gives details about a noun, noun phrase, or multi-word noun. It is related to the type, size, color, or number of the noun, noun phrase, or multi-word noun. Adjectives can be of a qualitative and a quantitative type and can have comparative and superlative forms. Their position in the sentence can be before nouns or after verbs.
- 4. **adverb (adv):** A word that modifies a verb, an adjective, or a different adverb. It gives an answer to the questions: "how," "where," "how often," and "how much."



- 5. **pronoun (pron):** A word that replaces a noun, noun phrase, or multi-word noun.
- 6. **article (art):** A word that tells you if a noun phrase is new (indefinite = a, an) or one that you already know (definite = the).
- 7. **preposition (prep):** A word that shows how a noun, noun phrase, multi-word noun, or pronoun is related to other parts of the sentence.
- 8. **conjunction (conj):** A word or phrase that connects words, phrases, and clauses.

## Forms of approved words

#### Nouns:

Nouns are given only in their singular form, but the plural form of countable nouns is permitted unless the help tells you differently. Some nouns in the dictionary, although not approved, can be technical nouns in some contexts. Rule 1.5 gives all the necessary information and conditions to use technical nouns correctly.

#### **Example:**

| Word (part of speech) | Approved meaning/ ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example |
|-----------------------|---|---|-----------------|
| AGENT (n)             | One of a group of materials made to do a specified task | DO NOT USE THESE<br>CLEANING AGENTS<br>ON HOT SURFACES. |                 |

#### Verbs:

Verbs are given in the verb forms that are permitted. Refer to part 1, section 3. Do not use verb forms if they are not in the dictionary. The meaning of the verb can be different if it has an object (transitive verb) or no object (intransitive verb). These verbs can have more than one approved meaning and more than one STE example. Some verbs in the dictionary, although not approved, can be technical verbs in some contexts. Rule 1.12 gives all the necessary information and conditions to use technical verbs correctly.

Verbs in the dictionary can be:

- Regular verbs
- Irregular verbs
- Irregular auxiliary verbs
- Defective modal verbs.

## Regular verbs

Verbs that obey a constant pattern to make the simple past tense and the past participle form. Usually, regular verbs add "-ed" to the base verb form to make the simple past tense and the past participle form.

Do not use the past participle form if it is not in the dictionary.

## Example:

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES              | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example |
|--|--|--|-----------------|
| ADAPT (v),<br>ADAPTS,<br>ADAPTED,<br>ADAPTED | To change or adjust to that which is necessary | ADAPT THE<br>PRESSURE<br>CONNECTION TO THE<br>PITOT HEAD.                                |                 |
|  |  | THE SYSTEM INTERFACE CIRCUITS ADAPT TO THE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE CONNECTED SYSTEMS. |                 |

#### Irregular verbs

Verbs that do not obey the standard rules for the simple past tense and the past participle form.

#### Example:

| Word (part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| GIVE (v),<br>GIVES,<br>GAVE,<br>GIVEN | To provide                        | THIS SECTION GIVES<br>THE CLEANING<br>PROCEDURES FOR<br>THE DISASSEMBLED<br>PARTS. |                 |

# Irregular auxiliary verbs

Auxiliary verbs that have unusual forms for tenses.

## Example:

| Word<br>(part of speech)  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES    | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| BE (v),<br>IS, WAS<br>(also ARE, WERE)  No other verb<br>forms. | 1. To occur, exist                   | IF THERE IS<br>CORROSION ON THE<br>PUMP VANES,<br>REPLACE THE PUMP. |                 |
|   | 2. To have a property to be equal to | ACID SOLUTIONS ARE DANGEROUS.                                       |                 |

## **Defective modal verbs**

Modal verbs in which some verb forms are missing.

## Example:

| Word (part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|---|---|--|
| CAN (v),<br>CAN<br>COULD  No other verb<br>forms. | Auxiliary modal verb that<br>means to be possible, to<br>be able to, or to be<br>permitted to |   |  |
|   |   | YOU CAN CLEAN THE DRAIN HOLES WITH THE CLEANING TOOL.                                   |  |
|   |   | YOU CAN OPERATE<br>THE VEHICLE AFTER<br>THE INSPECTION IS<br>COMPLETED.                 |  |
|   | Do not use COULD (v) to show possibility  | IF YOU DO NOT OBEY<br>THIS WARNING, AN<br>EXPLOSION CAN<br>OCCUR.                       | If you do not obey this warning, an explosion could occur. |
| WILL (v)  No other verb forms.                    | Auxiliary modal verb that shows simple future tense   | WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL WILL HELP YOU TO DO THE WORK SAFELY AND CORRECTLY. |  |

<u>Adjectives:</u> Adjectives are given in their base form, with their comparative and superlative forms in parentheses. Adjectives that make their comparative and superlative forms with "more" and "most" do not have these forms in the dictionary, because "more" and "most" are approved words.

## Example:

| Word (part of speech)              | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| SLOW (adj)<br>(SLOWER,<br>SLOWEST) | At low speed                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE MOVEMENT OF THE ELEVATORS IS SLOW. |                 |

**Adverbs:** Frequently (but not always), you can make an adverb from an adjective when you

attach an "-ly" at the end of the adjective. You can make the comparative form and superlative form with "more" and "most." These forms are not in the dictionary.

## **Examples:**

| Word (part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| SLOWLY (adv)          | In a slow manner                  | TURN THE KNOB<br>SLOWLY.                              |   |
| briskly (adv)         | QUICKLY (adv)                     | RUB THE SURFACE<br>QUICKLY WITH A<br>SOFT, DRY CLOTH. | Rub the surface briskly with a soft, dry cloth. |

## **Column 2: Approved meaning/ALTERNATIVES**

#### Approved words

This column gives the approved meaning (or definition) of an approved word in STE. The text in these definitions is not in STE. If a meaning is not given in the dictionary, you cannot use the word with a meaning that is not approved. Thus, you must use a different word that has the meaning that you want.

## Example:

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| BEHIND (prep)            | In a position at the rear of      | THE PUMP IS<br>INSTALLED BEHIND<br>THE HYDRAULIC<br>MOTOR. |                 |

## Words that are not approved in the dictionary

For words that are not approved in the dictionary, this column gives <u>approved alternatives</u> that you can use to replace the words that are not approved. These alternatives are in uppercase letters and are only <u>suggestions</u> to help you.

#### **Example:**

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| addition (n)             | ADD (v)                           | TO GET THE<br>CORRECT<br>CLEARANCE, ADD<br>SPECIAL SHIMS, AS<br>NECESSARY. | Adjust the clearance by the addition of special shims, as necessary. |

It is possible that the approved alternative for a word that is not approved has a different part of speech. Usually, the first approved alternative has the same part of speech as the word that is not approved.

#### Example:

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| maintain (v)             | KEEP (v)                          | KEEP THE FLUID<br>TEMPERATURE AT<br>70 °F.   | Maintain the fluid temperature at 70 °F.                                    |
|                          | HOLD (v)                          | TURN THE ROTATING<br>TUBE 75 DEGREES.<br>THEN, HOLD THE<br>TUBE IN THIS<br>POSITION. | Turn the rotating tube 75 degrees. Then maintain the tube in this position. |
|                          | MAINTENANCE (n)                   | DO MAINTENANCE ON<br>THE WATER SUPPLY<br>SYSTEM.                                     | Maintain the water supply system.   |

The first column in the dictionary does not include technical nouns or technical verbs. But the second column can include technical nouns or technical verbs as alternatives to words that are not approved. Then, the abbreviations TN and TV in parentheses identify these alternatives.

#### Example:

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE                          | Non-STE example                |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| uncovered (v)            | COVER (TN)                        | DO NOT PUT A COVER ON THE CONTAINER. | Leave the container uncovered. |

The approved alternative for a word that is not approved can also be a phrase. These alternatives do not include the parts of speech in parentheses.

#### Example:

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/ ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE                                | Non-STE example                    |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| simultaneously<br>(adv)  | AT THE SAME TIME               | DO THESE TWO<br>STEPS AT THE SAME<br>TIME. | Do these two steps simultaneously. |





For some words, there is a graphic symbol and related text that tells you to use a different approved alternative or a different sentence construction. This graphic symbol and its related text is referred to as "help."

There are four categories of help. Refer to the examples that follow.

## **Examples:**

## Category 1

This category of help includes <u>recommendations</u> that give you more information or instructions about how to use the approved word correctly.

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example |
|--|---|---|-----------------|
| PUSH (v)<br>PUSHES,<br>PUSHED,<br>PUSHED | To apply a force to<br>something to move it<br>away from the source<br>of the force | PUSH THE INSERT<br>DOWN UNTIL IT<br>TOUCHES THE<br>BOTTOM OF THE<br>HOLE. |                 |
|  | 2. To move with a force against something   | THE SPRING UNIT PUSHES AGAINST THE BRAKE PEDAL.                           |                 |
|  | Use this word together with a preposition or an adverb to show direction.           |   |                 |

## Category 2

This category of help tells you that some approved words, for example ABOUT (prep), have a <u>restricted meaning</u>. Thus, you must use the approved alternatives for other meanings. When the help refers to restricted meanings of approved words, the dictionary gives STE and non-STE examples in columns 3 and 4.

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES        | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                             |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| ABOUT (prep)             | Concerned with  For other meanings, use: | FOR DATA ABOUT THE<br>LOCATION OF CIRCUIT<br>BREAKERS, REFER TO<br>THE WIRING LIST. |   |
|                          | APPROXIMATELY (adv)                      | DRAIN<br>APPROXIMATELY<br>2 LITERS OF FUEL<br>FROM THE TANK.                        | Drain about 2 liters of fuel from the tank. |
|                          | AROUND (prep)                            | TURN THE SHAFT AROUND ITS AXIS.   | Rotate the shaft about its axis.            |

## Category 3

This category of help tells you to be careful with the <u>words that are approved for only one context</u>. For example, the word SWALLOW (v) is only applicable to safety instructions. You must not use it in other contexts.

| Word<br>(part of speech)                            | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE | Non-STE example |
|---|--|-------------|-----------------|
| SWALLOW (v)<br>SWALLOWS,<br>SWALLOWED,<br>SWALLOWED | To take through the mouth and esophagus into the stomach  Use this word for safety instruction only. |             |                 |



# Category 4

This category of help gives you important information about the applicable listed words (also those that are not approved).

| Word<br>(part of speech)  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---|--|---|---|
| BE (v),<br>IS, WAS<br>(also ARE, WERE)  No other verb<br>forms. | 1. To occur, exist   | IF THERE IS<br>CORROSION ON THE<br>PUMP VANES,<br>REPLACE THE PUMP.         |   |
|   | 2. To have a property to be equal to                       | ACID SOLUTIONS ARE DANGEROUS.   |   |
| already (adv)   | IN PROGRESS (adv)  | THE DATABASE<br>SYNCHRONIZATION IS<br>IN PROGRESS.                          | The database is already synchronizing.                              |
|   | NO OTHER   | YOU CAN DO THIS<br>REPAIR PROCEDURE<br>ONLY IF THERE IS NO<br>OTHER DAMAGE. | Only do this repair procedure if there is not already damage.       |
|   | Frequently, an alternative for this word is not necessary. | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SOFTWARE IS<br>INSTALLED IN THE<br>REPOSITORY.        | Make sure that the software is already installed in the repository. |

## **Column 3: STE EXAMPLE**

This column shows you:

- How to use the approved word
- How to use the approved alternative (usually a word-for-word replacement)
- How to keep the same meaning with a different sentence construction.

The wording in the STE examples gives recommendations. The STE example shows only one method to write a text with the approved word or to use alternatives for a word that is not approved. You can frequently use different sentence constructions with other approved words and keep the same meaning.

Many of the given examples come from the subject field of aircraft maintenance. If you replace the terms in the sentence with other applicable terms, you can use these examples for other subject fields or domains. If you work in a different subject field or domain, you can send a change form with your examples for a possible inclusion in the dictionary.

#### **Examples:**

| Word (part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| A (art)               | Function word: indefinite article | A FUEL PUMP IS<br>INSTALLED IN<br>ZONE 10.                                 |  |
| main (adj)            | PRIMARY (adj)                     | THE PRIMARY CAUSE<br>OF VALVE FAILURE IS<br>CONTAMINATION OF<br>THE FLUID. | The main cause of valve failure is contamination of the fluid. |
| manufacture (v)       | MAKE (v)                          | YOU CAN MAKE THE<br>CLEARING TOOL<br>LOCALLY.                              | The clearing tool can be manufactured locally.                 |

# Column 4: Non-STE example

This column gives examples that show you how the word that is not approved in STE is used in standard technical English. The examples also help you to understand how you can use the approved alternatives or different sentence constructions to give the same information.

In a non-STE example, it is possible that you will find more than one word that is not approved or a construction that is not permitted. Thus, the STE example shows you how to replace these words or use a construction that is permitted in STE.

For approved words, column 4 is empty, unless there is help related to other meanings or restricted meanings. You can see that for ABOVE (prep), column 4 gives a non-STE example.

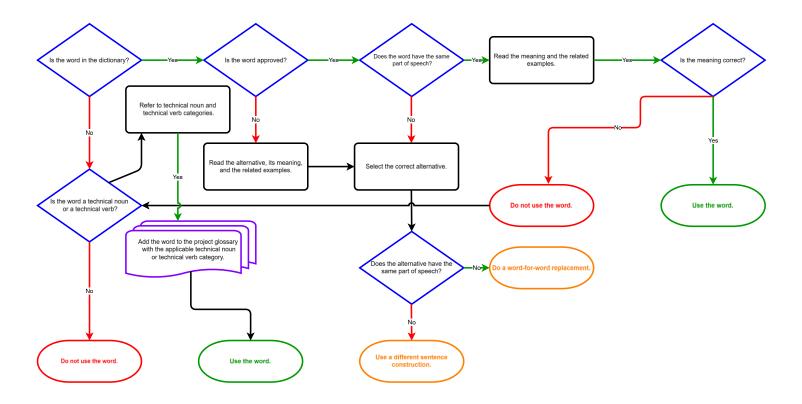
#### **Examples:**

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| main (adj)               | PRIMARY (adj)  | THE PRIMARY CAUSE<br>OF THE VALVE<br>FAILURE IS<br>CONTAMINATION OF<br>THE FLUID. | The main cause of valve failure is contamination of the fluid. |
| A (art)                  | Function word: indefinite article                          | A FUEL PUMP IS<br>INSTALLED IN<br>ZONE 10.  |  |
| ABOVE (prep)             | In (or to) a position farther up than something  For other | LIFT THE CYLINDER<br>ABOVE ITS INSTALLED<br>POSITION.                             |  |
|                          | meanings, use:   |   |  |
|                          | MORE THAN  | THE PRESSURE<br>VALUE MUST BE<br>MORE THAN 800 kPa.                               | The pressure value must be above 800 kPa.                      |

# How to select words correctly

STE is a controlled natural language with a restricted dictionary.

As a result, it is not possible to use all the words that you want. If you are not sure about a word that you want to use, refer to this flowchart.



## **List of recurring errors**

The table that follows gives you a list of the most frequently recurring errors that writers make when they use STE. If a word is not approved in the dictionary, do not use it.

| Non-STE          | STE  |  |
|------------------|--|--|
| acceptable (adj) | PERMITTED (adj)                            |  |
| alternate (adj)  | ALTERNATIVE (adj)                          |  |
| any (adj)        | None or a different sentence construction  |  |
| avoid (v)        | PREVENT (v)                                |  |
| both (adj)       | THE TWO (TN)                               |  |
| check (v)        | CHECK (n)                                  |  |
| cover (v)        | COVER (TN)                                 |  |
| complete (adj)   | COMPLETED (adj)                            |  |
| damage (v)       | DAMAGE (n)                                 |  |
| ensure (v)       | MAKE SURE (v)                              |  |
| fit (v)          | INSTALL (v)                                |  |
| follow (v)       | OBEY (v)                                   |  |
| further (adj)    | MORE (adj)                                 |  |
| further (adv)    | MORE (adv)                                 |  |
| have to (v)      | Use an action verb in the imperative form  |  |
| however (adv)    | BUT (conj)                                 |  |
| insert (v)       | PUT (v)                                    |  |
| main (adj)       | PRIMARY (adj)                              |  |
| may (v)          | CAN (v)                                    |  |
| need (v)         | NECESSARY (adj)                            |  |
| now (adv)        | AT THIS TIME                               |  |
| old (adj)        | REMAINING (adj), USED (adj), EXPIRED (adj) |  |
| over (prep)      | ABOVE (prep), ON (prep), ALONG (prep)      |  |
| people (n)       | PERSON (n), PERSONNEL (n)                  |  |
| perform (v)      | DO (v)                                     |  |
| portion (n)      | PART (n)                                   |  |
| press (v)        | PUSH (v)                                   |  |
| reach (v)        | GET (v)                                    |  |
| repeat (v)       | DO (v) AGAIN                               |  |
| required (v)     | NECESSARY (adj)                            |  |
| rotate (v)       | TURN (v)                                   |  |

## **List of recurring errors (continued)**

| Non-STE         | STE                                |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| secure (v)      | ATTACH (v), SAFETY (v)             |
| shall (v)       | MUST (v)                           |
| should (v)      | MUST (v)                           |
| since (conj)    | BECAUSE (conj)                     |
| test (v)        | TEST (n)                           |
| therefore (adv) | THUS (adv), AS A RESULT            |
| under (prep)    | BELOW (prep), IN (prep), LESS THAN |
| using (v)       | USE (v), WITH (prep)               |

## List of approved verbs

The table that follows gives you the list of the approved verbs in the dictionary. Use this list as a quick-reference tool to find the approved verbs.

| Α              | CONTROL     | GO          | 0          | SMELL          |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| ABSORB         | CORRECT     | GO OFF      | OBEY       | SMOKE          |
| ACCEPT         | COUNT       | GROUND      | OCCUR      | SOAK           |
| ACTIVATE       | CUT         | Н           | OPEN       | SPEAK          |
| ADAPT          | D           | HANG        | OPERATE    | SPILL          |
| ADD            | DEACTIVATE  | HAVE        | OVERRIDE   | SPRAY          |
| ADJUST         | DECREASE    | HEAR        | P          | START          |
| AGREE          | DE-ENERGIZE | HELP        | PAINT      | STAY           |
| ALIGN          | DEFLATE     | HIT         | PARK       | STOP           |
| APPLY          | DEFUEL      | HOLD        | POINT      | STOW           |
| ARM            | DEPLOY      | I           | POLISH     | SUBTRACT       |
| ASSEMBLE       | DISARM      | IDENTIFY    | PREPARE    | SUPPLY         |
| ATTACH         | DISASSEMBLE | IGNORE      | PRESSURIZE | SWALLOW        |
| B              | DISCARD     | ILLUMINATE  | PREVENT    | T              |
| BALANCE        | DISCONNECT  | INCLUDE     | PROTRUDE   | TAG            |
| BE             |             |             | PULL       | TAP            |
|                | DISENGAGE   | INCREASE    |            |                |
| BECOME<br>BEND | DIVIDE      | INFLATE     | PUSH       | TELL           |
| BEND           | DDAIN       | INSTALL     | PUT        | THINK          |
| BLEED          | DRAIN       | INTERCHANGE | PUT ON     | TIGHTEN        |
| BLOW           | DRINK       | ISOLATE     | Q          | TILT           |
| BOND           | DRY         | J           | R          | TORQUE         |
| BREAK          | E           | K           | READ       | TOUCH          |
| BREATHE        | EAT         | KEEP        | RECEIVE    | TOW            |
| BURN           | EJECT       | KILL        | RECOMMEND  | TRANSMIT       |
| BYPASS         | ENERGIZE    | KNOW        | RECORD     | TRY            |
| С              | ENGAGE      | L           | RECYCLE    | TUNE           |
| CALCULATE      | ERASE       | LATCH       | REFER      | TURN           |
| CALIBRATE      | EXAMINE     | LET         | REFUEL     | TWIST          |
| CAN            | EXPAND      | LIFT        | REJECT     | U              |
| CANCEL         | EXTEND      | LISTEN      | RELEASE    | UNFOLD         |
| CANNOT         | EXTINGUISH  | LOCK        | REMOVE     | UNLOCK         |
| CATCH          | F           | LOOK        | REPAIR     | UNWIND         |
| CAUSE          | FALL        | LOOSEN      | REPLACE    | USE            |
| CHANGE         | FEATHER     | LOWER       | RETRACT    | V              |
| CHARGE         | FEEL        | LUBRICATE   | RUB        | W              |
| CLEAN          | FILL        | M           | S          | WAIT           |
| CLOSE          | FIND        | MAKE        | SAFETY     | WALK           |
| COLLECT        | FIRE        | MAKE SURE   | SCHEDULE   | WANT           |
| COME           | FLASH       | MEASURE     | SEAL       | WEAR           |
| COME ON        | FLOW        | MELT        | SEE        | WEIGH          |
| COMPARE        | FLUSH       | MIX         | SELECT     | WILL           |
| COMPLETE       | FOLD        | MONITOR     | SEND       | WIND           |
| COMPRESS       | FOLLOW      | MOOR        | SENSE      | WRITE          |
| CONNECT        | FREEZE      | MOVE        | SET        | X, Y, Z        |
| CONTACT        | G           | MULTIPLY    | SHAKE      | , , , <u>-</u> |
| CONTAIN        | GET         | MUST        | SHOW       | $\dashv$       |
| CONTINUE       | GIVE        | N           | SIMULATE   | +              |
| CONTINUL       | JOIVE       | •           | SINIOLATE  |                |



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| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| A (art)                  | Function word: indefinite article | A FUEL PUMP IS<br>INSTALLED IN<br>ZONE 10.   |  |
| abaft (prep)             | AFT OF (prep)                     | THE CONTROL UNIT IS INSTALLED AFT OF THE FLIGHT COMPARTMENT.                                     | The control unit is installed abaft the flight compartment.                    |
| abandon (v)              | GO (v)                            | IF THERE IS A FIRE,<br>IMMEDIATELY GO TO<br>A SAFE AREA.   | If there is a fire, immediately abandon the area.                              |
|                          | STOP (v)                          | IF THE VALUES ARE INCORRECT, STOP THE TEST PROCEDURE.  | If the values are incorrect, abandon the test procedure.                       |
| abate (v)                | DECREASE (v)                      | WHEN THE WIND<br>SPEED DECREASES<br>TO LESS THAN<br>30 KNOTS, YOU CAN<br>OPEN THE CARGO<br>DOOR. | When the wind speed abates to less than 30 knots, you can open the cargo door. |
| ability (n)              | CAN (v)                           | ONE GENERATOR CAN SUPPLY POWER FOR ALL THE SYSTEMS.  | One generator has the ability to supply power for all the systems.             |
| able (adj)               | CAN (v)                           | IF YOU CAN START<br>THE ENGINE, DO THE<br>APPLICABLE TESTS.                                      | If you are able to start<br>the engine, do the<br>applicable tests.            |
| abnormal (adj)           | UNUSUAL (adj)                     | LISTEN FOR UNUSUAL<br>NOISES.  | Listen for abnormal noises.  |
|                          | INCORRECT (adj)                   | IF YOU FIND AN INCORRECT QUANTITY OF AIR FROM THE VENT MAST, DO A SYSTEM TEST.                   | If you find an abnormal quantity of air from the vent mast, do a system test.  |
| abnormality (n)          | DEFECT (TN)                       | EXAMINE THE SEAL FOR DEFECTS.  | Examine the seal for abnormalities.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES               | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| ABOUT (prep)             | Concerned with  For other meanings, use:        | FOR DATA ABOUT THE<br>LOCATION OF CIRCUIT<br>BREAKERS, REFER TO<br>THE WIRING LIST. |   |
|                          | APPROXIMATELY (adv)                             | DRAIN APPROXIMATELY 2 LITERS OF FUEL FROM THE TANK.                                 | Drain about 2 liters of fuel from the tank.                                     |
|                          | AROUND (prep)                                   | TURN THE SHAFT AROUND ITS AXIS.   | Rotate the shaft about its axis.  |
| ABOVE (prep)             | In (or to) a position farther up than something | LIFT THE CYLINDER<br>ABOVE ITS INSTALLED<br>POSITION.                               |   |
|                          | For other meanings, use:                        |   |   |
|                          | MORE THAN                                       | THE PRESSURE<br>VALUE MUST BE<br>MORE THAN 800 kPa.                                 | The pressure value must be above 800 kPa.                                       |
| ABRASIVE (adj)           | That can remove material by friction            | POLISH THE SURFACE<br>WITH AN ABRASIVE<br>PAPER.                                    |   |
| abrupt (adj)             | SUDDEN (adj)                                    | THE DAMPER PREVENTS SUDDEN MOVEMENT OF THE CONTROL.                                 | The damper prevents abrupt movement of the control.                             |
|                          | SUDDENLY (adv)                                  | IF THE ROTORS STOP<br>SUDDENLY, EXAMINE<br>THE INTAKE FOR<br>UNWANTED<br>MATERIAL.  | If the rotors come to an abrupt stop, examine the intake for unwanted material. |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| absence (n)                                      | NONE (pron)                       | IF NONE OF THE<br>BRACKETS ARE<br>DAMAGED, CONTINUE<br>THE PROCEDURE.                     | In the absence of damage to the brackets, continue the procedure.           |
|  | NOT (adv)                         | IF THE BRACKETS<br>ARE NOT DAMAGED,<br>CONTINUE THE<br>PROCEDURE.                         | In the absence of damage to the brackets, continue the procedure.           |
|  | NO (adj)                          | IF THERE IS NO CONTAMINATION IN THE FUEL SAMPLE, CONTINUE THE PROCEDURE.                  | In the absence of contamination in the fuel sample, continue the procedure. |
| absent (adj)                                     | MISSING (adj)                     | IF ONE OR MORE<br>BLADES ARE MISSING,<br>MAKE AN ENTRY IN<br>THE ENGINE<br>LOGBOOK.       | If one or more blades are absent, make an entry in the engine logbook.      |
|  | NO (adj)                          | IF THERE IS NO CONTAMINATION IN THE FUEL SAMPLE, CONTINUE THE PROCEDURE.                  | If contamination is absent from the fuel sample, continue the procedure.    |
| absolutely (adv)                                 | FULLY (adv)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>LATCH IS FULLY<br>ENGAGED.  | Ensure the latch is absolutely engaged.                                     |
| ABSORB (v),<br>ABSORBS,<br>ABSORBED,<br>ABSORBED | 1. To take up or into             | ABSORB THE FLUID<br>WITH A CLEAN CLOTH.   |   |
|  | To decrease the effect of         | THE SHOCK MOUNT ABSORBS THE VIBRATION.  |   |
| absorption (n)                                   | ABSORB (v)                        | MEASURE THE TIME<br>THAT IS NECESSARY<br>FOR THE SILICA GEL<br>TO ABSORB THE<br>MOISTURE. | Measure the rate of absorption of the moisture by the silica gel.           |
| abundant (adj)                                   | LARGE (adj)                       | CLEAN YOUR SKIN<br>WITH A LARGE<br>QUANTITY OF CLEAN<br>WATER.                            | Clean your skin with abundant clean water.                                  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                 | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| abut (v)   | TOUCH (v)   | THE BIN TOUCHES<br>THE FORWARD HINGE<br>SURFACE.                              | The bin abuts the forward hinge surface.                           |
| accelerate (v)                                   | INCREASE (v)                                      | A HIGHER TEMPERATURE INCREASES THE SPEED OF EVAPORATION.                      | Evaporation is accelerated by a higher temperature.                |
|  | FASTER (adj)                                      | TO MAKE THE CURING PROCESS FASTER, APPLY HEAT TO THE COMPOUND.                | The curing process of the compound can be accelerated by heating.  |
| ACCEPT (v),<br>ACCEPTS,<br>ACCEPTED,<br>ACCEPTED | To make a decision that something is satisfactory | ACCEPT THE RELAY IF<br>IT IS SERVICEABLE.                                     |  |
| acceptable (adj)                                 | PERMITTED (adj)                                   | A VALUE OF 2 mm IS PERMITTED.   | A value of 2 mm is acceptable.                                     |
|  | SATISFACTORY (adj)                                | IF THE CONDITION OF<br>THE CAP IS NOT<br>SATISFACTORY,<br>REPLACE IT.         | Replace the cap if its condition is not acceptable.                |
|  | SERVICEABLE (adj)                                 | BEFORE YOU INSTALL<br>THE UNIT, MAKE SURE<br>THAT IT IS<br>SERVICEABLE.       | Before installation, make sure that the unit is acceptable.        |
| acceptance (n)                                   | ACCEPT (v)  | BEFORE YOU ACCEPT<br>THE UNIT, DO THE<br>SPECIFIED TEST<br>PROCEDURE.         | Before acceptance of the unit, do the specified test procedure.    |
| ACCESS (n)                                       | The ability to go into or near                    | GET ACCESS TO THE<br>ACCUMULATOR FOR<br>THE No. 1 HYDRAULIC<br>SYSTEM.        |  |
| accessible (adj)                                 | ACCESS (n)  | TURN THE COVER UNTIL YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THE JACKS THAT HAVE + AND - MARKS. | Rotate the cover until the jacks marked by + and - are accessible. |
| ACCIDENT (n)                                     | An occurrence that causes injury or damage        | TO PREVENT<br>ACCIDENTS, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE PINS<br>ARE INSTALLED.         |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| ACCIDENTAL<br>(adj)      | That does not occur on purpose    | TO PREVENT<br>ACCIDENTAL<br>OPERATION OF THE<br>SYSTEM, INSTALL THE<br>SAFETY LOCK. |  |
| ACCIDENTALLY (adv)       | That does not occur on purpose    | IF YOU ACCIDENTALLY MOVE THE LEVER, SET THE SYSTEM TO THE NEUTRAL POSITION AGAIN.   |  |
| accommodate (v)          | LET (v)                           | DIFFERENT LENGTHS OF STUDS LET YOU ATTACH DIFFERENT THICKNESSES OF SKIN.            | Studs are available in different lengths to accommodate different thicknesses of skin. |
| accomplish (v)           | You can use a more accurate verb. | DO THIS TASK FIRST.   | This task must be accomplished first.  |
|                          | COMPLETE (v)                      | THE PERSONNEL<br>MUST COMPLETE<br>THIS TASK IN 30<br>MINUTES.                       | The personnel must accomplish this task in 30 minutes.                                 |
| according to (prep)      | REFER (v)                         | TO CALIBRATE THE TEST SET, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.                | Calibrate the test set according to the manufacturer's instructions.                   |
| account for (v)          | MAKE SURE (v)                     | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU REMOVE ALL<br>TOOLS AND<br>EQUIPMENT.                         | All tools and equipment must be accounted for.   |
| accumulate (v)           | COLLECT (v)                       | IF WATER COLLECTS<br>IN THE FILLER LINE,<br>DRAIN IT.                               | If water accumulates in the filler line, drain it.                                     |
| accumulation (n)         | QUANTITY (n)                      | REMOVE LARGE<br>QUANTITIES OF<br>CONTAMINATION.                                     | Large accumulations of contamination must be removed.                                  |
|                          | COLLECT (v)                       | IF FUEL COLLECTS<br>FREQUENTLY,<br>EXAMINE THE PIPE<br>FOR LEAKS.                   | If accumulation of fuel is frequent, examine the pipe for leaks.                       |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                     | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| accuracy (n)             | PRECISION (n)   | THE PRECISION OF THE ADJUSTMENT CAN CHANGE.   | The accuracy of the adjustment can vary.                          |
| ACCURATE (adj)           | Exact   | THE ADJUSTMENT<br>MUST BE ACCURATE.   |   |
| ACCURATELY (adv)         | Exactly   | PUT THE REPAIR<br>SHEET ACCURATELY<br>ON THE DAMAGED<br>AREA.                       |   |
| achieve (v)              | GET (v)   | SET THE CONTROL TO<br>GET MAXIMUM<br>THRUST.  | Set the control to achieve maximum thrust.                        |
| acquire (v)              | GET (v)   | THE COMPUTER GETS THIS DATA FROM FIVE SENSORS.                                      | The computer acquires this data from five sensors.                |
| acrid (adj)              | DANGEROUS (adj)   | THIS MATERIAL RELEASES DANGEROUS FUMES WHEN IT TOUCHES HOT SURFACES.                | On contact with hot surfaces, this material produces acrid fumes. |
| ACROSS (prep)            | From one side to the other side                                       | SAFETY THE CLAMP<br>BLOCK ACROSS THE<br>CONTROL LEVER<br>FORKS WITH SAFETY<br>WIRE. |   |
| act (v)                  | Use an accurate verb.   | THE HYDRAULIC<br>FLUID FLOW OPENS<br>THE VALVE.                                     | The hydraulic fluid flow acts on the valve.                       |
| action (n)               | STEP (n)  | DO THE STEPS THAT FOLLOW:   | Do the following actions:   |
|                          | PROCEDURE (n)   | DO NOT DO THIS<br>PROCEDURE IN THE<br>HANGAR.                                       | This action must not be done in the hangar:                       |
|                          | TASK (n)  | DO THIS TASK<br>OUTDOORS.   | Do this action outdoors.  |
| ACTIVATE (v)             | To make a system, function, or feature ready for operation  For other | THE AUTOPILOT<br>ACTIVATES THE<br>APPROACH MODE.                                    |   |
|                          | meanings, use: START (v)  | START THE MOTOR.  | Activate the motor.   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| ACTIVE (adj)                                 | A system, function, or feature in a state of action | DOWNLOAD THE<br>EXPORT FILE FROM<br>THE ACTIVE SERVER<br>UNIT.                           |  |
| activity (n)                                 | TASK (n)  | A SUBCONTRACTOR<br>CAN DO THESE<br>MAINTENANCE TASKS.                                    | These maintenance activities can be done by a subcontractor.         |
|  | PROCEDURE (n)                                       | DO THIS PROCEDURE<br>AT THE AMBIENT<br>TEMPERATURE.                                      | Do this activity at the ambient temperature.                         |
|  | WORK (n)  | DO THIS WORK IN A<br>CLEAN AREA.   | Do this activity in a clean area.                                    |
| actuate (v)                                  | START (v)   | START THE MOTOR.   | Actuate the motor.   |
|  | OPERATE (v)   | OPERATE THE HAND PUMP.   | Actuate the hand pump.   |
|  | PUSH (v)  | PUSH THE<br>PUSHBUTTON<br>SWITCH.  | Actuate the pushbutton switch.                                       |
| actuation (n)                                | OPERATION (n)                                       | MONITOR THE<br>OPERATION OF THE<br>STEERING MOTOR.                                       | Monitor the actuation of the steering motor.                         |
| ADAPT (v),<br>ADAPTS,<br>ADAPTED,<br>ADAPTED | To change or adjust to that which is necessary      | ADAPT THE PRESSURE CONNECTION TO THE PITOT HEAD.   |  |
|  |   | THE SYSTEM INTERFACE CIRCUITS ADAPT TO THE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE CONNECTED SYSTEMS. |  |
| ADD (v),<br>ADDS,<br>ADDED,<br>ADDED         | To increase the number, dimension, or quantity      | ADD 5 ml OF<br>HARDENER TO THE<br>COMPOUND.  |  |
| addition (n)                                 | ADD (v)   | TO GET THE<br>CORRECT<br>CLEARANCE, ADD<br>SPECIAL SHIMS, AS<br>NECESSARY.               | Adjust the clearance by the addition of special shims, as necessary. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| additional (adj)                                 | MORE (adj)   | THIS CHAPTER GIVES<br>MORE INFORMATION<br>ABOUT SAFETY.                   | This chapter gives additional information about safety.        |
| adequate (adj)                                   | SUFFICIENT (adj)   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>CONTAINERS HAVE<br>SUFFICIENT CAPACITY<br>AND DIAMETER. | Make sure that containers have adequate capacity and diameter. |
| adhere (v)                                       | BOND (v)   | THE SEAL MUST BOND CORRECTLY.   | The seal must adhere correctly.                                |
|  | OBEY (v)   | OBEY THE SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS.   | Adhere to the safety instructions.                             |
| adhesion (n)                                     | BOND (n)   | CLEAN THE SURFACE<br>TO MAKE SURE THAT<br>THE BOND IS<br>SATISFACTORY.    | Clean the surface to ensure there will be good adhesion.       |
| ADJACENT (adj)                                   | That which is near to an object, with no other object of the same type between the two | DO NOT OPERATE<br>THE ADJACENT<br>CONTROL.                                |  |
| ADJACENT TO (prep)                               | To be near to an object, with no other object of the same type between the two         | THE FUEL PUMP IS INSTALLED ADJACENT TO THE BULKHEAD.                      |  |
| adjoining (adj)                                  | ADJACENT (adj)   | ALIGN THE BRACKETS<br>WITH THE ADJACENT<br>COMPONENTS.                    | Align the brackets with the adjoining components.              |
| ADJUST (v),<br>ADJUSTS,<br>ADJUSTED,<br>ADJUSTED | To put in or come to a specified position or value                                     | ADJUST THE<br>FREQUENCY TO THE<br>VALUE GIVEN IN<br>TABLE 1.              |  |
|  |  | THE INTERNAL LOGIC<br>ADJUSTS TO SUDDEN<br>CHANGES IN<br>TEMPERATURE.     |  |
| ADJUSTABLE (adj)                                 | That you can adjust  | THE TWO STOP BOLTS ARE ADJUSTABLE.  |  |
| ADJUSTMENT (n)                                   | The effect of adjusting  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>ADJUSTMENT IS IN<br>THE LIMITS GIVEN IN<br>TABLE 1. |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                        | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| admit (v)                | LET (v)  | OPEN THE VALVE TO<br>LET NITROGEN GO<br>INTO THE OLEO<br>STRUT.                              | Open the valve to admit nitrogen into the oleo strut.   |
| adopt (v)                | USE (v)  | IF THE UNIT IS<br>DAMAGED, USE THIS<br>PROCEDURE.  | Adopt this procedure if the unit is damaged.  |
| advance (n)              | FORWARD (adj)  | THE FORWARD MOVEMENT OF THE CONTROL LEVER MUST BE SLOW AND CONTINUOUS.                       | The advance of the control lever must be slow and continuous.   |
| advance (v)              | SET (v)  | SET THE THROTTLE<br>TO MAXIMUM POWER.  | Advance the throttle to maximum power.  |
|                          | FORWARD (adv)  | MOVE THE LEVER FORWARD.  | Advance the lever.  |
| adverse (adj)            | BAD (adj)  | REFER TO CHAPTER 6<br>FOR INSTRUCTIONS<br>ABOUT HOW TO PARK<br>IN BAD WEATHER<br>CONDITIONS. | For parking in adverse weather conditions, refer to Chapter 6.  |
|                          | If it is possible, give accurate and correct conditions. | THIS MEDICATION CAN CAUSE DERMATITIS.  | This medication can cause adverse reactions.  |
| advisable (adj)          | RECOMMEND (v)  | THE DESIGN AUTHORITY RECOMMENDS THAT YOU TORQUE THE BOLTS AGAIN AT INTERVALS OF SIX MONTHS.  | According to the Design<br>Authority, it is advisable<br>to retorque the bolts at<br>intervals of six months. |
| advise (v)               | TELL (v)   | TELL THE RAMP<br>AGENT THAT THE<br>BRAKES ARE SET.   | Advise the ramp agent that the brakes are set.  |
|                          | RECOMMEND (v)  | THE SAFETY OFFICER<br>RECOMMENDS THE<br>APPLICABLE<br>PERSONAL<br>PROTECTIVE<br>EQUIPMENT.   | The safety officer advises on applicable personal protective equipment.                                       |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                       | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| affect (v)               | EFFECT (n)  | MAGNETIC TOOLS<br>HAVE AN UNWANTED<br>EFFECT ON THE<br>COMPASS SYSTEM.                 | Magnetic tools affect the compass system.              |
|                          | If it is possible, be accurate.                         | THIS MEDICATION CAN CAUSE DERMATITIS   | This medication can affect your skin.                  |
| AFT (adj)                | At or nearer to the rear of an air or sea vehicle       | THE PUMP IS IN THE<br>AFT CELL OF THE<br>FUSELAGE TANK.                                |  |
| AFT (adv)                | In the direction of the rear of an air or sea vehicle   | MOVE THE THROTTLE<br>AFT.  |  |
| AFTER (conj)             | That follows a specified time, sequence, or operation   | AFTER YOU INSTALL<br>THE COMPONENT, DO<br>A FUNCTIONAL TEST.                           |  |
| AFTER (prep)             | That follows a specified time, sequence, or operation   | THE BAR MOVES<br>DOWN AFTER<br>20 SECONDS.   |  |
| AFT OF (prep)            | At a position nearer to the rear                        | THE CONTROL UNIT IS INSTALLED AFT OF THE FLIGHT COMPARTMENT.                           |  |
| AGAIN (adv)              | One more occurrence                                     | MOVE THE CONTROL<br>STICK BACK TO THE<br>CENTER, AND THEN<br>MOVE IT FORWARD<br>AGAIN. |  |
| AGAINST (prep)           | In contact with   | PUT THE ADAPTER IN POSITION AGAINST ITS SUPPORT.                                       |  |
| AGENT (n)                | One of a group of materials made to do a specified task | DO NOT USE THESE<br>CLEANING AGENTS<br>ON HOT SURFACES.                                |  |
| aggravate (v)            | INCREASE (v)  | TIRE WEAR<br>INCREASES WITH<br>HIGH SPEED.   | Tire wear is aggravated by high speed.                 |
| agitate (v)              | SHAKE (v)   | SHAKE THE<br>SOLUTION.   | Agitate the solution.                                  |
| agitation (n)            | SHAKE (v)   | IF YOU SHAKE THE<br>SOLUTION, DO NOT<br>USE IT FOR ONE<br>HOUR.                        | After agitation, do not use the solution for one hour. |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                              | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|---|---|
| AGREE (v),<br>AGREES,<br>AGREED,<br>AGREED   | To be consistent with  | THE INDICATIONS<br>MUST AGREE WITH<br>THE VALUES IN TABLE<br>1001.                      |   |
| ahead (adv)                                  | FORWARD (adv)  | WHEN YOU INSTALL<br>THE ANTENNA, THE<br>ALIGNMENT ARROW<br>MUST POINT<br>FORWARD.       | When you install the antenna, the alignment arrow must point ahead. |
| AID (n)                                      | Help that is given   | IF YOU GET THIS CHEMICAL SOLUTION INTO YOUR EYES, GET MEDICAL AID IMMEDIATELY.          |   |
| aid (v)                                      | HELP (v)   | APPLY SAND TO THE PLANKS TO HELP WITH TIRE TRACTION.                                    | Apply sand to the planks to aid tire traction.                      |
| aim (v)                                      | POINT (v)  | DO NOT POINT THE<br>HOSE AT PERSONS.  | Do not aim the hose at persons.                                     |
| AIRBORNE (adj)                               | In, or used in, flight   | POSITION 2 OF THE<br>SWITCH GIVES A<br>SIGNAL OF THE<br>AIRCRAFT AIRBORNE<br>CONDITION. |   |
| air-dry (v)                                  | DRY (v)  | DRY THE FILTER IN<br>THE AIR.   | Air-dry the filter.   |
| AIRFLOW (n)                                  | A flow of air  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>AIRFLOW IS NOT<br>MORE THAN 10<br>LITERS/MINUTE.                  |   |
| alert (v)                                    | TELL (v)   | TELL ALL PERSONS<br>TO GO AWAY FROM<br>THE AREA.  | Alert all persons to go away from the area.                         |
| ALIGN (v),<br>ALIGNS,<br>ALIGNED,<br>ALIGNED | To put or come into a specified position in relation to a line | ALIGN THE FLANGE<br>HOLES WITH THE<br>STUDS.  |   |
|  |  | ALL THREE BRACKET<br>HOLES MUST ALIGN<br>WITH THE FUEL TUBE.                            |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| alignment (n)            | ALIGN (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>KEYWAY IS AT THE<br>TOP AND ALIGNS<br>WITH THE PEG.               | Ensure that the keyway is at the top and in alignment with the peg.          |
| ALL (adj)                | Full quantity  | DRAIN ALL THE<br>FLUIDS.  |  |
| allocate (v)             | GIVE (v)   | GIVE THE DIFFERENT<br>MAINTENANCE TASKS<br>TO THE APPROVED<br>TECHNICIANS.              | Allocate the different maintenance tasks to the approved technicians.        |
| allow (v)                | LET (v)  | DO NOT LET THE<br>CABLE TOUCH THE<br>FLOOR.   | Do not allow the cable to touch the floor.                                   |
| allowable (adj)          | PERMITTED (adj)  | THE MAXIMUM PERMITTED DIFFERENCE IS 5 mm.   | The maximum allowable difference is 5 mm.                                    |
|                          | APPROVED (adj)   | THE VALUES MUST<br>NOT BE MORE THAN<br>THE APPROVED<br>DIFFERENCES GIVEN<br>IN TABLE 1. | The values must not be more than the allowable differences given in table 1. |
| ALMOST (adv)             | Near the limit or the value                                | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>PRESSURE IN THE<br>CABIN IS ALMOST<br>ZERO.                       |  |
| ALONG (prep)             | In a line parallel with the length or direction of         | MOVE THE<br>TENSIOMETER ALONG<br>THE CABLE.   |  |
| already (adv)            | IN PROGRESS (adv)  | THE DATABASE<br>SYNCHRONIZATION IS<br>IN PROGRESS.                                      | The database is already synchronizing.                                       |
|                          | NO OTHER   | YOU CAN DO THIS<br>REPAIR PROCEDURE<br>ONLY IF THERE IS NO<br>OTHER DAMAGE.             | Only do this repair procedure if there is not already damage.                |
|                          | Frequently, an alternative for this word is not necessary. | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SOFTWARE IS<br>INSTALLED IN THE<br>REPOSITORY.                    | Make sure that the software is already installed in the repository.          |
| ALSO (adv)               | In addition  | ALSO DO THE<br>APPLICABLE STEPS<br>OF THIS PROCEDURE.                                   |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| alter (v)                | CHANGE (v)  | IT IS POSSIBLE THAT<br>THE INSTALLATION OF<br>THE CONNECTOR<br>PINS CHANGED THE<br>ROUTING OF THE<br>CABLE LOOM. | It is possible that the installation of the connector pins altered the routing of the cable loom. |
| alteration (n)           | CHANGE (v)  | IF YOU CHANGE THIS<br>REPAIR PROCEDURE,<br>GET APPROVAL OF<br>THE DESIGN<br>AUTHORITY.                           | The alteration to this repair procedure must get approval of the Design Authority.                |
| alternate (adj)          | ALTERNATIVE (adj)   | AN ALTERNATIVE<br>REPAIR IS AVAILABLE.   | An alternate repair is available.   |
|                          | EACH SECOND   | EACH SECOND<br>SQUARE IS RED.  | Alternate squares are red.  |
| alternate (v)            | THEN (adv)  | DO THE PILOT'S INSTRUMENT TEST AND THEN THE COPILOT'S TEST.  | Alternate between pilot's and copilot's instrument test.  |
| alternately (adv)        | IN ONE (TN) AND<br>THEN THE OTHER   | TO MAKE PIN<br>REMOVAL EASIER,<br>MANUALLY TURN THE<br>CANOPY IN ONE<br>DIRECTION AND THEN<br>IN THE OTHER.      | To make pin removal easier, manually turn the canopy alternately in the two directions.           |
| ALTERNATIVE<br>(adj)     | That gives a choice   | YOU CAN USE<br>ALTERNATIVE<br>MATERIALS.   |   |
| ALTERNATIVE (n)          | One of two or more objects or processes that have the same or almost the same properties or functions |  |   |
| alternatively (adv)      | ALTERNATIVE (n)   | YOU CAN DO TEST B<br>AS AN ALTERNATIVE.  | Alternatively, you can do test B.   |
| ALTHOUGH (conj)          | In spite of the fact that   | ALTHOUGH THE<br>PRESSURE<br>DECREASES, THE<br>VALVE MUST STAY<br>CLOSED.   |   |
| ALWAYS (adv)             | At all times  | ALWAYS KEEP THE<br>BRIGHTNESS<br>CONTROL ON THE<br>LCD DISPLAY AT<br>MAXIMUM.                                    |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| amend (v)                | CHANGE (v)                          | IF IT IS NECESSARY TO CHANGE THE REPAIR SCHEME, GET THE APPROVAL OF THE DESIGN AUTHORITY.  | If it is necessary to<br>amend the Repair<br>Scheme, get the<br>approval of the Design<br>Authority.     |
| amendment (n)            | CHANGE (n)                          | THE DESIGN AUTHORITY MUST GIVE APPROVAL TO THE CHANGES THAT YOU MAKE TO THE REPAIR SCHEME. | The Design Authority must approve the amendments that you make to the Repair Scheme.                     |
|                          | CHANGE (v)                          | IF IT IS NECESSARY TO CHANGE THE REPAIR SCHEME, GET THE APPROVAL OF THE DESIGN AUTHORITY.  | If an amendment to the<br>Repair Scheme is<br>necessary, get the<br>approval of the Design<br>Authority. |
| among (prep)             | IN (prep)                           | IF THERE ARE METAL<br>PARTICLES IN THE<br>SAMPLES, REPLACE<br>THE PUMP.                    | If there are metal particles among the samples, replace the pump.  |
| amount (n)               | QUANTITY (n)                        | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>QUANTITY OF FUEL IN<br>THE TANK IS NOT<br>MORE THAN 500<br>LITERS.   | Make sure that the amount of fuel in the tank is not more than 500 liters.                               |
| AN (art)                 | Function word: indefinite article   | MAKE AN ENTRY IN<br>THE LOGBOOK.   |  |
| ANALOG (adj)             | Of data given by pointers and dials | THE PRE-MOD UNIT<br>HAS ANALOG<br>INDICATORS.  |  |
| analyze (v)              | ANALYSIS (TN)                       | MAKE AN ANALYSIS<br>OF THE OIL.  | Analyze the oil sample.  |
| anchor (v)               | ATTACH (v)                          | THE STRAPS ARE<br>ATTACHED TO A<br>FULL-LENGTH RAIL.                                       | The straps are anchored to a full-length rail.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                        | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| ancillary (adj)          | AUXILIARY (adj)  | THE ENGINE AND ALL<br>AUXILIARY<br>EQUIPMENT USE THE<br>SAME LUBRICANT.                                       | The engine and all ancillary equipment use the same lubricant.        |
|                          | SECONDARY (adj)  | DO AN OPERATIONAL<br>CHECK OF THE<br>SECONDARY<br>CONTROLS.   | Do an operational check of the ancillary controls.                    |
| AND (conj)               | Function word used to connect words, phrases, or clauses | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>FLAPS ARE<br>RETRACTED AND THE<br>AILERON TRIM<br>HANDWHEEL IS IN<br>THE ZERO POSITION. |   |
| ANGULAR (adj)            | That has one or more angles                              | MAKE SURE THAT THE ANGULAR POSITION IS CORRECT.   |   |
| annotation (n)           | WRITE (v)  | WRITE THE<br>TEMPERATURE VALUE<br>ON THE ENGINE LOG<br>CARD.  | Make an annotation of the temperature on the Engine Log Card.         |
|                          | RECORD (v)   | RECORD THE<br>TEMPERATURE VALUE<br>ON THE ENGINE LOG<br>CARD.   | Make an annotation of the temperature on the Engine Log Card.         |
| annunciate (v)           | SHOW (v)   | THE DISPLAY SHOWS<br>A FAULT MESSAGE.   | The display annunciates a fault message.                              |
| another (adj)            | ONE (TN) MORE  | INSTALL ONE MORE<br>WASHER BETWEEN<br>THE NUT AND THE<br>SURFACE.   | Install another washer between the nut and the surface.               |
|                          | DIFFERENT (adj)  | REFER TO DETAIL C<br>ON FIG. 4 FOR A<br>DIFFERENT<br>PROCEDURE TO<br>ATTACH THE CABLE.                        | Refer to detail C on Fig. 4 for another way of attaching the cable.   |
|                          | AGAIN (adv)  | BEFORE YOU TRY TO<br>START THE ENGINE<br>AGAIN, MAKE SURE<br>THAT THE AREA IS<br>SAFE.                        | Before you try another engine start, make sure that the area is safe. |
| anticlockwise (adv)      | COUNTERCLOCKWISE (adv)                                   | TURN THE CAP<br>COUNTERCLOCKWISE.   | Turn the cap anticlockwise.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| any (adj)                | Frequently, an alternative for this word is not necessary. | IF YOU HAVE<br>QUESTIONS ABOUT<br>THIS DOCUMENT,<br>SEND AN E-MAIL TO<br>THE ADDRESS THAT<br>FOLLOWS: | If you have any questions about this document, send an e-mail to the address that follows: |
| any (pron)               | ONE (TN)   | REMOVE ONE OF THE FOUR BOLTS.   | Remove any of the four bolts.  |
| anytime (adv)            | WHEN (conj)  | WHEN YOU USE THE EMERGENCY PUMP, RECORD THE TIME OF OPERATION.  | Anytime you use the emergency pump, record the time of operation.                          |
| APART (adv)              | At a distance (not specified) from                         | MOVE THE CABLE<br>STRANDS APART.  |  |
| aperture (n)             | OPENING (n)  | GET ACCESS TO THE<br>CONTROL UNIT<br>THROUGH THE<br>OPENING IN THE SIDE<br>OF THE TANK.               | Get access to the control unit through the aperture in the side of the tank.               |
| apparent (adj)           | SEE (v)  | IF YOU SEE<br>DISCOLORATION,<br>REPLACE THE PART.   | If discoloration is apparent, replace the part.  |
|                          | FIND (v)   | IF YOU FIND A CRACK,<br>DO THE APPLICABLE<br>REPAIR PROCEDURE.  | If a crack is apparent, do the applicable repair procedure.                                |
| appear (v)               | SHOW (v)   | A WARNING FLAG<br>SHOWS IN THE<br>WINDOW.   | A warning flag appears in the window.  |
|                          | VIEW (n)   | WHEN YOU PULL THE<br>LOWER BEARING<br>DOWN, THE LOWER<br>SEAL COMES INTO<br>VIEW.                     | The lower seal appears when you pull the lower bearing down.                               |
|                          | THINK (v)  | IF YOU THINK THAT<br>THE ENGINE IS TOO<br>HOT, TURN THE<br>SWITCH TO "OFF."                           | If the engine appears to be too hot, turn the switch to off.                               |
|                          | POSSIBLE (adj)   | IF IT IS POSSIBLE THAT THE TEMPERATURE VALUES ARE INCORRECT, DECREASE THE POWER.                      | If it appears that the temperature values are incorrect, decrease the power.               |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|---|---|--|
| APPLICABLE (adj)                              | Correct or satisfactory for the task  | REFER TO THE TABLE<br>THAT FOLLOWS FOR<br>THE APPLICABLE<br>TORQUE VALUES.        |  |
| application (n)                               | APPLY (v)   | APPLY THE SEALANT<br>WITH A WOODEN<br>SPATULA.                                    | The application of sealant must be carried out with a wooden spatula.  |
| APPLY (v),<br>APPLIES,<br>APPLIED,<br>APPLIED | To put or spread something on   | APPLY THE SEALING COMPOUND.   |  |
|   | 2. To use something (for example, pressure, force, load) to cause an effect | APPLY A FORCE OF<br>100 N ON THE END OF<br>THE LEVER.                             |  |
| appoint (v)                                   | TELL (v)  | TELL TWO PERSONS<br>TO BE PREPARED TO<br>OPERATE THE FIRE<br>EXTINGUISHERS.       | Appoint two persons to be prepared to operate the fire extinguishers.  |
| approach (v)                                  | GO NEAR   | IF IT IS NECESSARY<br>TO GO NEAR THE<br>ENGINE EXHAUST,<br>USE EAR<br>PROTECTION. | If it is necessary to approach the engine exhaust, use ear protection. |
| appropriate (adj)                             | APPLICABLE (adj)  | LOCK THE WASHER<br>WITH THE<br>APPLICABLE TABS.                                   | Lock the washer with the appropriate tabs.                             |
| APPROVAL (n)                                  | That which permits a person or a thing to do something                      | BEFORE YOU REPAIR<br>THIS UNIT, GET THE<br>APPROVAL OF THE<br>MANUFACTURER.       |  |
| approve (v)                                   | APPROVAL (n)  | APPROVAL FROM THE DESIGN AUTHORITY IS MANDATORY FOR ALL MODIFICATIONS.            | All modifications must be approved by the Design Authority.            |
| APPROVED (adj)                                | Permitted by an authority   | DO THE PROCEDURE<br>IN AN APPROVED<br>AREA.                                       |  |
| APPROXIMATE (adj)                             | Almost correct or accurate  | AN APPROXIMATE<br>VALUE IS<br>SATISFACTORY.                                       |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| APPROXIMATELY (adv)                  | Almost correct or accurate         | DRAIN<br>APPROXIMATELY<br>2 LITERS OF FUEL.   |   |
| AREA (n)                             | A specified surface or location    | DO NOT SMOKE IN<br>THE WORK AREA.   |   |
| arise (v)                            | OCCUR (v)                          | SHOCK LOADING OF<br>THE ENGINE CAN<br>OCCUR DURING A<br>HEAVY LANDING.                | Shock loading of the engine can arise from a heavy landing.                         |
|                                      | CAUSE (v)                          | A HEAVY LANDING<br>CAN CAUSE SHOCK<br>LOADING OF THE<br>ENGINE.                       | Shock loading of the engine can arise from a heavy landing.                         |
| ARM (v),<br>ARMS,<br>ARMED,<br>ARMED | To install armaments               | ARM THE AIRCRAFT.   |   |
|                                      | To prepare for automatic operation | SET THE SWITCH TO "CLOSE" TO ARM THE CIRCUIT.   |   |
| AROUND (prep)                        | On all sides of                    | PUT THE STRAP<br>CLAMPS AROUND THE<br>CYLINDER.                                       |   |
|                                      | For other meanings, use:           |   |   |
|                                      | APPROXIMATELY (adv)                | THE TEST BENCH IS<br>APPROXIMATELY 10<br>FEET FROM THE<br>DOOR.                       | The test bench is around 10 feet from the door.                                     |
| arrange (v)                          | PUT (v)                            | PUT THE<br>COMPONENTS IN THIS<br>SEQUENCE:  | Arrange the components in this order.   |
| arrangement (n)                      | CONFIGURATION (TN)                 | THE CONFIGURATION OF THE INSERTS IS RELATED TO THE DIMENSIONS OF THE CONNECTOR SHELL. | The arrangement of the inserts is related to the dimensions of the connector shell. |
|                                      | PREPARE (v)                        | PREPARE FOR THE<br>LEAK TEST.   | Make the arrangements for the leak test.  |
| arrest (v)                           | STOP (v)                           | STOP THE FLOW FOR<br>10 SECONDS.  | Arrest the flow for 10 seconds.   |
|                                      | HOLD (v)                           | A COTTER PIN HOLDS<br>THE ATTACHMENT<br>BAR.  | A cotter pin arrests the attachment bar.  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                      | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| arrive (v)               | GET (v)  | TO GET THE<br>CORRECT VALUE, SET<br>THE SWITCH TO<br>POSITION 2.                          | To arrive at the correct   |
| ARROW (n)                | A mark that has a point to show direction              | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>ARROW POINTS IN<br>THE DIRECTION OF<br>THE FUEL FLOW.               |  |
| article (n)              | OBJECT (n)   | MAKE SURE THAT THERE ARE NO LOOSE OBJECTS IN THE ENGINE AIR INTAKES.                      | Ensure that there are no loose articles in the engine air intakes.               |
| AS (prep)                | In the manner of, to the same quantity, equally        | DO NOT USE THE<br>CYLINDER AS A<br>SUPPORT.   |  |
| as (conj)                | BECAUSE (conj)   | THE PUMP DID NOT<br>OPERATE BECAUSE<br>THE SHAFT WAS<br>BROKEN.                           | The pump did not operate as the shaft was broken.                                |
|                          | WHILE (conj)  You can use:                             | WHILE YOU DO EACH<br>STEP OF THE VALVE<br>TEST, MAKE SURE<br>THAT THERE IS NO<br>LEAKAGE. | As you do each step of<br>the valve test, make sure<br>that there is no leakage. |
|                          | AS FOLLOWS   | ASSEMBLE THE VALVE AS FOLLOWS:  |  |
|                          | AS NECESSARY   | SET THE LENGTH OF<br>THE CONTROL ROD<br>AS NECESSARY.                                     |  |
|                          | AS SHOWN   | MEASURE THE DEPTH<br>OF THE DENT AS<br>SHOWN IN FIGURE 4.                                 |  |
| AS AS (conj)             | Construction used to<br>show comparison or<br>relation | MOVE THE LEVER AS FAST AS POSSIBLE.   |  |
|                          | For "as long as," refer to "long (as long as)."        |   |  |
| ascertain (v)            | MAKE SURE (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>LIGHT IS OFF.   | Ascertain that the light is off.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|---|---|
| ask (v)  | TELL (v)   | TELL THE DRIVER TO<br>SET THE SWITCH TO<br>OFF.                             | Ask the driver to set the switch to off.                    |
|  | SPEAK (v)  | SPEAK TO THE LOCAL<br>AIR TRAFFIC<br>CONTROLLER.                            | Ask the local air traffic controller.                       |
| ASSEMBLE (v),<br>ASSEMBLES,<br>ASSEMBLED,<br>ASSEMBLED | To attach, connect, or put together the parts of something | ASSEMBLE THE<br>VALVE AS FOLLOWS:   |   |
| ASSEMBLY (n)   | Items that are connected for a specified function          | REMOVE THE WHEEL<br>BRAKE ASSEMBLY<br>FROM THE AXLE.                        |   |
| assess (v)   | CALCULATE (v)  | CALCULATE THE<br>QUANTITY OF FUEL<br>THAT IS NECESSARY.                     | Assess the quantity of fuel that is necessary.              |
|  | ESTIMATE (n)   | MAKE AN ESTIMATE<br>OF THE DAMAGE.  | Assess the damage.  |
| assessment (n)   | ESTIMATE (n)   | MAKE AN ESTIMATE<br>OF THE DAMAGE.  | Carry out an assessment of the damage.                      |
|  | CALCULATE (v)  | CALCULATE THE<br>NUMBER OF SHIMS<br>THAT ARE<br>NECESSARY.                  | Do an assessment of the number of shims that are necessary. |
| assign (v)   | GIVE (v)   | GIVE A CODE TO EACH CONNECTOR.  | Assign a code to each connector.                            |
| assist (v)   | HELP (v)   | KEEP THE DATA TO<br>HELP YOU WITH<br>SUBSEQUENT<br>PROCEDURES.              | Keep the data to assist subsequent procedures.              |
| assistance (n)   | AID (n)  | FOR THIS STEP, MAKE<br>SURE THAT YOU HAVE<br>THE AID OF ONE<br>MORE PERSON. |   |
|  | HELP (v)   | FOR THIS STEP, MAKE<br>SURE THAT ONE<br>PERSON HELPS YOU.                   | For this step, you must have the assistance of one person.  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| associated (adj)         | CORRECT (adj)   | INSTALL THE DUMP<br>VALVE AND THE<br>CORRECT GASKET.                                  | Install the dump valve with the associated gasket.                                |
|                          | RELATED (adj)   | REMOVE THE PANELS<br>FROM THE RELATED<br>DOORS.                                       | Remove the panels from the associated doors.                                      |
|                          | ITS (adj)   | REMOVE THE BOLT AND ITS WASHER.   | Remove the bolt and the associated washer.  |
|                          | THEIR (adj)   | REMOVE THE EIGHT<br>BOLTS AND THEIR<br>WASHERS.                                       | Remove the eight bolts and the associated washers.                                |
| assume (v)               | THINK (v)   | IF YOU THINK THAT<br>YOU CAN REPAIR THE<br>DAMAGE, REFER TO<br>THE REPAIR SECTION.    | If damage is assumed to be repairable, refer to the repair section.               |
| assure (v)               | MAKE SURE (v)   | USE A PLUMB LINE TO<br>MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>WALL IS VERTICAL.                        | Use a plumb line to assure that the wall is vertical.                             |
| as to (prep)             | ABOUT (prep)  | REFER TO TABLE 7001<br>FOR INFORMATION<br>ABOUT HOW THE<br>PIVOT ASSEMBLY IS<br>MADE. | Refer to Table 7001 for information as to the construction of the pivot assembly. |
| asymmetric (adj)         | NOT SYMMETRICAL   | IF THE RESULT THAT<br>YOU GET IS NOT<br>SYMMETRICAL, DO A<br>RIGGING TEST.            | If you get an asymmetric result, do a rigging test.                               |
| AT (prep)                | Function word that shows the location, position, direction, or time that something occurs | DISCONNECT THE<br>HOSE AT THE PITOT<br>HEAD.  |   |
|                          |   | AT APPROXIMATELY<br>300 KNOTS, THE<br>LIGHT COMES ON.                                 |   |
|                          |   | WITH THE<br>NOSEWHEEL AT<br>30 DEG. TO THE<br>CENTER LINE, SET<br>THE LEVER TO "UP."  |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                             | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|---|---|--|---|
| ATTACH (v),<br>ATTACHES,<br>ATTACHED,<br>ATTACHED | To stay together or to cause different items to stay together | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>LABEL FULLY<br>ATTACHES TO THE<br>SURFACE AND THAT<br>THERE ARE NO<br>BUBBLES. |   |
|   |   | TEMPORARILY<br>ATTACH THE CABLE<br>TO THE ADJACENT<br>STRUCTURE.                                     |   |
| attachment (n)                                    | ATTACH (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>DUCT IS CORRECTLY<br>ATTACHED TO THE<br>FILTER.                                | Make sure that the attachment of the duct to the filter is correct. |
| attain (v)  | SHOW (v)  | WHEN THE<br>VOLTMETER SHOWS<br>28 VOLTS DC, THE<br>RELAY CLOSES.                                     | When 28 volts DC is attained, the relay closes.                     |
|   | BE (v)  | WHEN THE VOLTAGE<br>IS 28 VOLTS DC, THE<br>RELAY CLOSES.   | When 28 volts DC is attained, the relay closes.                     |
|   | GET (v)   | WHEN YOU GET<br>28 VOLTS DC, THE<br>RELAY CLOSES.  | When 28 volts DC is attained, the relay closes.                     |
| attempt (n)                                       | TRY (v)   | TRY TO LIFT THE<br>COVER MANUALLY.   | Make an attempt to lift the cover manually.                         |
| attempt (v)                                       | TRY (v)   | TRY TO FIND THE DEFECT.  | Attempt to find the defect.   |
| attention (n)                                     | AID (n)   | IF YOU GET PAINT<br>SPRAY IN YOUR EYES,<br>GET MEDICAL AID.  | If you get paint spray in your eyes, get medical attention.         |
|   | CAREFUL (adj)   | BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU REMOVE THE CONTROL UNIT.   | Pay attention when you remove the control unit.                     |
|   | MONITOR (v)   | MONITOR THE RESULTS.   | Pay attention to the results.                                       |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                         | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| audible (adj)            | HEAR (v)  | IF YOU CANNOT HEAR<br>THE ALARM, ADJUST<br>THE VOLUME<br>CONTROL.                            | If the alarm is not audible, adjust the volume control.                                       |
|                          | LISTEN (v)  | LISTEN FOR AIR<br>LEAKAGE FROM THE<br>LINES.   | Check the lines for audible air leakage.  |
| augment (v)              | INCREASE (v)  | A MIXTURE OF WATER<br>AND METHANOL<br>INCREASES THE<br>POWER OF THE<br>ENGINE.               | A mixture of water and methanol augments the power of the engine.                             |
| aurally (adv)            | LISTEN (v)  | LISTEN TO MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE FLUID<br>FLOWS.  | Check aurally to ensure fluid flow.   |
|                          | HEAR (v)  | YOU CAN HEAR THE<br>WARNING IN THE<br>COCKPIT.   | The warning is given aurally in the cockpit.  |
| authentic (adj)          | ACCURATE (adj)  | IF THE ADJUSTMENT OF THE STOPS IS NOT CORRECT, THE RESULTS OF THE TEST WILL NOT BE ACCURATE. | If the adjustment of the stops is not correct, the results of the test will not be authentic. |
| AUTHORITY (n)            | An official organization that gives approval to something | BEFORE YOU CHANGE<br>THE PROCEDURE,<br>GET THE APPROVAL<br>OF THE DESIGN<br>AUTHORITY.       |   |
| authorized (adj)         | APPROVED (adj)  | ONLY APPROVED PERSONS ARE PERMITTED TO STAY IN THIS AREA.                                    | Only authorized persons are permitted to stay in this area.                                   |
| AUTOMATIC (adj)          | That operates without other input                         | THE AUTOMATIC<br>SYSTEM WILL OPEN<br>THE DOORS.  |   |
| AUTOMATICALLY (adv)      | That operates without other input                         | THE FUEL FLOW<br>STOPS<br>AUTOMATICALLY.   |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES          | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| AUXILIARY (adj)          | That operates in a secondary function      | LUBRICANTS FOR THE<br>ENGINE AND THE<br>AUXILIARY<br>EQUIPMENT ARE THE<br>SAME.                   |   |
|                          | 2. That gives help                         | USE AUXILIARY<br>SCREWS TO<br>ASSEMBLE THE UNIT<br>TEMPORARILY.                                   |   |
| AVAILABLE (adj)          | Prepared or supplied for you to use        | IF ELECTRICAL POWER IS AVAILABLE, DO A CONTINUITY CHECK.  |   |
| avert (v)                | PREVENT (v)                                | IF THE MICROSWITCH BECOMES UNSERVICEABLE, DEACTIVATE THE ACTUATOR TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE VALVE. | If the microswitch becomes unserviceable, deactivate the actuator to avert damage to the valve. |
| avoid (v)                | PREVENT (v)                                | TURN THE CONTROLS<br>SLOWLY TO PREVENT<br>DAMAGE.   | Turn the controls slowly to avoid damage.   |
|                          | DO NOT                                     | DO NOT PUSH ON THE SEALS.   | Avoid pushing on the seals.   |
| aware (adj)              | KNOW (v)                                   | ALL PERSONNEL<br>MUST KNOW THE<br>HEALTH RISKS.   | All personnel must be aware of the health risks.  |
|                          | TELL (v)                                   | TELL ALL PERSONNEL<br>ABOUT THE NEW<br>RULES.   | All personnel must be aware of the new rules.   |
| AWAY FROM<br>(prep)      | In or to a different position or direction | DO THE WORK IN AN<br>AREA AWAY FROM<br>EQUIPMENT OR<br>METAL FRAME<br>BUILDINGS.                  |   |
| AXIAL (adj)              | Related to an axis                         | DO STEPS 1 THRU 4<br>TO MAKE SURE THAT<br>NO AXIAL LOAD IS ON<br>THE ROD.                         |   |
| AXIALLY (adv)            | Related to an axis                         | APPLY THE LOAD<br>AXIALLY.  |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)       | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| back (adj)                     | REAR (adj)   | DISCONNECT THE<br>CABLE FROM THE<br>REAR SIDE OF THE<br>INSTRUMENT.                          | Disconnect the cable from the back side of the instrument.     |
| BACK (adv)                     | To an initial condition  | MOVE THE ENGINE<br>THROTTLE BACK TO<br>60% RPM.  |  |
| back (n)                       | REAR (n)   | THE CONTROL UNIT IS AT THE REAR.   | The control unit is at the back.                               |
| back and forth<br>(adv)        | DIRECTION (n)  | MOVE THE SLEEVE IN<br>THE PISTON TO ONE<br>DIRECTION AND THEN<br>BACK AGAIN.                 | Move the sleeve back and forth in the piston.                  |
| back off (v)                   | LOOSEN (v)   | DO NOT LOOSEN THE<br>NUT TO ALIGN IT.  | Do not back off the nut to obtain alignment.                   |
| backup (n)                     | EMERGENCY (n)  | IN AN EMERGENCY,<br>THE ONE-SHOT<br>BATTERY SUPPLIES<br>DC POWER.                            | The one-shot battery is a backup for the DC electrical supply. |
|                                | AUXILIARY (adj)  | USE AUXILIARY<br>SCREWS TO<br>ASSEMBLE THE UNIT<br>TEMPORARILY.                              | Use some screws as a backup to assemble the unit temporarily.  |
| backward (adv)                 | REARWARD (adv)   | MOVE THE LEVER<br>REARWARD.  | Move the lever backward.                                       |
| BAD (adj)<br>(WORSE,<br>WORST) | Not satisfactory  Do not use this word if more accurate and clear words are available. | REFER TO CHAPTER 6<br>FOR INSTRUCTIONS<br>ABOUT HOW TO PARK<br>IN BAD WEATHER<br>CONDITIONS. |  |
|                                |  | IF THE LENGTH OF<br>THE CRACK IS MORE<br>THAN THE PERMITTED<br>LIMIT, REPLACE THE<br>PART.   | If the crack is bad, replace the part.                         |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES     | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| badly (adv)  | INCORRECTLY (adv)                     | IF THE SLEEVE IS<br>INCORRECTLY<br>ATTACHED, ADJUST<br>IT.                          | If the sleeve is badly attached, adjust it.                    |
|  | UNSATISFACTORILY<br>(adv)             | DISCARD ALL SEALS<br>WHICH ARE<br>UNSATISFACTORILY<br>BONDED.                       | Discard all seals which are badly bonded.                      |
|  | DECREASE (v)                          | FUEL LEAKS CAN<br>DECREASE ENGINE<br>PERFORMANCE.                                   | A fuel leak can cause the engine to operate badly.             |
| BALANCE (v),<br>BALANCES,<br>BALANCED,<br>BALANCED | To make equal                         | BALANCE THE<br>ELECTRICAL LOADS<br>ON EACH<br>GENERATOR.                            |  |
| bank (v)   | BANK (TN)                             | THE V-BARS GIVE THE INDICATION FOR A BANK.  | The V-BARS indicate the command to bank.                       |
| BARE (adj)   | Without a surface layer or protection | BARE METAL<br>SURFACES ARE<br>USUALLY<br>SATISFACTORY FOR<br>AN ELECTRICAL<br>BOND. |  |
| bared (adj)  | BARE (adj)                            | GIVE TEMPORARY<br>PROTECTION TO<br>AREAS OF BARE<br>METAL.                          | Give temporary protection to areas of bared metal.             |
| base (n)   | BOTTOM (n)                            | MAKE SURE THAT THE TWO SPIGOTS AT THE BOTTOM OF THE UNIT ENGAGE.                    | Make sure that the two spigots at the base of the unit engage. |
| base (v)   | USE (v)                               | USE THE TORQUE<br>VALUES GIVEN IN<br>CHAPTER 10.                                    | Base the torque values on those given in Chapter 10.           |
| BASIC (adj)  | Approved minimum                      | THIS MODIFICATION<br>CHANGES THE BASIC<br>CONFIGURATION OF<br>THE SYSTEM.           |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                      | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                                |
|--|--|--|--|
| BE (v),<br>IS, WAS,<br>(also ARE, WERE)  No other verb<br>forms. | 1. To occur, exist                                     | IF THERE IS<br>CORROSION ON THE<br>PUMP VANES,<br>REPLACE THE PUMP.                  |  |
|  | To have a property, to be equal to                     | ACID SOLUTIONS ARE DANGEROUS.  |  |
| BECAUSE (conj)   | As a result of   | BECAUSE THE FLUID<br>LEVEL IS INCORRECT,<br>THE SYSTEM WILL<br>NOT OPERATE.          |  |
| BECAUSE OF (prep)  | As a result of   | IF YOU CANNOT<br>REMOVE A BOLT<br>BECAUSE OF<br>CORROSION, APPLY<br>PENETRATING OIL. |  |
| BECOME (v),<br>BECOMES,<br>BECAME                                | To come to be  | THE SCREEN<br>BECOMES<br>AVAILABLE.  |  |
| No other verb forms.   |  |  |  |
| BEFORE (conj)  | That precedes a specified time, sequence, or operation | BEFORE YOU<br>DISCONNECT THE<br>COMPONENTS,<br>BLEED THE SYSTEM.                     |  |
| BEFORE (prep)  | That precedes a specified time, sequence, or operation | THE BAR MOVES<br>DOWN BEFORE<br>20 SECONDS.  |  |
| begin (v)  | START (v)  | INCREASE THE<br>PRESSURE UNTIL<br>THE FLOW STARTS<br>AGAIN.                          | Increase pressure until the flow begins again. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                    | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| beginning (n)                        | START (n)  | YOU CAN GET SLOW<br>MOVEMENT AT THE<br>START.                             | You can get slow movement at the beginning.                           |
|                                      | SOURCE (n)   | FIND THE SOURCE OF THE FUEL LEAKAGE.                                      | Find the beginning of the fuel leak.                                  |
|                                      | START (v)  | WHEN THE LEVER<br>STARTS TO MOVE,<br>THE MICROSWITCH<br>OPERATES.         | At the beginning of the lever movement, the microswitch will operate. |
| BEHIND (prep)                        | In a position at the rear of                         | THE PUMP IS INSTALLED BEHIND THE HYDRAULIC MOTOR.                         |   |
| below (adv)                          | FOLLOW (v)   | OBEY THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS THAT FOLLOW:                                  | Obey the safety precautions below:                                    |
|                                      | THESE (adj)  | OBEY THESE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:  | Obey the safety precautions below:                                    |
| BELOW (prep)                         | In (or to) a position farther down than something    | THE DATE IS<br>WRITTEN BELOW THE<br>CYLINDER NECK.                        |   |
|                                      | For other meanings, use:                             |   |   |
|                                      | LESS THAN  | MAKE SURE THAT THE DIAMETER OF THE HOLE IS LESS THAN THE SPECIFIED VALUE. | Make sure that the diameter of the hole is below the specified value. |
| BEND (n)                             | The area where something is bent                     | EXAMINE THE BENDS FOR CRACKS.   |   |
| BEND (v),<br>BENDS,<br>BENT,<br>BENT | To change or cause to change from straight to curved | BEND THE PIPE<br>CAREFULLY.   |   |
|                                      |  | THESE PARTS CAN EASILY BEND, BREAK OR BECOME INCORRECTLY ALIGNED.         |   |
| beneath (prep)                       | BELOW (prep)   | PUT THE JACK<br>BELOW THE AXLE.   | Put the jack beneath the axle.  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                         | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| beside (prep)                          | ADJACENT TO   | THE FUEL PUMP IS<br>ADJACENT TO THE<br>STRUCTURAL<br>SUPPORT.                  | The fuel pump is beside the structural support.                   |
| BETWEEN (prep)                         | Related to something before and after in time or position | MAKE SURE THAT THE STOPWATCH INDICATION IS BETWEEN 2 AND 4 MINUTES.            |   |
| beware (v)                             | CAREFUL (adj)   | BE CAREFUL OF<br>DANGEROUS<br>VOLTAGES.  | Beware of dangerous voltages.                                     |
| beyond (prep)                          | MORE THAN   | REPLACE ALL<br>COMPONENTS THAT<br>ARE WORN MORE<br>THAN THE MAXIMUM<br>LIMITS. | Replace all components that are worn beyond their maximum limits. |
| big (adj)                              | LARGE (adj)  If it is possible, give an accurate value.   | INSTALL THE LARGER<br>BOLTS.   | Install the bigger bolts.   |
| bind (v)                               | FREELY (adv)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THE VALVES MOVE<br>FREELY.                                   | Check that valves do not bind.                                    |
|  | WIND AROUND   | WIND TWO LAYERS<br>OF TAPE AROUND<br>THE PIPE JOINTS.                          | Bind the pipe joints with two layers of tape.                     |
| blank (v)                              | SEAL (v)  | SEAL THE HOSE.   | Blank the hose.   |
|  | CAP (TN)  | PUT A CAP ON THE CONNECTOR.  | Blank the connector.  |
|  | COVER (TN)  | PUT A COVER ON THE OUTLET PORT.  | Blank the outlet port.  |
| BLEED (v),<br>BLEEDS,<br>BLED,<br>BLED | To let a gas out of                                       | BLEED THE<br>SPEEDBRAKE<br>HYDRAULIC SYSTEM.                                   |   |
| blend (v)                              | MIX (v)   | MIX THE ADHESIVE<br>WITH THE<br>HARDENER.                                      | Blend the adhesive with the hardener.                             |



| Word<br>(part of speech)              | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| block (v)                             | CAUSE A BLOCKAGE   | MAKE SURE THAT THE SEALANT DOES NOT CAUSE A BLOCKAGE OF THE DRAIN.          | Check that the sealant does not block the drain.          |
| BLOCKAGE (n)                          | That which prevents correct operation  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS NO<br>BLOCKAGE OF THE<br>PIPE.                   |   |
| BLOCKED (adj)                         | That prevents correct operation  | A BLOCKED OIL JET<br>CAN CAUSE<br>INCORRECT<br>OPERATION.                   |   |
| blot (v)                              | DRY (v)  | DRY THE SURFACE<br>WITH A TOWEL.  | Blot the surface with a towel.                            |
| BLOW (v),<br>BLOWS,<br>BLEW,<br>BLOWN | To cause gas to move   | BLOW DRY AIR<br>THROUGH THE FEED<br>TUBES.                                  |   |
| BLUNT (adj)                           | Not sharp  | REMOVE THE<br>SEALANT WITH A<br>BLUNT SCRAPER.                              |   |
| blunted (adj)                         | BLUNT (adj)  | EXAMINE THE STATIC<br>DISCHARGERS FOR<br>BENT AND BLUNT<br>PINS.            | Inspect the static dischargers for bent and blunted pins. |
| bolt (v)                              | ATTACH (v)<br>(WITH A BOLT [TN] OR<br>BOLTS [TN])                                | ATTACH THE TRACK<br>TO THE CHANNELS<br>WITH THE BOLTS.                      | Bolt the track to the channels.                           |
| BOND (n)                              | A connection     between structural     components for     electrical continuity | DO A RESISTANCE<br>CHECK OF THE<br>PRIMARY BONDS.                           |   |
|                                       | A firm connection with another material  | MAKE SURE THAT THE BOND BETWEEN THE HONEYCOMB CORE AND THE SKIN IS CORRECT. |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| BOND (v),<br>BONDS,<br>BONDED,<br>BONDED | To make an electrical bond                                       | THE STATIC DISCHARGER IS ELECTRICALLY BONDED TO THE FRAME.                     |  |
|  | To attach firmly or become firmly attached with another material | IF THE FILLER BONDS<br>TO THE TOOL, MAKE<br>THE TOOL MOIST<br>WITH COLD WATER. |  |
|  |  | WHEN YOU BOND THE MATERIALS, APPLY A THIRD LAYER OF ADHESIVE.                  |  |
| both (adj)                               | THE TWO (TN)   | ATTACH THE TWO<br>ENDS OF THE HOSE.  | Attach both ends of the hose.                          |
| BOTTOM (adj)                             | That is lowermost  | REMOVE THE<br>BOTTOM BOLT.   |  |
| BOTTOM (n)                               | The lowermost position   | THE DRAIN PLUG IS<br>AT THE BOTTOM OF<br>THE UNIT.                             |  |
| bottom (v)                               | TOUCH (v)  | OPEN THE DOOR<br>UNTIL IT TOUCHES<br>THE FLOOR.                                | Open the door until it bottoms on the floor.           |
| bounds (n)                               | LIMIT (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THE CLEARANCE IS IN<br>THE LIMITS.                           | Make sure that the clearance is in bounds.             |
| brace (v)                                | HOLD (v)   | SUPPORT STRUTS<br>HOLD THE FLOOR<br>STRUCTURE IN<br>POSITION.                  | Support struts brace the floor structure.              |
|  | STRONG (adj)   | REINFORCEMENT<br>PLATES MAKE THE<br>LAP JOINTS<br>STRONGER.                    | Reinforcement plates brace the lap joints.             |
| branch (v)                               | DIVIDE (v)   | THE PRESSURE<br>LINES DIVIDE IN<br>DIFFERENT<br>DIRECTIONS.                    | The pressure lines branch in different directions.     |
| breadth (n)                              | WIDTH (n)  | THE WIDTH OF THE<br>MATERIAL MUST BE<br>LARGER THAN 10 mm.                     | The breadth of the material must be larger than 10 mm. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                            | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| break (n)  | STOP (v)   | IF THE<br>TRANSMISSION<br>STOPS, CANCEL THE<br>TEST.                     | If there is a break in the transmission, cancel the test.          |
| BREAK (v),<br>BREAKS,<br>BROKE,<br>BROKEN          | To cause to separate or become separated into parts by force | BREAK THE BOND OF<br>THE SEALANT.  |  |
|  |  | IF THE SHEAR PIN<br>BREAKS, DO AN<br>INSPECTION OF THE<br>TOWBAR.        |  |
| breakdown (n)                                      | STOP (v)   | IF THE PRESSURE<br>SUPPLY STOPS,<br>CANCEL THE TEST.                     | If there is a breakdown in the pressure supply, cancel the test.   |
| BREATHE (v),<br>BREATHES,<br>BREATHED,<br>BREATHED | To get gas into or out of the lungs                          | DO NOT BREATHE<br>THE SOLVENT<br>FUMES.                                  |  |
|  |  | BREATHE INTO THE OXYGEN MASK.  |  |
| BRIGHT (adj)<br>(BRIGHTER,<br>BRIGHTEST)           | That gives much light  | THE NAVIGATION<br>LIGHTS CHANGE<br>FROM DIM TO<br>BRIGHT.                |  |
| BRIGHTLY (adv)                                     | In a bright manner   | THE LIGHTS COME ON BRIGHTLY.   |  |
| brilliance (n)                                     | INTENSITY (n)  | SET THE INTENSITY<br>TO THE MINIMUM.                                     | Set the brilliance to the minimum.                                 |
|  | BRIGHT (adj)   | TURN THE BRT<br>CONTROL<br>CLOCKWISE TO MAKE<br>THE DISPLAY<br>BRIGHTER. | Turn the BRT CONTROL clockwise to increase the display brilliance. |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES              | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                      |
|--|--|---|--|
| bring (v)                                | MOVE (v)                                       | MOVE THE PANEL INTO POSITION.                                     | Bring the panel into place.                          |
|  | PUT (v)  | PUT THE PANEL IN POSITION.  | Bring the panel into place.                          |
| briskly (adv)                            | QUICKLY (adv)                                  | RUB THE SURFACE<br>QUICKLY WITH A<br>SOFT, DRY CLOTH.             | Rub the surface briskly with a soft, dry cloth.      |
| broadcast (v)                            | TRANSMIT (v)                                   | TRANSMIT THE DATA<br>ON THE TWO<br>CHANNELS.                      | Broadcast the data on both channels.                 |
| brush (v)                                | BRUSH (TN)                                     | CLEAN THE FILTER<br>ELEMENT WITH A<br>BRUSH.                      | Brush the filter element to clean it.                |
|  |  | USE A BRUSH TO<br>CLEAN THE FILTER<br>ELEMENT.                    | Brush the filter element to clean it.                |
| brush on (v)                             | BRUSH (TN)                                     | APPLY THE PAINT<br>WITH A BRUSH.                                  | Brush the paint on.                                  |
| BUBBLE (n)                               | A small quantity of gas in a liquid or a solid | ADJUST THE<br>CLINOMETER UNTIL<br>THE BUBBLE IS IN<br>THE CENTER. |  |
| build (n)                                | STRUCTURE (n)                                  | THE WING<br>STRUCTURE GIVES<br>MAXIMUM FUEL<br>CAPACITY.          | The build of the wing allows maximum fuel storage.   |
| build (v)                                | ASSEMBLE (v)                                   | ASSEMBLE THE UNIT.  | Build the unit.                                      |
| bump (v)                                 | HIT (v)  | THE FUELING HOSE<br>MUST NOT HIT THE<br>EDGE OF THE TANK.         | The fueling hose must not bump the edge of the tank. |
| BURN (v),<br>BURNS,<br>BURNED,<br>BURNED | To cause or undergo combustion                 | THE TURBINE BURNS<br>FUEL.  |  |
|  |  | THE SEALANT BURNS<br>AT 109 DEG. F.                               |  |
|  | To cause injury or damage through heat         | HOT SURFACES CAN<br>BURN YOU.                                     |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|--|---|--|
| burst (v)   | BREAK (v)  | IF THE DISK BREAKS,<br>STOP THE SUPPLY.                           | If the disk bursts, switch off the supply.                   |
| BUT (conj)  | On the contrary  | TIGHTEN THE NUTS,<br>BUT DO NOT TORQUE<br>THEM AT THIS TIME.      |  |
| butt (v)  | TOUCH (v)  | THE WIRE MUST<br>TOUCH THE REAR OF<br>THE CONTACT.                | The wire must butt against the rear of the contact.          |
| BY (prep)   | Mathematical function word   | DIVIDE THE VALUE BY TWO.  |  |
|   |  | INCREASE THE TEMPERATURE BY 10 DEGREES.                           |  |
| by means of (prep)                                | WITH (prep)  | PRESSURIZE THE<br>SYSTEM TO 150 bar<br>WITH THE HAND<br>PUMP.     | By means of the hand pump, pressurize the system to 150 bar. |
| BYPASS (v),<br>BYPASSES,<br>BYPASSED,<br>BYPASSED | To change a circuit so that it goes past something instead of through it | IN THIS CONFIGURATION, THE HYDRAULIC PRESSURE BYPASSES THE VALVE. |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| CALCULATE (v),<br>CALCULATES,<br>CALCULATED,<br>CALCULATED | To find a result by mathematics  | CALCULATE THE<br>PERCENTAGE WITH<br>THE APPLICABLE<br>FORMULA.        |  |
| calculation (n)  | CALCULATE (v)  | THE SYSTEM CALCULATES DATA THAT ARE APPLICABLE ONLY TO A TYPE B UNIT. | Data from the system calculations apply only to a Type B unit. |
| CALIBRATE (v),<br>CALIBRATES,<br>CALIBRATED,<br>CALIBRATED | To measure and adjust the precision of something                                     | CALIBRATE THE<br>THERMOMETER TO<br>THE CELSIUS SCALE.                 |  |
| CALIBRATION (n)  | The procedure that calibrates  | WRITE THE RESULTS OF THE CALIBRATION ON THE CORRECTION CHART.         |  |
| call (v)   | TELL (v)   | TELL THE RAMP<br>AGENT TO REMOVE<br>THE CHOCKS.                       | Call the ramp agent to remove the chocks.                      |
| CAN (v),<br>CAN,<br>COULD  No other verb forms.            | Auxiliary modal verb that means to be possible, to be able to, or to be permitted to | A MIXTURE OF FUEL<br>AND OXYGEN CAN<br>CAUSE AN<br>EXPLOSION.         |  |
|  |  | YOU CAN CLEAN THE DRAIN HOLES WITH THE CLEANING TOOL.                 |  |
|  |  | YOU CAN OPERATE THE VEHICLE AFTER THE INSPECTION IS COMPLETED.        |  |
|  | Do not use COULD (v) to show possibility   | IF YOU DO NOT OBEY<br>THIS WARNING, AN<br>EXPLOSION CAN<br>OCCUR.     | If you do not obey this warning, an explosion could occur.     |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                    | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| CANCEL (v),<br>CANCELS,<br>CANCELED,<br>CANCELED | To do the necessary<br>steps to stop a<br>process    | IF YOU<br>ACCIDENTALLY PUSH<br>THE SWITCH, CANCEL<br>THE START<br>SEQUENCE. |  |
|  | To remove the validity of something                  | THIS NEW REVISION<br>AUTOMATICALLY<br>CANCELS THE<br>PREVIOUS ONE.          |  |
| CANNOT (v)                                       | Auxiliary modal verb that means to not be able to    | THE WHEEL CANNOT<br>MOVE WHEN THE<br>LOCK IS ENGAGED.                       |  |
| cap (v)  | SEAL (v)   | SEAL ALL THE HOSES.   | Cap all the hoses.   |
|  | CAP (TN)   | PUT CAPS ON THE CONNECTORS.   | Cap the connectors.  |
|  | COVER (TN)   | PUT A COVER ON THE INLET PORT.  | Cap the inlet port.  |
| capability (n)                                   | FUNCTION (n)   | THESE FUNCTIONS OPEN THE APPLICABLE GRAPHIC DEVICE.                         | These capabilities open the applicable graphic device.                 |
|  | CAN (v)  | THE COMPUTER CAN CALCULATE THE RESULT AUTOMATICALLY.                        | The computer has the capability to calculate the result automatically. |
| capable (adj)                                    | APPROVED (adj)                                       | AN APPROVED PERSON MUST DO THE IMPORTANT CHECKS.                            | Vital checks are to be carried out by a capable person.                |
|  | CAN (v)  | THE POWER UNIT CAN SUPPLY 28 V DC.  | The power unit is capable of producing 28 V DC.                        |
| CAPACITY (n)                                     | The maximum quantity that something can hold or make | THE CAPACITY OF<br>THE TANK IS<br>564 LITERS.                               |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)    | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES         | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| care (n)                    | PRECAUTION (n)                            | WHEN YOU DO WORK<br>WITH HIGH<br>VOLTAGES, OBEY THE<br>SAFETY<br>PRECAUTIONS.       | You must take care when you work with high voltages.                              |
|                             | CAREFUL (adj)                             | BE CAREFUL WHEN<br>YOU INSTALL THE<br>NUTS.   | Take care when installing the nuts.   |
|                             | CAREFULLY (adv)                           | REMOVE THE<br>GEARBOX<br>CAREFULLY.   | Remove the gearbox with great care.   |
| CAREFUL (adj)               | With precaution                           | BE CAREFUL WHEN<br>YOU REMOVE THE<br>COVER.   |   |
| CAREFULLY (adv)             | In a careful manner                       | CAREFULLY APPLY A<br>BEAD OF SEALING<br>COMPOUND.                                   |   |
| carry (v)                   | TRANSMIT (v)                              | THE CABLE TRANSMITS THE ELECTRICAL ENERGY FROM THE IGNITION EXCITER TO THE IGNITER. | The cable carries the electrical energy from the ignition exciter to the igniter. |
|                             | TRANSPORT (TN)                            | THIS VEHICLE IS FOR THE TRANSPORT OF FIVE PASSENGERS.                               | This vehicle is meant to carry five passengers.                                   |
| carry out (v)               | DO (v)                                    | DO THE LEAK TEST.   | Carry out the leak test.  |
|                             | You can use a more accurate command verb. |   |   |
|                             | MEASURE (v)                               | MEASURE THE<br>CLEARANCE OF THE<br>IMPELLER.  | Carry out the clearance measurement of the impeller.                              |
| case (n)                    | CONDITION (n)                             | FIGURE 1 SHOWS THE<br>DATA FOR ALL<br>OPERATIONAL<br>CONDITIONS.                    | The data for all operational cases are shown in Figure 1.                         |
| case (in case of)<br>(conj) | IF (conj)                                 | IF THERE IS A FIRE,<br>OPERATE THE CRASH<br>SWITCHES.                               | In case of a fire, operate the crash switches.                                    |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                    | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES            | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|---|--|--|--|
| CATCH (v),<br>CATCHES,<br>CAUGHT,<br>CAUGHT | To stop or prevent the movement of something | THE LUG ON THE PANEL OPENING CATCHES THE BOTTOM OF THE DRAWER.                       |  |
|   |  | DO NOT LET THE TOOL CATCH ON THE PANEL.  |  |
|   | For other meanings, use:                     |  |  |
|   | COLLECT (v)                                  | COLLECT THE<br>LEAKAGE IN A<br>GRADUATED BEAKER.                                     | Catch the leakage in a graduated beaker.                                   |
| categorize (v)                              | CATEGORY (TN)                                | THE TESTING EQUIPMENT DIVIDES THE FAULTS INTO CATEGORIES.                            | The testing equipment categorizes the faults.                              |
| CAUSE (n)                                   | Something that brings about a result         | DO THE TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE TO FIND THE CAUSE OF THE MALFUNCTION.               |  |
| CAUSE (v),<br>CAUSES,<br>CAUSED,<br>CAUSED  | To be the cause of                           | METAL OBJECTS CAN<br>CAUSE MAGNETIC<br>INTERFERENCE.                                 |  |
| caution (v)                                 | TELL (v)                                     | TELL ALL PERSONNEL<br>NOT TO SMOKE NEAR<br>FUEL TANKS.                               | Caution all personnel not to smoke near fuel tanks.                        |
| cautiously (adv)                            | CAREFULLY (adv)                              | CAREFULLY FEEL THE<br>HEATER WITH YOUR<br>HANDS TO MAKE<br>SURE THAT IT<br>OPERATES. | Cautiously feel the heater with your hands to make sure that it operates.  |
| cavity (n)                                  | HOLE (n)                                     | FILL THE HOLE WITH<br>RESIN.   | Fill the cavity with resin.  |
|   | SPACE (n)                                    | FILL THE SPACE BETWEEN THE PATCH AND THE ADJACENT STRUCTURE WITH SEALANT.            | Fill the cavity between the patch and the adjacent structure with sealant. |
| cease (v)                                   | STOP (v)                                     | THE WARNING STOPS<br>AT 17 DEG.  | The warning ceases at 17 deg.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES        | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| center (v)                | CENTER (TN)                              | ALIGN THE PISTON<br>WITH THE CENTER OF<br>THE SLEEVE.                         | Center the piston in the sleeve.  |
| centralize (v)            | CENTER (TN)                              | SET THE CONTROLS<br>TO THE CENTER<br>POSITION.                                | Centralize the controls.  |
| certain (adj)             | SURE (adj)                               | IF YOU ARE NOT SURE<br>THAT THE RESULTS<br>ARE CORRECT, DO<br>THE TEST AGAIN. | If you are not certain that the results are correct, do the test again. |
|                           | SOME (adj)                               | SOME FUNCTIONS<br>ARE NOT AVAILABLE.  | Certain functions are not available.                                    |
|                           | SPECIFIED (adj)                          | THE SPECIFIED FUNCTIONS ARE NOT AVAILABLE.                                    | Certain functions are not available.                                    |
| certify (v)               | WRITE (v)                                | WRITE THE CHANGE<br>IN THE LOGBOOK.   | Certify the change in the logbook.                                      |
|                           | APPROVAL (n)                             | GET APPROVAL FROM<br>YOUR SUPERVISOR<br>FOR THE REPAIR.                       | Get the supervisor to certify the repair.                               |
| chafe (v)                 | RUB (v)                                  | DO NOT LET THE<br>WIRES RUB.  | Do not let the wires chafe.   |
| chafed (adj)              | WORN (adj)                               | EXAMINE THE TUBING FOR WORN AREAS.  | Examine the tubing for chafed areas.                                    |
| chance<br>(by chance) (n) | RISK (n)                                 | IF THERE IS A RISK OF<br>FUEL LEAKAGE, PUT A<br>CONTAINER BELOW<br>THE UNIT.  | If there is a chance of fuel leakage, put a container below the unit.   |
|                           | ACCIDENTALLY (adv)                       | IF THE LEVER MOVED ACCIDENTALLY, DO THE TEST AGAIN.                           | If, by chance, the lever moved, do the test again.                      |
| CHANGE (n)                | That which occurs when something changes | THE COLOR CHANGE<br>SHOWS THAT THE<br>TEMPERATURE IS<br>TOO HIGH.             |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                       | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| CHANGE (v),<br>CHANGES,<br>CHANGED,<br>CHANGED | To become or to cause to become different   | IF THE HUMIDITY<br>CHANGES<br>FREQUENTLY, PUT A<br>COVER ON THE UNIT.      |   |
|  | For other meanings, use:  | CHANGE THE COLOR OF THE DISPLAY.   |   |
|  | REPLACE (v)   | REPLACE THE DAMAGED VALVE.   | Change the damaged valve.   |
| channel (v)                                    | CHANNEL (TN)  | INSTALL THE WIRES<br>IN THE CHANNEL<br>ALONG THE HOUSING.                  | Channel the wires along the housing.  |
| characteristic (n)                             | PROPERTY (n)  | THE PROPERTIES OF<br>THESE SEALANTS<br>PREVENT<br>CORROSION.               | The characteristics of these sealants prevent corrosion.                        |
|  | QUALITY (n)   | DO NOT USE THIS MATERIAL BECAUSE IT DOES NOT HAVE THE NECESSARY QUALITIES. | Do not use this material because it doesn't have the necessary characteristics. |
| CHARGE (v),<br>CHARGES,<br>CHARGED,<br>CHARGED | To accumulate or add electrical energy  | CHARGE THE<br>BATTERY.   |   |
|  |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE BATTERY CHARGES.  |   |
|  | For other meanings, use:  |  |   |
|  | FILL (v)  | FILL THE TANK WITH<br>10 LITERS OF<br>METHANOL.                            | Charge the tank with 10 liters of methanol.                                     |
|  | PRESSURIZE (v)  | PRESSURIZE THE ACCUMULATOR WITH NITROGEN.                                  | Charge the accumulator with nitrogen.   |
| CHECK (n)                                      | The procedure you do to make sure that something operates correctly or has no defects | DO A CHECK OF THE<br>HYDRAULIC SYSTEM.                                     |   |
|  |   | DO A CHECK FOR LOOSE FASTENERS.  |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| check (v)                | MAKE SURE (v)                     | MAKE SURE THAT IT<br>IS SAFE TO SUPPLY<br>ELECTRICAL POWER.             | Check that it is safe to supply electrical power.                        |
|                          | MEASURE (v)                       | MEASURE THE<br>DISTANCE BETWEEN<br>THE SURFACES.                        | Check the distance between the surfaces.                                 |
|                          | EXAMINE (v)                       | EXAMINE THE<br>CASTING FOR<br>CORROSION.                                | Check the casting for corrosion.   |
|                          | CHECK (n)                         | DO A LEAKAGE<br>CHECK OF THE<br>VALVE.                                  | Check the valve for leakage.   |
| CHEMICAL (adj)           | Related to a chemical             | REMOVE THE<br>CORROSION WITH AN<br>APPROVED CHEMICAL<br>COMPOUND.       |  |
| CHEMICALLY (adv)         | Related to a chemical             | REMOVE CORROSION CHEMICALLY.  |  |
| chip (n)                 | PARTICLE (n)                      | EXAMINE THE FILTER ELEMENT FOR METAL PARTICLES.                         | Examine the filter element for metal chips.                              |
| chip (v)                 | DAMAGED (adj)                     | IF THE ENAMEL IS<br>DAMAGED, REPLACE<br>THE UNIT.                       | If the enamel is chipped, replace the unit.                              |
| chock (v)                | CHOCK (TN)                        | PUT CHOCKS<br>AGAINST THE<br>WHEELS.                                    | Chock the wheels.  |
| choice (n)               | SELECTION (n)                     | MAKE A SELECTION FROM THE AVAILABLE SHIMS TO GET THE CORRECT THICKNESS. | Make a choice from the available shims to get the correct thickness.     |
|                          | ALTERNATIVE (adj)                 | TABLE 1 GIVES ALTERNATIVE ADHESIVES WHICH YOU CAN USE.                  | In Table 1, there is a choice of adhesives which you are allowed to use. |
| choose (v)               | SELECT (v)                        | SELECT THE<br>HYDRAULIC SYSTEM<br>THAT YOU WILL<br>PRESSURIZE.          | Choose the hydraulic system that you will pressurize.                    |
|                          | ALTERNATIVE (adj)                 | TABLE 1 GIVES A LIST<br>OF ALTERNATIVE<br>ADHESIVES.                    | Table 1 lists the adhesives which you can choose.                        |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|---|---|
| circa (prep)                                 | APPROXIMATELY (adv)                                 | PUT A CONTAINER<br>(APPROXIMATELY<br>5 LITERS) BELOW THE<br>WASTE WATER<br>OUTLET.                      | Put a container (circa 5 liters) under the waste water outlet.                                    |
| circle (v)                                   | AROUND (prep)                                       | THE POINTER MOVES AROUND THE DIAL.  | The pointer circles the dial.   |
| CIRCULAR (adj)                               | That has the shape of a circle                      | POLISH THE WINDOW WITH A CIRCULAR MOVEMENT.   |   |
| circulate (v)                                | SUPPLY (v)  | SUPPLY AIR AT 24 °C<br>TO THE AREA.   | Circulate air at 24 °C in the area.   |
| clamp (v)                                    | ATTACH (v)<br>(WITH A CLAMP [TN]<br>OR CLAMPS [TN]) | ATTACH THE<br>ADJACENT CABLES<br>WITH CLAMPS.   | Clamp the adjoining cables together.  |
|  | PUT (v)<br>(A CLAMP [TN] OR<br>CLAMPS [TN])         | PUT CLAMPS ON THE CABLE TO HOLD IT IN POSITION.   | Clamp the cable in position.  |
| classification (n)                           | CLASS (TN)  | THERE ARE FOUR<br>GENERAL CLASSES<br>OF FASTENERS.  | Fasteners can be separated into four general classifications.                                     |
|  | CATEGORY (TN)                                       | YOU CAN DIVIDE THE FASTENERS INTO FOUR GENERAL CATEGORIES.  | Fasteners can be separated into four general classifications.                                     |
| CLEAN (adj)                                  | That does not include dirt or unwanted material     | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>AREA IS CLEAN.  |   |
| CLEAN (v),<br>CLEANS,<br>CLEANED,<br>CLEANED | To remove dirt or unwanted materials                | CLEAN THE GASKET<br>CONTACT SURFACE.  |   |
| cleanliness (n)                              | CLEAN (adj)   | CONDITIONS FOR A SATISFACTORY BOND ARE: - A CLEAN SURFACE - A CORRECT TEMPERATURE - A CORRECT PRESSURE. | A satisfactory bond depends on the cleanliness of the surface, the temperature, and the pressure. |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                                  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| CLEAR (adj)              | Without blockage or interference   | MAKE SURE THAT THE PITOT AIR INLET IS CLEAR.                                 |  |
|                          | Easy to understand<br>and without<br>ambiguity                                       | ALWAYS GIVE CLEAR<br>INSTRUCTIONS<br>ABOUT SAFETY.                           |  |
|                          | For other meanings, use:   |  |  |
|                          | TRANSPARENT (adj)  | PUT THE UNIT IN A<br>TRANSPARENT<br>PLASTIC BAG.                             | Put the unit in a clear plastic bag.             |
| clear (v)                | CLEAN (v)  | CLEAN THE DRAIN<br>HOLE.   | Clear the drain hole.                            |
|                          | You can also use a different construction.   | LIFT THE SEAT UNTIL IT IS AWAY FROM THE TRACK LOCKS.                         | Lift the seat so that it clears the track locks. |
| CLEARANCE (n)            | The space between two objects that must be clear to make sure that they do not touch | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS CLEARANCE<br>BETWEEN THE LEVER<br>AND THE ROLLER. |  |
| CLEARLY (adv)            | In a clear and not ambiguous manner  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU CAN HEAR THE<br>SIGNALS CLEARLY AT<br>ALL STATIONS.    |  |
| CLICK (n)                | A short, sharp sound   | TURN THE ADJUSTER<br>FIVE CLICKS<br>CLOCKWISE.                               |  |
| click (v)                | CLICK (n)  | WHEN THE SOLENOID MAKES A CLICK, THE VALVE IS OPEN.                          | When the solenoid clicks, the valve is open.     |
| clip (v)                 | CUT (v)  | CUT THE WIRE TO<br>THE CORRECT<br>LENGTH.                                    | Clip the wire to the correct length.             |
|                          | ATTACH (v)<br>(WITH A CLIP [TN] OR<br>CLIPS [TN])                                    | ATTACH THE CONDUIT TO THE STRUCTURE WITH CLIPS.                              | The conduit should be clipped to the structure.  |
| CLOCKWISE (adv)          | In the direction in which<br>the hands of a clock turn<br>when seen from the front   | TURN THE NOZZLE<br>40 DEG. CLOCKWISE.  |  |
| CLOGGED (adj)            | Blocked with unwanted material.  | IF THE FILTER IS<br>CLOGGED, REPLACE<br>IT.                                  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| close (adj)                                | NEAR (prep)   | DO NOT USE<br>SOLVENTS NEAR<br>FLAMES OR SPARKS.                      | Do not use solvents in close contact with flames or sparks.    |
| CLOSE (v),<br>CLOSES,<br>CLOSED,<br>CLOSED | To move together,<br>or to move to a<br>position that stops<br>or prevents<br>materials from going<br>in or out | CLOSE THE<br>INSTRUMENT PANEL.  |  |
|  |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE DOORS CLOSE FULLY.                                 |  |
|  | To operate a circuit breaker to make an electrical circuit  | MAKE SURE THAT THE CIRCUIT BREAKER IS CLOSED.                         |  |
|  |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE CIRCUIT BREAKER CLOSES.                            |  |
| closely (adv)                              | CAREFULLY (adv)   | CAREFULLY MONITOR<br>THE OPERATION OF<br>THE SYSTEM.                  | Closely monitor the operation of the system.                   |
| close to (adv)                             | NEAR (prep)   | PUT THE CLINOMETER<br>NEAR THE FUSELAGE<br>CENTERLINE.                | Put the clinometer close to the fuselage centerline.           |
| coat (n)                                   | LAYER (n)   | APPLY A LAYER OF<br>SEALANT PR 1440 B2<br>ON THE SURFACE.             | Spread a coat of sealant PR 1440 B2 on the surface.            |
| coat (v)                                   | LAYER (n)   | APPLY A LAYER OF<br>GREASE TO THE<br>BATTERY CABLES.                  | Coat the battery cables with grease.                           |
| coating (n)                                | LAYER (n)   | THE METAL HAS A<br>LAYER OF PLASTIC<br>ON IT TO PREVENT<br>CORROSION. | The metal has a coating of plastic on it to prevent corrosion. |
| cock (v)                                   | SET (v)   | SET THE RACK<br>HOOKS.  | Cock the rack hooks.   |
| CODE (n)                                   | A sequence of symbols, letters, and/or numbers used for identification  | EACH ELECTRICAL<br>SYSTEM HAS A CODE<br>TO IDENTIFY IT.               |  |
| code (v)                                   | IDENTIFY (v)  | IDENTIFY THE CABLES WITH A CODE.                                      | Code the cables.   |
|  | CODE (n)  | PUT A CODE ON THE CABLES.   | Code the cables.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| COIL (n)   | A sequence of loops                                 | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>COILS OF THE<br>OXYGEN HOSE DO<br>NOT RUB TOGETHER. |  |
| coil (v)   | WIND (v)  | WIND THE CABLES<br>CAREFULLY.   | Coil the cables carefully.                                     |
| coincide (v)   | ALIGN (v)   | THE FASTENERS MUST ALIGN WITH THE HOLES IN THE TRACK.                     | The fasteners must coincide with the holes in the track.       |
| coincident (adj)                                     | SYNCHRONIZED (adj)                                  | MAKE SURE THAT THE MOVEMENT OF THE TWO SURFACES IS SYNCHRONIZED.          | Make sure that the movement of the two surfaces is coincident. |
|  | ALIGN (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE TWO SURFACES ALIGN.                                    | Make sure that the two surfaces are coincident.                |
| COLD (adj)<br>(COLDER,<br>COLDEST)                   | At low temperature                                  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>COLD AIR COMES OUT<br>OF THE OUTLETS.                   |  |
| collapse (v)   | CLOSE (v)   | CLOSE THE BOX.  | Collapse the box.  |
|  | FALL (v)  | THE BOARDING<br>BRIDGE FELL.  | The boarding bridge collapsed.                                 |
| COLLECT (v),<br>COLLECTS,<br>COLLECTED,<br>COLLECTED | To come, or cause to come, together in one location | FLUID COLLECTS IN THE BOTTOM OF THE COWLING.                              |  |
|  |   | COLLECT ALL LOOSE ITEMS AND PUT THEM IN THE CONTAINER.                    |  |
| COLOR (n)  | A property of light                                 | THE COLOR CHANGES FROM BLUE TO RED.                                       |  |
| color code (v)                                       | IDENTIFY (v)  | IDENTIFY THE<br>ASSEMBLY WITH THE<br>CORRECT COLOR.                       | The assembly must be color coded.                              |
|  | CODE (n)  | PUT A COLOR CODE<br>ON EACH OF THE<br>ASSEMBLIES.                         | Color code the assemblies.                                     |
| colored (adj)  | COLOR (n)   | THE SCALE HAS TWO<br>AREAS OF DIFFERENT<br>COLOR.                         | The scale is divided into two colored areas.                   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                      | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---|--|---|---|
| combine (v)   | MIX (v)  | MIX THE WATER AND THE GLYCOL.   | Combine water and glycol.   |
|   | PUT TOGETHER   | DO NOT PUT<br>DIFFERENT HPT<br>SEGMENTS<br>TOGETHER.                                      | Do not combine different HPT segments.  |
| combustible (adj)   | FLAMMABLE (adj)  | KEEP FLAMMABLE<br>MATERIALS AT A<br>MINIMUM DISTANCE<br>OF 50 FEET FROM THE<br>WORK AREA. | Keep combustible materials at a minimum distance of 50 feet from the work area. |
| COME (v),<br>COMES,<br>CAME                                   | To move to your location   | FUMES MUST NOT<br>COME INTO THE<br>CABIN.   |   |
| No other verb forms.  |  |   |   |
| COME ON (v),<br>COMES ON,<br>CAME ON  No other verb<br>forms. | To become bright with light when an internal power source is energized | THE LIGHTS MUST<br>COME ON.   |   |
| commence (v)  | START (v)  | THE WARNING<br>STARTS AND THE<br>INDICATORS FLASH.  | The warning commences and the indicators flash.                                 |
| commencement<br>(n)   | START (v)  | AFTER THE TEST<br>STARTS, MONITOR<br>THE RESULTS ON THE<br>SCREEN.                        | After the test commencement, monitor the results on the screen.                 |
| common (adj)  | SAME (adv)   | THE REMOVAL PROCEDURE IS THE SAME FOR THE TWO ITEMS.                                      | The removal procedure is common to both items.                                  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| communicate (v)                                    | CONTACT (v)  | FOR MORE<br>INFORMATION,<br>CONTACT THE<br>MANUFACTURER.                       | For more information, communicate with the manufacturer. |
|  | SPEAK (v)  | USE A TELEPHONE TO<br>SPEAK WITH THE LINE<br>MANAGER.                          | Use a telephone to communicate with the line manager.    |
|  | HEAR (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT AIR<br>TRAFFIC CONTROL<br>CAN HEAR YOU.                         | Make sure that you communicate with ATC.                 |
|  | COMMUNICATION (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT THERE IS COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE SERVER AND THE PC.           | Make sure that the server and the PC can communicate.    |
| COMMUNICATION<br>(n)                               | The exchange of information through a common system of symbols, signs, or sounds | COMMUNICATION<br>BETWEEN THESE<br>TWO SYSTEMS IS<br>ENCRYPTED.                 |  |
| COMPARE (v),<br>COMPARES,<br>COMPARED,<br>COMPARED | To examine for differences   | COMPARE THE TWO VALUES.  |  |
| comparison (n)                                     | COMPARE (v)  | COMPARE THE TWO INDICATIONS.   | Make a comparison of the two readings.                   |
| COMPATIBLE (adj)                                   | That can operate together satisfactorily or be used together safely              | THIS SOFTWARE IS<br>COMPATIBLE ONLY<br>WITH THE SPECIFIED<br>OPERATING SYSTEM. |  |
|  |  | THE COOLANT IS<br>COMPATIBLE WITH<br>HIGH-PERFORMANCE<br>ALLOYS.               |  |
| compile (v)  | MAKE A LIST  | MAKE A LIST OF THE<br>NECESSARY TOOLS.   | Compile a list of the required tools.                    |
|  | RECORD (v)   | RECORD THE<br>AILERON MOVEMENTS<br>ON FORM B.                                  | Compile the aileron movements on Form B.                 |
|  | COLLECT (v)  | COLLECT ALL<br>INSPECTION<br>RECORDS FOR THE<br>COMPONENT.                     | Compile all inspection records for the component.        |



| Word   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                | CTE EVAMBLE   | Non CTF avanuals   |
|--|--|---|--|
| (part of speech) complete (adj)                        | FULL (adj)                                       | EXTEND AND RETRACT THE ACTUATOR THROUGH THREE FULL CYCLES.                          | Extend and retract the actuator through three complete cycles.                     |
|  | ALL (adj)  | SEND ALL THE TEST<br>RESULTS TO THE<br>MANUFACTURER.                                | The complete test results must be sent to the manufacturer.                        |
|  | COMPLETED (adj)                                  | THE GREEN INDICATION SHOWS THAT SERVICING IS COMPLETED.                             | The green indication shows that servicing is complete.                             |
| COMPLETE (v),<br>COMPLETES,<br>COMPLETED,<br>COMPLETED | To bring to an end                               | COMPLETE THE FUNCTIONAL TEST.   |  |
| COMPLETED (adj)  | Successfully brought to an end                   | SEND THE<br>COMPLETED REPORT<br>TO THE SUPERVISOR<br>FOR APPROVAL.                  |  |
| completely (adv)                                       | FULLY (adv)                                      | BEFORE YOU APPLY<br>THE SECOND LAYER,<br>LET THE FIRST LAYER<br>OF PAINT DRY FULLY. | Allow the first layer of paint to dry completely before applying the second layer. |
| completion (n)   | END (n)  | AT THE END OF THIS<br>PROCEDURE, REFER<br>TO 72-00-00, TEST<br>001.                 | See 72-00-00, Testing 001 upon completion of this procedure.                       |
|  | COMPLETE (v)                                     | TWO HOURS ARE<br>NECESSARY TO<br>COMPLETE THIS<br>TASK.                             | Completion of the task will require two hours.                                     |
| complicated (adj)                                      | NOT EASY   | THIS TEST PROCEDURE IS NOT EASY WITHOUT THE CORRECT EQUIPMENT.                      | This test procedure is complicated without the right equipment.                    |
| comply (v)   | OBEY (v)   | WHEN YOU<br>ASSEMBLE THE UNIT,<br>OBEY THIS<br>PROCEDURE.                           | When you assemble the unit, comply with this procedure.                            |
|  | Used in law and regulations. Refer to rule 1.12. | THE SHIP CERTIFICATE MUST COMPLY WITH ALL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE AUTHORITIES.      |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                                  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|---|--|--|---|
| COMPONENT (n)   | A part, subassembly, or unit that has a specified function | CLEAN THESE<br>COMPONENTS WITH<br>APPROVED<br>SOLVENTS.                                |   |
| comprehensive<br>(adj)                                    | FULL (adj)   | DO A FULL<br>INSPECTION OF THE<br>FAIRING.   | Do a comprehensive inspection of the fairing.                               |
| COMPRESS (v),<br>COMPRESSES,<br>COMPRESSED,<br>COMPRESSED | To decrease or cause to decrease in dimension or volume    | COMPRESS THE<br>SPRING AND<br>CAREFULLY INSTALL<br>THE COVER.                          |   |
|   |  | WHEN THE SPRING<br>COMPRESSES, THE<br>VALVE OPENS.                                     |   |
| comprise (v)  | HAVE (v)   | THE VALVE<br>ASSEMBLY HAS<br>THESE PARTS:  | The valve assembly comprises these parts:                                   |
|   | CONTAIN (v)  | EACH SURVIVAL KIT<br>CONTAINS THESE<br>ITEMS.  | Each survival kit comprises these items.                                    |
| compulsory (adj)  | MANDATORY (adj)  | BEFORE YOU INSTALL<br>A NEW COMPONENT,<br>IT IS MANDATORY TO<br>REPLACE THE<br>FILTER. | Before you install a new component, it is compulsory to replace the filter. |
| compute (v)   | CALCULATE (v)  | CALCULATE THE VOLTAGE IN THE CIRCUIT.  | Compute the voltage in the circuit.   |
| concentrate (v)   | ALL (adj)  | ALL THE WEIGHT<br>MUST BE ON THE<br>SPAR TIP.  | The weight must be concentrated on the spar tip.                            |
| CONCENTRATION (n)   | The strength of something contained in a mixture           | IN A HIGH<br>CONCENTRATION,<br>THIS MATERIAL IS<br>POISONOUS.                          |   |
| CONCENTRIC (adj)  | That has a common center                                   | THE EXTERNAL DIAMETER MUST BE CONCENTRIC TO THE INTERNAL DIAMETER.                     |   |
| concern (v)   | APPLICABLE (adj)   | THIS PROCEDURE IS APPLICABLE ONLY TO A TYPE B UNIT.                                    | This procedure only concerns a Type B unit.                                 |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES             | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| conclusion (n)           | END (n)                                       | AT THE END OF THE<br>TEST, SET THE<br>SWITCH TO "NORMAL."                     | At the conclusion of the test, you must switch to NORMAL.                |
|                          | RESULT (n)                                    | IF THE RESULTS OF<br>THE TEST ARE<br>UNSATISFACTORY,<br>REPLACE THE UNIT.     | If the conclusions of the test are unsatisfactory, replace the unit.     |
| concurrently (adj)       | AT THE SAME TIME                              | DO THESE TWO<br>PROCEDURES AT THE<br>SAME TIME.                               | These two procedures must be applied concurrently.                       |
| CONDENSATION<br>(n)      | The result when a gas changes into a liquid   | SET THE SWITCH TO<br>THE "ON" POSITION<br>TO REMOVE THE<br>CONDENSATION.      |  |
| CONDITION (n)            | Something that is necessary for what occurs   | THESE INITIAL CONDITIONS ARE NECESSARY TO GET CORRECT RESULTS.                |  |
|                          | 2. The state of an item                       | DO A CHECK OF THE UNIT CONDITION.   |  |
|                          | Use IF (conj) for<br>"on the condition that." | IF THERE IS NO WIND,<br>DO THE TEST<br>OUTDOORS.                              | On the condition that there is no wind, do the test outdoors.            |
| conduct (v)              | DO (v)  | DO THE LEAK TEST.   | Conduct the leak test.   |
| confine to (v)           | ONLY (adv)                                    | IF THE DAMAGE IS<br>ONLY TO THE MIDDLE<br>TREADS, THE TIRE IS<br>SERVICEABLE. | If the damage is confined to the middle treads, the tire is serviceable. |
| confirm (v)              | MAKE SURE (v)                                 | DO A GROUND RUN OF THE ENGINE TO MAKE SURE THAT YOU GET THE SAME INDICATIONS. | Do a ground run of the engine to confirm the indications.                |
| conflict (n)             | DIFFERENT (adj)                               | IF THE TWO INDICATIONS ARE DIFFERENT, DO THE TEST AGAIN.                      | If there is a conflict between the two indicators, repeat the test.      |
|                          | AGREE (v)                                     | IF THE TWO<br>INDICATIONS DO NOT<br>AGREE, DO THE TEST<br>AGAIN.              | If there is a conflict between the two indicators, repeat the test.      |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                     | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| conform (v)  | AGREE (v)   | IF THE FLAP EXTENSION DOES NOT AGREE WITH THE POSITION OF THE FLAP CONTROL LEVER, DO THE RIGGING PROCEDURE AGAIN. | If the flap extension does<br>not conform to the setting<br>of the flap control lever,<br>do the rigging procedure<br>again. |
| conformance (n)                                      | AGREE (v)   | THE INDICATIONS<br>MUST AGREE WITH<br>THOSE IN TABLE 2.   | The indications must be in conformance with those in Table 2.  |
| conformity (n)                                       | AGREE (v)   | THE PRECISION OF<br>THE GAUGES MUST<br>AGREE WITH THE<br>APPLICABLE QUALITY<br>STANDARD.                          | The accuracy of the gauges must be in conformity with the applicable quality standard.                                       |
| CONNECT (v),<br>CONNECTS,<br>CONNECTED,<br>CONNECTED | To come together or cause to come together to make one unit or system | CONNECT THE ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS TO THE INSTRUMENT.  |  |
|  |   | PLUG "A" CONNECTS<br>TO SOCKET "B."   |  |
| CONNECTION (n)                                       | That which connects or is connected                                   | MAKE SURE THAT ALL<br>THE FUEL AND AIR<br>CONNECTIONS ARE<br>INSTALLED.   |  |
| consecutive (adj)                                    | ONE (TN) AFTER THE<br>OTHER   | DO NOT DO MORE<br>THAN THREE STARTS,<br>ONE AFTER THE<br>OTHER.   | Do not do more than three consecutive starts.  |
| consecutively (adv)                                  | ONE (TN) AFTER THE OTHER  | DO THESE STEPS ONE AFTER THE OTHER.   | These actions must be done consecutively.  |
|  | SEQUENCE (n)  | DO THE WORK STEPS<br>IN SEQUENCE.   | Do the work steps consecutively.   |
| consequence (n)                                      | BECAUSE OF (prep)   | BECAUSE OF THIS<br>DEFECT, THE UNIT<br>WILL NOT OPERATE.  | As a consequence of this defect, the unit will not operate.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES             | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| consider (v)                           | THINK (v)                                     | IF YOU THINK THAT<br>THE INDICATION IS<br>NOT CORRECT, DO<br>THE TEST AGAIN. | If you consider that the indication is not correct, do the test again.    |
| considerable (adj)                     | LARGE (adj)                                   | CLEAN YOUR SKIN<br>WITH A LARGE<br>QUANTITY OF WATER.                        | Clean your skin with a considerable quantity of water.                    |
|  | IMPORTANT (adj)                               | CONTAMINATION OF<br>CABIN AIR CAN BE AN<br>IMPORTANT<br>PROBLEM.             | Contamination of cabin air can be a considerable problem.                 |
|  | DANGEROUS (adj)                               | HYDRAULIC FLUID IS<br>DANGEROUS FOR<br>YOUR EYES.                            | Hydraulic fluid can cause considerable eye injury.                        |
| consist of (v)                         | HAVE (v)                                      | EACH ANTENNA HAS<br>THREE PARTS.   | Each antenna consists of three parts.                                     |
| consistent (adj)                       | AGREE (v)                                     | MAKE SURE THAT THE INDICATIONS AGREE WITH THE POSITION OF THE FLAPS.         | Check that the indications are consistent with the position of the flaps. |
| CONSTANT (adj)                         | That continues to be the same, without change | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>CABIN PRESSURE<br>STAYS CONSTANT.                      |   |
| CONSTANTLY<br>(adv)                    | Incessantly                                   | THE INSTRUMENT<br>WILL CONSTANTLY<br>SHOW THIS VALUE.                        |   |
| construct (v)                          | ASSEMBLE (v)                                  | ASSEMBLE THE UNIT.   | Construct the unit.   |
| consult (v)                            | REFER (v)                                     | FOR MORE<br>INFORMATION, REFER<br>TO THE USER'S<br>MANUAL.                   | For more information, consult the User's Manual.                          |
| CONTACT (v)<br>CONTACTS,<br>CONTACTED, | To start communication                        | CONTACT CUSTOMER SERVICES.   |   |
| CONTACTED                              | For other meanings, use:                      |  |   |
|  | TOUCH (v)                                     | TIGHTEN THE<br>FIXTURE SCREW<br>UNTIL IT TOUCHES<br>THE SURFACE.             | Tighten the fixture screw until it contacts the surface.                  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|---|---|
| CONTAIN (v),<br>CONTAINS,<br>CONTAINED,<br>CONTAINED   | To have in something or hold in something  | EACH SURVIVAL KIT<br>CONTAINS THESE<br>ITEMS:   |   |
| CONTAINER (n)  | Something that holds fluids, materials, or objects   | PUT THE CONTAINER<br>BELOW THE DRAIN<br>PLUG.   |   |
| contaminant (n)  | CONTAMINATION (n)  | THIS FILTER REMOVES ALL CONTAMINATION FROM THE AIR SUPPLY.                              | This filter removes all contaminants from the air supply.         |
| contaminated (adj)                                     | DIRTY (adj)  | REPLACE THE DIRTY OIL.  | Contaminated oil must be replaced.                                |
|  | CONTAMINATION (n)  | REMOVE ALL<br>CONTAMINATION<br>FROM THE<br>HYDRAULIC FLUID<br>WITH A CLASS 5<br>FILTER. | Filter the contaminated hydraulic fluid through a Class 5 filter. |
| CONTAMINATION (n)                                      | Unwanted change of the original condition of a material because of chemical or physical agents or a material that causes such a change | DUST CAN CAUSE<br>CONTAMINATION ON<br>ALL FILTERS.                                      |   |
| CONTENTS (n)   | Something that is in a container   | EXAMINE THE<br>CONTENTS OF THE<br>BOX FOR MISSING<br>ITEMS.                             |   |
| contiguous (adj)                                       | ADJACENT (adj)   | REMOVE THE SENSOR<br>TO GET ACCESS TO<br>THE ADJACENT<br>STRUCTURE.                     | Remove the sensor to get access to the contiguous structure.      |
| CONTINUE (v),<br>CONTINUES,<br>CONTINUED,<br>CONTINUED | To stay or keep in current condition or operation  | CONTINUE THE TEST.  |   |
|  |  | IF THE LOW PRESSURE CONDITION CONTINUES, REPLACE THE UNIT.                              |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| CONTINUOUS (adj)                                       | That continues   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS<br>CONTINUOUS<br>MOVEMENT OF THE<br>PROBE.                  |  |
| CONTINUOUSLY (adv)                                     | In a continuous manner   | APPLY PRESSURE CONTINUOUSLY.   |  |
| CONTOUR (n)  | The outer line of something  | CUT ALONG THE<br>CONTOUR TO<br>REMOVE THE<br>DAMAGED SKIN.                             |  |
| CONTROL (n)  | Something that controls  | IN AN EMERGENCY,<br>USE THE MANUAL<br>CONTROL.   |  |
| CONTROL (v),<br>CONTROLS,<br>CONTROLLED,<br>CONTROLLED | To give or send signals that adjust, operate, or keep something to a limit, or that cause something to operate | RADIO MASTER<br>SWITCH 1 CONTROLS<br>THE BUS BAR.                                      |  |
| conventional (adj)                                     | STANDARD (adj)   | PULL THE VEHICLE TO<br>A SAFE AREA WHERE<br>YOU CAN USE THE<br>STANDARD<br>PROCEDURES. | Pull the vehicle to a safe location where more conventional procedures can be applied. |
| converse (adj)   | OPPOSITE (adj)   | THE RESET DEVICE<br>OPERATES IN THE<br>OPPOSITE<br>DIRECTION.                          | The reset device operates in the converse direction.                                   |
| convert (v)  | CHANGE (v)   | CHANGE THE UNITS<br>FOR THE FUEL LOAD<br>TO U.S. GALLONS.                              | Convert the fuel load to U.S. gallons.   |
| convey (v)   | MOVE (v)   | MOVE THE<br>EQUIPMENT TO A<br>SAFE AREA.   | Convey the equipment to a safe area.   |
|  | TELL (v)   | TELL THE INFORMATION TO YOUR MANAGER.  | Convey the information to your manager.  |
| COOL (adj)   | Moderately cold  | WHEN THE AREA IS<br>SUFFICIENTLY COOL,<br>POLISH THE<br>SURFACE.                       |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                             | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                                       |
|--|---|--|---|
| cool (v)   | DECREASE (v)  | LET THE TEMPERATURE OF THE COMPONENT DECREASE UNTIL IT IS THE SAME AS THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE. | Let the temperature of the component cool to ambient. |
|  | COOL (adj)  | WHEN THE BRAKES<br>ARE COOL, OPERATE<br>THE PARKING BRAKE                                      | Apply the parking brake when the brakes have cooled.  |
| coordinate (v)                                       | SYNCHRONIZED (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT COMPASS SYSTEM 1 AND COMPASS SYSTEM 2 ARE SYNCHRONIZED.                         | Coordinate compass system 1 and compass system 2.     |
| COPY (n)   | An object made the same as another object                     | SEND FIVE COPIES OF<br>THE DEFECT REPORT<br>TO THE ENGINEERING<br>AUTHORITY.                   |   |
| copy (v)   | WRITE (v)   | WRITE THE TAIL<br>NUMBER ON THE<br>RECORD FORM.  | Copy the tail number on the record form.              |
|  | COPY (n)  | MAKE A COPY OF THE DATA THAT IS ON THE IDENTIFICATION PLATE.                                   | Copy the data on the identification plate.            |
|  | RECORD (v)  | RECORD THE DATA<br>THAT IS ON THE<br>IDENTIFICATION<br>PLATE.                                  | Copy the data on the identification plate.            |
| CORNER (n)   | The point or the angle made when lines, sides, or edges touch | EXAMINE THE OPENING FOR CRACKS THAT START AT ITS CORNERS.                                      |   |
| CORRECT (adj)  | That agrees with all that is necessary to the maximum         | MAKE SURE THAT THE POLARITIES ARE CORRECT.   |   |
| CORRECT (v),<br>CORRECTS,<br>CORRECTED,<br>CORRECTED | To make correct   | CORRECT THE TENSION.   |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| CORRECTION (n)           | A change to make something correct | DO NOT MAKE THE CORRECTION AT THIS HEADING.   |   |
| CORRECTLY (adv)          | In a correct manner                | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THE CIRCLIP IS<br>CORRECTLY<br>INSTALLED.   |   |
| correctness (n)          | CORRECT (adj)                      | THIS ADJUSTMENT MUST BE CORRECT.  | The correctness of this adjustment is important.  |
|                          | CORRECTLY (adv)                    | IT IS IMPORTANT TO<br>DO THIS<br>ADJUSTMENT<br>CORRECTLY.   | The correctness of this adjustment is important.  |
| correspond (v)           | AGREE (v)                          | MAKE SURE THAT THE POSITION OF THE CLAMP AGREES WITH THE POSITION THAT YOU RECORDED DURING THE REMOVAL PROCEDURE. | Make sure that the position of the clamp corresponds to the position recorded during the removal procedure. |
|                          | SAME (adj)                         | WHEN THE TWO<br>GAUGES SHOW THE<br>SAME INDICATION,<br>CLOSE THE VALVE.   | Close the valve when the indications on the two gauges correspond.  |
|                          | DIFFERENT (adj)                    | IF THE TWO INDICATIONS ARE DIFFERENT, DO THE TEST AGAIN.  | If the two indications do not correspond, repeat the test.  |
| corresponding<br>(adj)   | RELATED (adj)                      | THE RELATED CAUTION LIGHT MUST GO OFF AFTER 30 SECONDS.   | The corresponding caution light shall go off after 30 seconds.  |
| corrode (v)              | CORROSION (TN)                     | THIS MATERIAL CAUSES CORROSION OF SURFACES WITH NO PROTECTION.  | This material corrodes unprotected surfaces.  |
| corrosive (adj)          | CORROSION (TN)                     | HYDRAULIC FLUID<br>CAN CAUSE<br>CORROSION.  | Hydraulic fluid is corrosive.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| COUNT (v),<br>COUNTS,<br>COUNTED,<br>COUNTED | To add the number of objects or occurrences to get a total | COUNT THE NUMBER<br>OF TREADS ON THE<br>TIRE.                                      |  |
| COUNTERCLOCK-<br>WISE (adv)                  | In the opposite direction to clockwise                     | MAKE SURE THAT YOU<br>TURN THE CONTROL<br>KNOB<br>COUNTERCLOCKWISE                 |  |
| couple (v)                                   | CONNECT (v)  | CONNECT THE<br>FUELING NOZZLE TO<br>THE AIRCRAFT.                                  | Couple the fueling nozzle to the aircraft.                           |
|  | ATTACH (v)   | ATTACH THE FUELING<br>NOZZLE TO THE<br>AIRCRAFT.                                   | Couple the fueling nozzle to the aircraft.                           |
| cover (v)                                    | INCLUDE (v)  | THIS PROCEDURE INCLUDES THE INSTRUCTIONS TO REMOVE THE CONSTANT SPEED DRIVE (CSD). | This procedure covers the removal of the Constant Speed Drive (CSD). |
|  | HAVE (v)   | THE BOTTOM EDGE<br>OF THE PANEL HAS<br>CARPET ON IT.                               | The bottom edge of the panel is covered with carpet.                 |
|  | COVER (TN)   | PUT THE COVER ON THE CONTAINER.  | Cover the container.   |
| crack (v)                                    | OPEN (v)   | WHEN THE RELIEF<br>VALVE OPENS, THE<br>PRESSURE<br>DECREASES.                      | When the relief valve cracks open, the pressure decreases.           |
|  | CRACK (TN)   | IF THERE ARE<br>CRACKS IN THE<br>CENTER PLY,<br>REPLACE THE<br>WINDSHIELD PANEL.   | If a center ply is cracked, replace the windshield panel.            |
| create (v)                                   | MAKE (v)   | CUT THE BRACKET<br>TO MAKE A<br>CLEARANCE.   | Cut the bracket to create a clearance.                               |
|  | CAUSE (v)  | VIBRATION CAN<br>CAUSE CRACKS.   | Vibration can create cracks.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                            | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| critical (adj)                   | VERY IMPORTANT   | THE CONDITION OF<br>THE UNIT IS VERY<br>IMPORTANT FOR ITS<br>PERFORMANCE. | The condition of the unit is critical to its performance. |
|                                  | CAREFUL (adj)  | MAKE A CAREFUL<br>ESTIMATE OF THE<br>DAMAGED AREA.                        | Make a critical estimate of the damaged area.             |
| cross (v)                        | ACROSS (adv)   | DO NOT GO ACROSS<br>THE SAFETY LINE.                                      | Do not cross the safety line.                             |
|                                  | CORRECTLY (adv)  | CONNECT THE WIRES CORRECTLY.  | Do not cross the wires.                                   |
| curvature (n)                    | BEND (n)   | THE BEND IN THE<br>PIPE MUST HAVE A<br>30 mm RADIUS.                      | The curvature of the pipe must have a 30 mm radius.       |
|                                  | CURVE (n)  | THE RADIUS OF THE CURVE MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 8 mm.                        | The radius of the curvature must be a minimum of 8 mm.    |
|                                  | RADIUS (TN)  | BEND THE PIPE TO<br>THE CORRECT<br>RADIUS.                                | Bend the pipe to the correct curvature.                   |
| CURVE (n)                        | The shape of something which is bent but which has no angles | THE RADIUS OF THE<br>CURVE MUST BE A<br>MINIMUM OF 8 mm.                  |   |
| curve (v)                        | MAKE A CURVE   | BEND THE STRIP OF<br>METAL TO MAKE A<br>CURVE.                            | Curve the strip of metal.                                 |
| CUT (v),<br>CUTS,<br>CUT,<br>CUT | To divide into parts   | CUT THE CABLE INTO<br>THREE EQUAL<br>LENGTHS.                             |   |
|                                  | To remove with a sharp tool                                  | CUT AND DISCARD<br>THE LOCKWIRE.  |   |
| CYCLE (n)                        | One complete sequence of operation                           | SET THE SWITCH TO<br>THREE CYCLES A<br>MINUTE.                            |   |
| cycle (v)                        | CYCLE (n)  | OPERATE THE<br>ACTUATOR THROUGH<br>THREE CYCLES.                          | Cycle the actuator three times.                           |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| DAMAGE (n)               | The result of an occurrence that causes deterioration of the condition of something                        | EXAMINE THE<br>SURFACE FOR<br>DAMAGE.   |   |
| damage (v)               | DAMAGE (n)   | DISCONNECT THE<br>SPRING TO PREVENT<br>DAMAGE TO THE ROD.                           | Disconnect the spring so as not to damage the rod.                |
| DAMAGED (adj)            | That has or can be affected by damage  | REPLACE THE<br>DAMAGED PARTS.   |   |
| damp (adj)               | MOIST (adj)  | REMOVE ALL DIRT<br>FROM THE SEAT WITH<br>A MOIST CLOTH.                             | Remove all dirt from the seat with a damp cloth.                  |
| dampen (v)               | DECREASE (v)   | THE MOUNTING PADS DECREASE VIBRATION.   | The mounting pads dampen vibration.                               |
|                          | MAKE MOIST   | MAKE THE CLOTH<br>MOIST WITH<br>SOLVENT.  | Dampen the cloth with solvent.                                    |
| danger (n)               | RISK (n)   | THERE IS A RISK OF<br>FIRE.   | There is a danger of fire.  |
|                          | DANGEROUS (adj)  "danger" is a technical noun when it identifies a safety instruction. Refer to section 7. | HYDRAULIC FLUID IS<br>DANGEROUS FOR<br>YOUR HEALTH.                                 | Hydraulic fluid is a danger to your health.                       |
| DANGEROUS (adj)          | That can cause injury,<br>damage to health or can<br>kill  | IT IS DANGEROUS TO<br>USE AIR IN THIS<br>SYSTEM.                                    |   |
| dangerously (adv)        | DANGEROUS (adj)  | DO NOT OPEN THE<br>CARGO DOOR IN<br>STRONG WINDS.<br>STRONG WINDS ARE<br>DANGEROUS. | Do not open the cargo door if the wind-speed is dangerously high. |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                              |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| DATA (n)                 | 1. Known facts   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU GET ALL THE<br>DATA ABOUT THE<br>PROBLEM.                      |  |
|                          | Numbers and symbols used by computers  | DO A TEST TO FIND IF<br>THE MANAGEMENT<br>UNIT TRANSMITS<br>THESE DATA.              |  |
|                          | You can also use the singular.   | DO A TEST TO FIND IF<br>THE MANAGEMENT<br>UNIT TRANSMITS THIS<br>DATA                |  |
| DATE (n)                 | The time at which an event occurs  | ON THE LABEL, READ<br>THE DATE OF THE<br>LAST INSPECTION.                            |  |
| DEACTIVATE (v)           | To make a system, function, or feature no longer ready for operation  For other meanings, use: | SET THE SWITCH TO<br>THE STANDBY<br>POSITION TO<br>DEACTIVATE THE<br>MONITORING BOX. |  |
|                          | STOP (v)   | STOP THE MOTOR.  | Deactivate the motor.                        |
| deadly (adj)             | KILL (v)   | HIGH VOLTAGES CAN<br>KILL YOU.   | High voltages are deadly.                    |
| deaerate (v)             | BLEED (v)  | BLEED THE No. 1<br>HYDRAULIC SYSTEM.   | Deaerate the No. 1 hydraulic system.         |
|                          | AIR (TN)   | THE VACUUM EQUIPMENT REMOVES THE AIR FROM THE COMPOUND.                              | The vacuum equipment deaerates the compound. |
| dearm (v)                | DISARM (v)   | DISARM THE ESCAPE<br>SLIDE.  | Dearm the escape slide.                      |
|                          | REMOVE (v)   | REMOVE THE<br>CARTRIDGES FROM<br>THE FIRE BOTTLES.                                   | Dearm the fire bottles.                      |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES          | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| decay (v)                | DECREASE (v)                               | WHEN THE ENGINE<br>SPEED DECREASES<br>TO 500 RPM, STOP<br>THE ENGINE.   | When the engine speed decays to 500 rpm, stop the engine.                                     |
| decelerate (v)           | DECREASE (v)                               | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>ENGINE SPEED<br>DECREASES TO<br>500 RPM.  | Make sure that the engine decelerates to 500 rpm.   |
|                          | SLOWER (adj)                               | TO MAKE THE CURING PROCESS SLOWER, DECREASE THE HEAT THAT YOU APPLY TO THE COMPOUND.                            | The curing process of the compound can be decelerated by decreasing the heat applied.         |
| decide (v)               | SELECT (v)                                 | SELECT THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM THAT YOU WILL PRESSURIZE.   | Decide which hydraulic system you will pressurize.  |
|                          | DECISION (n)                               | IF YOUR DECISION IS<br>NOT TO REPLACE THE<br>UNIT, MONITOR ITS<br>TEMPERATURE FOR A<br>MINIMUM OF<br>15 CYCLES. | If you decide not to replace the existing unit, watch its temperature for at least 15 cycles. |
| DECISION (n)             | The result after you think about a problem | MAKE A DECISION<br>ABOUT WHICH<br>PROCEDURE YOU<br>WILL USE.  |   |
| decontamination<br>(n)   | REMOVE<br>CONTAMINATION                    | REMOVE THE CONTAMINATION FROM THE INSTRUMENTS AND MEDICAL EQUIPMENT.  | Do the decontamination of the instruments and medical equipment.                              |
|                          | CLEAN (v)                                  | CLEAN THE AIRCRAFT<br>IN AN APPROVED<br>AREA.   | The decontamination of the aircraft shall be done in an authorized area.                      |
| decrease (n)             | DECREASE (v)                               | THE PRESSURE MUST<br>DECREASE BY MORE<br>THAN 2 bar.  | There must be a decrease in pressure of more than 2 bar.                                      |



| Word<br>(part of speech)   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|------------------------------------|---|--|
| DECREASE (v),<br>DECREASES,<br>DECREASED,<br>DECREASED             | To make or become smaller or lower | DECREASE THE<br>HEADING<br>INDICATIONS.                                   |  |
| decrement (n)  | INCREMENT (n)                      | TURN THE ADJUSTER<br>COUNTERCLOCKWISE<br>IN INCREMENTS OF<br>60 DEG.      | Turn the adjuster anticlockwise in decrements of 60 deg. |
| DEDICATED (adj)  | That is used only for one purpose  | A DEDICATED TOOL IS<br>NECESSARY FOR THE<br>INSTALLATION OF THE<br>UNIT.  |  |
| DE-ENERGIZE (v),<br>DE-ENERGIZES,<br>DE-ENERGIZED,<br>DE-ENERGIZED | To remove electrical power from    | DE-ENERGIZE THE AC<br>AND DC BUSBARS.                                     |  |
| DEEP (adj)<br>(DEEPER,<br>DEEPEST)                                 | That has a specified depth         | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>HOLE IS 20 mm DEEP.                                 |  |
| DEFECTIVE (adj)  | Unserviceable for operation        | REPLACE THE DEFECTIVE BOOSTER PUMP.                                       |  |
| define (v)   | CALCULATE (v)                      | CALCULATE THE<br>QUANTITY OF FUEL<br>THAT IS NECESSARY<br>FOR THE FLIGHT. | Define the amount of fuel required for the flight.       |
|  | GIVE (v)                           | THE BRAKE<br>INDICATOR GIVES THE<br>WEAR ON THE BRAKE<br>SHOE.            | The brake indicator defines the wear on the brake shoe.  |
|  | SPECIFIED (adj)                    | THE FLAP ANGLES<br>ARE SPECIFIED IN<br>TABLE 1.                           | Table 1 defines the flap angles.                         |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                         | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|---|---|
| DEFLATE (v),<br>DEFLATES,<br>DEFLATED,<br>DEFLATED | To make or become smaller as a result of depressurization | DEFLATE THE TIRE TO<br>A PRESSURE OF<br>2 bar (29 psi).   |   |
|  |   | IF THE WHEEL TEMPERATURE INCREASES TO MORE THAN 177 DEG., THE CORE OF THE FUSIBLE PLUG MELTS AND THE TIRE DEFLATES. |   |
| deflect (v)  | MOVE (v)  | THE BARS MOVE TO THE RIGHT SIDE.  | Bars deflect to the right.  |
| deflection (n)                                     | MOVEMENT (n)  | REMOVE ALL THE RIGGING PINS AND EQUIPMENT THAT PREVENT FREE MOVEMENT OF THE CONTROL SURFACES.                       | Remove all rigging pins and equipment preventing free deflection of control surfaces. |
|  | POSITION (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE POSITION IS 23 DEG.  | Ensure that deflection is 23 deg.   |
|  | TRAVEL (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE TRAVEL IS 23 DEG.  | Ensure that deflection is 23 deg.   |
| deformed (adj)                                     | DAMAGED (adj)   | THE COVER ON THE GUN CAMERA IS DAMAGED.   | The cover on the gun camera is deformed.  |
|  | DEFORMATION (TN)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE TUBES HAVE NO DEFORMATION.   | Make sure that the tubes are not deformed.  |
| DEFUEL (v),<br>DEFUELS,<br>DEFUELED,<br>DEFUELED   | To remove fuel  | DEFUEL THE TANK.  |   |
| defueling (n)                                      | DEFUEL (v)  | DEFUEL ONLY IN AN OPEN AREA THAT HAS A GOOD AIRFLOW.  | Only do the defueling in an open area that is well-ventilated.                        |
| degrease (v)                                       | GREASE (TN)   | REMOVE ALL GREASE<br>FROM THE FAYING<br>SURFACE WITH<br>SOLVENT.  | Degrease the faying surface with solvent.   |
| de-ice (v)   | ICE (TN)  | REMOVE THE ICE FROM THE WINDOW.   | De-ice the window.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| delay (n)                | INTERVAL (n)                      | BEFORE YOU<br>CONTINUE THE TEST,<br>AN INTERVAL OF<br>5 MINUTES IS<br>NECESSARY. | A delay of 5 minutes is necessary before continuing with the test.     |
|                          | IMMEDIATELY (adv)                 | THE JAWS OF THE UPLOCK UNIT MUST OPEN IMMEDIATELY.                               | The jaws of the uplock unit must open with no delay.                   |
| delay (v)                | AFTER (prep)                      | ONLY USE THE<br>STARTER AFTER A<br>PERIOD OF<br>20 MINUTES.                      | Use of the starter must be delayed for 20 minutes.                     |
| delete (v)               | ERASE (v)                         | ERASE THE FLIGHT<br>DATA FROM THE<br>SYSTEM.                                     | Delete the flight data from the system.                                |
|                          | REMOVE (v)                        | REMOVE THE PENCIL<br>MARKS WITH AN<br>ERASER.                                    | Delete the pencil marks with an eraser.                                |
| delicate (adj)           | EASILY DAMAGED                    | BE CAREFUL WITH<br>EASILY DAMAGED<br>PARTS.                                      | Be careful with delicate parts.  |
| deliver (v)              | SUPPLY (v)                        | SET THE RIG TO<br>SUPPLY A PRESSURE<br>OF 800 kPa.                               | Set the rig so that it delivers a pressure of 800 kPa.                 |
| delivery (n)             | SUPPLY (v)                        | A CENTRIFUGAL PUMP SUPPLIES HYDRAULIC FLUID TO THE UNIT.                         | Hydraulic fluid delivery to the unit is ensured by a centrifugal pump. |
| demand (v)               | NECESSARY (adj)                   | IN THIS<br>CONFIGURATION, A<br>DIFFERENT TEST<br>PROCEDURE IS<br>NECESSARY.      | This configuration demands a different test procedure.                 |
| denote (v)               | SHOW (v)                          | FIGURE 2 SHOWS<br>THAT YOU CAN<br>INSTALL AN<br>ALTERNATIVE RELAY.               | Figure 2 denotes that an alternative relay may be installed.           |



| Word   | Approved meaning/   | OTE EVANDI E   | N 077   |
|--|---|--|---|
| (part of speech)                                 | ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
| dent (v)   | DENT (TN)   | DO NOT MAKE DENTS<br>IN THE BELLOWS.   | Do not dent the bellows.  |
| depend (v)                                       | IF (conj)   | THE TENSION IN THE CABLES DECREASES IF THE TEMPERATURE INCREASES.                    | Cable tension changes depending on the temperature.                               |
| deplete (v)                                      | DECREASE (v)  | DO NOT OPERATE THE BRAKES TO DECREASE THE PRESSURE IN THE ACCUMULATORS.              | Do not deplete accumulators by operating the brakes.                              |
| DEPLOY (v),<br>DEPLOYS,<br>DEPLOYED,<br>DEPLOYED | To move or cause to move from a specified position of storage and into operation                  | WHEN THE THRUST<br>REVERSER DEPLOYS,<br>KEEP PERSONNEL<br>AWAY FROM THE<br>AIRCRAFT. |   |
|  |   | DEPLOY THE SLIDE RAFT.   |   |
| deposit (n)                                      | PARTICLE (n)  | IF THERE ARE METAL PARTICLES IN THE OIL FILTER, EXAMINE THE FILTER ELEMENT FOR WEAR. | If there are metal deposits in the oil filter, check the filter element for wear. |
|  | CONTAMINATION (n)   | FLUSH THE PIPES TO REMOVE CONTAMINATION.   | Flush the pipes to remove deposits.   |
| depress (v)                                      | PUSH (v)  | PUSH THE BUTTON<br>AND THEN RELEASE<br>IT.   | Depress and release the button.   |
| depressurize (v)                                 | PRESSURE (TN)   | RELEASE THE<br>PRESSURE FROM THE<br>HYDRAULIC SYSTEM.                                | Depressurize the hydraulic system.  |
| DEPTH (n)  | The distance from the top down, from the surface down, from the front surface to the rear surface | MEASURE THE DEPTH<br>OF THE DENT AS<br>SHOWN IN FIGURE 4.                            |   |
| describe (v)                                     | GIVE (v)  | THIS SECTION GIVES THE PROCEDURES FOR THE LEAK TEST OF THE SYSTEM.                   | This section describes the procedures for testing the system for leaks.           |
| deselect (v)                                     | CANCEL (v)  | PUSH THE BUTTON TO<br>CANCEL THE FREEZE<br>MODE.                                     | Press the button to deselect the freeze mode.                                     |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| design (v)               | HAVE (v)                          | THE MAIN LANDING<br>GEAR DOORS HAVE<br>STEPS FOR ACCESS<br>TO THE LANDING<br>GEAR BAY. | The main landing gear doors are designed with steps for access to the landing gear bay. |
| desired (adj)            | NECESSARY (adj)                   | ADD THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF OIL.   | Add the desired quantity of oil.  |
|                          | CORRECT (adj)                     | TIGHTEN THE TURNBUCKLE UNTIL THE TENSION IN THE CABLE IS CORRECT.                      | Tighten the turnbuckle until you have the desired tension in the cable.                 |
| destroy (v)              | BREAK (v)                         | BREAK THE<br>CONTAINER TO MAKE<br>SURE THAT YOU<br>CANNOT USE IT<br>AGAIN.             | To prevent further use, destroy the container.  |
| detach (v)               | DISCONNECT (v)                    | DISCONNECT THE PIPELINE FROM THE UNION.  | Detach the pipeline from the union.   |
|                          | DISENGAGE (v)                     | BEFORE YOU MOVE<br>THE CONTROLS,<br>DISENGAGE THE<br>LOCKS.                            | Before moving the controls, detach the locks.   |
|                          | REMOVE (v)                        | DO NOT REMOVE THE PROTECTIVE LAYER.  | Do not detach the protective film.  |
| detail (n)               | INSTRUCTION (n)                   | THIS PROCEDURE<br>GIVES THE<br>INSTRUCTIONS TO<br>ATTACH THE PYLON.                    | This procedure gives details on how to attach the pylon.                                |
| detail (v)               | GIVE (v)                          | THIS SECTION GIVES THE REMOVAL / INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.                            | This section details the Removal / Installation instructions.                           |
|                          | REFER (v)                         | DO THE LEAK TEST<br>(REFER TO<br>PARAGRAPH 4.0).                                       | Do the leak test as detailed in paragraph 4.0.  |
|                          | SPECIFIED (adj)                   | DO THE LEAK TEST AS<br>SPECIFIED IN<br>PARAGRAPH 4.0.                                  | Do the leak test as detailed in paragraph 4.0.  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| detect (v)               | FIND (v)                          | TO FIND DAMAGE ON WIRES, RUB A CLOTH ALONG THEM.   | To detect damage to wires, rub a cloth along them.  |
|                          | SENSE (v)                         | THE COMPUTER SENSES THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE SIGNALS.   | The computer detects discrepancies between the signals.   |
| DETERIORATION<br>(n)     | A worse condition                 | THIS CONDITION WILL CAUSE DETERIORATION OF THE SURFACE.  |   |
| determine (v)            | FIND (v)                          | FIND THE DEFECTS IN THE SYSTEM.  | Determine the defects in the system.  |
|                          | GIVE (v)                          | DIMENSIONS 1 AND 2<br>GIVE THE CORRECT<br>POSITION.  | The correct position is determined by dimensions 1 and 2.   |
|                          | SELECT (v)                        | SELECT THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM THAT YOU WILL PRESSURIZE.  | Determine which hydraulic system you will pressurize.   |
|                          | CALCULATE (v)                     | CALCULATE THE<br>DIMENSION OF THE<br>SHIM WITH THIS<br>FORMULA:  | Determine the dimension of the shim with this formula:  |
| detrimental (adj)        | DANGEROUS (adj)                   | HYDRAULIC FLUID IS<br>DANGEROUS FOR<br>YOUR HEALTH.  | Hydraulic fluid is detrimental to health.   |
|                          | DAMAGE (n)                        | SMALL QUANTITIES OF SURFACE BLOOMING, WHICH CAN OCCUR ON ITEMS IN STORAGE, DO NOT CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE COMPONENT. | Light surface blooming, which can occur on items in storage, is not detrimental to the component. |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                     | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| develop (v)              | START (v)   | IF A FIRE STARTS,<br>OPERATE THE FIRE<br>SHUTOFF VALVE.  | If a fire develops, operate the fire shutoff valve.                                       |
|                          | CAUSE (v)   | DO NOT LET HYDRAULIC FLUID STAY ON YOUR SKIN. HYDRAULIC FLUID CAN CAUSE DERMATITIS.                        | Do not leave hydraulic fluid on your skin, as dermatitis could develop.                   |
| deviate (v)              | OBEY (v)  | PERSONNEL MUST<br>OBEY THIS<br>PROCEDURE.  | Personnel must not deviate from this procedure.   |
| DEVICE (n)               | Something used to do a task   | INSTALL THE SAFETY DEVICES.  |   |
| devise (v)               | MAKE (v)  | IF THE HOLDING FIXTURE IS NOT AVAILABLE, MAKE A SUPPORT FROM THE SHIPPING CONTAINER.                       | If the holding fixture is<br>not available, devise one<br>from the shipping<br>container. |
|                          | FIND (v)  | FIND NEW<br>TROUBLESHOOTING<br>PROCEDURES.   | Devise new troubleshooting procedures.  |
| diagnose (v)             | FIND (v)  | FIND THE CAUSE OF THE MALFUNCTION.   | Diagnose the cause of the malfunction.  |
| DIAGONALLY<br>(adv)      | In a diagonal direction   | APPLY THE FIRST<br>LAYER OF TAPE<br>ACROSS THE CUTOUT<br>AND THE SECOND<br>AND THIRD LAYERS<br>DIAGONALLY. |   |
| diametrically (adv)      | OPPOSITE (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TWO OPPOSITE<br>V-GROOVES ALIGN<br>WITH THE RAILS.                                   | Ensure the two diametrically opposed V-grooves are in line with the rails.                |
| differ (v)               | DIFFERENT (adj)   | IF THE VALUES ARE<br>DIFFERENT, DO THIS<br>TEST.   | If the values differ, do the following test.  |
| DIFFERENCE (n)           | That which is different between two quantities, numbers, or functions | THE DIFFERENCE<br>BETWEEN THE TWO<br>DIMENSIONS MUST<br>NOT BE MORE THAN<br>0.10 mm.                       |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| DIFFERENT (adj)          | Not the same                      | IF THE INDICATIONS<br>ARE DIFFERENT, DO<br>THESE STEPS.                     |   |
| DIFFERENTLY<br>(adv)     | In a different manner             | THE TWO EXTRACTORS OPERATE DIFFERENTLY.                                     |   |
| differentiate (v)        | IDENTIFY (v)                      | LETTERS IDENTIFY<br>THE WIRE SEGMENTS.                                      | Letters are used to differentiate between the wire segments.              |
| difficult (adj)          | NOT EASY                          | IF IT IS NOT EASY TO INSTALL THE RIGGING PIN, ADJUST THE LENGTH OF THE ROD. | If the rigging pin is difficult to install, adjust the length of the rod. |
|                          | NOT EASILY                        | IF YOU CANNOT INSTALL THE RIGGING PIN EASILY, ADJUST THE LENGTH OF THE ROD. | If the rigging pin is difficult to install, adjust the length of the rod. |
| difficulty (n)           | NOT EASY                          | IF IT IS NOT EASY TO<br>REMOVE THE BOLT,<br>APPLY PENETRANT<br>OIL.         | If there is difficulty in removing the bolt, apply penetrant oil.         |
|                          | NOT EASILY                        | IF YOU CANNOT<br>REMOVE THE BOLT<br>EASILY, APPLY<br>PENETRANT OIL.         | If there is difficulty in removing the bolt, apply penetrant oil.         |
| DIGITAL (adj)            | Related to digits                 | CONNECT THE PRODS<br>OF THE DIGITAL<br>VOLTMETER.                           |   |
| DIGITALLY (adv)          | Given by digits                   | THE VALUE IS SHOWN DIGITALLY ON THE DISPLAY.                                |   |
| dilute (v)               | MIX (v)                           | MIX THE PRIMER WITH SOLVENT.  | Dilute the primer with solvent.   |
|                          | ADD (v)                           | DO NOT ADD MORE<br>THAN AN EQUAL PART<br>OF WATER TO THE<br>ANTIFREEZE.     | Do not dilute the antifreeze with more than an equal part of water.       |



| Word<br>(part of speech)              | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                      | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| dim (v)                               | DECREASE (v)   | DECREASE THE LIGHT GRADUALLY.   | Dim the light gradually.                                       |
| DIM (adj)<br>(DIMMER,<br>DIMMEST)     | Not bright   | DURING NIGHT<br>OPERATION, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE<br>PANEL LIGHTS ARE<br>DIM.                |  |
| DIMENSION (n)                         | The result when something is measured in one direction | DIMENSION "A" MUST<br>NOT BE MORE THAN<br>50 PERCENT OF<br>DIMENSION "D."                   |  |
| diminish (v)                          | DECREASE (v)   | IF THE HYDRAULIC<br>PRESSURE<br>DECREASES, CLOSE<br>THE VALVE.                              | If the hydraulic pressure diminishes, close the valve.         |
| DIMLY (adv)                           | Not bright   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>LIGHT COMES ON<br>DIMLY.  |  |
| dip (v)                               | MOMENTARILY (adv)                                      | PUT THE ELEMENT<br>INTO THE SOLVENT<br>MOMENTARILY.   | Dip the element in solvent.                                    |
| direct (v)                            | POINT (v)  | POINT THE OPEN END<br>OF THE DRAIN HOSE<br>AWAY FROM THE<br>STRUCTURE.                      | Direct the open end of the drain hose away from the structure. |
| DIRECTION (n)                         | The line on which something moves or is pointed        | THE ARROW ON THE VALVE BODY SHOWS THE DIRECTION OF THE FLOW.                                |  |
| DIRECTLY (adv)                        | In a direct procedure or by direct effect              | DO NOT FILL THE<br>SYSTEM DIRECTLY<br>FROM A<br>HIGH-PRESSURE<br>STORAGE CYLINDER.          |  |
| DIRTY (adj)<br>(DIRTIER,<br>DIRTIEST) | Not clean  | A DIRTY CONTACT IN<br>THE CONNECTION<br>UNITS WILL CAUSE<br>THEM TO OPERATE<br>INCORRECTLY. |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| disappear (v)  | VIEW (n)   | THE HORIZONTAL BAR<br>GOES OUT OF VIEW.   | The horizontal bar disappears from the window.                 |
| DISARM (v),<br>DISARMS,<br>DISARMED,<br>DISARMED                   | To remove armaments  | DISARM THE<br>AIRCRAFT.   |  |
|  | 2. To prevent automatic operation  | DISARM THE LIFT<br>DUMPER.  |  |
| DISASSEMBLE (v),<br>DISASSEMBLES,<br>DISASSEMBLED,<br>DISASSEMBLED | To take an assembly apart  | DISASSEMBLE THE<br>VALVE ASSEMBLY.  |  |
| DISCARD (v),<br>DISCARDS,<br>DISCARDED,<br>DISCARDED               | To not use again   | REMOVE THE<br>O-RINGS AND<br>DISCARD THEM.  |  |
| discharge (v)  | RELEASE (v)  | RELEASE PRESSURE<br>FROM THE TANKS.   | Discharge pressure from the tanks.                             |
|  | GO (v)   | THE UNWANTED AIR GOES OVERBOARD.  | The unwanted air discharges overboard.                         |
| DISCONNECT (v),<br>DISCONNECTS,<br>DISCONNECTED,<br>DISCONNECTED   | To separate something from the thing that it is connected to, or to become separated | DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY.  |  |
|  |  | WHEN YOU TOUCH THIS ICON, THE COMPUTER DISCONNECTS FROM THE INTERNET.                 |  |
| discontinue (v)  | STOP (v)   | STOP THE TEST<br>PROCEDURE.   | Discontinue the test procedure.                                |
| discover (v)   | FIND (v)   | IF YOU FIND<br>CORROSION DURING<br>THE INSPECTION,<br>REMOVE IT.                      | If you discover corrosion during the inspection, remove it.    |
| discrepancy (n)  | DIFFERENCE (n)   | IF THERE IS A DIFFERENCE OF MORE THAN 5 mm, MAKE SURE THAT THE ADJUSTMENT IS CORRECT. | If the discrepancy is greater than 5 mm, check the adjustment. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                         | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| DISENGAGE (v),<br>DISENGAGES,<br>DISENGAGED,<br>DISENGAGED | To release or become released from something that engages | BEFORE YOU START<br>THE ENGINE,<br>DISENGAGE THE<br>CLUTCH.                            |  |
|  |   | IF THERE IS A MALFUNCTION, THE GEARS WILL AUTOMATICALLY DISENGAGE.                     |  |
| disinfect (v)  | DISINFECTANT (TN)   | USE DISINFECTANT<br>TO CLEAN THE MASK<br>ASSEMBLIES.                                   | Disinfect the mask assemblies.   |
| dismantle (v)  | DISASSEMBLE (v)   | DISASSEMBLE THE<br>BRAKE UNIT IN THE<br>WORKSHOP.                                      | Dismantle the brake unit in the workshop.                                      |
| dispatch (v)   | SEND (v)  | SEND A REPORT TO<br>THE INSPECTION<br>DEPARTMENT.                                      | Dispatch a report to the Inspection Department.                                |
| disperse (v)   | REMOVE (v)  | BLOW THROUGH THE<br>TUBES TO REMOVE<br>THE REMAINING<br>FLUID.                         | Blow through the tubes to disperse the residual fluid.                         |
| displace (v)   | MOVE (v)  | THE PISTON MOVES<br>THE FLUID.   | Fluid is displaced by the piston.  |
| DISPLAY (n)  | A visual indication                                       | A NUMBER IN THE<br>TOP LEFT CORNER OF<br>THE DISPLAY REFERS<br>TO THE RELATED<br>PAGE. |  |
| display (v)  | SHOW (v)  | THE COMPASS<br>INDICATORS SHOW<br>THE HEADINGS.  | The headings are displayed on the compass indicators.                          |
| dispose of (v)   | DISCARD (v)   | DISCARD THE USED<br>OIL. REFER TO THE<br>APPLICABLE<br>ENVIRONMENTAL<br>REGULATIONS.   | Dispose of the used oil according to the applicable environmental regulations. |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES           | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| disposition (n)          | LOCATION (n)                                | BEFORE YOU START<br>THE ENGINE, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE FIRE<br>EXTINGUISHERS ARE<br>IN THEIR CORRECT<br>LOCATIONS. | Check the disposition of<br>the fire extinguishers<br>before you start the<br>engine. |
|                          | POSITION (n)                                | MAKE SURE THAT THE POSITION OF THE SWITCHES IS CORRECT.   | Ensure that the switch disposition is correct.  |
| disregard (v)            | IGNORE (v)                                  | DO THE GENERATOR<br>DRIVE TEST, BUT<br>IGNORE STEPS 16<br>THRU 20.  | Perform the generator drive test, but disregard steps 16 thru 20.                     |
| DISTANCE (n)             | The dimension between two points or objects | MEASURE THE<br>DISTANCE BETWEEN<br>POINTS "A" AND "B."  |   |
| distinct (adj)           | CLEAR (adj)                                 | MAKE SURE THAT THE SOUND IS CLEAR.  | Ensure the sound is distinct.   |
| distinctly (adv)         | CLEARLY (adv)                               | ADJUST THE VOLUME UNTIL YOU HEAR THE SOUND CLEARLY.   | You must adjust the volume until you hear the sound distinctly.                       |
| distort (v)              | TWIST (v)                                   | WHEN YOU TURN THE<br>CONNECTORS, DO<br>NOT TWIST THE PIPE.  | Do not distort the pipe when turning the connectors.                                  |
| distribute (v)           | APPLY (v)                                   | APPLY THE LOAD<br>EQUALLY ON THE<br>AREA.   | Distribute the load evenly over the area.   |
|                          | SUPPLY (v)                                  | THE SYSTEM<br>SUPPLIES HYDRAULIC<br>POWER.  | The system distributes hydraulic power.   |
| distribution (n)         | SUPPLY (n)                                  | THE FUEL SUPPLY IS FROM THE COLLECTOR TANKS.  | The fuel distribution is from the collector tanks.                                    |
| disturb (v)              | MOVE (v)                                    | WHEN YOU INSTALL<br>THE DISTRIBUTOR, DO<br>NOT MOVE THE<br>TIMING.  | Do not disturb the timing during the distributor installation.                        |
|                          | CHANGE (v)                                  | DO NOT CHANGE THE<br>SEQUENCE OF THE<br>WORK STEPS IN THE<br>TEST.  | Do not disturb the sequence of the work steps in the test.                            |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                       |        | ed meaning/<br>NATIVES                     | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--------|--|---|---|
| DIVIDE (v),<br>DIVIDES,<br>DIVIDED,<br>DIVIDED |        | separate into<br>ts or groups              | YOU CAN DIVIDE THE DRAINS INTO THREE GROUPS.                                |   |
|  |        |  | THE PRESSURE LINES<br>DIVIDE AND GO IN<br>DIFFERENT<br>DIRECTIONS.          |   |
|  |        | do mathematical<br>sion                    | TO FIND THE MIDDLE POINT, DIVIDE THE MEASURED CLEARANCE BY TWO.             |   |
| DO (v),<br>DOES,<br>DID,<br>DONE               |        | complete a<br>ocedure, task, or<br>ep      | DO A FUNCTIONAL<br>TEST.  |   |
|  | 2. As  | an auxiliary verb                          |   |   |
|  | а.     | As part of a negative command or statement | DO NOT BREATHE<br>THE SOLVENT FUMES.  |   |
|  | b.     | As part of a question                      | DOES THE LIGHT COME ON?   |   |
| don (v)  | USE (v | r)   | WHEN YOU DO WORK<br>ON FIRE<br>EXTINGUISHERS, USE<br>PROTECTIVE<br>GOGGLES. | You must don protective goggles when working on fire extinguishers.         |
|  | PUT O  | N (v)                                      | PUT ON THE MASK.  | Don the mask.   |
| doubt (n)                                      | NOT S  | URE  | IF YOU ARE NOT SURE<br>THAT THE UNIT IS<br>SERVICEABLE,<br>DISCARD IT.      | If there are doubts about<br>the serviceability of the<br>unit, discard it. |
|  | THINK  | (v)  | IF YOU THINK THAT<br>THE RESULTS ARE<br>INCORRECT, DO THE<br>TEST AGAIN.    | If you are in doubt about<br>the results, repeat the<br>test.               |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                                       |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| DOWN (adj)                                   | In a position below               | MAKE SURE THAT THE ANCHOR IS DOWN.                                       |   |
| DOWN (adv)                                   | To a position below               | THE POINTER MOVES DOWN.  |   |
| DOWN (prep)                                  | To a position below               | LET THE SLEEVE<br>MOVE DOWN THE<br>GUIDE TUBE.                           |   |
| DOWNSTREAM<br>(adj)                          | In the direction of the flow      | DISCONNECT THE DOWNSTREAM CONNECTION.                                    |   |
| DOWNSTREAM<br>(adv)                          | In the direction of the flow      | MOVE THE PROBE<br>DOWNSTREAM AND<br>MONITOR THE<br>TEMPERATURE<br>AGAIN. |   |
| DOWNSTREAM<br>OF (prep)                      | In the direction of the flow      | DISCONNECT THE<br>CONNECTION WHICH<br>IS DOWNSTREAM OF<br>THE VALVE.     |   |
| downward (adv)                               | DOWN (adv)                        | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>AIR OUTLET POINTS<br>DOWN.                         | Make sure that the air outlet is positioned downward. |
| drag (v)                                     | PULL (v)                          | PULL THE WIRES<br>THROUGH THE<br>CONDUIT.                                | Drag the wires through the conduit.                   |
| DRAIN (v),<br>DRAINS,<br>DRAINED,<br>DRAINED | To remove liquid                  | DRAIN THE SYSTEM<br>FULLY.   |   |
| draw (v)                                     | MAKE (v)                          | MAKE A LINE ON THE<br>BLADE.   | Draw a line on the blade.                             |
|  | PULL (v)                          | PULL THE WIRE OUT OF THE CONDUIT.  | Draw the wire out of the conduit.                     |



| Word<br>(part of speech)        | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES               | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| dress (v)                       | USE (v)   | BEFORE YOU GO INTO<br>THE WORK AREA, USE<br>THE NECESSARY<br>PROTECTIVE<br>CLOTHING.                         | Dress suitably before going into the work area.  |
|                                 | PUT ON (v)                                      | BEFORE YOU GO NEAR THE TEST RIG, PUT ON THE NECESSARY PROTECTIVE CLOTHING.                                   | Dress appropriately before going near the test rig.  |
| drift (v)                       | MOVE (v)  | THE HORIZON BAR<br>CAN MOVE A SMALL<br>DISTANCE.   | The horizon bar may drift slightly.  |
|                                 | REMOVE (v)<br>(WITH A DRIFT [TN])               | REMOVE THE PIN<br>FROM ITS HOLE. USE<br>A DRIFT.   | Drift the pin from its hole.   |
| DRINK (v),<br>DRINKS,<br>DRANK, | To consume liquid                               | DO NOT DRINK IN THE<br>WORK AREA.  |  |
| No other verb forms.            | For safety instructions, use:                   |  |  |
|                                 | SWALLOW (v)                                     | DO NOT SWALLOW<br>THE SOLVENT.   | Do not drink the solvent.  |
| drive (v)                       | MOVE (v)  | THE ACTUATOR<br>MOVES TO ZERO.   | The actuator is driven to zero.  |
|                                 | REMOVE (v)                                      | REMOVE THE LOCKBOLT FROM THE HOLE.   | Drive the lockbolt out of the hole.  |
|                                 | OPERATE (v)                                     | A HYDRAULIC MOTOR<br>OPERATES THE<br>PUMP.   | A hydraulic motor drives the pump.   |
| droop (v)                       | MOVE (v)  | IF YOU DO NOT INSTALL THE RIGGING PIN, THE ELEVATORS WILL MOVE DOWN WHEN THERE IS NO PRESSURE IN THE SYSTEM. | If you do not install the rigging pin, the elevators will droop when there is no pressure in the system. |
| DROP (n)                        | A small quantity of liquid in a spherical shape | MAKE SURE THAT NO<br>DROPS OF ADHESIVE<br>FALL ONTO THE<br>MATERIAL.   |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)              | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES              | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| drop (v)                              | FALL (v)                                       | PARTICLES THAT FALL INTO THE INTAKE CAN CAUSE DAMAGE.                | Particles that drop into the intake may cause damage.   |
|                                       | DECREASE (v)                                   | THE PRESSURE<br>DECREASES WHILE<br>THE TIRES BECOME<br>COOL.         | The pressure drops as the tires cool.                   |
| DRY (adj)<br>(DRIER,<br>DRIEST)       | Without liquid or moisture                     | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SURFACE IS DRY.                                |   |
| DRY (v),<br>DRIES,<br>DRIED,<br>DRIED | To remove liquid or moisture, or to become dry | DRY THE FILTER IN AN<br>OVEN.  |   |
|                                       |  | LET THE PAINT DRY<br>AT THE AMBIENT<br>TEMPERATURE.                  |   |
| due to (prep)                         | BECAUSE OF (prep)                              | BECAUSE OF THE<br>SMALL DIAMETER OF<br>THE HOLE, THE FLOW<br>IS LOW. | Due to the small diameter of the hole, the flow is low. |
|                                       | BECAUSE (conj)                                 | THE SHAFT MOVED<br>BECAUSE THE<br>ACTUATOR<br>OPERATED.              | The shaft moved due to the actuator action.             |
| dull (adj)                            | DIM (adj)                                      | THE LAMP COMES ON WITH A DIM LIGHT.                                  | The lamp comes on with a dull light.                    |
|                                       | MATT (adj)                                     | THE LETTERS WILL BE MATT BLACK ON WHITE.                             | The letters will be dull black on a white background.   |
| duration (n)                          | DURING (prep)                                  | DO NOT MAKE<br>ADJUSTMENTS<br>DURING THIS TEST.                      | Do not make adjustments for the duration of this test.  |
| DURING (prep)                         | In or for a specified time                     | MONITOR THE INDICATIONS DURING THE RETRACTION TEST.                  |   |
| dust (v)                              | APPLY (v)                                      | APPLY TALCUM<br>POWDER TO THE<br>AREA.                               | Dust the area with talcum powder.                       |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| EACH (adj)               | Every one of two or<br>more objects or persons,<br>seen together as a group<br>but identified separately |   |   |
| EACH (pron)              | Every one of two or more objects or persons, seen together as a group but identified separately          |   |   |
| EACH OTHER<br>(pron)     | Each of two or more in reciprocal action or relation   | WHEN YOU REMOVE<br>THE PROBES, DO NOT<br>LET THEM TOUCH<br>EACH OTHER.  |   |
| early (adj)              | SHORT (adj)  | IF THE FILTERS BECOME CLOGGED AFTER AN UNUSUALLY SHORT TIME, SEND THEM TO THE LABORATORY FOR ANALYSIS OF THE CONTAMINATION. | If the filters clog at an unusually early stage, send them to the laboratory for analysis of the contamination. |
| earth (n)                | GROUND (n)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>ELECTRICAL SUPPLY<br>GOES TO GROUND.  | Make sure the electric supply goes to earth.  |
| earth (v)                | GROUND (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>FUEL TANKS ARE<br>CORRECTLY<br>GROUNDED.  | Make sure the fuel tanks are correctly earthed.   |
| ease (n)                 | EASILY (adv)   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU CAN MOVE THE<br>HANDLE EASILY.  | The handle must move with ease.   |
|                          | EASY (adj)   | MAKE SURE THAT IT<br>IS EASY TO MOVE THE<br>HANDLE.   | The handle must move with ease.   |
| ease (v)                 | CAREFULLY REMOVE   | CAREFULLY REMOVE<br>THE TRIM COVER<br>FROM THE ADHESIVE<br>TAPE.  | Ease the trim cover from the adhesive tape.   |
|                          | CAREFULLY MOVE   | CAREFULLY MOVE<br>THE PIPE INTO THE<br>CORRECT POSITION.  | Ease the pipe into the right position.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                 | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| EASILY (adv)                       | Without difficulty  | OXIDATION OCCURS VERY EASILY.  |   |
| EASY (adj)<br>(EASIER,<br>EASIEST) | Without difficulty  | USE THE LEFT<br>OPENING FOR EASY<br>ACCESS.  |   |
| EAT (v),<br>EATS,<br>ATE           | To consume food   | DO NOT EAT IN THE<br>WORK AREA.  |   |
| No other verb forms.               | For safety instructions, use:                                     |  |   |
|                                    | SWALLOW (v)   | DO NOT SWALLOW<br>THE POTTING<br>COMPOUND.   | Do not eat the potting compound.  |
| EDGE (n)                           | A line that is the intersection of two surfaces of a solid object | THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE EDGE OF THE PANEL AND THE PARTITION MUST NOT BE MORE THAN 0.05 mm.        |   |
| EFFECT (n)                         | The result of a cause   | WHEN DUST MIXES<br>WITH OIL, IT HAS AN<br>ABRASIVE EFFECT.   |   |
| effect (v)                         | DO (v)  | DO THE TIGHTENING PROCEDURE.   | Effect the tightening procedure.  |
| effective (adj)                    | GOOD (adj)  | THIS MATERIAL GIVES<br>GOOD PROTECTION<br>FROM CORROSION.  | This material provides effective protection from corrosion.                                     |
| efficacious (adj)                  | GOOD (adj)  | THIS IS A GOOD<br>PROCEDURE TO<br>REMOVE PAINT.  | This is an efficacious way to remove paint.   |
| efficient (adj)                    | SATISFACTORY (adj)  | THE TRANSMISSION CONTROL PROTOCOL IS NOT SATISFACTORY FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF INTERACTIVE TRAFFIC. | The Transmission Control Protocol is not efficient for the transmission of interactive traffic. |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| efficiently (adv)                            | SATISFACTORILY (adv)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE UNIT OPERATES SATISFACTORILY.   | Make sure the unit operates efficiently.  |
| efflux (n)                                   | EXHAUST (n)   | MAKE SURE THAT THERE ARE SAFETY BARRIERS AROUND THE ENGINE EXHAUST AREA.                                     | Ensure that there are safety barriers around the engine efflux area.            |
| effort (n)                                   | FORCE (TN)  | DO NOT TIGHTEN THE<br>BOLTS WITH TOO<br>MUCH FORCE.  | Do not use too much effort to tighten the bolts.                                |
|  | TRY (v)   | FIRST, TRY TO TURN<br>THE SHAFT WITH<br>YOUR HANDS.  | First, make an effort to turn the shaft with your hands.                        |
| either (adj)                                 | ONE (TN) OF THE TWO (TN)  | IF THERE IS MERCURY<br>CONTAMINATION IN<br>ONE OF THE TWO<br>COMPARTMENTS,<br>CLEAN THE AREA<br>IMMEDIATELY. | If there is mercury spillage in either compartment, clean the area immediately. |
| either (conj)                                | OR (conj)   | YOU CAN USE A RED<br>PEN OR A GREEN PEN.   | You can use either a red pen or a green pen.                                    |
| either (pron)                                | ONE (TN) OR THE<br>OTHER  | THERE ARE TWO<br>SOLENOIDS. YOU CAN<br>SUPPLY ELECTRICAL<br>POWER TO ONE OR<br>THE OTHER.                    | There are two solenoids.<br>You can supply electrical<br>power to either.       |
| EJECT (v),<br>EJECTS,<br>EJECTED,<br>EJECTED | To move or to cause a person or item to move from an aircraft or equipment with force | IF YOU PULL THE<br>EJECTION SEAT<br>HANDLE, THE SEAT<br>WILL EJECT.  |   |
| ejection (n)                                 | EJECT (v)   | PUSH THE<br>APPLICABLE BUTTON<br>TO EJECT THE DISK<br>DRIVE.   | Push the applicable button for disk drive ejection.                             |



| Word<br>(part of speech)       | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES     | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| elapse (v)                     | TIME (n)                              | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TIME BETWEEN<br>STARTS IS A MINIMUM<br>OF 30 SECONDS.                      | Check that 30 seconds have elapsed between starts.           |
|                                | AFTER (prep)                          | AFTER 30 SECONDS,<br>DO THE TEST AGAIN.  | When 30 seconds have elapsed, do the test again.             |
|                                | INTERVAL (n)                          | AT INTERVALS OF SIX<br>MONTHS, DO THE<br>CHECK OF THE OIL<br>LEVEL.                              | When six months have elapsed, do the check of the oil level. |
| ELECTRIC (adj)                 | Operated by electricity               | IF THE HYDRAULIC<br>PUMP DOES NOT<br>SUPPLY A PRESSURE<br>OF 3000 psi, USE THE<br>ELECTRIC PUMP. |  |
| ELECTRICAL (adj)               | Related to electricity                | SUPPLY ELECTRICAL<br>POWER TO THE<br>SYSTEM.   |  |
| ELECTRICALLY (adv)             | Related to or operated by electricity | THE SYSTEM IS HYDRAULICALLY OPERATED AND ELECTRICALLY CONTROLLED.                                |  |
| ELECTROMAG-<br>NETIC (adj)     | Related to electromagnetism           | THE ELECTROMAGNETIC TEST PROCEDURE USES ELECTROMAGNETIC FORCE.                                   |  |
| ELECTROMAG-<br>NETICALLY (adv) | Related to electromagnetism           | THE SYSTEM OPERATES ELECTROMAG- NETICALLY.   |  |
| ELECTRONIC (adj)               | Related to or operated by electronics | THIS BAY CONTAINS<br>SOME OF THE<br>ELECTRONIC<br>EQUIPMENT.                                     |  |
| ELECTRONICALLY (adv)           | Related to or operated by electronics | THIS UNIT IS<br>ELECTRONICALLY<br>CONTROLLED.  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                 | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| eliminate (v)            | REMOVE (v)  | REMOVE ALL SHARP EDGES.   | Eliminate all sharp edges.   |
|                          | STOP (v)  | PUT A BAG OF<br>DESICCANT IN THE<br>PACKAGE TO STOP<br>CONDENSATION.  | Put a bag of desiccant in the package to eliminate condensation.               |
|                          | PREVENT (v)                                       | PUT A BAG OF DESICCANT IN THE PACKAGE TO PREVENT CONDENSATION.  | Put a bag of desiccant in the package to eliminate condensation.               |
| EMERGENCY (n)            | A condition that occurs suddenly and is dangerous | IN AN EMERGENCY,<br>BREAK THE GLASS.  |  |
| emit (v)                 | FROM (prep)                                       | THE VAPORS FROM<br>THIS MATERIAL ARE<br>DANGEROUS TO THE<br>SKIN.   | The vapors that this material emits are dangerous to the skin.                 |
| employ (v)               | USE (v)   | TYPE B UNITS USE A LOOSE COLLAR.  | Type B units employ a loose collar.  |
|                          | HAVE (v)  | THIS ASSEMBLY<br>MACHINE HAS<br>ROBOTIC ARMS.   | This assembly machine employs robotic arms.                                    |
| EMPTY (adj)              | Without contents                                  | MAKE SURE THAT THE RESERVOIR IS EMPTY.  |  |
| empty (v)                | REMOVE (v)  | REMOVE ALL FUEL<br>FROM THE FUEL<br>TANKS.  | Empty the fuel tanks.  |
| enable (v)               | LET (v)   | THE DISASSEMBLY<br>FIXTURE LETS YOU<br>DISASSEMBLE THE<br>MODULE.   | The disassembly fixture enables you to disassemble the module.                 |
| encircle (v)             | AROUND (prep)                                     | PUT SEALANT<br>AROUND EACH<br>SCREW HOLE.   | Encircle each screw hole with sealant.   |
| enclosed (adj)           | CLOSED (adj)                                      | IF YOU USE SOLVENT<br>IN A CLOSED SPACE,<br>MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS GOOD<br>AIRFLOW IN THE<br>WORK AREA. | The work area must be well-ventilated if solvent is used in an enclosed space. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES               | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| encounter (v)  | BE (v)  | IF THERE ARE ROUGH<br>AREAS, REMOVE<br>THEM WITH EMERY<br>CLOTH. | If rough spots are encountered, remove them with emery cloth. |
|  | FIND (v)  | IF YOU FIND ROUGH<br>AREAS, REMOVE<br>THEM WITH EMERY<br>CLOTH.  | If rough spots are encountered, remove them with emery cloth. |
| END (n)  | Where time, distance, or sequence are completed | EXAMINE THE<br>SHACKLE AT THE END<br>OF THE SLING.               |   |
| end (v)  | STOP (v)  | STOP THE TEST.   | End the test.   |
|  | COMPLETE (v)                                    | WHEN YOU<br>COMPLETED THE<br>TEST, REMOVE THE<br>SENSOR.         | When the test has ended, remove the sensor.                   |
|  |   | WHEN THE TEST IS COMPLETED, REMOVE THE SENSOR.                   | When the test has ended, remove the sensor.                   |
| ENERGIZE (v),<br>ENERGIZES,<br>ENERGIZED,<br>ENERGIZED | To supply electrical power to                   | ENERGIZE THE AC<br>AND DC BUSBARS.                               |   |
| enforce (v)  | OBEY (v)  | ALL PERSONNEL<br>MUST OBEY THE<br>SAFETY<br>PRECAUTIONS.         | Safety precautions must be enforced.                          |
| ENGAGE (v),<br>ENGAGES,<br>ENGAGED,<br>ENGAGED         | To correctly align and come together            | ENGAGE THE CLUTCH.   |   |
|  |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE CLUTCH ENGAGES.                               |   |
| engagement (n)   | ENGAGE (v)                                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SPLINES ENGAGE<br>FULLY.                   | Make sure there is full engagement of the splines.            |
| enlarge (v)  | INCREASE (v)                                    | INCREASE THE<br>DIAMETER OF THE<br>RIVET HOLE.                   | Enlarge the rivet hole diameter.                              |
|  | LARGE (adj)                                     | MAKE THE HOLES<br>LARGER.  | Enlarge the holes.  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| enough (adj)             | SUFFICIENT (adj)                  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS SUFFICIENT<br>PRESSURE IN THE<br>ACCUMULATOR.                  | Make sure that there is enough pressure in the accumulator.     |
| ensue (v)                | CAUSE (v)                         | INCORRECT<br>INSTALLATION WILL<br>CAUSE DAMAGE.   | Damage will ensue from incorrect installation.                  |
| ensure (v)               | MAKE SURE (v)                     | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>CORRECT SEALS ARE<br>INSTALLED.                                     | Ensure that the correct seals are installed.                    |
| enter (v)                | GO INTO                           | DO NOT GO INTO THE LABORATORY WITHOUT APPROVAL.   | Do not enter the laboratory without approval.                   |
|                          | RECORD (v)                        | RECORD THE DATA IN THE LOGBOOK.   | Enter the data in the logbook.                                  |
|                          | ENTRY (n)                         | MAKE AN ENTRY IN<br>THE LOGBOOK TO<br>SHOW THAT YOU DID<br>THE DEACTIVATION<br>PROCEDURE. | Enter in the logbook that you did the deactivation procedure.   |
| entire (adj)             | FULL (adj)                        | THE ANTENNA MAKES<br>A SCAN OF THE FULL<br>RANGE OF<br>FREQUENCIES.                       | The antenna makes a scan of the entire range of frequencies.    |
|                          | ALL (adj)                         | EXAMINE ALL OF THE<br>SYSTEM TO FIND THE<br>CAUSE OF THE<br>INTERFERENCE.                 | Check the entire system to determine the cause of interference. |
| entirely (adv)           | FULLY (adv)                       | THE SYSTEM IS FULLY AUTOMATIC.  | The system is entirely automatic.                               |
| ENTRANCE (n)             | An opening to go into a space     | PUT SAFETY<br>BARRIERS AT THE<br>ENTRANCE TO THE<br>WORK AREA.                            |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                            | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| ENTRY (n)                                  | A record of an occurrence                                    | MAKE AN ENTRY IN<br>THE LOG CARD.  |  |
| EQUAL (adj)                                | The same dimension,<br>quality, quantity, or<br>number       | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS AN EQUAL<br>DISTANCE BETWEEN<br>THE HOLES.              |  |
| equal (v)                                  | SAME (adj)   | DIMENSION "X" MUST<br>BE THE SAME AS<br>DIMENSION "Z."                             | Dimension X must equal dimension Z.  |
|  | EQUAL (adj)  | DIMENSION "X" MUST<br>BE EQUAL TO<br>DIMENSION "Y."                                | Dimension X must equal dimension Y.  |
| EQUALLY (adv)                              | The same dimension,<br>quality, quantity, or<br>number       | ADJUST THE<br>TURNBUCKLES<br>EQUALLY.  |  |
| equip (v)                                  | INSTALL (v)  | INSTALL THE<br>SHUTOFF VALVES ON<br>EACH HP MANIFOLD.                              | Equip each HP manifold with shutoff valves.  |
| EQUIPMENT (n)                              | The objects or tools used for operation and maintenance      | REMOVE ALL THE<br>EQUIPMENT FROM<br>THE WORK AREA.                                 |  |
| equipped (adj)                             | HAVE (v)   | BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU MOVE JET PIPES OR EXHAUST CONES THAT HAVE INSULATING BLANKETS. | Be careful when handling jet pipes or exhaust cones equipped with insulating blankets. |
| EQUIVALENT (adj)                           | Has the same properties, functions, or values                | MATERIALS<br>(REF. No. 2) AND<br>(REF. No. 18) ARE<br>EQUIVALENT.                  |  |
| EQUIVALENT (n)                             | Something that has the same properties, functions, or values | USE CLEANING<br>COMPOUND ARDROX<br>6025, OR AN<br>EQUIVALENT.                      |  |
| ERASE (v),<br>ERASES,<br>ERASED,<br>ERASED | To remove data from a medium                                 | ERASE THE TAPE.  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                     | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| erect (v)                | ASSEMBLE (v)  | BEFORE YOU LIFT THE<br>GEARBOX, ASSEMBLE<br>THE MOVABLE HOIST.             | Erect the movable hoist before lifting the gearbox.                        |
|                          | BECOME STABLE   | LET THE VERTICAL<br>GYRO BECOME<br>STABLE.                                 | Give the vertical gyro time to erect.                                      |
| erratic (adj)            | IRREGULAR (adj)                                       | THE OPERATION OF<br>THE COMPASS IS<br>IRREGULAR.                           | The compass is erratic.  |
| ERROR (n)                | The difference from that which is correct or accurate | IF THE ERROR IS<br>MORE THAN 3 DEG.,<br>CALIBRATE THE<br>COMPASS.          |  |
| escape (v)               | DEFLATE (v)   | DEFLATE THE TIRE.  | Let the air escape from the tire.  |
|                          | RELEASE (v)   | RELEASE ALL THE NITROGEN.  | Allow all the nitrogen to escape.  |
| establish (v)            | MAKE SURE (v)   | IN THE STEP THAT FOLLOWS, MAKE SURE THAT THE FUEL PUMP OPERATES CORRECTLY. | In the following step, establish the correct functioning of the fuel pump. |
| ESTIMATE (n)             | A calculated, approximate result                      | MAKE AN ESTIMATE<br>OF THE NECESSARY<br>QUANTITY OF PAINT.                 |  |
| estimate (v)             | ESTIMATE (n)  | MAKE AN ESTIMATE OF THE QUANTITY OF CLEANING FLUID THAT IS NECESSARY.      | Estimate the amount of cleaning fluid that is necessary.                   |
| evaluate (v)             | EXAMINE (v)   | EXAMINE THE<br>DAMAGE AFTER AN<br>ACCIDENT.                                | Evaluate the damage after an accident.                                     |
|                          | ANALYSIS (TN)   | MAKE AN ANALYSIS<br>OF THE TEST<br>RESULTS.                                | Evaluate the test results.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| evaluation (n)           | EXAMINE (v)                       | EXAMINE THE DAMAGE.   | Do an evaluation of the damage.  |
|                          | ANALYSIS (TN)                     | MAKE AN ANALYSIS<br>OF THE TEST<br>RESULTS.   | Do an evaluation of the test results.  |
| evaporate (v)            | DRY (v)                           | LET THE COMPOUND DRY.   | Allow the solvent to evaporate from the compound.                                      |
| even (adj)               | SMOOTH (adj)                      | A GUIDE ROD IS ATTACHED TO THE METAL BELLOWS DISC FOR A SMOOTH MOVEMENT OF THE BELLOWS. | A guide rod is attached to the metal bellows disc for an even movement of the bellows. |
|                          | SAME (adj)                        | APPLY THE SAME<br>LOAD ON THE TWO<br>BRAKES.  | Braking must be even on the two brakes.  |
|                          | FLAT (adj)                        | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THE SURFACE IS<br>FLAT.   | Ensure the surface is even.  |
|                          | FLUSH (adj)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE FASTENER HEADS ARE FLUSH WITH THE SKIN.                              | Make sure that the fastener heads are even with the skin.                              |
|                          | LEVEL (adj)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE MARK ON THE BOLT IS LEVEL WITH THE MARK ON THE HANDLE.               | Make sure that the mark on the bolt is even with the mark on the handle.               |
| evenly (adv)             | GRADUALLY (adv)                   | INCREASE THE<br>TEMPERATURE<br>GRADUALLY.   | Increase the temperature evenly.   |
|                          | EQUALLY (adv)                     | APPLY THE LOAD EQUALLY ON THE AREA.   | Apply the load evenly on the area.   |
| event (n)                | IF (conj)                         | IF THE PRESSURE<br>DECREASES<br>SUDDENLY, CLOSE<br>THE VALVE.                           | In the event of a sudden dropping of pressure, close the valve.                        |
| eventually (adv)         | SOME TIME                         | IF THE CABLE RUBS,<br>IT WILL BREAK AFTER<br>SOME TIME.                                 | If the cable chafes, it will eventually break.   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| every (adj)              | ALL (adj)                         | REMOVE ALL SAFETY PINS BEFORE FLIGHT.   | Every safety pin must be removed before flight.                                   |
|                          | EACH (adj)                        | SET THE BTRY<br>SWITCH TO "ON"<br>EACH TIME.  | It is necessary to set the BTRY switch to ON every time.                          |
|                          | INTERVAL (n)                      | DO AN INSPECTION<br>AT INTERVALS OF<br>20 000 FLIGHT<br>HOURS.                            | Do an inspection every 20 000 flight hours.                                       |
| evidence (n)             | INDICATION (n)                    | IF THERE IS AN<br>INDICATION OF A<br>LEAK, REPLACE THE<br>VALVE.                          | If there is evidence of a leak, replace the valve.                                |
|                          | SIGN (n)                          | ONE SIGN OF A LEAK OF HOT AIR FROM A JOINT IS THAT THE TEMPERATURE INDICATION DECREASES.  | Evidence of a leak of hot air from a joint is that the temperature reading drops. |
|                          | SHOW (v)                          | REPLACE THE INSULATION BLANKETS THAT SHOW CHAFING.  | Replace the insulation blankets with evidence of chafing.                         |
| evidence (v)             | SHOW (v)                          | IF THE TEST SHOWS<br>NO FAULT, CONTINUE<br>THE PROCEDURE.                                 | If no fault is evidenced by the test, continue the procedure.                     |
|                          | FIND (v)                          | IF YOU DO NOT FIND<br>DAMAGE DURING THE<br>INSPECTION<br>PROCEDURE,<br>ASSEMBLE THE UNIT. | If the inspection does<br>not evidence any<br>damage, assemble the<br>unit.       |
| evident (adj)            | FIND (v)                          | IF YOU DO NOT FIND<br>DAMAGE, CONTINUE<br>THE INSPECTION.                                 | If no damage is evident, continue the inspection.                                 |
| exact (adj)              | ACCURATE (adj)                    | IF THE INDICATION IS<br>NOT ACCURATE, DO<br>THE TEST AGAIN.                               | If the indication is not exact, do the test again.                                |
|                          | CORRECT (adj)                     | IF THE INDICATION IS<br>NOT CORRECT, DO<br>THE TEST AGAIN.                                | If the indication is not exact, do the test again.                                |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|--|---|
| exactly (adv)                                      | ACCURATELY (adv)   | PUT THE REPAIR<br>SHEET ACCURATELY<br>ON THE DAMAGED<br>AREA.                          | Put the repair sheet exactly on the damaged area.                                     |
|  | FULLY (adv)  | FIND THE BOLT HOLE<br>THAT ALIGNS FULLY<br>WITH ONE OF THE<br>OUTER SLOTS.             | Find the bolt hole that aligns exactly with one of the outer slots.                   |
|  | CORRECT (adj)  | THE SEAL MUST BE OF THE CORRECT DIMENSION FOR THE GROOVE.                              | The seal must fit the groove exactly.   |
| examination (n)                                    | EXAMINE (v)  | EXAMINE THE BLADE FOR CRACKS.  | Do an examination of the blades for cracks.   |
|  | FIND (v)   | IF YOU FIND<br>CORROSION,<br>REMOVE IT WITH THE<br>SPECIFIED MATERIAL.                 | If the examination reveals corrosion, it must be removed with the specified material. |
| EXAMINE (v),<br>EXAMINES,<br>EXAMINED,<br>EXAMINED | To look carefully at   | EXAMINE THE<br>COMPUTER FOR<br>DAMAGE.   |   |
| EXAMPLE (n)  | Something from a group which has the same qualities as the group | FIGURE 2 IS AN EXAMPLE OF A REPAIR PROCEDURE FOR A DAMAGED WEB.                        |   |
| exceed (v)   | MORE THAN  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THE INDICATION IS<br>NOT MORE THAN<br>400 KNOTS.                     | Ensure that the indication does not exceed 400 knots.                                 |
| except (prep)                                      | To replace this word, use a different construction. Be accurate. | KEEP ALL THE PARTS<br>THAT ARE<br>SERVICEABLE AND<br>DISCARD THOSE<br>THAT ARE BROKEN. | Keep all parts except those that are broken.  |
|  |  | REMOVE ALL<br>SCREWS, BUT NOT<br>THE ONE ON THE<br>LEFT SIDE OF THE<br>FLANGE.         | Remove all screws except the one on the left side of the flange.                      |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| exception (n)            | To replace this word, use a different construction. Be accurate. | KEEP ALL THE PARTS<br>THAT ARE<br>SERVICEABLE AND<br>DISCARD THOSE<br>THAT ARE BROKEN.   | Keep all parts with the exception of those that are broken.                              |
|                          |  | REMOVE ALL<br>SCREWS, BUT NOT<br>THE ONE ON THE<br>LEFT SIDE OF THE<br>FLANGE.           | Remove all screws with<br>the exception of the one<br>on the left side of the<br>flange. |
| exceptional (adj)        | UNUSUAL (adj)  | IF IT IS NECESSARY TO APPLY UNUSUAL FORCE TO OPEN THE UNIT, EXAMINE THE CONTROL LINKAGE. | If exceptional force is needed to open the unit, examine the control linkage.            |
| exceptionally (adv)      | UNUSUALLY (adv)  | IF THE TIRE<br>PRESSURE IS<br>UNUSUALLY HIGH,<br>OPEN THE VALVE.                         | If the tire pressure is exceptionally high, open the valve.                              |
| excess (adj)             | TOO MUCH   | DO NOT APPLY TOO<br>MUCH ADHESIVE ON<br>THE GASKET.                                      | Do not apply excess adhesive on the gasket.  |
|                          | MORE THAN  | DO NOT PUT MORE<br>THAN THE<br>PERMITTED WEIGHT<br>ON THE TROLLEY.                       | Do not put excess weight on the trolley.   |
|                          | UNWANTED (adj)   | REMOVE UNWANTED<br>COMPOUND FROM<br>THE GASKET.  | Wipe excess compound from the gasket.  |
|                          | NOT NECESSARY  | REMOVE ALL<br>REMAINING SEALANT<br>THAT IS NOT<br>NECESSARY.                             | Remove all the excess sealant.   |
| excess (n)               | TOO MUCH   | IF YOU USE TOO<br>MUCH PAINT, THE<br>FINISH WILL BE<br>UNSATISFACTORY.                   | An excess of paint will give a poor finish.  |
|                          | MORE THAN  | THE HYDRAULIC<br>PRESSURE MUST NOT<br>BE MORE THAN<br>200 bar.                           | The hydraulic pressure must not be in excess of 200 bar.                                 |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| excessive (adj)          | TOO MUCH                          | TOO MUCH FORCE<br>CAN CAUSE DAMAGE<br>TO THE SEAL.                          | Excessive force can damage the seal.                            |
|                          | MORE THAN                         | IF THE PRESSURE IS<br>MORE THAN 1000 kPa,<br>STOP THE TEST.                 | If the pressure is excessive, stop the test.                    |
| excessively (adv)        | TOO MUCH                          | BE CAREFUL NOT TO<br>TURN THE INNER<br>RACES TOO MUCH.                      | Be careful not to excessively rotate the inner races.           |
|                          | MORE THAN                         | IF THE OIL LEAKAGE IS MORE THAN FIVE DROPS A MINUTE, REJECT THE UNIT.       | If oil leaks excessively, reject the unit.                      |
| exchange (v)             | INTERCHANGE (v)                   | INTERCHANGE THE<br>No. 1 AND No. 2<br>COMPUTERS. THEN<br>DO THE TEST AGAIN. | Exchange the No. 1 and No. 2 computers. Then do the test again. |
|                          | REPLACE (v)                       | REPLACE THE O-RINGS.  | Exchange the O-rings.   |
| exclude (v)              | NOT INCLUDE                       | THIS PROCEDURE<br>DOES NOT INCLUDE<br>THE REMOVAL OF<br>THE PISTON.         | This procedure excludes the removal of the piston.              |
|                          | NOT USE                           | DO NOT USE<br>OXYGEN.   | Exclude the use of oxygen.                                      |
| excluding (prep)         | WITHOUT (prep)                    | THE WEIGHT OF THE UNIT, WITHOUT THE MOTOR, IS 10 kg.                        | The weight of the unit, excluding the motor, is 10 kg.          |
| execute (v)              | DO (v)                            | DO THESE STEPS.   | Execute the following operations.                               |
| exempt (adj)             | NO (adj)                          | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE ARE NO<br>METAL PARTICLES IN<br>THE OIL.            | Ensure the oil is exempt from metal particles.                  |
|                          | NOT SHOW                          | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THE SEALS DO NOT<br>SHOW SIGNS OF<br>DETERIORATION.       | Ensure the seals are exempt from signs of deterioration.        |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| exercise (v)             | MAKE SURE (v)                     | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU DO NOT GET<br>ACID ON YOUR SKIN.                         | Exercise caution not to allow acid to contact skin.              |
|                          | CAREFUL (adj)                     | BE CAREFUL THAT<br>YOU DO NOT GET<br>ACID ON YOUR SKIN.                        | Exercise caution not to allow acid to contact skin.              |
| exert (v)                | APPLY (v)                         | APPLY A LIGHT<br>FORCE TO THE<br>PEDALS.                                       | Exert a light force on the pedals.                               |
|                          | PUT (v)                           | PUT PRESSURE ON THE WOUND.   | Exert pressure on the wound.                                     |
| exhale (v)               | BREATHE (v)                       | BREATHE INTO THE OXYGEN MASK.  | Exhale into the oxygen mask.                                     |
| EXHAUST (n)              | The gas from an engine            | THE EXHAUST FROM<br>THE APU IS<br>DANGEROUS.                                   |  |
| exhaust (v)              | REMOVE (v)                        | USE A FAN TO<br>REMOVE THE GASES.  | Exhaust the gases using a fan.                                   |
|                          | DECREASE (v)                      | DECREASE THE<br>NITROGEN<br>PRESSURE TO<br>120 psi.                            | Exhaust the nitrogen pressure to 120 psi.                        |
|                          | RELEASE (v)                       | RELEASE THE HYDRAULIC PRESSURE IN THE ACCUMULATOR.                             | Exhaust all the hydraulic pressure in the accumulator.           |
| exhaustive (adj)         | ALL (adj)                         | ALL THE TEST<br>CONDITIONS ARE<br>GIVEN IN<br>PARAGRAPH 2.0.                   | An exhaustive list of test conditions is given at paragraph 2.0. |
|                          | FULL (adj)                        | THIS IS NOT A FULL<br>LIST.  | The list is not exhaustive.                                      |
| exist (v)                | BE (v)                            | THERE ARE TWO<br>DIFFERENT<br>PROCEDURES FOR<br>THIS REPAIR.                   | Two different procedures exist for this repair.                  |
| EXIT (n)                 | An opening to go out of a space   | MAKE SURE THAT ALL<br>THE EMERGENCY<br>EXITS ARE CLEAR OF<br>UNWANTED OBJECTS. |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                 | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| EXPAND (v),<br>EXPANDS,<br>EXPANDED,<br>EXPANDED | To increase in dimension, volume, or time                         | THE BELLOWS MUST EXPAND.   |   |
|  |   | HEAT EXPANDS THE<br>GAS IN THE<br>CONTAINER.   |   |
| expect (v)                                       | POSSIBLE (adj)  | IF IT IS POSSIBLE THAT THE TEMPERATURE WILL DECREASE TO -20 DEGREES C, REMOVE THE BATTERIES. | If temperature is expected to drop to -20 degrees C, remove the batteries.    |
| expel (v)  | REMOVE (v)  | REMOVE THE AIR<br>BUBBLES FROM THE<br>COMPOUND WITH A<br>SPATULA.                            | Expel the air bubbles from the compound with a spatula.                       |
|  | BLEED (v)   | BLEED ALL NITROGEN FROM THE SYSTEM.  | Expel all nitrogen from the system.   |
|  | RELEASE (v)   | RELEASE ALL<br>NITROGEN.   | Expel all nitrogen.   |
| EXPIRED (adj)                                    | More than the permitted life                                      | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THE SHELF LIFE IS<br>NOT EXPIRED.  |   |
| explain (v)                                      | TELL (v)  | THE TECHNICIAN WILL TELL THE OPERATOR THE PROCEDURE FOR SENSOR CALIBRATION.                  | The technician will explain the sensor calibration procedure to the operator. |
| EXPLOSION (n)                                    | The effect when an explosive material quickly releases its energy | THIS CONDITION CAN<br>CAUSE AN<br>EXPLOSION.   |   |
| EXPLOSIVE (adj)                                  | That can cause an explosion                                       | THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS THAT FOLLOW ARE APPLICABLE TO EXPLOSIVE ITEMS.                        |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                                |
|--|--|--|--|
| expose (v)                                       | GET (v)  | REMOVE THE COVER<br>ASSEMBLY TO GET<br>ACCESS TO THE<br>LAMP ASSEMBLY. | Remove cover assembly to expose lamp assembly. |
| EXTEND (v),<br>EXTENDS,<br>EXTENDED,<br>EXTENDED | To increase, or cause something to increase, in dimension or range | FULLY EXTEND THE<br>JACK RAM.  |  |
|  |  | MAKE SURE THAT THE RODS EXTEND AND RETRACT.                            |  |
| EXTENSION (n)                                    | The action when something extends                                  | MAKE SURE THAT THE EXTENSION OF THE ACTUATOR IS SMOOTH.                |  |
|  | The result when something extends                                  | THE TOTAL<br>EXTENSION OF THE<br>PISTON IS 125 mm.                     |  |
| extent (n)                                       | DEPTH (n)  | MEASURE THE DEPTH<br>OF THE CRACK.                                     | Measure the extent of the crack.               |
|  | LENGTH (n)   | MEASURE THE<br>LENGTH OF THE<br>CRACK.                                 | Measure the extent of the crack.               |
|  | WIDTH (n)  | MEASURE THE WIDTH OF THE CRACK.  | Measure the extent of the crack.               |
| exterior (n)                                     | EXTERNAL (adj)   | EXAMINE THE EXTERNAL SURFACE OF THE CONTAINER.                         | Examine the exterior of the container.         |
| EXTERNAL (adj)                                   | Of, or on, the outer side  | CONNECT THE<br>EXTERNAL POWER<br>SUPPLY.                               |  |
| EXTERNALLY<br>(adv)                              | Of, or on, the outer side  | THE CONTROL BOX IS INSTALLED EXTERNALLY.                               |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| EXTINGUISH (v),<br>EXTINGUISHES,<br>EXTINGUISHED,<br>EXTINGUISHED | To stop burning  For lights or    | TO EXTINGUISH A FIRE IN THE ENGINE, ACTIVATE THE FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM IMMEDIATELY. WHEN THE FLAME EXTINGUISHES, STOP THE FUEL SUPPLY. |  |
|   | lamps, use:                       | THE "AUTO BRK"   | The AUTO BRK   |
|   | GOOFF                             | PUSHBUTTON LIGHT<br>GOES OFF.  | pushbutton light extinguishes.   |
|   | BE OFF                            | MAKE SURE THAT THE GREEN LIGHT ON THE PANEL IS OFF.  | Make sure that the green light on the panel extinguishes.                        |
| extra (adj)   | MORE (adj)                        | THIS MATERIAL GIVES MORE PROTECTION.   | This material provides extra protection.   |
| extract (v)   | REMOVE (v)                        | REMOVE THE BOLT.   | Extract the bolt.  |
| extreme (adj)   | VERY HIGH (adj)                   | DO NOT APPLY VERY<br>HIGH LOADS.   | Do not apply extreme loads.  |
|   | VERY BAD (adj)                    | WHEN THE WEATHER<br>IS VERY BAD, KEEP<br>THESE PARTS IN A<br>DRY AREA.   | In extreme weather conditions, keep these parts in a dry area.                   |
|   | VERY COLD (adj)                   | MAKE SURE THAT YOU KNOW THE RISKS RELATED TO VERY COLD TEMPERATURES.   | Make sure that you know<br>the risks related to<br>extreme cold<br>temperatures. |
|   | VERY HOT (adj)                    | MAKE SURE THAT YOU KNOW THE RISKS RELATED TO VERY HOT TEMPERATURES.  | Make sure that you know<br>the risks related to<br>extreme hot<br>temperatures.  |
| extremely (adv)   | VERY (adv)                        | IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO OBEY THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.   | It is extremely important to observe the safety precautions.                     |
| exude (v)   | OUT OF (prep)                     | MAKE SURE THAT<br>GREASE COMES OUT<br>OF THE JOINT.  | Make sure grease exudes from the joint.  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| fabricate (v)            | MAKE (v)  | USE COPPER TO<br>MAKE THE CHILL<br>BLOCK.   | Use copper to fabricate the chill block.  |
| FACE (n)                 | The front surface of an object                                      | CLEAN THE FACE OF THE INDICATOR.  |   |
|                          | This word is a technical noun when it refers to a part of the body. | WHEN YOU DO MAINTENANCE ON THE WASTE WATER SYSTEM, DO NOT TOUCH YOUR FACE WITH YOUR GLOVES. |   |
| face (v)                 | POINT (v)   | WHEN YOU INSTALL<br>THE PITOT HEAD,<br>MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>OPENING POINTS<br>FORWARD.     | When installing the pitot head, make sure that the opening is facing forward.   |
|                          | TURN (v)  | BEFORE YOU PUSH<br>THE VALVE STEM<br>DOWN, TURN YOUR<br>FACE AWAY FROM<br>THE DRAIN VALVE.  | Face away from the drain valve when pushing the valve stem down.                |
| facilitate (v)           | HELP (v)  | IDENTIFY THE COMPONENT WITH A CODE TO HELP YOU TO CORRECTLY INSTALL IT AGAIN.               | Mark the component with a code that will facilitate its correct reinstallation. |
|                          | MAKE EASIER   | THIS MAKES FAULT ISOLATION EASIER.  | This facilitates fault isolation.   |
| facility (n)             | Be accurate. Use the name of the facility as a technical noun.      | WEIGH THE AIRCRAFT<br>ON A WEIGHBRIDGE.   | You need a special facility to weigh the aircraft.                              |
| FACT (n)                 | Something that occurred or is correct                               | GET ALL THE FACTS<br>ABOUT THE INCIDENT<br>FROM THE PILOT.                                  |   |
| factor (n)               | CAUSE (n)   | THERE CAN BE MANY<br>CAUSES FOR<br>CORROSION.   | Corrosion can be caused by several factors.                                     |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| fail (v)                 | IF NOT   | IF YOU DO NOT OBEY<br>THESE<br>INSTRUCTIONS,<br>THERE IS A RISK OF<br>INJURY.                  | If you fail to comply with these instructions, there is a risk of injury.            |
|                          | FAILURE (TN)   | IF YOU DO NOT OBEY THE PROCEDURE CORRECTLY, FAILURE OF THE EMERGENCY FLOTATION GEAR CAN OCCUR. | If you do not follow the procedure correctly, the emergency flotation gear can fail. |
|                          | UNSATISFACTORY<br>(adj)  | IF THE TEST RESULTS<br>ARE<br>UNSATISFACTORY,<br>DO THE FAULT<br>ISOLATION<br>PROCEDURE.       | If the test fails, do the fault isolation procedure.                                 |
| failed (adj)             | DEFECTIVE (adj)  | REPLACE THE<br>DEFECTIVE PUMP.   | Replace the failed pump.   |
|                          | UNSERVICEABLE (adj)  | REPLACE THE<br>UNSERVICEABLE<br>VALVE.   | Replace the failed valve.  |
| failure (n)              | IF NOT   | IF YOU DO NOT OBEY<br>THESE<br>INSTRUCTIONS,<br>THERE IS A RISK OF<br>INJURY.                  | Failure to comply with these instructions, will result in a risk of injury.          |
|                          | This word when it means a performance error or loss of serviceability is a technical noun. | CONTAMINATION CAN<br>CAUSE A FAILURE OF<br>THE PUMP.   |  |
| faint (adj)              | DIM (adj)  | IF THE LIGHT IS TOO<br>DIM, REPLACE THE<br>BATTERY.  | If the light is faint, replace the battery.  |
|                          | INTENSITY (n)  | TURN THE KNOB<br>COUNTERCLOCKWISE<br>TO DECREASE THE   | Turn the knob<br>anticlockwise to make<br>the light fainter.                         |
|                          | Refer also to BRIGHT (adj).  | INTENSITY OF THE<br>LIGHT.   |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES    | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| fall (n)                               | DECREASE (v)                         | WHEN THE PRESSURE<br>DECREASES, THE<br>INDICATOR SHOWS<br>THAT THERE IS A<br>LEAK. | When there is a fall in pressure, the indicator shows a leak.          |
| FALL (v),<br>FALLS,<br>FELL,<br>FALLEN | To move down by the force of gravity | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TOOLS DO NOT FALL<br>INTO THE ENGINE.                        |  |
| false (adj)                            | INCORRECT (adj)                      | MAKE SURE THAT THERE ARE NO INCORRECT INDICATIONS ON THE INSTRUMENTS.              | Make sure there are no false indications on the instruments.           |
| falter (v)                             | SMOOTHLY (adv)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>GENERATOR<br>OPERATES<br>SMOOTHLY.                           | Make sure that the generator does not falter.                          |
|  | CONSTANT (adj)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE PRESSURE STAYS CONSTANT.  | Make sure that the pressure does not falter.                           |
| familiar (adj)                         | KNOW (v)                             | ALL PERSONNEL<br>MUST FULLY KNOW<br>THE SAFETY<br>PRECAUTIONS.                     | All personnel must be thoroughly familiar with the safety precautions. |
| FAR (adj)<br>(FARTHER,<br>FARTHEST)    | At or to a relatively large distance | REMOVE THE BOLT<br>THAT IS FARTHEST<br>FROM THE CENTER.                            |  |
| fashion (n)                            | PROCEDURE (n)                        | USE THIS<br>PROCEDURE TO DO<br>THE TASK.   | Carry out the task in this fashion.                                    |
| FAST (adj)<br>(FASTER,<br>FASTEST)     | At high speed                        | A FAST MOVEMENT<br>OF THE THROTTLE<br>WILL CAUSE A SURGE.                          |  |
| fast (adv)                             | QUICKLY (adv)                        | DO NOT LET THE<br>CABIN ALTITUDE<br>CHANGE TOO<br>QUICKLY.                         | Do not let the cabin altitude change too fast.                         |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| fasten (v)               | ATTACH (v)                        | ATTACH THE TWO<br>STRINGERS<br>TOGETHER WITH<br>RIVETS.                         | Fasten the two stringers together with rivets.                                     |
|                          | CONNECT (v)                       | CONNECT THE HOSE<br>TO THE TEST<br>EQUIPMENT.                                   | Fasten the hose to the test equipment.   |
| fatal (adj)              | KILL (v)                          | HIGH VOLTAGE IN THE ELECTRONIC SYSTEM CAN KILL YOU.                             | High voltage in the electronic system can be fatal.                                |
| faulty (adj)             | DEFECTIVE (adj)                   | REPLACE ALL<br>DEFECTIVE<br>ELECTRONIC<br>COMPONENTS.                           | All faulty electronic components must be replaced.                                 |
|                          | INCORRECT (adj)                   | AN INCORRECT<br>ADJUSTMENT OF THE<br>PRESSURE<br>REGULATOR CAN BE<br>DANGEROUS. | Faulty adjustment of the pressure regulator can be dangerous.                      |
|                          | UNSERVICEABLE (adj)               | REPLACE THE UNSERVICEABLE CONTROL UNIT.   | Replace the faulty control unit.   |
|                          | UNSATISFACTORY<br>(adj)           | UNSATISFACTORY<br>OPERATION OF THE<br>SYSTEM CAN CAUSE<br>DAMAGE.               | Faulty operation of the system can cause damage.                                   |
| fear (v)                 | THINK (v)                         | IF YOU THINK THAT THERE IS A FAULT, DO THE FULL TEST PROCEDURE OF THE UNIT.     | Fully test the unit if you fear that there is a fault.                             |
|                          | MAKE SURE (v)                     | DO A TEST OF THE UNIT TO MAKE SURE THAT THERE IS NO PROBLEM WITH ITS OPERATION. | Test the unit if you fear that there is a problem with its operation.              |
| feasible (adj)           | POSSIBLE (adj)                    | IF IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO USE THE AUTOMATIC CONTROL, DO THE PROCEDURE MANUALLY.  | If it is not feasible to use<br>the automatic control, do<br>the manual procedure. |
|                          | CAN (CANNOT) (v)                  | IF YOU CANNOT<br>REMOVE THE BOLT,<br>CUT IT.                                    | If it is not feasible to remove the bolt, you must cut it.                         |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| FEATHER (v),<br>FEATHERS,<br>FEATHERED,<br>FEATHERED | To put a propeller to a position of minimum drag  | PUT THE CONDITION<br>LEVER IN THE FTR<br>POSITION TO<br>FEATHER THE<br>PROPELLER.          |  |
| feature (v)  | HAVE (v)  | THESE NUTS HAVE A<br>FLAT FLANGE.  | These nuts feature a flat flange.                                |
| feed (v)   | PUT (v)   | PUT THE WIRE<br>THROUGH THE<br>CONDUIT.  | Feed the wire through the conduit.                               |
|  | SUPPLY (v)  | SUPPLY COOL AIR TO THE CABIN.  | Feed cool air to the cabin.                                      |
| FEEL (v),<br>FEELS,<br>FELT,<br>FELT                 | To touch to find  | CAREFULLY LIFT THE MAGNETIC LEVEL INDICATOR UNTIL YOU FEEL THE MAGNETS.                    |  |
| few (adj)  | SMALL NUMBER  If it is possible, give an accurate number.   | THIS PROCEDURE IS<br>ONLY FOR REPAIRS<br>THAT INCLUDE A<br>VERY SMALL NUMBER<br>OF RIVETS. | This procedure is only for repairs that include very few rivets. |
| few (a few) (adj)                                    | SOME (adj)  | LET THE ENGINE<br>OPERATE FOR SOME<br>MINUTES.   | Let the engine run for a few minutes.                            |
|  | If this alternative is not sufficient, give the range, number, or quantity.   | AFTER APPROXIMATELY 5 SECONDS, THE LIGHT COMES ON AGAIN.                                   | After a few seconds, the light comes on again.                   |
| file (v)   | REMOVE (v)<br>(WITH A FILE (TN)   | DO NOT REMOVE TOO<br>MUCH MATERIAL WITH<br>THE FILE.                                       | Take care not to file too deeply.                                |
| filing (n)   | PARTICLE (n)  | REMOVE ALL THE<br>METAL PARTICLES.   | Remove all the metal filings.                                    |
| FILL (v),<br>FILLS,<br>FILLED,<br>FILLED             | To put into a container or<br>a space to the maximum<br>level or, if specified, to a<br>given level, pressure, or<br>quantity | METHANOL.  |  |
|  | -   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>RESERVOIR FILLS<br>WITH WATER.                                       |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| film (n)                               | LAYER (n)   | APPLY A LAYER OF<br>COMPOUND ON THE<br>SURFACE OF THE<br>DISC.                    | Spread a film of compound on the surface of the disc.          |
| filter (v)                             | FILTER (TN)   | PUT THE OIL<br>THROUGH A FILTER.  | Filter the oil.  |
| FILTERED (adj)                         | That has gone through a filter                      | DRY THE UNIT WITH<br>LOW-PRESSURE<br>FILTERED AIR.                                |  |
| final (adj)                            | LAST (adj)  | THE LAST STEP WILL OPEN THE VALVE.  | The final action will open the valve.                          |
| FIND (v),<br>FINDS,<br>FOUND,<br>FOUND | To discover, to examine something so that you know  | YOU CAN FIND THE<br>NUMBERS ON THE<br>SWITCH.                                     |  |
| finding (n)                            | RESULT (n)  | TELL THE QUALITY DEPARTMENT ABOUT THE RESULTS OF THE ANALYSIS.                    | Report the findings of the analysis to the quality department. |
| fine (adj)                             | SMALL (adj)   | ONLY PARTICLES<br>SMALLER THAN<br>5 µm CAN GO<br>THROUGH THE<br>FILTER.           | Only particles finer than 5 microns can go through the filter. |
| finger-tighten (v)                     | TIGHTEN WITH<br>YOUR FINGERS                        | TIGHTEN THE NUT WITH YOUR FINGERS.  | Finger-tighten the nut.  |
| FINISH (n)                             | The result of a finishing procedure                 | DO NOT CAUSE<br>DAMAGE TO THE<br>SURFACE FINISH OF<br>THE HOUSING.                |  |
| finish (v)                             | COMPLETE (v)  | COMPLETE THE TEST.  | Finish the test.   |
| FIRE (n)                               | The light and/or heat from a material when it burns | IF THERE IS A FIRE IN<br>THE ENGINE<br>COMPARTMENT, YOU<br>WILL HEAR THE<br>GONG. |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                 | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                                |
|--|---|--|--|
| FIRE (v),<br>FIRES,<br>FIRED,<br>FIRED | To ignite, or to operate items that contain an explosive material | FIRE THE<br>CARTRIDGES.  |  |
|  |   | WHEN YOU PUSH THE<br>AGENT PUSHBUTTON,<br>THE FIRE<br>EXTINGUISHER<br>CARTRIDGE FIRES. |  |
| firmly (adv)                           | TIGHTLY (adv)   | HOLD THE CYLINDER TIGHTLY.   | Hold the cylinder firmly.                      |
| FIRST (adv)                            | Before other persons or things                                    | FILL THE INNER<br>TANKS FIRST.   |  |
| FIT (n)                                | The relation between two related parts, a limit of tolerance      | YOU WILL FIND DATA<br>ABOUT FITS AND<br>CLEARANCES IN<br>SECTION 9001.                 |  |
| fit (v)                                | INSTALL (v)   | INSTALL THE DUCT.  | Fit the duct.                                  |
|  | ATTACH (v)  | ATTACH THE PANEL<br>TO THE STRUCTURE<br>WITH THE BOLTS.                                | Fit the panel to the structure with the bolts. |
|  | CORRECT (adj)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>REPAIR PLUG HAS<br>THE CORRECT<br>DIMENSIONS.                    | Ensure the repair plug fits.                   |
| fix (v)                                | ATTACH (v)  | ATTACH THE TRIM<br>WITH DOUBLE-SIDED<br>ADHESIVE TAPE.                                 | Fix the trim with double-sided adhesive tape.  |
|  | SET (v)   | SET THE LENGTH OF<br>THE CONTROL ROD<br>AS NECESSARY.                                  | Fix the length of the control rod as required. |
|  | REPAIR (v)  | REPAIR ALL LOOSE<br>OR DAMAGED<br>UPHOLSTERY.  | Fix any loose or torn upholstery.              |
|  | INSTALL (v)   | INSTALL THE<br>RETAINER BOLTS ON<br>THE RETAINER.                                      | Fix the retainer bolts to the retainer.        |
| FLAME (n)                              | Burning gas   | IF YOU SEE FLAMES<br>FROM THE EXHAUST<br>PIPE, STOP THE<br>ENGINE.                     |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|---|--|--|--|
| FLAMMABLE (adj)                               | That burns easily                                | THE SOLVENT IS FLAMMABLE.  |  |
| FLANGE (n)                                    | An end surface at an angle                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>FLANGE IS NOT<br>DAMAGED.                    |  |
| FLASH (v),<br>FLASHES,<br>FLASHED,<br>FLASHED | To come on and go off frequently                 | THE RED LIGHTS FLASH IN HALF-SECOND INTERVALS.                     |  |
| FLAT (adj)<br>(FLATTER,<br>FLATTEST)          | That has a continuous surface in the same plane  | LUBRICATE ONE SIDE<br>OF THE FLAT<br>WASHERS.                      |  |
| flatness (n)                                  | FLAT (adj)                                       | THE SURFACE MUST<br>BE FLAT TO GET A<br>CORRECT BOND.              | A correct bond depends on the surface flatness.          |
| flatten (v)                                   | FLAT (adj)                                       | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU DO NOT CAUSE<br>THE TUBES TO<br>BECOME FLAT. | Make sure that you do not flatten the tubes.             |
| flaw (n)                                      | DAMAGE (n)                                       | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS NO DAMAGE<br>TO THE SURFACE<br>FINISH.  | Make sure that there are no flaws in the surface finish. |
|   | DEFECTIVE (adj)  If it is possible, be accurate. | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SURFACE FINISH IS<br>NOT DEFECTIVE.          | Make sure that there are no flaws in the surface finish. |
| flex (v)                                      | BEND (v)   | THE WING CAN BEND<br>UP AND DOWN<br>DURING FLIGHT.                 | The wing can flex up and down during flight.             |
| FLEXIBLE (adj)                                | That can easily bend again and again             | CONNECT THE FLEXIBLE HOSES TO THE PUMP.                            |  |
| FLIGHT (n)                                    | The time an aircraft is in the air               | AFTER EACH FLIGHT,<br>READ THE COUNTER<br>UNIT INDICATIONS.        |  |
| flood (v)                                     | USE TOO MUCH                                     | DO NOT USE TOO<br>MUCH SOLVENT ON<br>THE AREA.                     | Do not flood the area with solvent.                      |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                             | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                 |
|---|---|---|---|
| FLOW (n)                                      | A continuous movement of fluid                                | AN ARROW ON THE<br>FUEL VALVE SHOWS<br>THE DIRECTION OF<br>THE FLOW.  |   |
| FLOW (v),<br>FLOWS,<br>FLOWED,<br>FLOWED      | To move as a fluid<br>moves                                   | THE OIL MUST FLOW<br>OUT OF THE VALVE.                                |   |
|   |   | WHEN THE VALVE<br>OPENS, AIR FLOWS<br>INTO THE INLET.                 |   |
| fluctuate (v)                                 | CONSTANT (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE PRESSURE STAYS CONSTANT.                           | Make sure that the pressure does not fluctuate. |
| FLUID (n)                                     | Liquid or gas   | THESE FLUIDS CAN CAUSE CORROSION.                                     |   |
| FLUSH (adj)                                   | Of a surface that is level or continuous with another surface | MAKE SURE THAT THE DOOR IS FLUSH WITH THE FUSELAGE SKIN.              |   |
| FLUSH (v),<br>FLUSHES,<br>FLUSHED,<br>FLUSHED | To remove something or to operate with a flow of liquid       | FLUSH THE TUBES<br>WITH PRESSURIZED<br>FUEL.                          |   |
|   |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE TOILET ASSEMBLY FLUSHES CORRECTLY.                 |   |
| focus (v)                                     | FOCUS (TN)  | PUT THE OPTICAL FIXTURE INTO FOCUS.                                   | Focus the optical fixture.                      |
| fold (n)                                      | FOLD (v)  | FOLD THE MATERIAL.  | Make a fold in the material.                    |
| FOLD (v),<br>FOLDS,<br>FOLDED,<br>FOLDED      | To double over or to cause to double over on itself           | DISENGAGE THE<br>UPPER AND LOWER<br>GUIDE ARMS AND<br>FOLD THEM BACK. |   |
|   |   | THE BICYCLE CAN<br>FOLD FOR EASY<br>STORAGE.                          |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|---|---|
| FOLLOW (v),<br>FOLLOWS,<br>FOLLOWED,<br>FOLLOWED | To come after, to go after   | THIS TEST FOLLOWS<br>THE INSTALLATION OF<br>THE HP PUMP.  |   |
|  |  | DO THE PROCEDURE THAT FOLLOWS.  |   |
|  | For other meanings, use:   | FOLLOW THE GREEN<br>LIGHTS TO THE<br>NEAREST STAIRCASE.   |   |
|  | OBEY (v)   | WHEN YOU USE THIS MATERIAL, OBEY THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.   | When you use this material, follow the manufacturer's instructions.   |
| following (adj)                                  | THESE (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THESE CIRCUIT<br>BREAKERS ARE<br>CLOSED.  | Make sure that the following circuit breakers are closed.             |
|  | FOLLOW (v)   | OBEY THE PRECAUTIONS THAT FOLLOW.   | Obey the following precautions.                                       |
| FOR (prep)                                       | Function word that shows purpose, intent, time, result, or the object of an action | LET THE POTTING<br>COMPOUND DRY FOR<br>ONE HOUR.  |   |
|  |  | OBEY THE REMOVAL PROCEDURES FOR THE COMPONENTS.   |   |
| FOR EXAMPLE                                      | Used to introduce something chosen as a typical case                               | WHEN YOU REMOVE<br>THE STUD, USE<br>APPLICABLE TOOLS.<br>FOR EXAMPLE, USE A<br>PLASTIC MALLET AND<br>A PUNCH. |   |
| forbidden (adj)                                  | DO NOT   | DO NOT INSTALL<br>MORE THAN TWO<br>WASHERS FOR EACH<br>BOLT.  | It is forbidden to install<br>more than two washers<br>for each bolt. |
|  | NOT PERMITTED  | SHARP OBJECTS ARE<br>NOT PERMITTED IN<br>THIS AREA.   | Sharp objects are forbidden in this area.                             |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| force (v)                | PUSH (v)                          | PUSH THE CLIP OUT TO REMOVE IT.   | Clip may be removed by forcing it out.   |
|                          | FORCE (TN)                        | DO NOT USE FORCE<br>TO PUSH THE COVER<br>INTO POSITION.                             | Do not attempt to force the cover into position.   |
| forecast (v)             | POSSIBLE (adj)                    | IF BAD WEATHER IS<br>POSSIBLE, MOOR THE<br>VESSEL SAFELY.                           | If unfavorable weather conditions are forecast, moor the vessel securely.                    |
| foreign (adj)            | UNWANTED (adj)                    | THIS COVER WILL KEEP DIRT, PARTICLES, OR OTHER UNWANTED MATERIAL OUT OF THE SYSTEM. | This cover will prevent dirt, particles, or other foreign material from entering the system. |
| foremost (adj)           | FRONT (n)                         | YOU CANNOT<br>REMOVE THE HALF<br>CLAMP THAT IS<br>NEAREST TO THE<br>FRONT.          | The foremost half clamp is not removable.  |
| form (n)                 | SHAPE (n)                         | THE SEAL HAS THE<br>SHAPE OF AN<br>ELLIPSE.   | The seal is in the form of an ellipse.   |
| form (v)                 | BE (v)                            | IF THERE IS<br>CONTAMINATION IN<br>THE FUEL TANKS,<br>REMOVE IT<br>IMMEDIATELY.     | If contamination has formed in the fuel tanks, remove it immediately.                        |
| fortify (v)              | STRONG (adj)                      | CARBON-FIBER STRUTS MAKE THE FLOOR STRUCTURE STRONGER.                              | Carbon-fiber struts fortify the floor structure.   |
| FORWARD (adj)            | Nearer to the front               | THE CONTROL UNIT IS INSTALLED IN THE FORWARD PART OF THE CARGO COMPARTMENT.         |  |
| FORWARD (adv)            | In the direction of the front     | MOVE THE LEVERS FORWARD.  |  |
| FORWARD OF (prep)        | At a position nearer to the front | THE TENSION REGULATOR IS INSTALLED FORWARD OF THE PRESSURE BULKHEAD.                |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| foul (v)                 | CATCH (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>RODS CANNOT CATCH<br>ON THE FLAPS.   |   |
|                          | HIT (v)   | IF YOU INSTALL THE UPPER DRAG STRUT INCORRECTLY, IT WILL HIT THE LOWER DRAG STRUT DURING RETRACTION. | Do not install the upper drag strut so that it fouls the gear retraction. |
|                          | TOUCH (v)   | IF THE BRACKET<br>TOUCHES THE CAM,<br>ADD A SHIM WASHER.   | Should the bracket foul the cam, add a shim washer.                       |
|                          | CLEARANCE (n)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>RODS HAVE<br>SUFFICIENT<br>CLEARANCE.  | Check that the rods do not foul each other.                               |
| fouled (adj)             | DIRTY (adj)   | REMOVE ALL DIRTY<br>IGNITER PLUGS.   | Remove all fouled igniter plugs.  |
|                          | CLOGGED (adj)   | REMOVE ALL<br>CLOGGED FILTER<br>ELEMENTS.  | Remove all fouled filter elements.  |
|                          | CATCH (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>CABLES DO NOT<br>CATCH ON THE<br>LEVERS.                                       | Make sure that the levers are not fouled by the cables.                   |
| fragile (adj)            | EASILY DAMAGED  | THE WATER QUANTITY TRANSMITTER IS EASILY DAMAGED.  | The water quantity transmitter is fragile.                                |
| FREE (adj)               | That can move easily  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>NUTS ARE FREE TO<br>TURN ON THE<br>SLEEVES.                                    |   |
|                          | Do not use compound adjectives with free, for example, lintfree, dustfree, unless they are technical nouns. | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS NO DUST<br>ON THE SURFACE.  | Make sure that the surface is dustfree.                                   |
| free from (adj)          | NO (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS NO DUST<br>ON THE SURFACE.  | Make sure that the surface is free from dust.                             |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                    | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                             |
|---|---|---|---|
| free (v)                                    | RELEASE (v)   | REMOVE THE SLEEVE<br>TO RELEASE THE<br>SLIDING TUBE.              | Remove the sleeve to free the sliding tube. |
| FREELY (adv)                                | That can move easily  | OXYGEN MUST FLOW<br>FREELY FROM THE<br>END OF THE HOSE.           |   |
| FREEZE (v),<br>FREEZES,<br>FROZE,<br>FROZEN | To go or cause to go to a temperature below the freezing point of a liquid (usually of water)                 | FREEZE THE<br>BUSHINGS AS<br>FOLLOWS:                             |   |
|   |   | IF YOU THINK THAT<br>THE WATER WILL<br>FREEZE, ADD<br>ANTIFREEZE. |   |
| FREQUENT (adj)                              | That occurs or is found often at short intervals  | FREQUENT INSPECTIONS OF THESE AREAS ARE NECESSARY.                |   |
| FREQUENTLY<br>(adv)                         | At frequent or short intervals  | MONITOR THE INDICATORS FREQUENTLY.                                |   |
| fresh (adj)                                 | CLEAN (adj)   | FLUSH THE TUBES<br>WITH CLEAN WATER.                              | Flush the tubes with fresh water.           |
|   | NEW (adj)   | FILL WITH NEW DESICCANT.  | Recharge with fresh desiccant.              |
| FROM (prep)                                 | Function word that<br>shows a point of<br>departure for movement,<br>time, distance, action, or<br>separation | REMOVE THE<br>PROTECTIVE COVER<br>FROM THE NEW<br>ASSEMBLY.       |   |
| FRONT (adj)                                 | Nearer to the person that looks or a reference point  Refer also to IN FRONT OF.                              | THERE IS A "FAULT" LIGHT ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE COMPUTER.       |   |
| FRONT (n)                                   | The front part or the front surface   | CLEAN THE FRONT OF<br>THE MOUNTING<br>FLANGE WITH<br>SOLVENT.     |   |
| fuel (v)                                    | REFUEL (v)  | REFUEL THE VEHICLE.   | Fuel the vehicle.                           |



| Word<br>(part of speech)           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| fulfill (v)                        | OBEY (v)   | OBEY THE INSTRUCTIONS IN THE TEST PROCEDURE.   | Fulfill the instructions in the test procedure.                               |
|                                    |  | THIS PROCEDURE OBEYS ALL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SERVICE BULLETIN No. 97.                  | This procedure fulfills all the requirements of Service Bulletin No. 97.      |
| FULL (adj)<br>(FULLER,<br>FULLEST) | At or related to<br>maximum travel, length,<br>quantity, or detail | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>RESERVOIR IS FULL.   |   |
| FULLY (adv)                        | At or related to maximum travel, length, quantity, or detail       | TURN THE CONTROL<br>TO THE FULLY<br>CLOSED POSITION.                                   |   |
| FUNCTION (n)                       | Action or activity that a person or thing does                     | THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF THIS UNIT IS TO CONTROL THE FUEL FLOW.                         |   |
| function (v)                       | OPERATE (v)  | THE ELEVATOR<br>CONTROLS MUST<br>OPERATE SMOOTHLY.                                     | The elevator controls must function smoothly.                                 |
|                                    | MOVE (v)   | THE SYSTEM CONTROLS MUST MOVE FREELY.  | The system controls must function freely.                                     |
| fundamental (adj)                  | IMPORTANT (adj)  | DURING THIS<br>PROCEDURE, IT IS<br>IMPORTANT TO KEEP<br>ALL PARTS CLEAN.               | Cleanliness of all parts is fundamental in this procedure.                    |
| further (adj)                      | MORE (adj)   | IF YOU DO NOT GET<br>THE CORRECT<br>DIMENSION, ADD<br>MORE GASKETS.                    | If you do not get the correct dimension, add further gaskets.                 |
| further (adv)                      | MORE (adv)   | IF IT IS NECESSARY<br>TO DECREASE THE<br>CABLE TENSION<br>MORE, USE THE<br>TURNBUCKLE. | Cable tension can be further reduced if necessary by means of the turnbuckle. |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| gain (n)                 | INCREASE (v)                      | AFTER THE LAST MODIFICATION, THE SYSTEM'S EFFICIENCY INCREASED.                        | The system's efficiency showed a gain after the last modification. |
| gain (v)                 | GET (v)                           | GET ACCESS TO THE<br>CONNECTORS AT THE<br>REAR OF THE<br>INSTRUMENT.                   | Gain access to the connectors at the back of the instrument.       |
| gall (v)                 | GALLING (TN)                      | THERE MUST BE NO<br>SCRATCHES OR<br>GALLING ON THE<br>SURFACE.                         | The surface must not be scratched or galled.                       |
| gap (n)                  | CLEARANCE (n)                     | MEASURE THE<br>CLEARANCE<br>BETWEEN THE<br>IMPELLER AND THE<br>BODY.                   | Measure the gap between the impeller and the body.                 |
|                          | DISTANCE (n)                      | MEASURE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE ROTARY ACTUATOR AND THE STOP BOLT.                    | Measure the gap between the rotary actuator and the stop bolt.     |
|                          | SPACE (n)                         | PUT THE BLADE OF A SMALL SCREWDRIVER INTO THE SPACE BETWEEN THE COVER AND THE HOUSING. | between the cover and  |
| garbled (adj)            | CLEAR (adj)                       | IF THE RADIO SIGNAL<br>IS NOT CLEAR,<br>ADJUST THE<br>FREQUENCY.                       | If the radio signal is garbled, adjust the frequency.              |
|                          | CLEARLY (adv)                     | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU TRANSMIT THE<br>ANNOUNCEMENT<br>CLEARLY.                         | Make sure that the announcement is not garbled.                    |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                       | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| garner (v)               | COLLECT (v)   | THESE COMPUTERS<br>COLLECT DATA FROM<br>THE VHF SYSTEM.  | These computers garner data from the VHF system.  |
|                          |   | THE BITE FUNCTION COLLECTS THE FAILURES AND SENDS THE FAILURE MESSAGE TO THE CENTRAL MAINTENANCE COMPUTER.               | The BITE function garners the failures and sends the failure message to the Central Maintenance Computer.               |
| GAS (n)                  | A fluid that has no shape or volume and that can expand | THE TEMPERATURE<br>SENSING UNIT IS A<br>CAPILLARY TUBE<br>FILLED WITH GAS.   |   |
| gaseous (adj)            | GAS (n)   | THE TOOL CYLINDER<br>CONTAINS A MIXTURE<br>OF GASES<br>(10% HELIUM AND<br>90% NITROGEN).                                 | The tool cylinder contains a gaseous mixture of 10% helium and 90% nitrogen.  |
| gash (v)                 | DAMAGED (adj)   | IF THE THERMAL<br>BLANKET IS<br>DAMAGED, DO<br>REPAIR No. 9.   | If the thermal blanket is gashed, do repair No. 9.  |
| gather (v)               | COLLECT (v)   | ALL FLUIDS COLLECT<br>AT THE LOWEST<br>POINT IN THE<br>COMPARTMENT.  | All fluids gather at the lowest point in the compartment.   |
|                          |   | THREE COMPUTERS COLLECT DATA AND PARAMETERS FROM THE SYSTEMS AND PUT THEM TOGETHER ON THE DATA LINK TO THE DISPLAY UNIT. | Three computers gather data and parameters from the systems and put them together on the data link to the display unit. |
| gauge (v)                | MEASURE (v)   | MEASURE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE TOP EDGE AND THE BOTTOM SURFACE.  | Gauge the width of the gap between the top edge and the bottom surface.   |
| GENERAL (adj)            | Of, or related to something as a whole, not detailed    | THIS SECTION GIVES<br>GENERAL<br>MAINTENANCE<br>PROCEDURES.  |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| generally (adv)          | USUALLY (adv)                     | YOU USUALLY<br>REPLACE MEMORY<br>MODULES DURING<br>MAINTENANCE.                                | Memory modules are generally replaced during maintenance.                                       |
| generate (v)             | BE (v)                            | THERE MUST BE NO<br>ERRORS WHEN YOU<br>OPEN THE FILE.  | The file opening must not generate errors.  |
|                          | GIVE (v)                          | IF THE HYDRAULIC<br>PUMP DOES NOT GIVE<br>A PRESSURE OF<br>3000 psi, USE THE<br>ELECTRIC PUMP. | If the hydraulic pump<br>fails to generate a<br>pressure of 3000 psi,<br>use the electric pump. |
|                          | SUPPLY (v)                        | THE BATTERIES SUPPLY 28 V DC.  | The batteries generate 28 V DC.   |
| generous (adj)           | LARGE (adj)                       | A LARGE QUANTITY<br>OF COMPOUND IS<br>NECESSARY.   | A generous amount of compound will be necessary.  |
|                          | THICK (adj)                       | APPLY A THICK LAYER OF GREASE.   | Apply a generous amount of grease.  |
|                          | If it is possible, be accurate.   |  |   |
| generously (adv)         | LARGE (adj)                       | APPLY A LARGE<br>QUANTITY OF<br>SEALANT TO THE<br>REPAIR PATCH.                                | Apply sealant generously to the repair patch.   |
|                          | THICK (adj)                       | APPLY A THICK LAYER OF GREASE.   | Apply grease generously.  |
|                          | If it is possible, be accurate.   |  |   |
| gentle (adj)             | CAREFULLY (adv)                   | TURN THE<br>POTENTIOMETER<br>CAREFULLY.  | Rotate the potentiometer with a gentle movement.  |
|                          | LIGHTLY (adv)                     | TAP THE SURFACE LIGHTLY.   | Give the surface a gentle tap.  |
| gently (adv)             | CAREFULLY (adv)                   | CAREFULLY PULL THE<br>ELECTRICAL WIRE<br>OUT FROM THE<br>RUBBER SEAL.                          | Gently pull out the electrical wire from the rubber seal.                                       |
|                          | LIGHTLY (adv)                     | LIGHTLY TAP THE TOP<br>SURFACE UNTIL THE<br>PARTS ALIGN.                                       | Gently tap the top surface until the parts align.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|---|--|--|--|
| genuine (adj)                                     | CORRECT (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE INDICATION ON THE GAUGE IS CORRECT.   | Make sure that the reading on the gauge is genuine.  |
| GET (v),<br>GETS,<br>GOT  No other verb<br>forms. | To obtain, to come into the state of having  Do not use this word to mean BECOME, GO, DECREASE, INCREASE. Refer to rule 9.2 and the entries from "get" until "get to" that follow. | IF YOU GET THE FLUID<br>ON YOUR SKIN, FLUSH<br>YOUR SKIN<br>IMMEDIATELY WITH<br>CLEAN WATER.                         |  |
| get (v)   | BECOME (v)   | DO NOT LET THE<br>HEATER BECOME TOO<br>HOT.  | Do not let the heater get too hot.   |
| get away (v)                                      | GO AWAY  | BEFORE THE ENGINE<br>STARTS, GO AWAY<br>FROM THE EXHAUST<br>AREA.  | Get away from the exhaust area before the engine starts.   |
| get down (v)                                      | DECREASE (v)   | IF THE TEMPERATURE<br>DECREASES TO LESS<br>THAN ZERO, DRAIN<br>THE WATER SYSTEM.                                     | If the temperature gets down to below zero, drain the water system.                              |
|   | GO DOWN  | BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU GO DOWN THE LADDER FROM THE COCKPIT TO THE AVIONICS COMPARTMENT.                                 | Be careful when you get<br>down the ladder from the<br>cockpit into the avionics<br>compartment. |
| get into (v)                                      | GO INTO  | INSTALL CAPS ON THE<br>RECEPTACLES TO<br>MAKE SURE THAT<br>UNWANTED MATERIAL<br>DOES NOT GO INTO<br>THE RECEPTACLES. | Install caps to make sure that foreign objects do not get into the receptacles.                  |
| get off (v)                                       | MOVE OFF   | BEFORE YOU MOVE<br>THE AILERONS, TELL<br>ALL PERSONS TO<br>MOVE OFF THE<br>WINGS.                                    | Before you move the ailerons, tell all persons to get off the wings.                             |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| get to (v)                               | BE (v)                            | THE MOTOR STOPS<br>WHEN THE LIMIT<br>SWITCHES ARE AT<br>THE END OF THEIR<br>TRAVEL.                       | The motor stops when the limit switches get to the end of their travel.                        |
|  | GO (v)                            | GO TO THE TOOL<br>ROOM FOR THE<br>NECESSARY TOOLS.  | Get to the tool room for the necessary tools.  |
|  | INCREASE (v)                      | WHEN THE<br>TEMPERATURE OF<br>THE VENTILATION AIR<br>INCREASES TO 27 °C,<br>THE DISCHARGE<br>VALVE OPENS. | When the temperature of<br>the ventilation air gets to<br>27 °C, the discharge<br>valve opens. |
| GIVE (v),<br>GIVES,<br>GAVE,<br>GIVEN    | To provide                        | THIS SECTION GIVES THE CLEANING PROCEDURES FOR THE DISASSEMBLED PARTS.                                    |  |
| gleam (v)                                | SHINY (adj)                       | POLISH THE SURFACE<br>WITH A SOFT CLOTH<br>UNTIL IT BECOMES<br>SHINY.                                     | Polish the surface with a soft cloth until it gleams.  |
| glitch (n)                               | ERROR (n)                         | IF THERE IS AN<br>ERROR IN THE<br>SYSTEM, THE SCREEN<br>SHOWS: "NO GO."                                   | If there is a glitch in the system, the screen shows: NO GO.                                   |
|  | FAILURE (TN)                      | IF THERE IS A FAILURE IN THE SYSTEM, THE SCREEN SHOWS: "NO GO."   | If there is a glitch in the system, the screen shows: NO GO.                                   |
|  | UNSERVICEABLE (adj)               | IF THE SYSTEM IS<br>UNSERVICEABLE, THE<br>SCREEN SHOWS: "NO<br>GO."                                       | If there is a glitch in the system, the screen shows: NO GO.                                   |
| gloss (n)                                | SHINY (adj)                       | POLISH THE SURFACE<br>UNTIL IT IS VERY<br>SHINY.  | Polish the surface to a high gloss.  |
| GLOSSY (adj)<br>(GLOSSIER,<br>GLOSSIEST) | Smooth and shiny                  | APPLY THE PATCH<br>WITH THE MATT SIDE<br>AGAINST THE GLOSSY<br>SURFACE.                                   |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                            | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                                       |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| glow (v)                             | BE (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE INDICATOR LIGHT IS ON.                                      |   |
|                                      |  | ADJUST THE POTENTIOMETER UNTIL THE LIGHT IS DIM.                               | Adjust the potentiometer until the light glows dimly. |
| glue (v)                             | BOND (v)   | BOND THE PATCH TO<br>THE SURFACE WITH<br>THE APPLICABLE<br>GLUE.               | Glue the patch to the surface.                        |
|                                      | ATTACH (v)   | ATTACH THE<br>PROTECTIVE PLATE<br>TO THE SURFACE<br>WITH ADHESIVE<br>MATERIAL. | Glue the protective plate to the surface.             |
| GO (v),<br>GOES,<br>WENT             | To move to or from something                                 | MAKE SURE THAT THE POINTER GOES OUT OF VIEW.                                   |   |
| No other verb forms.                 |  |  |   |
| GO OFF (v),<br>GOES OFF,<br>WENT OFF | To become dark when an internal power source is de-energized | THE ANNUNCIATOR<br>LIGHT GOES OFF.   |   |
| No other verb forms.                 |  |  |   |
| GOOD (adj)<br>(BETTER,<br>BEST)      | That is satisfactory   | THIS MATERIAL GIVES GOOD PROTECTION FROM CORROSION.                            |   |
| gouge (v)                            | GOUGE (TN)   | IF A GOUGE OCCURS<br>IN THE BLADE DURING<br>REMOVAL, REPLACE<br>THE BLADE.     | If the blade was gouged during removal, replace it.   |
| govern (v)                           | CONTROL (v)  | THIS COMPONENT<br>CONTROLS THE<br>ENGINE SPEED.                                | This component governs the engine speed.              |
| grab (v)                             | USE (v)  | USE A SCREWDRIVER<br>TO RELEASE THE<br>CLIPS.                                  | Grab a screwdriver to release the clips.              |
|                                      | HOLD (v)   | HOLD THE HANDLE.   | Grab the handle.                                      |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| gradient (n)             | SLOPE (n)                         | WHEN YOU PARK THE VEHICLE ON A SLOPE, PUT CHOCKS ON THE WHEELS.                              | When you park the vehicle on a gradient, put chocks on the wheels.      |
| gradual (adj)            | GRADUALLY (adv)                   | GRADUALLY ADJUST<br>THE TEMPERATURE.   | Make a gradual adjustment to the temperature.                           |
| GRADUALLY (adv)          | Slowly and continuously           | GRADUALLY OPEN<br>THE COCKS ON THE<br>RECHARGING UNIT.                                       |   |
| graph (v)                | GRAPH (TN)                        | MAKE A GRAPH OF<br>THE TEST RESULTS.   | Graph the test results.   |
| grasp (v)                | HOLD (v)                          | HOLD THE HANDLE.   | Grasp the handle.   |
| grave (adj)              | DANGEROUS (adj)                   | HYDRAULIC FLUID IS<br>DANGEROUS FOR<br>YOUR SKIN.  | Hydraulic fluid can cause grave skin problems.                          |
| grease (v)               | LUBRICATE (v)                     | BEFORE YOU INSTALL<br>THE O-RING,<br>LUBRICATE IT WITH<br>GREASE.                            | Grease the O-ring before installation.                                  |
|                          | GREASE (TN)                       | APPLY GREASE TO THE FASTENERS.   | Grease the fasteners.   |
| great (adj)              | LARGE (adj)                       | AN INDICATION OF A LARGE QUANTITY OF FUEL SHOWS AN INCORRECT ADJUSTMENT OF THE FLOAT SWITCH. | A great amount of fuel indicates incorrect setting of the float switch. |
|                          | MORE THAN                         | IF THE PRESSURE IS<br>MORE THAN 200 psi,<br>CLOSE THE VALVE.                                 | If the pressure is greater than 200 psi, close the valve.               |
|                          | VERY (adv)                        | BE VERY CAREFUL<br>WHEN YOU RELEASE<br>THE PRESSURE.   | Take the greatest care when you release the pressure.                   |
| greatly (adv)            | VERY MUCH                         | THIS METHOD CAN INCREASE THE RISK OF INJURY VERY MUCH.                                       | This method can greatly increase the risk of injury.                    |
| grip (n)                 | HOLD (v)                          | HOLD THE JACK BODY<br>TIGHTLY WHILE YOU<br>TURN IT.  | Make sure you have a tight grip of the jack body while turning it.      |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                               | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| grip (v)   | HOLD (v)  | HOLD THE HANDLE<br>LIGHTLY WITH ONE<br>HAND.   | Grip the handle lightly with one hand.                                 |
| GROOVE (n)                                       | A long channel that is not wide                                 | INSTALL THE O-RING<br>IN ITS GROOVE ON<br>THE PISTON.  |  |
| GROUND (n)                                       | The surface of the earth  | YOU CAN ONLY DO<br>THIS PROCEDURE ON<br>THE GROUND.  |  |
| GROUND (v),<br>GROUNDS,<br>GROUNDED,<br>GROUNDED | To connect to the ground or to a large object of zero potential | GROUND THE FUEL<br>TANKS.  |  |
| GROUP (n)  | Objects that are related  | THIS GROUP OF<br>SEALING<br>COMPOUNDS IS ALSO<br>APPLICABLE IN AN<br>EMERGENCY.                        |  |
| grow (v)   | BECOME (v)  | IF THE BATTERY<br>BECOMES TOO HOT,<br>DISCONNECT IT.   | If the battery grows too hot, disconnect it.                           |
| guard (v)  | GUARD (TN)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>GUARDS ARE<br>INSTALLED ON THE<br>SWITCHES.                                      | Make sure that the switches are guarded.                               |
| guide (v)  | PUT (v)   | PUT THE CABLE<br>THROUGH THE<br>GROMMET.   | Guide the cable through the grommet.                                   |
|  | MOVE (v)  | WHILE YOU LOWER<br>THE PUMP, MOVE IT<br>ONTO THE MOUNTING<br>BRACKET.                                  | As you lower the pump, guide it onto the mounting bracket.             |
| gush (v)   | FLOW (n)  | IF YOU TURN THE<br>HANDLE TO "FULL,"<br>THERE WILL BE A<br>STRONG FLOW OF<br>WATER FROM THE<br>OUTLET. | If you turn the valve handle to FULL, water will gush from the outlet. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| halt (v)                             | STOP (v)  | IF YOU HEAR AN<br>UNUSUAL NOISE,<br>STOP THE<br>PROCEDURE.                        | If you hear an unusual noise, halt the procedure.                    |
| halve (v)                            | HALF (TN)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>PITCH DECREASES TO<br>HALF ITS VALUE.                       | Check that the deviation in pitch is halved.                         |
| hamper (v)                           | PREVENT (v)   | STRONG WINDS CAN<br>PREVENT THE<br>CORRECT<br>DEPLOYMENT OF THE<br>ESCAPE SLIDES. | Strong winds can hamper the correct deployment of the escape slides. |
| handle (v)                           | MOVE (v)  | MOVE THE ACTUATOR WITH A HOIST.   | Handle the actuator with a hoist.                                    |
|                                      | TOUCH (v)   | DO NOT TOUCH THE PRINTED CIRCUIT CARD.  | Do not handle the printed circuit card.                              |
|                                      | USE (v)   | BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU USE SOLVENTS.   | Be careful when you handle solvents.                                 |
|                                      | CAREFUL (adj)  This word can be part of a safety sign (rule 8.6).         | BE CAREFUL WITH INSTRUMENTS.  | Handle instruments with care.  |
| hand-tight (adj)                     | TIGHTEN WITH<br>YOUR HAND   | INSTALL THE FILTER<br>CASE AND TIGHTEN IT<br>WITH YOUR HAND.                      | Install the filter case hand-tight.                                  |
| hand-tighten (v)                     | TIGHTEN WITH<br>YOUR HAND   | TIGHTEN THE SWIVEL<br>NUT WITH YOUR<br>HAND.                                      | Hand-tighten the swivel nut.   |
| HANG (v),<br>HANGS,<br>HUNG,<br>HUNG | To attach or to be attached to something above with no support from below | HANG THE SHACKLE<br>ON THE HOIST.   |  |
|                                      |   | LOWER THE<br>PLATFORM ASSEMBLY<br>UNTIL IT HANGS ON<br>THE SUPPORT<br>FRAME.      |  |
| happen (v)                           | OCCUR (v)   | IF AN ACCIDENT<br>OCCURS, GET<br>MEDICAL AID.                                     | If an accident happens, get medical attention.                       |
| HARD (adj)<br>(HARDER,<br>HARDEST)   | Not easy to cut, not easy to go into or through                           | IF THE SURFACE IS<br>HARD, USE A CARBIDE<br>DRILL.                                |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| harden (v)               | HARD (adj)                          | LET THE ADHESIVE<br>BECOME HARD.  | Let the adhesive harden.   |
|                          | CURE (TV)                           | LET THE BONDING<br>MATERIAL CURE.   | Let the bonding material harden.   |
|                          | Refer to rule 1.12.                 |   |  |
| harm (v)                 | INJURY (n)                          | BE CAREFUL WHEN<br>YOU CUT LOCKWIRE.<br>IT CAN CAUSE INJURY<br>TO YOUR EYES.            | Be careful when you cut lockwire. It can harm your eyes.                             |
|                          | IRRITATION (TN)  Refer to rule 1.5. | HYDRAULIC FLUID<br>CAN CAUSE SKIN<br>IRRITATION.  | Hydraulic fluid can harm your skin.  |
| harmful (adj)            | DANGEROUS (adj)                     | SOLVENT FUMES ARE DANGEROUS.  | Solvent fumes are harmful to your health.  |
|                          | INJURY (n)                          | THIS ADHESIVE<br>COMPOUND CAN<br>CAUSE INJURY TO<br>YOUR SKIN.                          | This adhesive compound is harmful to your skin.                                      |
| harmonize (v)            | AGREE (v)                           | MAKE THE POSITIONS<br>OF THE VALVES<br>AGREE.   | Harmonize the positions of the valves.   |
|                          | ALIGN (v)                           | ALIGN THE<br>CENTERLINE ON THE<br>FLUX VALVE.   | Harmonize the centerline on the flux valve.  |
| haul (v)                 | TOW (v)                             | BEFORE YOU START<br>THE ENGINE, TOW<br>THE HYDRAULIC CART<br>AWAY FROM THE<br>AIRCRAFT. | Haul the hydraulic cart<br>away from the aircraft<br>before you start the<br>engine. |
|                          | MOVE (v)                            | BEFORE YOU START<br>THE ENGINE, MOVE<br>THE HYDRAULIC CART<br>AWAY FROM THE<br>AIRCRAFT | Haul the hydraulic cart<br>away from the aircraft<br>before you start the<br>engine. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                               | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|---|---|--|
| HAVE (v), HAS, HAD No other verb forms. | To possess as a part or quality                                 | THE SYSTEM HAS AN EMERGENCY WARNING DEVICE.   |  |
| have to (v)                             | Use a verb in the imperative form                               | WHEN ENGINES ARE IN OPERATION, PUT ON A HEARING PROTECTION DEVICE.                                | When engines are in operation, you have to put on a hearing protection device.               |
| hazard (n)                              | DANGEROUS (adj)  "hazard" can be part of safety regulations.    | TRICHLORO-<br>ETHYLENE IS<br>DANGEROUS.   | Trichloroethylene is a health hazard.  |
| hazardous (adj)                         | DANGEROUS (adj)  "hazardous" can be part of safety regulations. | ALL PERSONNEL WHO DO WORK WITH DANGEROUS MATERIALS MUST OBEY THE SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS THAT FOLLOW. | All personnel who work with hazardous materials must obey the following safety instructions. |
| hazy (adj)                              | HAZE (TN)   | IF THERE IS HAZE, DO<br>NOT DO THE TEST.  | If the weather is hazy, do not do the test.  |
| HEAD (n)                                | The top of something  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>HEAD OF THE BOLT IS<br>DOWN.  |  |
| head (v)                                | POINT (v)   | POINT THE AIRCRAFT INTO THE WIND.   | Head the aircraft into the wind.   |
| HEAR (v),<br>HEARS,<br>HEARD,<br>HEARD  | To know by sound in the ear                                     | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU HEAR THE AUDIO<br>SIGNALS IN ALL THE<br>CREW HEADSETS.                      |  |
| HEAT (n)                                | The condition or quality of being hot                           | USE HEAT TO CURE<br>THE POLYSULPHIDE<br>SEALANT.  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES          | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| heat (v)                                 | HEAT (n)                                   | USE HEAT TO INCREASE THE TEMPERATURE OF THE OIL TO 40 °C.                                    | Heat the oil to 40 °C.   |
|  | HOT (adj)                                  | WHEN THE OIL IS HOT, IT FLOWS FREELY.  | When you heat the oil, it flows freely.  |
| HEAVY (adj)<br>(HEAVIER,<br>HEAVIEST)    | That has a large mass,<br>weight, or force | A SUPPORT WILL BE<br>NECESSARY<br>BECAUSE THE<br>CONTROL UNIT IS<br>HEAVY.                   |  |
| HEIGHT (n)                               | The vertical distance                      | THE HEIGHT FROM THE GROUND TO THE TOP OF THE FIN CAN CHANGE.                                 |  |
| heighten (v)                             | INCREASE (v)                               | STRONG WINDS WILL<br>INCREASE THE RISK<br>OF DAMAGE.   | Strong winds will heighten the risk of damage.                                     |
| help (n)                                 | AID (n)                                    | GET MEDICAL AID IMMEDIATELY.   | You must get medical help immediately.   |
| HELP (v),<br>HELPS,<br>HELPED,<br>HELPED | To make something easier or better         | PETROLATUM HELPS<br>TO PREVENT<br>CORROSION OF THE<br>TERMINALS.                             |  |
| helpful (adj)                            | HELP (v)                                   | RECORD THE LOCKWIRE POSITIONS. THIS INFORMATION WILL HELP YOU DURING THE ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE. | Record the lockwire positions. This will be helpful during the assembly procedure. |
| HERE (adv)                               | In this position                           | TO DOWNLOAD THE FILE, CLICK HERE.  |  |
| hesitation (n)                           | SMOOTHLY (adv)                             | MAKE SURE THAT THE SOLENOID OPERATES SMOOTHLY.   | Make sure that the solenoid operates without hesitation.                           |
|  | CORRECTLY (adv)                            | THE VALVE MUST<br>OPERATE<br>CORRECTLY.  | The valve must operate without hesitation.   |
|  | IMMEDIATELY (adv)                          | WHEN YOU OPEN THE<br>CIRCUIT BREAKER,<br>THE LIGHT MUST<br>COME ON<br>IMMEDIATELY.           | When you open the circuit breaker, the light must come on without hesitation.      |

| Word<br>(part of speech)             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| HIGH (adj)<br>(HIGHER,<br>HIGHEST)   | That is of large value  | USE THE SPECIAL PROTECTION FOR STORAGE IN HIGH TEMPERATURES.           |  |
| highly (adv)                         | VERY (adv)  | TOLUENE IS VERY FLAMMABLE.   | Toluene is highly flammable.                                   |
| hinder (v)                           | PREVENT (v)   | SCRATCHES CAN PREVENT THE FREE MOVEMENT OF THE PISTON IN THE SLEEVE.   | Scratches can hinder the movement of the piston in the sleeve. |
|                                      | DECREASE (v)  | A CLOGGED DUCT<br>WILL DECREASE<br>AIRFLOW.                            | A clogged duct will hinder airflow.                            |
|                                      | BLOCKAGE (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT THERE IS NO BLOCKAGE IN THE PIPE THAT PREVENTS AIRFLOW. | Make sure that there is nothing in the pipe to hinder airflow. |
|                                      | CLOGGED (adj)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE PIPE IS NOT CLOGGED.                                | Make sure that there is nothing in the pipe to hinder airflow. |
| hinge (v)                            | TURN (v)  | THE PANELS TURN ON TWO NYLON STRAPS.                                   | Panels hinge on two nylon straps.                              |
| HIT (v),<br>HITS,<br>HIT,<br>HIT     | To touch suddenly and with much force                               | DO NOT HIT THE<br>CARTRIDGE.   |  |
| hitch (v)                            | CONNECT (v)   | CONNECT THE<br>TOWING ARM TO THE<br>NOSEWHEEL.                         | Hitch the towing arm to the nosewheel.                         |
| hoist (v)                            | LIFT (v)  | LIFT THE MODULE.   | Hoist the module.  |
| hold (n)                             | HOLD (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU HOLD THE ROD<br>TIGHTLY.                         | Make sure that you have a tight hold on the rod.               |
| HOLD (v),<br>HOLDS,<br>HELD,<br>HELD | To continue to have in the hand or grip                             | HOLD THE ROD<br>TIGHTLY.   |  |
|                                      | To continue to have in a specified location, position, or condition | INDICATION AT THE  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES     | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| hold back (v)                     | PREVENT (v)                           | AT FULL THRUST, THE<br>BRAKES MUST<br>PREVENT MOVEMENT<br>OF THE AIRCRAFT.                                     | At full thrust, the brakes must hold the aircraft back.   |
| hold off (v)                      | PREVENT (v)                           | THE PROTECTIVE PAINT WILL PREVENT CORROSION FOR SIX MONTHS.  | The protective paint will hold off corrosion for six months.  |
| HOLE (n)                          | An empty space in a solid object      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>HOLES IN THE<br>BUSHING ALIGN WITH<br>THOSE IN THE<br>HOUSING.                           |   |
| hook (v)                          | PUT (v)                               | PUT THE SLING ON<br>THE SHACKLE.   | Hook the sling on the shackle.  |
| hook up (v)                       | CONNECT (v)                           | CONNECT THE<br>TOWING ARM TO THE<br>NOSE GEAR.   | Hook the towing arm up to the nose gear.  |
| HORIZONTAL (adj)                  | Parallel to the horizon or a baseline | ADJUST THE SLING<br>UNTIL THE FLAP IS<br>HORIZONTAL.   |   |
| HORIZONTALLY (adv)                | In a horizontal position              | THE VALVE IS<br>INSTALLED<br>HORIZONTALLY.   |   |
| HOT (adj)<br>(HOTTER,<br>HOTTEST) | At a high temperature                 | DRY THE SURFACE<br>WITH HOT AIR.   |   |
| house (v)                         | CONTAIN (v)                           | THE MODULE<br>CONTAINS FIVE<br>COMPONENTS.   | The module houses five components.  |
| HOW (adv)                         | By which manner                       | PARAGRAPH 7.0<br>TELLS YOU HOW TO<br>INSTALL THE UNIT.   |   |
| however (adv)                     | BUT (conj)                            | THE DRYING TIME IS USUALLY 24 HOURS. BUT THE PROCEDURE IN THIS STEP WILL DECREASE THE DRYING TIME TO 12 HOURS. | The drying time is usually 24 hours. However, the procedure in this step will decrease the drying time to 12 hours. |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES              | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| huge (adj)               | LARGE (adj)                                    | TO REMOVE THE PAINT STRIPPER, FLUSH THE SURFACE WITH LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER.           | To remove the paint stripper, flush the surface with huge quantities of water. |
| hum (v)                  | HUM (TN)                                       | ADJUST THE POTENTIOMETER UNTIL YOU DO NOT HEAR A HUM FROM THE LOUDSPEAKER.                | Adjust the potentiometer until the loudspeaker no longer hums.                 |
| hurt (v)                 | INJURY (n)                                     | BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU DO THIS PROCEDURE. IF THE UNIT FALLS, IT CAN CAUSE INJURY TO PERSONS. | Be careful when you do this procedure. If the unit falls, it can hurt persons. |
| HYDRAULIC (adj)          | Related to, or operated by, pressurized liquid | CONNECT THE<br>FITTINGS TO THE<br>HYDRAULIC TEST<br>BENCH.                                |  |
| HYDRAULICALLY<br>(adv)   | With hydraulic power                           | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>LINES ARE<br>HYDRAULICALLY<br>OPERATED.                             |  |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                             | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| identical (adj)                                  | SAME (adj)  | THE SAME<br>PROCEDURE IS<br>APPLICABLE TO THE<br>TWO VHF SETS.   | The procedure is identical for both VHF sets.                                     |
| IDENTIFICATION (n)                               | Something that identifies an object                           | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>NAMEPLATE SHOWS<br>THE CORRECT<br>IDENTIFICATION OF<br>THE UNIT.                 |   |
| IDENTIFY (v), IDENTIFIES, IDENTIFIED, IDENTIFIED | To use a specified code or marking to supply with an identity | IDENTIFY THE WIRES<br>WITH SLEEVES OF<br>DIFFERENT COLORS.   |   |
|  | 2. To show an identity  For other meanings, use:              | A 406 MHz DIGITAL<br>SIGNAL IDENTIFIES<br>THE EMERGENCY<br>LOCATOR<br>TRANSMITTER AND<br>ITS LOCATION. |   |
|  | FIND (v)  | FIND THE DAMAGED AREAS.  | Identify the damaged areas.   |
| idle (v)   | IDLE (TN)   | OPERATE THE<br>ENGINE AT IDLE FOR<br>20 MINUTES.   | Idle the engine for 20 minutes.   |
| IF (conj)  | In the event that, on the condition that, in case of          | IF YOU USE A REPLACEMENT FAIRING PLATE, CUT IT UNTIL YOU GET THE CORRECT MATING DIMENSION.             |   |
| ignite (v)                                       | IGNITION (TN)   | FUEL GOES THROUGH<br>THE ATOMIZERS INTO<br>THE COMBUSTION<br>CHAMBER, WHERE<br>IGNITION OCCURS.        | Fuel passes through the atomizers to the combustion chamber, where it is ignited. |
| IGNORE (v),<br>IGNORES,<br>IGNORED,<br>IGNORED   | Not to think about something, not to do something about       | IGNORE THE<br>VIBRATION<br>INDICATIONS.  |   |
|  |   | SELECT "CANCEL" TO<br>IGNORE ALL<br>CHANGES.   |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                       | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                       | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| ILLUMINATE (v),<br>ILLUMINATES,<br>ILLUMINATED,<br>ILLUMINATED | To make something visible with an external light source | THE EMERGENCY<br>LIGHTS COME ON TO<br>ILLUMINATE THE<br>EVACUATION PATH.            |  |
|  | For lights or lamps, use:                               |   |  |
|  | COME ON   | WHEN THE PRESSURE<br>LIGHT COMES ON,<br>READ THE VALUE ON<br>THE PRESSURE<br>GAUGE. | When the pressure light illuminates, read the value on the pressure gauge. |
|  |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE LAMP COMES ON.   | Ensure the lamp illuminates.   |
|  | BE ON   | MAKE SURE THAT THE LAMP IS ON.  | Ensure the lamp is illuminated.  |
| immediate (adj)  | IMMEDIATELY (adv)                                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SPEEDBRAKE<br>RETRACTS<br>IMMEDIATELY.                        | Check the speedbrake for immediate retraction.                             |
| IMMEDIATELY<br>(adv)   | Without a gap of time or space                          | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>EMERGENCY LIGHT<br>IMMEDIATELY GOES<br>BACK TO "OFF."         |  |
| immerse (v)  | SOAK (v)  | SOAK THE FILTER IN<br>THE CLEANING<br>SOLUTION FOR<br>4 HOURS.                      | Immerse the filter in the cleaning solution for 4 hours.                   |
|  | PUT FULLY INTO  | PUT THE FILTER<br>FULLY INTO THE<br>SOLVENT.  | Immerse the filter in solvent.   |
| immobilize (v)   | LOCK (v)  | LOCK THE PULLEY<br>WITH THE RIGGING<br>PIN.   | Immobilize the pulley with the rigging pin.                                |
|  | PREVENT MOVEMENT  | WHEN YOU REPAIR<br>THE UNIT, PREVENT<br>MOVEMENT OF THE<br>ASSEMBLIES.              | Immobilize the assemblies when repairing the unit.                         |
| impact (n)   | HIT (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT METAL OBJECTS DO NOT HIT THE MATING SURFACE.                         | Avoid impact between metal objects and the mating surface.                 |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| impact (v)               | HIT (v)                           | DO NOT LET THE VIBRATOR TOOL HIT THE SURFACE OF THE SEAL.                         | Do not allow the vibrator tool to impact the seal surface.                               |
|                          | EFFECT (n)                        | THESE REPAIRS HAVE<br>AN EFFECT ON THE<br>PERFORMANCE OF<br>THE ENGINE.           | These repairs impact engine performance.   |
| impair (v)               | DECREASE (v)                      | THE LIFE OF THE UNIT WILL DECREASE IF YOU LET THE UNIT BECOME DIRTY.              | The life of the unit is impaired if the unit is allowed to get dirty.                    |
|                          | OPERATE<br>INCORRECTLY            | DAMAGE WILL CAUSE<br>THE INSTRUMENT TO<br>OPERATE<br>INCORRECTLY.                 | Damage will impair operation of the instrument.  |
|                          | CAUSE DAMAGE                      | CONTAMINATION OF<br>THE GREASE CAN<br>CAUSE DAMAGE TO<br>THE BEARING.             | Contaminants in the grease may impair the bearing.                                       |
| implement (v)            | DO (v)                            | IF THE TEST DOES NOT GIVE SATISFACTORY RESULTS, DO THE FAULT ISOLATION PROCEDURE. | If the test does not give satisfactory results, implement the fault isolation procedure. |
| implementation (n)       | DO (v)                            | IT IS MANDATORY TO<br>DO THE PROCEDURE<br>IN THIS SERVICE<br>BULLETIN.            | The implementation of the procedure in this Service Bulletin is mandatory.               |
| IMPORTANT (adj)          | That has a significant effect     | THESE PROCEDURES<br>ARE VERY<br>IMPORTANT.  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| impossible (adj)         | NOT POSSIBLE                       | THUS, IT IS NOT<br>POSSIBLE TO GIVE A<br>STANDARD VALUE.                             | Thus, it is impossible to give a standard value.                                      |
|                          | CANNOT (v)                         | YOU CANNOT FILL<br>THE CONTAINERS<br>WHILE THEY ARE<br>INSTALLED ON THE<br>AIRCRAFT. | It is impossible to recharge containers while installed on aircraft.                  |
| impregnate (v)           | SOAK (v)                           | SOAK THE FILTER<br>ELEMENTS IN OIL.  | The filter elements must be impregnated with oil.                                     |
| impression (n)           | THINK (v)                          | IF YOU THINK THAT A<br>TIRE HAS LOW<br>PRESSURE, DO THE<br>STEPS THAT FOLLOW:        | If you have the impression that a tire has low pressure, do the steps that follow:    |
| improper (adj)           | INCORRECT (adj)                    | INCORRECT ADJUSTMENT OF THE STOP BOLTS ON THE RUDDER PEDALS CAN CAUSE DAMAGE.        | Improper adjustment of<br>the stop bolts on the<br>rudder pedals can cause<br>damage. |
| improperly (adv)         | INCORRECTLY (adv)                  | IF THE HINGE IS INCORRECTLY ADJUSTED, YOU CANNOT CLOSE THE PANEL.                    | If the hinge is improperly adjusted, the panel will not close.                        |
| improve (v)              | BETTER (adj)                       | DO NOT ADJUST THE<br>PARTS AGAIN TO<br>MAKE THEIR<br>POSITION BETTER.                | Do not readjust the parts to improve their position.                                  |
| impurity (n)             | UNWANTED MATERIAL                  | USE A FILTER TO<br>REMOVE UNWANTED<br>MATERIAL FROM THE<br>HYDRAULIC OIL.            | Filter the hydraulic oil to remove impurities.  |
|                          | CONTAMINATION (n)                  | CONTAMINATION CAN CAUSE A FAILURE.   | Impurities may cause a failure.   |
| IN (adv)                 | To, or into a location or position | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SWITCHES ARE<br>PUSHED IN.                                     |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                       | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| IN (prep)                | Function word that shows location, position, condition, time, or limits | LET THE SWITCH<br>STAY IN THE SET<br>POSITION.   |   |
|                          |   | THE COMPENSATORS<br>ARE IN THE WING<br>BAY.  |   |
|                          |   | DO NOT PARK THE VEHICLE IN STRONG WINDS.   |   |
|                          |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE LIGHT COMES ON IN 5 SECONDS.  |   |
|                          |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE CRACKS ARE IN THE LIMITS.   |   |
| IN FRONT OF (prep)       | In a position ahead of  | PUT CHOCKS IN<br>FRONT OF THE<br>WHEELS.   |   |
| IN PROGRESS<br>(adv)     | Occurring   | IF AN INTERACTIVE<br>SESSION IS IN<br>PROGRESS, LET IT<br>CONTINUE UNTIL IT IS<br>FULLY COMPLETED. |   |
| inactive (adj)           | NOT ACTIVE  | THE AUTOTHRUST<br>SYSTEM IS ENGAGED<br>BUT IT IS NOT ACTIVE.                                       | The autothrust system is engaged but inactive.                        |
| inadvertent (adj)        | ACCIDENTAL (adj)  | ACCIDENTAL OPERATION OF THE SYSTEM CAN KILL YOU.   | Inadvertent operation of<br>the system could cause<br>fatal injuries. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                       | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| inadvertently (adv)                                | ACCIDENTALLY (adv)  | IF YOU<br>ACCIDENTALLY PUT<br>TOO MUCH FUEL IN<br>THE TANK, OPEN THE<br>DRAIN VALVE.          | If the tank is inadvertently overfilled, open the drain valve.               |
| INBOARD (adj)                                      | Nearer to the longitudinal axis   | REMOVE THE INBOARD FAIRING OF THE FLAP HINGE.   |  |
| INBOARD (adv)                                      | In or to a position nearer to the longitudinal axis                     | THE LANDING GEAR<br>RETRACTS INBOARD<br>INTO THE BAY.   |  |
| INBOARD OF<br>(prep)                               | At a position nearer to the longitudinal axis                           | PUT THE ACCESS PLATFORM IN POSITION BELOW THE ACCESS PANEL THAT IS INBOARD OF THE FLAP TRACK. |  |
| INCIDENT (n)                                       | An important occurrence that can cause damage or have dangerous results | RECORD ALL<br>INCIDENTS OF WATER<br>FOUND IN THE FUEL.  |  |
| incline (n)  | SLOPE (n)   | YOU CAN ADJUST THE SLOPE OF THE RAMP.   | You can adjust the incline of the ramp.                                      |
| INCLUDE (v),<br>INCLUDES,<br>INCLUDED,<br>INCLUDED | To make, or to be, part of  | THIS CHAPTER INCLUDES THE PROCEDURES FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE COMPONENTS.                       |  |
| including (prep)                                   | THRU (prep)   | DO TESTS 4 THRU 8<br>AGAIN.   | Repeat from test 4 up to and including test 8.                               |
|  | WITH (prep)   | SEND THE DEFECTIVE<br>COVER, WITH THE OIL<br>SAMPLES, TO THE<br>REPAIR CENTER.                | Return the defective cover, including the oil samples, to the repair center. |
| incompatible (adj)                                 | NOT COMPATIBLE  | THIS SOFTWARE IS<br>NOT COMPATIBLE<br>WITH OTHER<br>OPERATING<br>SYSTEMS.                     | This software is incompatible with other operating systems.                  |
|  |   | THIS COOLANT IS NOT COMPATIBLE WITH ALUMINUM ALLOYS.  | This coolant is incompatible with aluminum alloys.                           |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| incomplete (adj)         | NOT FULL                          | IF THE ACTUATOR<br>TRAVEL IS NOT FULL,<br>ADJUST THE RODS<br>AGAIN.                      | If the actuator travel is incomplete, readjust the rods.                              |
|                          | NOT COMPLETED                     | IF THE ADJUSTMENT IS NOT COMPLETED, THE VALUES SHOWN ON THE INDICATOR WILL BE INCORRECT. | If the adjustment is incomplete, the values shown on the indicator will be incorrect. |
|                          | ALL (adj)                         | IF YOU DO NOT HAVE<br>ALL THE RESULTS, DO<br>THE TEST AGAIN.                             | If the results are incomplete, do the test again.                                     |
| incorporate (v)          | INCLUDE (v)                       | ALL MODELS INCLUDE<br>A MICROPROCESSOR<br>CONTROL UNIT.                                  | All models incorporate a microprocessor control unit.                                 |
|                          | HAVE (v)                          | SOME RELAYS HAVE A POTENTIOMETER.  | Some relays incorporate a potentiometer.  |
| incorporation (n)        | INCLUDE (v)                       | THE MANUFACTURER INCLUDED A SECOND DIODE TO INCREASE THE RELIABILITY OF THE MOTOR.       | Incorporation of a second diode increased the reliability of the motor.               |
| INCORRECT (adj)          | Not correct                       | IF THE TRIM TAB ADJUSTMENT IS INCORRECT, DO STEPS 7 THRU 10.                             |   |
| INCORRECTLY<br>(adv)     | In an incorrect manner            | IF YOU SEE THE RED<br>MARK, THE PART IS<br>INSTALLED<br>INCORRECTLY.                     |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| increase (n)   | INCREASE (v)   | THE TEMPERATURE MUST INCREASE.   | There must be an increase in temperature.  |
| INCREASE (v),<br>INCREASES,<br>INCREASED,<br>INCREASED | To make or become larger or higher in value  | INCREASE THE VANE<br>ANGLE TO<br>90 DEGREES.   |  |
|  |  | MAKE SURE THAT THE TEMPERATURE INCREASES TO 30 °C.   |  |
| INCREMENT (n)  | One of a sequence of regular operations done one after the other, to increase or decrease an adjustable quantity | ADJUST THE STOP<br>BOLT IN INCREMENTS<br>OF 5 mm.  |  |
| incur (v)  | CAUSE (v)  | REMOVAL OF THE<br>UNIT BEFORE<br>24 HOURS CAN CAUSE<br>DAMAGE.   | Removal of the unit before 24 hours can incur damage.                                  |
| independent (adj)                                      | INDEPENDENTLY (adv)  | THIS UNIT OPERATES INDEPENDENTLY.  | The operation of this unit is independent.   |
| INDEPENDENTLY (adv)                                    | Without a relation with  | THE EMERGENCY<br>SYSTEM IS<br>CONTROLLED<br>INDEPENDENTLY.   |  |
| indicate (v)   | SHOW (v)   | THE POINTER SHOWS ZERO FEET.   | The pointer indicates zero feet.   |
|  | IDENTIFY (v)   | A 406 MHz DIGITAL<br>SIGNAL IDENTIFIES<br>THE EMERGENCY<br>LOCATOR<br>TRANSMITTER AND<br>ITS LOCATION. | A 406 MHz digital signal indicates the emergency locator transmitter and its location. |
|  | SPECIFIED (adj)  | IF TOLERANCES ARE<br>NOT SPECIFIED,<br>REFER TO GENERAL<br>TOLERANCE VALUES.                           | If tolerances are not indicated, refer to general tolerance values.                    |
| INDICATION (n)   | Something that is shown  | MAKE SURE THAT THE INDICATION IS CORRECT.  |  |
| induce (v)   | CAUSE (v)  | SCRATCHES IN THE<br>WINDSCREEN CAN<br>CAUSE CRACKS.  | Scratches in the windscreen may induce cracks.   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                               | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| ineffective (adj)                                  | UNSERVICEABLE (adj)   | IF THE PUMP IS<br>UNSERVICEABLE,<br>REPLACE IT.                        | If the pump is ineffective, replace it.                     |
|  | UNSATISFACTORY<br>(adj)   | IF THE OPERATION OF<br>THE PUMP IS<br>UNSATISFACTORY,<br>REPLACE IT.   | If the operation of the pump is ineffective, replace it.    |
|  | NOT OPERATE   | IF THE PUMP DOES<br>NOT OPERATE<br>CORRECTLY,<br>REPLACE IT.           | If the pump is ineffective, replace it.                     |
| inflammable (adj)                                  | FLAMMABLE (adj)   | SOLVENT IS VERY FLAMMABLE.   | Solvent is highly inflammable.                              |
| INFLATE (v),<br>INFLATES,<br>INFLATED,<br>INFLATED | To make or become larger as a result of pressurization by a gas | INFLATE THE TIRES<br>WITH NITROGEN.                                    |   |
|  |   | OPERATION OF THE HANDLE RELEASES THE GAS, AND THE SLIDE-RAFT INFLATES. |   |
| inform (v)   | TELL (v)  | TELL THE<br>MANUFACTURER<br>ABOUT THE<br>PROBLEM.                      | Inform the manufacturer about the problem.                  |
| INFORMATION (n)                                    | Data collected and made available for a specified function      | THIS MANUAL CONTAINS INFORMATION ABOUT MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES.         |   |
| ingest (v)   | SWALLOW (v)   | IF YOU SWALLOW<br>HYDRAULIC FLUID,<br>GET MEDICAL AID<br>IMMEDIATELY.  | If you ingest hydraulic fluid, get medical aid immediately. |
| ingress (n)  | GO INTO   | IF WATER GOES INTO<br>THE COMPONENT,<br>DAMAGE WILL<br>OCCUR.          | Water ingress will damage the component.                    |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                         | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| inhale (v)               | BREATHE (v)   | DO NOT BREATHE<br>THE SOLVENT FUMES.  | Do not inhale the solvent fumes.   |
| inhibit (v)              | PREVENT (v)   | ALODINE PREVENTS CORROSION.   | Alodine inhibits corrosion.  |
| INITIAL (adj)            | That is related to the start                              | MOVE THE LEVER<br>BACK TO ITS INITIAL<br>POSITION.                                      |  |
| INITIALLY (adv)          | At the start  | INITIALLY, THE SPEED<br>INCREASES TO<br>3000 RPM.                                       |  |
| initiate (v)             | START (v)   | START THE TEST AT<br>2000 RPM.  | Initiate the test at 2000 rpm.   |
| inject (v)               | PUT (v)   | PUT OIL INTO THE<br>GEARBOX WITH A<br>SYRINGE.  | Inject oil into the gearbox with a syringe.  |
| injection (n)            | PUT (v)   | PUT THE CORROSION<br>PREVENTIVE OIL INTO<br>THE PUMP WITH A<br>SYRINGE.                 | The injection of the corrosion preventive oil into the pump must be done with a syringe. |
| injure (v)               | INJURY (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>END OF THE SAFETY<br>WIRE WILL NOT<br>CAUSE INJURY TO<br>PERSONS. | Make sure that the end of the safety wire will not injure persons.                       |
| INJURY (n)               | Damage to a person  | BEND THE ENDS OF<br>THE LOCKING WIRE<br>TO PREVENT INJURY.                              |  |
| INNER (adj)              | Nearer to the center of an object                         | THE INNER SURFACE<br>OF THE PART IS<br>BLACK.   |  |
| inoperative (adj)        | OFF (adj)   | BEFORE YOU DRAIN<br>THE FUEL, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE<br>SYSTEM IS OFF.                   | Before you drain the fuel, make sure that the system is inoperative.                     |
|                          | NOT OPERATE   | MAKE SURE THAT THE DEMISTING SYSTEM DOES NOT OPERATE.                                   | Make sure that the demisting system is inoperative.                                      |
| INPUT (n)                | The data, power, or energy put into equipment or a system | THE UNIT COMPARES THE INPUTS FROM THE TWO SENSORS TO THE COMPUTER.                      |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| insert (v)   | PUT (v)   | PUT THE SLEEVE INTO THE OPENING.   | Insert the sleeve into the opening.  |
|  | ENGAGE (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SHAFT ENGAGES IN<br>THE MATING PART.   | Check that the shaft is inserted in the mating part.   |
| inside (adj)   | INNER (adj)   | CLEAN THE INNER<br>SURFACE OF THE<br>CONTAINER.  | Clean the inside surface of the container.   |
| inside (n)   | INNER (adj)   | PAINT THE INNER<br>SURFACE OF THE<br>PUMP ASSEMBLY.  | Paint the inside surface of the pump assembly.   |
| inside (prep)  | IN (prep)   | THERE MUST BE<br>LUBRICANT IN THE<br>HOLE.   | There must be lubricant inside the hole.   |
|  | INTO (prep)   | BEFORE YOU PUT THE TOOLS INTO THE STORAGE BOX, MAKE SURE THAT THEY HAVE THE NECESSARY PROTECTIVE COVERS. | Before you place the tools inside the storage box, make sure they have suitable protective covers. |
| inspect (v)  | EXAMINE (v)   | EXAMINE ALL THE DRAIN HOLES.   | Inspect all the drain holes.   |
|  | INSPECTION (n)  | DO AN INSPECTION OF THE WORK.  | Inspect the work.  |
| INSPECTION (n)                                       | The procedure which compares an object with its standard or specification | USE A VOLTMETER TO DO THIS INSPECTION.   |  |
| INSTALL (v),<br>INSTALLS,<br>INSTALLED,<br>INSTALLED | To attach an item in or to a second item                                  | INSTALL THE NEW<br>O-RINGS ON THE<br>SPINDLE.  |  |
| INSTALLATION (n)                                     | The procedure which installs an item                                      | REFER TO<br>PARAGRAPH 3 FOR<br>THE INSTALLATION OF<br>THE UNIT.  |  |
| instead (adv)  | ALTERNATIVE (n)   | USE A SPATULA AS<br>AN ALTERNATIVE.  | Use a spatula instead.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|---|---|
| instead of (prep)  | ALTERNATIVE (n)   | YOU CAN USE A<br>CLEAN PLASTIC BAG<br>AS AN ALTERNATIVE<br>TO THE SPECIFIED<br>CONTAINER. | You can use a clean plastic bag instead of the specified container.     |
| INSTRUCTION (n)  | A command that you must obey  | IF YOU DO NOT OBEY<br>THIS INSTRUCTION,<br>DAMAGE CAN OCCUR.                              |   |
| INSTRUMENT (n)   | An item which measures and/or shows                                       | ALL THE INSTRUMENTS ARE ON THE LEFT QUARTER PANEL.  |   |
| insufficient (adj)   | NOT SUFFICIENT  | IF THIS STEP IS NOT<br>SUFFICIENT TO STOP<br>THE LEAKAGE,<br>REPLACE THE<br>ACTUATOR.     | If this step is insufficient to stop the leakage, replace the actuator. |
| INSULATION (n)   | A material that helps to prevent the movement of energy                   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU DO NOT CAUSE<br>DAMAGE TO THE<br>INSULATION.                        |   |
| insure (v)   | MAKE SURE (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE WORK BENCH IS CLEAN.   | Insure that the work bench is clean.                                    |
| intact (adj)   | NOT DAMAGED   | MAKE SURE THAT THE WINDSCREEN IS NOT DAMAGED.   | Make sure the windscreen is intact.                                     |
| integral (adj)   | PART (n)  | THE PIN IS A PART OF THE PUMP.  | The pin is integral with the pump.                                      |
| INTENSITY (n)  | The quantity of strength, force, or energy                                | OPERATE THE DIMMER SWITCH AND MAKE SURE THAT THE INTENSITY OF THE LIGHT CHANGES.          |   |
| INTERCHANGE (v),<br>INTERCHANGES,<br>INTERCHANGED,<br>INTERCHANGED | To put or use each of two things in the place of the other without change | INTERCHANGE THE<br>No. 1 AND No. 2<br>COMPUTERS. THEN<br>DO THE TEST AGAIN.               |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|----------------------------|--|---|---|
| INTERCHANGE-<br>ABLE (adj) | That you can interchange                         | RELAYS 2YG AND 8YG<br>ARE FULLY<br>INTERCHANGEABLE<br>ITEMS.  |   |
| interconnect (v)           | CONNECT (v)                                      | THE PIPES CONNECT<br>SYSTEM A TO<br>SYSTEM B.   | The pipes interconnect system A and system B.   |
| INTERFACE (n)              | The connection between two systems or components | CLEAN THE INTERFACE BETWEEN THE COMPUTER AND THE SENSOR.  |   |
| interfere (v)              | HIT (v)  | IF YOU INSTALL THE UPPER DRAG STRUT WITH THE HEAD DOWN, IT WILL HIT THE LOWER DRAG STRUT DURING RETRACTION. | Placing the upper drag<br>strut upside down makes<br>it interfere with the lower<br>drag strut. |
|                            | CATCH (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE RODS CANNOT CATCH ON THE FLAPS.  |   |
|                            | TOUCH (v)  | IF THE BRACKET<br>TOUCHES THE PLATE,<br>REMOVE THE<br>UNWANTED MATERIAL<br>WITH A FILE.                     | Should the bracket interfere with the plate, remove surplus material with a file.               |
|                            | INTERFERENCE (TN)                                | MAKE SURE THAT THERE IS NO INTERFERENCE BETWEEN THE RADAR AND THE TACTICAL AIR NAVIGATION SYSTEM (TACAN).   | Ensure that the radar does not interfere with the Tactical Air Navigation System (TACAN).       |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                              | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| interference (n)         | HIT (v)  | IF YOU INSTALL THE UPPER DRAG STRUT WITH THE HEAD DOWN, IT WILL HIT THE LOWER DRAG STRUT DURING RETRACTION. | Placing the upper drag<br>strut upside down<br>causes interference with<br>the lower drag strut. |
|                          | CATCH (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE RODS CANNOT CATCH ON THE FLAPS.  |  |
|                          | TOUCH (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE LOCKING WIRE DOES NOT TOUCH THE LEVER.   | Ensure that there is no interference between the locking wire and the lever.                     |
|                          | This word can be a technical noun or part of a technical noun. | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU DO NOT HEAR<br>INTERFERENCE IN<br>THE 400 Hz BAND.                                    |  |
|                          |  | INTERFERENCE BOLTS ATTACH THE STRAP AND THE BOTTOM SKIN PANEL TO THE TRIFORM MEMBER.                        |  |
| interior (n)             | INTERNALLY (adv)   | EXAMINE THE TANK INTERNALLY.  | Examine the interior of the tank.  |
|                          | INTERNAL (adj)   | APPLY A SMALL QUANTITY OF LUBRICANT TO THE INTERNAL SIDE OF THE VALVE HOUSING.                              | Apply a small quantity of lubricant to the interior of the valve housing.                        |
| intermediate (adj)       | MIDDLE (adj)   | PUT THE LEVER IN<br>THE MIDDLE<br>POSITION.   | Put the lever in intermediate position.  |
|                          | BETWEEN (prep)  Give the limits.                               | WHEN THE INPUT<br>LEVER IS BETWEEN<br>5 AND 10 mm,<br>MEASURE THE   | When the input lever is in an intermediate position, measure the piston extension.               |
|                          |  | PISTON EXTENSION.   |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                           | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                             |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| INTERMITTENT (adj)       | That stops and starts again, not continuous                 | THIS CAUSES INTERMITTENT OPERATION OF THE WARNING LIGHTS.                     |   |
| INTERMITTENTLY (adv)     | In an intermittent manner                                   | THE LIGHT COMES ON INTERMITTENTLY.  |   |
| INTERNAL (adj)           | Of, or on, the inner side and inner space                   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>FUEL COMES OUT OF<br>THE INTERNAL<br>EJECTORS.              |   |
| INTERNALLY (adv)         | Of, or on, the inner side and inner space                   | USE A BORESCOPE<br>TO EXAMINE THE<br>COMBUSTOR<br>INTERNALLY.                 |   |
| interrupt (v)            | STOP (v)  | DO NOT STOP THE TEST.   | Do not interrupt the test.                  |
| intersect (v)            | INTERSECTION (TN)   | DRILL A HOLE AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE TWO LINES.                            | Drill a hole where the two lines intersect. |
| INTERVAL (n)             | A distance or gap<br>between two points in<br>space or time | DO THE TEST AT<br>FIVE-MINUTE<br>INTERVALS.                                   |   |
| INTO (prep)              | Movement to something and access to it                      | IF AN OBJECT FALLS<br>INTO THE OPENING,<br>DAMAGE TO THE<br>ENGINE CAN OCCUR. |   |
|                          | 2. Function word that shows change, condition, result       | THE PARTS OF THE<br>STRUCTURE ARE<br>DIVIDED INTO THREE<br>GROUPS.            |   |
| investigate (v)          | INVESTIGATION (n)   | DO AN INVESTIGATION TO FIND THE CAUSE OF THE FUEL LEAKAGE.                    | Investigate the cause of the fuel leakage.  |
| INVESTIGATION<br>(n)     | An official and accurate inquiry or research                | THE TASK TEAM STARTED THE INVESTIGATION TO FIND THE CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT.    |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| inward (adj)                                       | INNER (adj)  | MEASURE THE INNER<br>DIAMETER OF THE<br>HOLE.                      | Measure the inward diameter of the hole.                         |
| inward (adv)                                       | IN (adv)   | MOVE THE DOOR IN AND REARWARD.                                     | Move the door inward and rearward.                               |
| IRREGULAR (adj)                                    | Not regular  | IF THE SIGNALS ARE IRREGULAR, REPLACE THE UNIT.                    |  |
| irregularity (n)                                   | DAMAGE (n)   | THERE MUST BE NO<br>DAMAGE TO THE<br>SURFACE FINISH.               | There must be no irregularities in the surface finish.           |
|  | DEFECT (TN)  | THERE MUST BE NO<br>DEFECTS IN THE<br>SURFACE FINISH.              | There must be no irregularities in the surface finish.           |
|  | IRREGULAR (adj)  | IF YOU GET<br>IRREGULAR RESULTS,<br>DO THE TEST AGAIN.             | If you get irregularities in the results, do the test again.     |
|  | UNUSUAL (adj)  | IF YOU GET UNUSUAL<br>RESULTS, DO THE<br>TEST AGAIN.               | If you get irregularities in the results, do the test again.     |
| IRREGULARLY<br>(adv)                               | Not regularly  | IF THE UNIT RECEIVES<br>THE SIGNALS<br>IRREGULARLY,<br>REPLACE IT. |  |
| ISOLATE (v),<br>ISOLATES,<br>ISOLATED,<br>ISOLATED | To prevent a supply or connection to   | ISOLATE THE<br>ELECTRICAL POWER<br>SUPPLY.                         |  |
| isolation (n)                                      | ISOLATE (v)  | ISOLATE SYSTEM<br>No. 1 TO DO THE<br>LEAKAGE CHECKS.               | Isolation of system No. 1 is necessary to do the leakage checks. |
| IT (pron)  | That refers to a thing<br>that was previously<br>mentioned                                   | CAREFULLY MOVE THE DEFLECTOR UNIT DOWN UNTIL IT ENGAGES.           |  |
|  | <ol> <li>That refers to an explicit or implicit state of affairs or circumstances</li> </ol> | IT IS IMPORTANT TO DO THIS ADJUSTMENT CORRECTLY.                   |  |
| ITEM (n)   | A thing that is determined or specified  | LUBRICATE THESE<br>ITEMS WITH GREASE.                              |  |
| ITS (adj)  | Belonging to a thing   | REMOVE THE UNIT<br>AND ITS WIRING.                                 |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                             | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| jack (v)                 | JACK (TN)   | DO NOT LIFT THE<br>AIRCRAFT ON JACKS<br>IF THE WIND SPEED IS<br>MORE THAN 20 MPH. | Do not jack the aircraft if<br>the wind speed exceeds<br>20 mph. |
| jam (v)                  | FREELY (adv)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE VALVE SPINDLE MOVES FREELY.                                    | Check that the valve spindle does not bind or jam.               |
| job (n)                  | WORK (n)  | DO THIS WORK IN A<br>CLEAN AREA.  | Do this job in a clean area.                                     |
|                          | TASK (n)  | DO THIS TASK IN A<br>CLEAN AREA.  | Do this job in a clean area.                                     |
| join (v)                 | BOND (v)  | USE ADHESIVE No. 35<br>TO BOND METAL TO<br>METAL.                                 | Use adhesive No. 35 to join metal to metal.                      |
|                          | ATTACH (v)  | ATTACH SMOKE<br>DETECTOR 1 TO<br>SMOKE DETECTOR 2.                                | Join smoke detectors 1 and 2.                                    |
|                          | CONNECT (v)   | CONNECT THE HOSE<br>TO THE PIPE WITH A<br>CLIP.                                   | Join the hose to the pipe with a clip.                           |
| JOINT (n)                | The area at which two surfaces or edges touch or are attached | SEAL THE JOINT WITH SEALING COMPOUND.   |  |
| just (adv)               | IMMEDIATELY (adv)   | KEEP THE RING<br>IMMEDIATELY ABOVE<br>THE JACK COLLARS.                           | Keep the ring just above the jack collars.                       |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES             | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                      |
|--|---|---|--|
| KEEP (v),<br>KEEPS,<br>KEPT,<br>KEPT     | To continue to have or hold                   | KEEP THE<br>COMPOUND IN A<br>CLOSED CONTAINER.  |  |
| key (v)                                  | REFER (v)                                     | THE ILLUSTRATION<br>REFERS TO EACH<br>STEP.   | The illustration will be keyed to each of the steps. |
|  | KEY (TN)                                      | INSTALL THE KEY BETWEEN THE PULLEY AND THE SHAFT.                                     | The pulley must be keyed to the shaft.               |
| KILL (v),<br>KILLS,<br>KILLED,<br>KILLED | To cause death                                | HIGH VOLTAGES CAN<br>KILL YOU.  |  |
| kind (n)                                 | TYPE (n)                                      | YOU CAN USE TWO<br>TYPES OF SEALING<br>COMPOUND.                                      | Two kinds of sealing compound can be used.           |
| kink (v)                                 | KINK (TN)                                     | DO NOT MAKE KINKS<br>IN THE CABLES.   | Do not kink the cables.                              |
| knock (v)                                | HIT (v)                                       | HIT THE CLAMP ON<br>THE RIGHT SIDE WITH<br>A HAMMER.                                  | Knock the clamp on the right side with a hammer.     |
| KNOW (v),<br>KNOWS,<br>KNEW,<br>KNOWN    | To be sure of data, to have data ready to use | IF YOU KNOW THE<br>CLEARANCE, YOU<br>CAN CALCULATE THE<br>THICKNESS OF THE<br>WASHER. |  |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech)                      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                     | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|---|---|--|
| label (v)                                     | IDENTIFY (v)  | IDENTIFY THE COMPONENT WITH A CODE TO HELP YOU INSTALL IT AGAIN CORRECTLY.                | Label the component with a code to help you install it again correctly.  |
|   | LABEL (TN)  | PUT A LABEL ON THE RELAY ASSEMBLY.  | Label the relay assembly.  |
| lack (n)                                      | NOT SUFFICIENT  | DAMAGE CAN OCCUR<br>TO THE PUMP IF<br>THERE IS NOT<br>SUFFICIENT OIL IN<br>THE RESERVOIR. | Damage can occur to the pump if there is a lack of oil in the reservoir. |
| LAMINATED (adj)                               | Made of laminations                                   | THIS PANEL IS MADE<br>OF LAMINATED<br>CARBON FIBER.                                       |  |
| LAMINATION (n)                                | Layers of one or more materials bonded together       | IF THE LAMINATION IS<br>DAMAGED, REPLACE<br>THE PANEL.                                    |  |
| land (v)                                      | LANDING (TN)  | AFTER A HEAVY<br>LANDING, DO THE<br>HEAVY LANDING<br>INSPECTION.                          | If the aircraft landed heavily, do the Heavy Landing Inspection.         |
| LARGE (adj)<br>(LARGER,<br>LARGEST)           | More than average in dimension, quantity, or capacity | CLEAN YOUR SKIN<br>WITH A LARGE<br>QUANTITY OF CLEAN<br>WATER.                            |  |
| LAST (adj)                                    | That comes at the end                                 | IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE LAST FLIGHT OF THE DAY, INSTALL ALL COVERS.                         |  |
| LAST (adv)                                    | After other persons or things                         | FILL THE OUTER<br>TANKS LAST.   |  |
| last (v)                                      | CONTINUE (v)  | THE SIGNALS<br>CONTINUE FOR<br>0.8 SECONDS.   | The signals last 0.8 seconds.  |
| LATCH (v),<br>LATCHES,<br>LATCHED,<br>LATCHED | To hold something in position with a latching device  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU LATCH THE<br>DOOR CORRECTLY.  |  |
|   |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE DOOR LATCHES CORRECTLY.  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| later (adj)              | SUBSEQUENT (adj)  | A SUBSEQUENT<br>REPAIR WILL BE FOR<br>THE NEW<br>CONFIGURATION.                                  | A later repair will be for the new configuration.                          |
|                          | THEN (adv)  | DO THIS STEP FIRST.<br>THEN, DISCONNECT<br>THE CABLES.   | Do this step first. At a later time, disconnect the cables.                |
| later (adv)              | SUBSEQUENTLY (adv)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TOOL IS<br>SUBSEQUENTLY<br>AVAILABLE FOR THE<br>INSTALLATION<br>PROCEDURE. | Make sure that the tool is available later for the installation procedure. |
|                          | WHEN (conj)  If it is possible, give the condition or time.                     | DO STEPS (3) THRU<br>(5). DO STEP (6) WHEN<br>THE AILERON<br>MOVEMENT STOPS.                     | Do steps (3) to (5). Do step (6) later.                                    |
|                          | AFTER (prep)  | THE BAR MOVES<br>DOWN AFTER 20<br>SECONDS.   | The bar moves down later.  |
| LATERAL (adj)            | Related to or on the side   | ADJUST THE LATERAL<br>LEVEL.   |  |
| LATERALLY (adv)          | In a lateral direction  | PUSH THE UNIT OUT,<br>AND THEN MOVE IT<br>LATERALLY.   |  |
| lay (v)                  | PUT (v)   | PUT COVERS ON THE FLOOR.   | Lay covers on the floor.   |
| LAYER (n)                | A material applied to a surface or put on, or below, a second material          | APPLY A THIN LAYER OF SEALING COMPOUND ON THE BARE METAL.  |  |
| lead (v)                 | PUT (v)   | PUT THE TELEFLEX<br>CABLE THROUGH THE<br>BULKHEAD.   | Lead the Teleflex cable through the bulkhead.                              |
| LEAK (n)                 | A crack, gap or hole which lets fluid or light go into or come out of something | EXAMINE THE SWIVEL<br>COUPLINGS FOR<br>LEAKS.  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| leak (v)                  | LEAK (n)   | IF THERE ARE LEAKS<br>IN THE SYSTEM,<br>REPAIR THEM.                             | If the system is leaking, repair it.                                   |
| LEAKAGE (n)               | The quantity of material that goes through a leak          | MEASURE THE<br>LEAKAGE FROM THE<br>OUTLET PORT.                                  |  |
| least (adv)               | MINIMUM (adj)  | REPAIR THE AREA<br>WITH THE MINIMUM<br>DAMAGE FIRST.                             | Repair the least damaged area first.                                   |
| least (at least)<br>(adv) | MINIMUM (adj)  | THE MINIMUM TIME<br>BETWEEN CHECKS IS<br>TWO MINUTES.                            | The time between checks is at least two minutes.                       |
|                           | MINIMUM (n)  | DO STEPS 13 THRU 16<br>FOR A MINIMUM OF<br>THREE TIMES.                          | Do steps 13 thru 16 at least three times.                              |
| leave (v)                 | KEEP (v)   | KEEP THE VENT<br>VALVES OPEN.  | Leave the vent valves open.  |
|                           | LET STAY (v)   | LET THE VENT<br>VALVES STAY OPEN.  | Leave the vent valves open.  |
|                           | GO (v)   | IF FUEL SPILLS ON<br>THE GROUND,<br>IMMEDIATELY GO TO<br>A SAFE AREA.            | If fuel spills on the ground, immediately leave the contaminated area. |
| LEFT (adj)                | On the west side when you look north                       | INSTALL THE<br>CONTROL PANEL IN<br>THE LEFT CONSOLE.                             |  |
| left-hand (adj)           | LEFT (adj)   | SET THE LEFT<br>SWITCH TO "ON."  | Set the left-hand switch to ON.  |
| legible (adj)             | READ (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU CAN READ THE<br>IDENTIFICATION<br>PLATES.                  | Make certain that the identification plates are legible.               |
| LENGTH (n)                | The distance from<br>one end to the other<br>end           | MEASURE THE<br>LENGTH OF THE JACK<br>RAM.  |  |
|                           | The longer or longest of the three dimensions of an object | THE DIMENSIONS OF THE UNIT ARE: - LENGTH 300 mm - WIDTH 90 mm - THICKNESS 60 mm. |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                              | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| lengthen (v)                      | INCREASE (v)   | DO NOT TRY TO INCREASE THE LENGTH OF THIS ROD.                     | Do not try to lengthen this rod.                               |
| No other forms of this adjective. | Of smaller dimension,<br>value, quantity, volume,<br>or number | THE FLOW RATE<br>MUST NOT BE LESS<br>THAN 4.0 GPM.                 |  |
| LET (v),<br>LETS,<br>LET          | To give opportunity  | LET THE ADHESIVE<br>BECOME TACKY.                                  |  |
| No other ver forms.               | rb   |  |  |
| lethal (adj)                      | KILL (v)   | THE ELECTRICAL DISCHARGE FROM THESE POWER UNITS CAN KILL YOU.      | The electrical discharge from these power units can be lethal. |
| LEVEL (adj)                       | Horizontal to a known datum                                    | PARK THE VEHICLE<br>ON LEVEL GROUND.                               |  |
| LEVEL (n)                         | A horizontal line, plane, surface, or condition                | FILL THE TANK TO<br>THE CORRECT LEVEL<br>(REFER TO FIG. 105).      |  |
| level (v)                         | LEVEL (adj)  | MAKE THE AIRCRAFT<br>LEVEL.  | Level the aircraft.  |
| liberal (adj)                     | LARGE (adj)  | CLEAN THE WINDOW<br>WITH LARGE<br>QUANTITIES OF<br>WATER AND SOAP. | Clean the window with liberal quantities of water and soap.    |
|                                   | THICK (adj)  | APPLY A THICK LAYER OF THE COMPOUND.                               | Apply a liberal amount of the compound.                        |
| liberally (adv)                   | LARGE (adj)  | APPLY A LARGE<br>QUANTITY OF THE<br>SOLUTION.                      | Apply the solution liberally.                                  |
|                                   | THICK (adj)  | APPLY A THICK LAYER OF THE COMPOUND.                               | Apply the compound liberally.                                  |
| lie (v)                           | BE (v)   | THE OTHER PART OF<br>THE CLIP IS ALONG<br>THE BARREL.              | The other part of the clip lies along the barrel.              |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| LIFE (n)                                 | The time during which you can use an item or object                         | THE LIFE OF THE CARTRIDGE IN THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER IS 3 YEARS.  |  |
| LIFT (v),<br>LIFTS,<br>LIFTED,<br>LIFTED | To move something up  | LIFT THE COVER<br>CAREFULLY.  |  |
| LIGHT (adj)<br>(LIGHTER,<br>LIGHTEST)    | That has a small mass, weight, or force  For other meanings, use:           | APPLY A LIGHT<br>FORCE ON THE<br>RUDDER PEDALS.   |  |
|  | THIN (adj)  | APPLY A THIN LAYER<br>OF SEALANT ON THE<br>SEALING SURFACES<br>OF THE CONTAINER.                      | Apply a light layer of sealant on the sealing surfaces of the container. |
|  | SMALL (adj)   | APPLY A SMALL<br>QUANTITY OF<br>LUBRICANT ON THE<br>MOVING PARTS.                                     | Apply a light quantity of lubricant on the moving parts.                 |
| light (v)                                | COME ON   | MAKE SURE THAT THE FLUID INDICATOR LIGHT COMES ON.  | Ensure that the fluid indicator light lights.                            |
| LIGHTING (n)                             | That which gives light to   | A DIMMER UNIT<br>CONTROLS THE<br>PANEL LIGHTING.  |  |
| LIGHTLY (adv)                            | In a light manner   | LIGHTLY RUB THE<br>DEFECTIVE AREA<br>WITH WET ABRASIVE<br>PAPER.                                      |  |
| LIMIT (n)                                | A specified maximum or<br>minimum quantity,<br>number, time, or<br>distance | IF THE CLEARANCES<br>ARE NOT IN THE<br>LIMITS GIVEN IN<br>FIG. 4, REFER TO<br>REPAIR SCHEME<br>No. 2. |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES       | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| limitation (n)                                   | LIMIT (n)                               | WHEN YOU LIFT THE<br>AIRCRAFT ON JACKS,<br>KEEP THE CENTER OF<br>GRAVITY BETWEEN<br>THESE LIMITS: | When you lift the aircraft<br>on jacks, observe these<br>center of gravity<br>limitations: |
| limited (adj)                                    | SMALL (adj)                             | THERE IS ONLY A<br>SMALL NUMBER OF<br>REPAIRS THAT YOU<br>CAN DO.                                 | There is only a limited number of repairs that you can do.                                 |
| LINEAR (adj)                                     | In a straight line                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE RESULTS ARE LINEAR.  |  |
| LINEARLY (adv)                                   | In a straight line                      | INCREASE THE PRESSURE LINEARLY.   |  |
| link (v)   | CONNECT (v)                             | CONNECT THE CABLES.   | Link the cables.   |
|  | ATTACH (v)                              | ATTACH THE HOIST TO THE POWER UNIT.   | Link the hoist to the power unit.  |
| LIQUID (adj)                                     | That has the properties of a liquid     | DURING SERVICING,<br>LIQUID OXYGEN<br>FLOWS THROUGH<br>THE STABILIZING<br>CONTAINER.              |  |
| LIQUID (n)                                       | A material that is not a gas or a solid | THE CONVERTER<br>CHANGES THE LIQUID<br>INTO A GAS.  |  |
| list (v)   | RECORD (v)                              | RECORD THE TEST<br>RESULTS.   | List the test results.   |
|  | SHOW (v)                                | TABLE 1 SHOWS<br>ALTERNATIVE<br>ADHESIVES THAT YOU<br>CAN USE.                                    | Table 1 lists alternative adhesives that you can use.                                      |
|  | LIST (TN)                               | MAKE A LIST OF THE<br>PART NUMBERS IN<br>NUMERICAL<br>SEQUENCE.                                   | List the part numbers in numerical sequence.   |
| LISTEN (v),<br>LISTENS,<br>LISTENED,<br>LISTENED | To use your ears to hear or find        | LISTEN FOR THE<br>SIGNAL.   |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                              | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| little (adj)             | SMALL (adj)  | THE DIAMETER OF THE TUBE IS TOO SMALL.  | The diameter of the tube is too little.                   |
|                          | SHORT (adj)  | INSTALL A SHORT<br>LENGTH OF NEW<br>TUBE.   | Install a little length of new tube.                      |
|                          | NOT SUFFICIENT   | IF THE PRESSURE IS NOT SUFFICIENT, THE TEST WILL STOP.                                      | If the pressure is too little, the test will stop.        |
| little (a little) (adj)  | SMALL QUANTITY   | ADD A SMALL<br>QUANTITY OF<br>DISINFECTANT TO<br>THE SOLUTION.                              | Add a little disinfectant to the solution.                |
| little (a little) (adv)  | SMALL (adj)  | AFTER YOU REMOVE<br>THE NUT, THE RIB<br>CAN MOVE DOWN A<br>SMALL DISTANCE.                  | After you remove the nut, the rib can move down a little. |
| LIVE (adj)               | That includes explosive material  For electrical systems, use: | SOME MAINTENANCE<br>TASKS ARE NOT<br>PERMITTED ON<br>AIRCRAFT THAT HAVE<br>LIVE AMMUNITION. |   |
|                          | ENERGIZE (v)   | THE SYSTEM IS ENERGIZED.  | The system has live electrical power.                     |
| load (v)                 | INSTALL (v)  | INSTALL THE SPRING<br>IN THE CARTRIDGE.   | Load the spring in the cartridge.                         |
|                          | LOAD (TN)  | PUT THE LOAD ON<br>THE SPRING<br>BALANCE.   | Load the spring balance.                                  |
| LOCAL (adj)              | Applicable to a given location or position                     | SET THE "LAT" KNOB<br>TO THE LOCAL<br>LATITUDE.   |   |
| LOCALLY (adv)            | Applicable to a given location or position                     | YOU CAN ALSO DO<br>THIS TEST WITH A<br>LOCALLY MADE TOOL.                                   |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                 | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                       |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| locate (v)                         | FIND (v)  | USE TALCUM<br>POWDER TO FIND<br>EXTERNAL LEAKS.                     | Use talcum powder to locate external leaks.           |
|                                    | ENGAGE (v)  | ENGAGE THE GEAR<br>WHEEL ON THE<br>SHAFT.                           | Locate the gear wheel on the shaft.                   |
|                                    | PUT (v)   | PUT THE CLAMP IN ITS CORRECT POSITION.                              | Locate the clamp in its correct position.             |
| LOCATION (n)                       | A place or site that you can find                                 | FIGURES 1 THRU 4<br>SHOW THE<br>LOCATIONS OF THE<br>WALKWAYS.       |   |
| LOCK (v),<br>LOCKS,<br>LOCKED,     | To attach something, or hold it in position with a locking device | LOCK THE SWITCH.<br>AND REMOVE THE<br>KEY.                          |   |
| LOCKED                             |   | BEFORE YOU<br>CONTINUE, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE<br>SWITCH LOCKS.      |   |
| log (v)                            | RECORD (v)  | RECORD THE<br>COMPASS<br>CORRECTIONS ON<br>THE CARD.                | Log the compass corrections on the card.              |
| LONG (adj)<br>(LONGER,<br>LONGEST) | That has a specified or large length, or a specified or large     | USE A TUBE WHICH IS 3.3 FEET LONG.                                  |   |
|                                    | duration  | IF THE TUBE IS TOO<br>SHORT, USE A<br>LONGER ONE.                   |   |
|                                    |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TEST SIGNAL IS NOT<br>LONGER THAN 3<br>TONES. |   |
| long (as long as)<br>(conj)        | WHILE (conj)  | WHILE THE DC<br>SUPPLY IS ON, THE<br>FAN MUST OPERATE.              | As long as the DC supply is ON, the fan must operate. |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES            | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| long (no longer)<br>(adv)                | NOT AT THIS TIME                             | THIS PROCEDURE IS NOT APPLICABLE AT THIS TIME.  | This procedure is no longer applicable.                        |
|  | UNTILNOT                                     | ADJUST THE POTENTIOMETER UNTIL YOU DO NOT HEAR A HUM FROM THE LOUDSPEAKER.                            | Adjust the potentiometer until the loudspeaker no longer hums. |
| LONGITUDINAL<br>(adj)                    | Related to the longitudinal axis             | ADJUST THE<br>LONGITUDINAL TRIM<br>SYSTEM.  |  |
| LONGITUDINALLY (adv)                     | In a longitudinal direction                  | MOVE THE STAND<br>LONGITUDINALLY.   |  |
| LOOK (v),<br>LOOKS,<br>LOOKED,<br>LOOKED | To use your eyes to see or find              | LOOK THROUGH THE INSPECTION WINDOW.   |  |
| LOOP (n)                                 | A circular shape made in a flexible material | MAKE A LOOP OF<br>WIRE AROUND THE<br>UNIT.  |  |
| loop (v)                                 | LOOP (n)                                     | MAKE A LOOP OF<br>WIRE AROUND THE<br>UNIT.  | Loop the wire around the unit.                                 |
| LOOSE (adj)                              | 1. On, in, but not attached                  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU REMOVE ALL<br>TOOLS, EQUIPMENT,<br>AND LOOSE OBJECTS<br>FROM THE AIR<br>INTAKE. |  |
|  | 2. Not tight                                 | DO A CHECK FOR LOOSE FASTENERS.   |  |
|  | For other meanings, use:                     |   |  |
|  | TENSION (TN)                                 | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS TENSION IN<br>THE CABLES.  | Make sure that the cables are not loose.                       |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| LOOSELY (adv)  | Not tightly                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE PARTS ARE LOOSELY ASSEMBLED.  |  |
| LOOSEN (v),<br>LOOSENS,<br>LOOSENED,<br>LOOSENED           | To cause to be not tight          | LOOSEN THE SCREWS<br>THAT ATTACH THE<br>CLAMP TO THE<br>SUPPORT.                       |  |
| lose (v)   | DECREASE (v)                      | THE EFFECT OF THE SOLVENT DECREASES QUICKLY.   | The solvent loses its effectiveness quickly.                             |
| lost (adj)   | DECREASE (v)                      | IF THE PRESSURE<br>DECREASES QUICKLY,<br>THE SHEAR PINS IN<br>THE LATCH WILL<br>BREAK. | If the pressure is lost rapidly, the shear pins in the latch will break. |
|  | NOT FIND                          | IT IS POSSIBLE THAT<br>YOU CANNOT FIND<br>THE RUBBER<br>BUSHINGS.                      | The rubber bushings may be lost.   |
| LOW (adj)<br>(LOWER,<br>LOWEST)                            | That is of small value            | THE SWITCH SENSES<br>LOW PRESSURE IN<br>THE DISTRIBUTION<br>CIRCUIT.                   |  |
| LOWER (v),<br>LOWERS,<br>LOWERED,<br>LOWERED               | To move something down            | LOWER THE ANTENNA<br>TO GET ACCESS TO<br>THE CABLE<br>CONNECTOR.                       |  |
| lowermost (adj)  | BOTTOM (adj)                      | THE BOTTOM MARK<br>ON THE BOARD IS<br>RED.   | The lowermost mark on the board is red.                                  |
| LUBRICATE (v),<br>LUBRICATES,<br>LUBRICATED,<br>LUBRICATED | To apply lubricant                | LUBRICATE THE<br>O-RINGS WITH<br>HYDRAULIC FLUID.                                      |  |
| lukewarm (adj)   | WARM (adj)                        | SOAK THE AREA WITH WARM WATER.   | Soak the area with lukewarm water.                                       |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| MAGNETIC (adj)           | Related to the properties of a magnet  | REMOVE THE<br>MAGNETIC DRAIN<br>PLUG FROM THE OIL<br>RESERVOIR.                      |   |
| MAGNETICALLY (adv)       | In a magnetic manner   | THE DOOR CLOSES<br>MAGNETICALLY AND<br>LOCKS.  |   |
| main (adj)               | PRIMARY (adj)  | THE PRIMARY CAUSE<br>OF VALVE FAILURE IS<br>CONTAMINATION OF<br>THE FLUID.           | The main cause of valve failure is contamination of the fluid.              |
| maintain (v)             | KEEP (v)   | KEEP THE FLUID<br>TEMPERATURE AT<br>70 °F.   | Maintain the fluid temperature at 70 °F.                                    |
|                          | HOLD (v)   | TURN THE ROTATING<br>TUBE 75 DEGREES.<br>THEN, HOLD THE<br>TUBE IN THIS<br>POSITION. | Turn the rotating tube 75 degrees. Then maintain the tube in this position. |
|                          | MAINTENANCE (n)  | DO MAINTENANCE ON<br>THE WATER SUPPLY<br>SYSTEM.                                     | Maintain the water supply system.   |
| MAINTENANCE (n)          | The servicing and/or the repair of something to keep it in the correct condition | DURING<br>MAINTENANCE, OBEY<br>ALL SAFETY<br>PROCEDURES.                             |   |
| major (adj)              | PRIMARY (adj)  | THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF THE POWER UNIT IS TO SUPPLY ELECTRICAL POWER.                | The major function of the power unit is to supply electrical power.         |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| MAKE (v),<br>MAKES,<br>MADE,<br>MADE                     | To manufacture, to cause to occur or to become  | MAKE A RECESS FOR THE STUDS OF 5 mm.   |  |
|  |   | MAKE THE CLOTH<br>MOIST WITH WATER.  |  |
|  |   | TILT THE FITTING TO<br>MAKE THE BARREL<br>NUT FALL OUT OF IT.                                |  |
| make certain (v)   | MAKE SURE (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE VALVE IS OPEN.  | Make certain that the valve is open.   |
| MAKE SURE (v),<br>MAKES SURE,<br>MADE SURE,<br>MADE SURE | To verify and/or do the necessary steps   | MAKE SURE THAT NO<br>LEAK DETECTION<br>FLUID GOES INTO THE<br>OXYGEN SYSTEM.                 |  |
| maladjusted (adj)  | INCORRECTLY<br>ADJUSTED   | IF THE WARNING LIGHT IS ON WHEN THE DOOR IS CLOSED, THE MICROSWITCH IS INCORRECTLY ADJUSTED. | If the warning light is on<br>when the door is closed,<br>the microswitch is<br>maladjusted. |
| MALFUNCTION (n)  | Incorrect operation   | REFER TO TABLE 104<br>TO CORRECT THE<br>MALFUNCTION.   |  |
| MANDATORY (adj)  | That which you must do, use, or obey  | THIS SERVICE<br>BULLETIN IS<br>MANDATORY.  |  |
|  | If you want to use this word in procedures, think about a necessary safety instruction. | BEFORE YOU GO INTO<br>THE LABORATORY,<br>PUT ON PROTECTIVE<br>CLOTHING.                      | It is mandatory to wear protective clothing in the laboratory.                               |
| manipulate (v)   | MOVE (v)  | MOVE THE FLEXIBLE<br>PIPE TO GET ACCESS<br>TO THE BOTTOM<br>BOLTS.                           | Manipulate the flexible pipe to get access to the bottom bolts.                              |
|  | ADJUST (v)  | ADJUST THE FLEXIBLE PIPE TO GET ACCESS TO THE BOTTOM BOLTS.                                  | Manipulate the flexible pipe to get access to the bottom bolts.                              |

| Word<br>(part of speech)      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| MANUAL (adj)                  | Operated with the hands  | IF THE AUTOMATIC<br>CONTROLS DO NOT<br>OPERATE, USE THE<br>MANUAL PROCEDURE.                           |  |
| MANUAL (n)                    | A publication that gives data related to a special subject                                       | THIS MANUAL GIVES PERFORMANCE DATA.  |  |
| MANUALLY (adv)                | With your hands  | MOVE THE LEVER<br>MANUALLY.  |  |
| manufacture (v)               | MAKE (v)   | YOU CAN MAKE THE<br>CLEARING TOOL<br>LOCALLY.  | The clearing tool can be manufactured locally.                         |
| MANY (adj)<br>(MORE,<br>MOST) | Of a large number  If it is possible, give the range, number, or quantity.                       | CORROSION CAN<br>HAVE MANY CAUSES.   |  |
| MARK (n)                      | Something that you make or is made to show an identification, location, or direction             | THE RED MARKS<br>SHOW A MAXIMUM<br>STEERING ANGLE OF<br>35 DEGREES.                                    |  |
| mark (v)                      | IDENTIFY (v)   | IDENTIFY THE COMPONENT WITH A CODE TO HELP YOU INSTALL IT AGAIN CORRECTLY.                             | Mark the component with a code to help you install it again correctly. |
|                               | MARK (n)   | PUT MARKS ON THE<br>OUTER TUBE TO<br>SHOW THE CLAMP<br>LOCATIONS.                                      | Mark the clamp locations on the outer tube.                            |
| mask (v)                      | APPLY (v)  | APPLY MASKING TAPE<br>TO THE<br>TRANSPARENT<br>PANEL.  | Mask the transparent panel with masking tape.                          |
| MASS (n)                      | The quantity of matter that is in an object and relates to its weight. The equivalent of inertia | STRUCTURAL OR EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS CAN CHANGE THE BASIC MASS AND THE CENTER-OF-GRAVITY COORDINATES. |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| match (v)                | ALIGN (v)  | FOLD THE GIRT ONTO<br>THE CONTAINER<br>UNTIL IT IS ALIGNED<br>WITH THE VELCRO<br>TAPE. | Fold the girt over the container so that the Velcro tape matches. |
|                          | AGREE (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SEAL AGREES WITH<br>THE SHAPE OF THE<br>PANEL.                   | Ensure the seal matches the panel shape.                          |
| mate (v)                 | CONNECT (v)  | CONNECT THE PLUG<br>TO THE RECEPTACLE.   | Mate the plug to the receptacle.                                  |
|                          | ENGAGE (v)   | ENGAGE THE SPLINES<br>ON THE SHAFT WITH<br>THOSE IN THE<br>GEARBOX.                    | Mate the splines on the shaft with those in the gearbox.          |
|                          | TOGETHER (adv)   | PUT THE SMOOTH<br>SURFACES<br>TOGETHER.  | Mate the smooth surfaces.   |
| MATERIAL (n)             | A substance from which an item is made, or an item that is necessary to do a task. | BEFORE YOU INSTALL<br>THE SEAL, REMOVE<br>THE UNWANTED<br>MATERIAL.                    |   |
|                          |  | YOU CAN USE<br>EQUIVALENT<br>ALTERNATIVES FOR<br>THESE MATERIALS.                      |   |
| MATING (adj)             | Made to touch  | APPLY GREASE ON<br>THE MATING<br>SURFACES OF THE<br>STARTER<br>GENERATOR.              |   |
| MATT (or MATTE) (adj)    | Not glossy   | APPLY MATT PAINT<br>ON THE PANEL.  |   |
| matter (n)               | MATERIAL (n)   | REMOVE THE GLOSSY<br>MATERIAL FROM THE<br>SURFACE OF THE<br>BLADE.                     | Remove the glossy matter from the surface of the blade.           |
| MAXIMUM (adj)            | Related to the largest<br>dimension, quantity,<br>number, or value                 | THE MAXIMUM VALUE<br>THAT THE<br>VOLTMETER SHOWS<br>IS 199.9 V.                        |   |
| MAXIMUM (n)              | The largest dimension, quantity, number, or value                                  | MOVE THE LEVER A<br>MAXIMUM OF 45 DEG.   |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                 | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| may (v)  | CAN (v)   | IF YOU USE INCORRECT EQUIPMENT, YOU CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE VANES.   | The vanes may be damaged by using incorrect equipment.                                   |
|  | POSSIBLY (adv)  | IF YOU CANNOT<br>ENGAGE THE ROD<br>AND THE PISTON, THE<br>LENGTH OF THE NEW<br>ROD IS POSSIBLY<br>INCORRECT. | If you cannot engage the rod and the piston, the length of the new rod may be incorrect. |
| MEASURE (v),<br>MEASURES,<br>MEASURED,<br>MEASURED | To find the dimensions, capacity, or quantity of something        | MEASURE THE LOAD.  |  |
| MECHANICAL (adj)                                   | Related to or operated with a mechanism                           | THE STANDBY<br>SYSTEM IS<br>MECHANICAL.  |  |
| MECHANICALLY (adv)                                 | In a mechanical manner  | OPERATE THE<br>HORIZONTAL<br>STABILIZER<br>MECHANICALLY.   |  |
| MECHANISM (n)                                      | An assembly of mechanical parts that are made to operate together | USE WHITE SPIRIT TO<br>CLEAN A HINGE<br>MECHANISM THAT<br>HAS A GREASE<br>NIPPLE.                            |  |
| MEDICAL (adj)                                      | Related to medicine   | IF YOU GET HYDRAULIC FLUID IN YOUR EYES, FLUSH THEM WITH WATER AND GET MEDICAL AID.                          |  |
| medium (adj)                                       | MODERATE (adj)  | APPLY MODERATE<br>PRESSURE.  | A medium amount of pressure must be applied.   |
| meet (v)   | ENGAGE (v)  | PUSH THE PIN IN<br>UNTIL IT ENGAGES IN<br>THE RETAINING CLIP.  | Push the pin in until it meets with the retaining clip.                                  |
|  | TOUCH (v)   | THE ROD MUST<br>TOUCH THE CENTER<br>OF THE STRIP.  | The rod should meet the center of the strip.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|---|---|
| MELT (v),<br>MELTS,<br>MELTED,<br>MELTED | To change or to cause something to change from solid to liquid because of heat | THE FUSIBLE PLUGS<br>MUST MELT IN<br>20 SECONDS OR<br>LESS.                   |   |
|  |  | DO NOT USE A FLAME<br>TO MELT THE ICE.  |   |
| mention (v)                              | GIVE (v)   | THE REPAIR LIMITS ARE NOT GIVEN BECAUSE SPECIAL EQUIPMENT IS NECESSARY.       | The repair limits are not mentioned as special equipment is required. |
| mesh (v)                                 | ENGAGE (v)   | IF THE GEARS DO NOT<br>ENGAGE CORRECTLY,<br>ADD A SHIM.                       | If the gears do not mesh correctly, add a shim.                       |
| meteorological<br>(adj)                  | WEATHER (n)  | DO THE TEST IN<br>GOOD WEATHER.   | Carry out the test in good meteorological conditions.                 |
| METHOD (n)                               | A special type of procedure used to get a specified result                     | THIS PROCEDURE GIVES TWO METHODS FOR THE TEMPORARY REPAIR OF THE WATER TUBES. |   |
| mid (adj)                                | MIDDLE (adj)   | PUT THE THROTTLE<br>LEVER IN THE MIDDLE<br>POSITION.                          | Place the throttle lever in mid position.                             |
| MIDDLE (adj)                             | At a point that is between two other points                                    | REMOVE THE MIDDLE<br>BELLCRANK UNIT.  |   |
| MIDDLE (n)                               | A point that is at or near the center  | LIFT THE SEAT TO<br>THE MIDDLE OF THE<br>TRAVEL.                              |   |
| mild (adj)                               | WEAK (adj)   | USE A WEAK SOAP<br>SOLUTION TO CLEAN<br>THE SIDEWALL<br>PANEL.                | Use a mild soap solution to clean the sidewall panel.                 |
| minimize (v)                             | MINIMUM (n)  | USE A TRESTLE TO<br>KEEP THE LOADS ON<br>THE WING TO A<br>MINIMUM.            | Use a trestle to minimize the loads on the wing.                      |

| Word<br>(part of speech)              | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| MINIMUM (adj)                         | Related to the smallest<br>dimension, quantity,<br>number, or value | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>FLUID IN THE<br>RESERVOIR IS ABOVE<br>THE MINIMUM LEVEL.  | ·   |
| MINIMUM (n)                           | The smallest dimension, quantity, number, or value                  | LET THE PAINT DRY<br>FOR A MINIMUM OF<br>1 HOUR.                                |   |
| minor (adj)                           | SMALL (adj)   | YOU CAN IGNORE<br>SMALL DIFFERENCES<br>IN TEMPERATURE.                          | Minor differences in temperature can be ignored.        |
| MINUS (prep)                          | With the subtraction of   | INCREASE THE PRESSURE IN THE SHOCK ABSORBER TO 85.5 bar, PLUS OR MINUS 2.7 bar. |   |
| miscellaneous<br>(adj)                | OTHER (adj)   | REMOVE THE TOOLS<br>AND THE OTHER<br>RELATED ITEMS.                             | Remove the tools and the related miscellaneous items.   |
|                                       | ALL (adj)   | REMOVE ALL<br>EQUIPMENT.  | Remove miscellaneous equipment.                         |
| misrigged (adj)                       | INCORRECTLY<br>ADJUSTED   | IF THE MARKS ARE<br>NOT ALIGNED, THE<br>LINKAGE IS<br>INCORRECTLY<br>ADJUSTED.  | If the marks are not aligned, the linkage is misrigged. |
| MISSING (adj)                         | That is not there   | IF SEALS ARE<br>MISSING, INSTALL<br>NEW SEALS.                                  |   |
| mix (n)                               | MIXTURE (n)   | THE POTLIFE OF THE MIXTURE IS APPROXIMATELY 4 HOURS.                            | The potlife of the mix is approximately 4 hours.        |
| MIX (v),<br>MIXES,<br>MIXED,<br>MIXED | To put together two or<br>more materials to<br>become one           | MIX THE COMPOUND.   |   |
|                                       | 2. To become combined   | IF FUEL AND WATER MIX, CONTAMINATION CAN OCCUR.                                 |   |
| MIXTURE (n)                           | The result that you get when you mix materials                      | DO NOT USE THIS<br>MIXTURE WHEN THE<br>TEMPERATURE IS<br>LESS THAN 15 °C.       |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE (adj)   | That is made to move easily  | CONNECT THE<br>MOBILE GROUND<br>POWER UNIT.  |  |
| MODE (n)   | A special condition of operation   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>"HEADING SELECT"<br>MODE OPERATES.                                   |  |
| MODERATE (adj)                                       | Between low and high values  | APPLY A MODERATE<br>LOAD ON THE BRAKE<br>PEDALS.   |  |
| MODERATELY<br>(adv)                                  | In a moderate manner   | YOU CAN APPLY A<br>SECOND LAYER<br>WHEN THE SURFACE<br>IS MODERATELY DRY.                  |  |
| modify (v)   | CHANGE (v)   | SERVICE BULLETIN<br>No. 105 CHANGES THE<br>BOLTS THAT ATTACH<br>THE POWER<br>CONTROL UNIT. | Service Bulletin No. 105 modifies the power control unit attachment bolts. |
|  | MODIFICATION (TN)  | THIS SERVICE BULLETIN GIVES INSTRUCTIONS TO DO A MODIFICATION OF THE OIL PUMP.             | This Service Bulletin gives instructions to modify the oil pump.           |
| MOIST (adj)  | Moderately wet   | CLEAN THE PANEL WITH A MOIST CLOTH.  |  |
| moisten (v)  | MOIST (adj)  | MAKE THE CLOTH<br>MOIST WITH<br>SOLVENT.   | Moisten the cloth with solvent.  |
| MOMENTARILY<br>(adv)                                 | For a short time   | STOP THE PUMP<br>MOMENTARILY. THEN<br>START IT AGAIN.                                      |  |
| momentary (adj)                                      | MOMENTARILY (adv)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SPEED INCREASES<br>MOMENTARILY.                                      | Check for momentary increase in speed.                                     |
| MONITOR (v),<br>MONITORS,<br>MONITORED,<br>MONITORED | To do a check at something for a period of time to find if there is a change | MONITOR THE INDICATORS ON THE OVERHEAD PANEL.  |  |
|  |  | HEAT SENSORS<br>MONITOR THE<br>AMBIENT<br>TEMPERATURE.                                     |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                             |
|--|---|--|---|
| MOOR (v),<br>MOORS,<br>MOORED,<br>MOORED | To hold something in position with ropes and cables | IN BAD WEATHER<br>CONDITIONS, MOOR<br>THE BOAT.                            |   |
| MORE (adj)                               | A large quantity of                                 | ADD MORE SHIMS<br>UNTIL YOU GET THE<br>SPECIFIED<br>CLEARANCE.             |   |
| MORE (adv)                               | To a larger degree                                  | CORROSION CAN<br>OCCUR MORE EASILY<br>IN THIS AREA THAN IN<br>OTHER AREAS. |   |
| MOST (adj)                               | To the largest quantity of                          | MOST MANUFACTURERS RECOMMEND SYNTHETIC LUBRICANTS.                         |   |
| MOST (adv)                               | To the largest degree                               | FAULT MESSAGES<br>THAT SHOW IN RED<br>ARE THE MOST<br>IMPORTANT.           |   |
| motion (n)                               | MOVEMENT (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>STABILIZER<br>MOVEMENT<br>CONTINUES.                 | Check that the stabilizer motion continues. |
| motor (v)                                | DRY-MOTOR (TV)                                      | DRY-MOTOR THE ENGINE.  | Motor the engine without fuel.              |
|  | WET-MOTOR (TV)                                      | WET-MOTOR THE ENGINE.  | Motor the engine without ignition.          |
|  | MOTORING (TN)                                       | DO A MOTORING PROCEDURE.   | Motor the engine.                           |
| mount (v)                                | INSTALL (v)   | INSTALL THE<br>MANIFOLD.   | Mount the manifold.                         |
|  | ATTACH (v)  | ATTACH THE SEATS<br>TO THE SEAT<br>TRACKS.                                 | Mount the seats on the seat tracks.         |
|  | PUT (v)   | PUT THE WHEEL ON THE AXLE.   | Mount the wheel on the axle.                |
| MOVABLE (adj)                            | That can move if necessary                          | TURN THE MOVABLE<br>HALF-COLLAR OF THE<br>SUPPORT.                         |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                               | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example      |
|---|---|--|----------------------|
| MOVE (v),<br>MOVES,<br>MOVED,<br>MOVED                    | To change or cause to change position or location               | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>POINTER MOVES<br>FREELY.   |                      |
|   |   | MOVE THE VALVE<br>UNTIL IT ALIGNS WITH<br>THE ACTUATOR<br>SHAFT.                       |                      |
| MOVEMENT (n)  | A change of position or location                                | SUDDEN OPERATION OF THE GYRO CAN CAUSE UNWANTED MOVEMENT OF THE HORIZONTAL STABILIZER. |                      |
| MUCH (adj)<br>(MORE, MOST)                                | Of relatively large dimension, value, quantity, or volume       | DO NOT APPLY TOO<br>MUCH PRESSURE.   |                      |
| MUCH (adv)  | To a great degree or extent                                     | BE CAREFUL THAT<br>YOU DO NOT TURN<br>THE INNER RACES<br>TOO MUCH.                     |                      |
| MULTIPLY (v),<br>MULTIPLIES,<br>MULTIPLIED,<br>MULTIPLIED | To use multiplication to get a result  For other meanings, use: | MULTIPLY THE INDICATOR VALUE BY THE SCALE VALUE.                                       |                      |
|   | INCREASE (v)  | THE NUMBER OF CRACKS CAN INCREASE.   | Cracks can multiply. |
| MUST (v)  | Auxiliary modal verb that shows obligation                      | THE BAT 1 SWITCH<br>MUST BE IN THE ON<br>POSITION.                                     |                      |

| Word<br>(part of speech)           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                    | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| NAME (n)                           | The identification you give to a person or an object | PUSH THE BUTTON<br>ADJACENT TO THE<br>NAME OF THE<br>SYSTEM.                         |   |
|                                    |  | WRITE YOUR NAME<br>ON THE<br>REGISTRATION FORM.                                      |   |
| NEAR (adj)<br>(NEARER,<br>NEAREST) | At or to a relatively short distance                 | PUT THE SYRINGE ON<br>THE NEAREST<br>SURFACE OF THE<br>EXAMINATION TABLE.            |   |
| NEAR (prep)                        | Approaching in space or condition                    | BALANCE THE<br>ELEVATOR NEAR ITS<br>MAXIMUM LIMIT.                                   |   |
|                                    |  | MAKE SURE THAT THE COMPUTER SCREEN IS NOT NEAR THE WINDOW.                           |   |
| nearly (adv)                       | ALMOST (adv)   | MOVE THE POINTER<br>UNTIL IT IS ALMOST IN<br>THE GREEN BAND.                         | Move the pointer until nearly in the green band.                    |
| NECESSARY (adj)                    | That must be   | TWO HOURS ARE<br>NECESSARY TO<br>COMPLETE THE<br>EXAM.                               |   |
| need (v)                           | NECESSARY (adj)                                      | DURING THIS<br>PROCEDURE, IT IS<br>NOT NECESSARY TO<br>REPLACE THE<br>BACKING RINGS. | The backing rings do not need to be replaced during this procedure. |
| neither (adj)                      | TWO (TN) NOT   | THE TWO UNITS MUST NOT OPERATE.  | Neither unit must operate.  |
| neither (pron)                     | TWO (TN) NOT   | THE TWO UNITS MUST NOT OPERATE.  | Neither of the units must operate.                                  |
| NEUTRAL (adj)                      | 1. That has no effect                                | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>CONTROLS ARE IN<br>THE NEUTRAL<br>POSITION.                    |   |
|                                    | That is not acid or alkaline                         | CLEAN THE SCREEN<br>WITH A NEUTRAL<br>SOLUTION.                                      |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)        | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|---|
| neutralize (v)                  | NEUTRAL (adj)  | MAKE THE BASIC<br>ELECTROLYTE<br>NEUTRAL WITH<br>VINEGAR OR BORIC<br>ACID.           | Neutralize the basic electrolyte with vinegar or boric acid.              |
| never (adv)                     | DO NOT   | DO NOT LET THE<br>LEVEL IN THE TANK<br>DECREASE TO LESS<br>THAN HALF.                | Never allow the level in the tank to drop below half.                     |
| NEW (adj)<br>(NEWER,<br>NEWEST) | Not used before  | INSTALL A NEW<br>GASKET ON THE<br>FLANGE.  |   |
| NEXT (adj)                      | The first occurrence that follows immediately after in time or sequence. | REMOVE THE UNIT<br>BEFORE THE NEXT<br>OPERATING CYCLE.                               |   |
| next (adv)                      | THEN (adv)   | HOLD THE FLANGE IN ITS POSITION. THEN, INSTALL THE BOLT.                             | Hold the flange in its position. Next, install the bolt.                  |
| next to (prep)                  | ADJACENT TO (prep)   | THE PUMP IS<br>ADJACENT TO THE<br>CENTRAL RIB.                                       | The pump is next to the central rib.                                      |
| NO (adj)                        | Not any  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS NO FUEL<br>LEAKAGE.                                       |   |
| NO (adv)                        | Function word that shows the negative answer to a question               | DOES THE LIGHT<br>COME ON?<br>YES OR NO?   |   |
| NOISE (n)                       | An unwanted sound  | WHILE THE ENGINE<br>CONTINUES TO TURN,<br>LISTEN FOR UNUSUAL<br>NOISES.              |   |
| noisy (adj)                     | NOISE (n)  | IF THERE IS NOISE WHEN THE PUMP OPERATES, EXAMINE THE FILTER FOR UNWANTED PARTICLES. | If pump operation is noisy, check the pump filter for unwanted particles. |
| NONE (pron)                     | Not one, not anyone  | IF NONE OF THE<br>BRACKETS ARE<br>DAMAGED, CONTINUE<br>THE INSPECTION.               |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES            | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| nor (conj)               | NOT (adv)                                    | IN THESE<br>CONDITIONS, THE<br>MECHANICAL AND<br>ELECTRICAL PITCH<br>TRIM SYSTEMS WILL<br>NOT OPERATE. | In these conditions,<br>neither the mechanical<br>nor the electrical pitch<br>trim systems will<br>operate. |
| normal (adj)             | USUAL (adj)                                  | THE "ARMED" POSITION IS THE USUAL POSITION OF THE SWITCH.  | The ARMED position is the normal position of the switch.  |
|                          | CORRECT (adj)                                | THE CORRECT<br>PRESSURE FOR<br>OPERATION IS<br>3000 psi.   | Normal operating pressure is 3000 psi.  |
| normally (adv)           | USUALLY (adv)                                | THE SWITCH IS<br>USUALLY IN THE<br>"STANDBY" POSITION.   | The switch is normally in the STANDBY position.   |
|                          | CORRECTLY (adv)                              | IF THE SYSTEM DOES<br>NOT OPERATE<br>CORRECTLY, REFER<br>TO THE FAULT<br>ISOLATION<br>PROCEDURE.       | If the system does not operate normally, refer to the fault isolation procedure.                            |
| NOSE (n)                 | The front end or part, a part that protrudes | PULL THE TRANSPARENT PLASTIC COLLAR AWAY FROM THE NOSE OF THE ELECTRICAL LATCH.                        |   |
| NOT (adv)                | Adverb of negation                           | DO NOT LET THE<br>PRESSURE INCREASE<br>TO MORE THAN<br>3000 psi.                                       |   |
| NOTCH (n)                | An area in the shape of<br>a "V"             | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>BOGIE ROLLERS ARE<br>ALIGNED WITH THE<br>NOTCHES IN THE<br>TRACK.                |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| note (v)                 | RECORD (v)   | RECORD<br>DIMENSION "A."   | Note dimension A.  |
| notify (v)               | TELL (v)   | IF YOU FIND CRACKS,<br>TELL THE CHIEF<br>INSPECTOR.                      | If cracks are found, notify the chief inspector.                 |
|                          | CONTACT (v)  | IF YOU FIND CRACKS,<br>CONTACT THE CHIEF<br>INSPECTOR.                   | If cracks are found, notify the chief inspector.                 |
|                          | WRITE (v)  | IF THE UNIT DOES NOT OPERATE CORRECTLY, WRITE TO THE MANUFACTURER.       | If the unit does not operate correctly, notify the manufacturer. |
| now (adv)                | AT THIS TIME   | DO NOT TIGHTEN THE NUTS AT THIS TIME.                                    | Do not tighten the nuts now.                                     |
| NUMBER (n)               | <ol> <li>A symbol or word<br/>that identifies an<br/>integer and/or<br/>decimal</li> </ol> | NEGATIVE NUMBERS<br>SHOW THAT THE<br>PRESSURE<br>DECREASES.              |  |
|                          | An amount that you can count or calculate  | IF THE NUMBER OF<br>FAILURES IS MORE<br>THAN THREE,<br>REPLACE THE UNIT. |  |

| Word   | Approved meaning/  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| (part of speech) OBEY (v), OBEYS, OBEYED, OBEYED | To do that which the procedures or instructions tell you | OBEY THE PRECAUTIONS THAT FOLLOW.  | Non-STE example  |
| OBJECT (n)                                       | Something that you can see or touch                      | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE ARE NO<br>LOOSE OBJECTS IN<br>THE AIR INTAKE.                      |  |
| observe (v)                                      | MONITOR (v)  | MONITOR THE RADIO<br>ALTIMETER<br>INDICATOR.   | Observe the radio altimeter indicator.   |
|  | SEE (v)  | IF YOU SEE OIL IN THE DRAIN, STOP THE TEST.  | If you observe oil in the drain, stop the test.                                |
|  | OBEY (v)   | OBEY ALL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.   | Observe all safety precautions.  |
| obstruct (v)                                     | CATCH (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>DRAG STRUTS DO<br>NOT CATCH ON THE<br>LANDING GEAR.                  | Make sure that the drag struts do not obstruct the landing gear.               |
|  | PREVENT (v)  | ADJUST THE LEVER<br>ARMS IF THEY<br>PREVENT MOVEMENT.                                      | Adjust the lever arms if they obstruct movement.                               |
|  | BLOCKAGE (n)   | REMOVE THE DIRT<br>THAT CAUSES THE<br>BLOCKAGE IN THE<br>TUBE.                             | Remove the dirt obstructing the tube.  |
| obstructed (adj)                                 | BLOCKED (adj)  | IF THE DRAIN HOLE IS<br>BLOCKED, REMOVE<br>THE UNWANTED<br>MATERIAL.                       | If the drain hole is obstructed, remove the unwanted material.                 |
|  | CLOGGED (adj)  | IF THE DRAIN HOLE IS CLOGGED, CLEAN IT.  | If the drain hole is obstructed, clean it.                                     |
| obstruction (n)                                  | BLOCKAGE (n)   | EXAMINE THE DRAIN<br>HOLES FOR<br>BLOCKAGE.  | Examine the drain holes for obstruction.                                       |
| obtain (v)                                       | GET (v)  | ADD 0.05 mm TO GET<br>THE CORRECT<br>CLEARANCE FOR A<br>STANDARD<br>SPHERICAL<br>COUPLING. | Add 0.05 mm to obtain the correct clearance for a standard spherical coupling. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                             |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| OCCUR (v),<br>OCCURS<br>OCCURRED | To be found or to take place, to come to be                         | A SUDDEN<br>MOVEMENT OF THE<br>CONTROL SURFACES<br>CAN OCCUR.                            |   |
|                                  |   | IF THE SYMPTOMS<br>OCCUR AGAIN, DO A<br>SYSTEM TEST.                                     |   |
| OF (prep)                        | Function word that shows: from, belonging to, having, or containing | REMOVE THE SPLIT<br>PINS FROM THE<br>BOLTS IN THE<br>BOTTOM ENDS OF<br>THE CONTROL RODS. |   |
| OFF (adj)                        | Not in operation  | MAKE SURE THAT THE BATTERIES ARE OFF.  |   |
| OFF (adv)                        | 1. Not in operation   | MAKE SURE THAT THE WARNING LIGHT GOES OFF.   |   |
|                                  | 2. Not in contact   | THE HANDLE MUST COME OFF EASILY.   |   |
| OFF (prep)                       | Not in contact with   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TIRE IS FULLY OFF<br>THE GROUND.                                   |   |
| often (adv)                      | FREQUENTLY (adv)  | IF A FAILURE OCCURS<br>FREQUENTLY, DO THE<br>SYSTEM TEST.                                |   |
| oil (v)                          | LUBRICATE (v)   | LUBRICATE THE<br>LINKAGE WITH OIL.   | Oil the linkage.                            |
|                                  | OIL (TN)  | PUT OIL ON THE LINKAGE.  | Oil the linkage.                            |
| oil-free (adj)                   | OIL (TN)  | USE A SOLUTION<br>THAT CONTAINS NO<br>OIL.   | Use an oil-free solution.                   |
| old (adj)                        | REMAINING (adj)   | REMOVE THE REMAINING SEALANT.  | Remove the old sealant.                     |
|                                  | USED (adj)  | DRAIN THE USED OIL INTO A CONTAINER.   | Drain the old oil into a container.         |
|                                  | EXPIRED (adj)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SHELF LIFE OF THE<br>MATERIAL IS NOT<br>EXPIRED.                   | Make sure that the material is not too old. |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                            |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| omit (v)                 | DO NOT DO   | DO NOT DO STEPS<br>3 THRU 5.                                 | Omit steps 3 to 5.                         |
|                          | IGNORE (v)  | IGNORE STEPS<br>3 THRU 5.                                    | Omit steps 3 to 5.                         |
| ON (adj)                 | In operation  | MAKE SURE THAT THE BATTERIES ARE ON.                         |  |
| ON (adv)                 | 1. In operation   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>WARNING LIGHT<br>STAYS ON.             |  |
|                          | 2. In contact   | MAKE SURE THAT THE LID GOES ON EASILY.                       |  |
| ON (prep)                | Function word that shows contact, support, direction                                      | PUT THE ASSEMBLED PARTS ON THE SUPPORT FITTING.              |  |
| once (adv)               | ONE (TN) TIME   | PUSH THE SWITCH<br>ONE TIME.                                 | Press the switch once.                     |
| once (conj)              | WHEN (conj)   | WHEN THE UNIT IS ON ITS MOUNTING, LOCK IT.                   | Once the unit is on its mounting, lock it. |
| ONE (pron)               | That refers to a single person or object  You can also use this word as a technical noun. | IF THE LABEL IS NOT<br>THERE, ATTACH A<br>NEW ONE.           |  |
| ONLY (adj)               | Nothing more or different   | THIS IS THE ONLY<br>APPROVED<br>CONFIGURATION.               |  |
| ONLY (adv)               | Exclusively   | TO TIGHTEN THE<br>NUTS, USE ONLY A<br>TORQUE WRENCH.         |  |
| ONTO (prep)              | To a position on or upon  | WHEN YOU LOWER THE PUMP, MOVE IT ONTO THE MOUNTING BRACKETS. |  |
| opaque (adj)             | NOT TRANSPARENT   | CLEAN THE PLASTIC<br>SURFACES THAT ARE<br>NOT TRANSPARENT.   | Clean the opaque plastic surfaces.         |
| OPEN (adj)               | That lets something go in or out  | PUT A PLUG ON THE<br>OPEN END OF EACH<br>PIPE.               |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                               | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| OPEN (v),<br>OPENS,<br>OPENED,<br>OPENED           | To move or cause to move from the closed position               | OPEN THE PRESSURE VALVE.   |  |
|  |   | WHEN THE RELIEF<br>VALVE OPENS, THE<br>PRESSURE<br>DECREASES.            |  |
|  | To operate a circuit breaker to interrupt an electrical circuit | OPEN THE CIRCUIT<br>BREAKER.   |  |
| OPENING (n)  | An aperture or hole in a surface                                | MAKE SURE THAT THE OPENING IS CLEAR.                                     |  |
| operable (adj)                                     | OPERATE (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE VALVE CAN OPERATE.                                    | Make sure that the valve is operable.                          |
|  |   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU CAN OPERATE<br>THE VALVE.                          | Check that the valve is operable.                              |
| OPERATE (v),<br>OPERATES,<br>OPERATED,<br>OPERATED | To put, keep, or be in action                                   | OPERATE THE<br>PLUNGER TO DRAIN<br>THE SYSTEM.                           |  |
|  |   | DO NOT GO NEAR THE ENGINE WHEN IT OPERATES.                              |  |
| OPERATION (n)                                      | That which occurs when something operates or is operated        | THIS PROCEDURE IS IMPORTANT FOR THE CORRECT OPERATION OF THE VALVE.      |  |
| operational (adj)                                  | SERVICEABLE (adj)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE OTHER MICROSWITCH IS SERVICEABLE.                     | Check that the other microswitch is operational.               |
|  | OPERATE (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>GROUND-PROXIMITY<br>WARNING SYSTEM<br>CAN OPERATE. | Check that the ground-proximity warning system is operational. |
|  | This word can be part of a technical noun.                      | DO AN OPERATIONAL TEST OF THE UNIT.                                      |  |
| opportunity (n)                                    | If it is possible, be accurate.                                 | REPLACE THE UNIT AT THE NEXT CHECK.                                      | Replace the unit at the first opportunity.                     |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| OPPOSITE (adj)           | 1. In the other direction   | THE RESET DEVICE OPERATES IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION.  |  |
|                          | 2. Across from  | THE BOLTS ARE ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE FLANGE.   |  |
| OPPOSITE (prep)          | Across from   | THE UNIT IS IN THE<br>WHEEL BAY<br>OPPOSITE THE<br>LANDING GEAR.  |  |
| option (n)               | ALTERNATIVE (n)   | FOR THIS TASK, YOU<br>HAVE THESE<br>ALTERNATIVES:   | For this task, you have these options:                                       |
|                          | POSSIBLE (adj)  | IF IT IS POSSIBLE, DO<br>THE INSPECTION IN<br>DAYLIGHT.   | If you have the option,<br>do the inspection in<br>daylight.                 |
|                          | CAN (v)   | IF YOU CAN, DO THE INSPECTION IN DAYLIGHT.  | If you have the option, do the inspection in daylight.                       |
| OPTIONAL (adj)           | Not mandatory   | THIS TOOL IS<br>OPTIONAL.   |  |
| OR (conj)                | Function word that shows a choice   | DO NOT TOUCH THE<br>HIGH TENSION LEADS<br>OR THE IGNITER<br>PLUGS.  |  |
|                          | Do not use this word with the meaning of otherwise. Use a different construction. | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>L-SHAPED SEAL<br>STAYS BONDED. IF<br>THE SEAL DOES NOT<br>STAY BONDED, A<br>LEAK CAN OCCUR. | Make sure that the<br>L-shaped seal stays<br>bonded, or a leak can<br>occur. |
| order (n)                | SEQUENCE (n)  | DO THE WEIGHING<br>PROCEDURE IN THIS<br>SEQUENCE:   | Do the weighing procedure in the following order:                            |
| order (v)                | TELL (v)  | TELL ALL PERSONNEL<br>TO GO OUT OF THE<br>MAINTENANCE AREA.   | Order all personnel out of the maintenance area.                             |
|                          | ORDER (TN)  | SEND AN ORDER FOR<br>THE SPECIFIED PAINT<br>DIRECTLY TO THE<br>MANUFACTURER.                                      | Order the required paint directly from the manufacturer.                     |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES               | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| orient (v)               | POINT (v)                                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>BOLT HEADS POINT<br>TO THE REAR.   | The bolt heads must be oriented toward the rear.                              |
| origin (n)               | SOURCE (n)                                      | THE SOURCE OF THE PROBLEM IS IN THE FUEL SYSTEM.   | The origin of the problem is in the fuel system.                              |
| original (adj)           | INITIAL (adj)                                   | THE SLIDE GOES BACK TO ITS INITIAL POSITION.   | The slide returns to the original position.                                   |
| originate (v)            | SOURCE (n)                                      | IF THE VALVE IS THE<br>SOURCE OF THE FUEL<br>LEAK, REPLACE THE<br>VALVE SEALS.   | If the fuel leak originates at the valve, replace the valve seals.            |
| OTHER (adj)              | Not the same as that given before               | CONNECT ONE OF<br>THE STUDS TO THE<br>GROUND AND THE<br>OTHER STUDS TO THE<br>PINS.                                      |   |
| OTHER (pron)             | That which is not the same as that given before | CONNECT ONE PLUG,<br>THEN CONNECT THE<br>OTHER.  |   |
| otherwise (adv)          | IFNOT   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>RODS ARE ADJUSTED<br>CORRECTLY. IF THE<br>ADJUSTMENT IS NOT<br>CORRECT, ADJUST<br>THEM AS FOLLOWS: | Check that the rods are adjusted correctly, otherwise adjust them as follows: |
|                          | DIFFERENTLY (adv)                               | UNLESS THE INSTRUCTIONS TELL YOU DIFFERENTLY, DO REPAIR SCHEME No. 4.  | Unless the instructions tell you otherwise, do repair scheme No. 4.           |
| OUT (adj)                | Away from, or not in, a location or position    | IF THE INDICATOR<br>BUTTON IS OUT,<br>REPLACE THE FILTER.  |   |
| OUT (adv)                | To a position away from the inside              | WHEN THE INDICATOR<br>BUTTON COMES OUT,<br>REPLACE THE FILTER.   |   |
| OUT OF (prep)            | Through or from the inside to the outside       | TILT THE FITTING TO<br>MAKE THE BARREL<br>NUT FALL OUT OF IT.  |   |
|                          | 2. Not in                                       | KEEP THE<br>COMPOUND OUT OF<br>THE SUNLIGHT.   |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                     | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| OUTBOARD (adj)           | Farther from the longitudinal axis of something                       | MEASURE THE<br>MOVEMENT OF THE<br>INBOARD AND<br>OUTBOARD FLAPS.                         |   |
| OUTBOARD (adv)           | In, or to, a position farther from the longitudinal axis of something | MOVE THE JACK<br>OUTBOARD TO<br>DISENGAGE IT FROM<br>THE JACKING POINT.                  |   |
| OUTBOARD OF<br>(prep)    | At a position farther from the longitudinal axis                      | PUT THE ACCESS PLATFORM IN A POSITION THAT IS OUTBOARD OF THE FLAP TRACK.                |   |
| OUTDOORS (adv)           | Not in a building   | DO THIS WORK<br>OUTDOORS.  |   |
| OUTER (adj)              | Located on the outside or farther from the center of an object        | APPLY SEALANT ON THE OUTER SURFACE.  |   |
| outline (v)              | GIVE (v)  | THIS SECTION GIVES<br>YOU THE<br>PROCEDURES THAT<br>ARE NECESSARY TO<br>FIND THE FAULTS. | This section outlines the procedures needed to find the faults.   |
| OUTPUT (n)               | The data, power, energy<br>that comes out of<br>equipment or a system | THE IMPEDANCE MATCHING TRANSFORMERS SUPPLY 60 W OUTPUT TO THE LOUDSPEAKERS.              |   |
| outside (adj)            | EXTERNAL (adj)  | THE EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE IS SHOWN ON THE CENTRAL DISPLAY UNIT.                           | The outside temperature is indicated on the central display unit. |
|                          | OUTER (adj)   | CLEAN THE OUTER<br>SURFACE WITH WARM<br>WATER.   | Clean the outside surface with warm water.                        |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                       | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| outside (adv)            | OUTDOORS (adv)  | DO THIS PROCEDURE OUTDOORS.   | Do this procedure outside.  |
| outside (n)              | EXTERNAL (adj)  | FOLD THE EDGING<br>AGAINST THE<br>EXTERNAL SIDE OF<br>THE INSULATION<br>BLANKET.  | Fold the edging against the outside of the insulation blankets.                         |
|                          | OUTER (adj)   | FOLD THE EDGING<br>AGAINST THE OUTER<br>SIDE OF THE<br>INSULATION BLANKET.  | Fold the edging against the outside of the insulation blankets.                         |
| outside (prep)           | NEAR (prep)   | WHEN YOU DO WORK<br>IN A FUEL TANK, A<br>SECOND PERSON<br>MUST BE NEAR THE<br>TANK AT ALL TIMES.  | When you do work in a fuel tank, a second person must be outside the tank at all times. |
| outwards (adv)           | OUT (adv)   | MOVE THE DOOR OUT AND FORWARD.  | Move the door outwards and forwards.  |
| over (prep)              | ABOVE (prep)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>HYDRAULIC FLUID<br>LEVEL IS NOT ABOVE<br>THE "FULL" MARK.   | Make sure the hydraulic fluid level is not over the FULL mark.                          |
|                          | ALONG (prep)  | APPLY THE WEIGHT<br>EQUALLY ALONG THE<br>STABILIZER SPAN.   | The weight must be evenly spread over the stabilizer span.                              |
|                          | ON (prep)   | INSTALL THE STOP<br>SLEEVE ON THE<br>SLIDING MEMBER.  | Install the stop sleeve over the sliding member.  |
|                          | MORE THAN   | DO NOT INSTALL<br>SHIMS WITH A<br>THICKNESS OF MORE<br>THAN 0.1 mm.   | Do not install shims over 0.1 mm thick.   |
|                          | For movement above land or water, use a technical noun. | BEFORE OVER-<br>WATER OPERATION<br>AT LOW ALTITUDES,<br>APPLY CORROSION-<br>PREVENTIVE FLUID<br>TO THE DOOR HINGES<br>OF THE LANDING<br>GEAR. |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| OVERBOARD<br>(adv)                                     | Out of a vessel  | RELEASE THE AIR<br>OVERBOARD.   |  |
| overfill (v)   | TOO MUCH   | DO NOT PUT TOO<br>MUCH FLUID IN THE<br>LUBRICATION HOLE.                      | Do not overfill the lubrication hole.                        |
| overfull (adj)   | TOO FULL   | IF THE TANK IS TOO<br>FULL, YOU CANNOT<br>PRESSURIZE IT<br>CORRECTLY.         | If the tank is overfull, you cannot pressurize it correctly. |
| overhaul (v)   | OVERHAUL (TN)  | DO AN OVERHAUL OF<br>THE No. 2 ENGINE.  | Overhaul the No. 2 engine.                                   |
| overheat (v)   | TOO HOT  | IF YOU PRESSURIZE<br>THE OXYGEN BOTTLE<br>QUICKLY, IT WILL<br>BECOME TOO HOT. | Rapid charging overheats the oxygen bottle.                  |
| OVERLAP (n)  | The area in which a part of one surface is on a part of a second surface | IF THE OVERLAP IS<br>MORE THAN 0,01 mm,<br>REPLACE THE PART.                  |  |
| overlap (v)  | OVERLAP (n)  | MAKE AN OVERLAP<br>OF 10 mm.  | Overlap the surfaces by 10 mm.                               |
| OVERRIDE (v),<br>OVERRIDES,<br>OVERRODE,<br>OVERRIDDEN | To prevent the automatic operation of a part or system                   | MANUALLY OVERRIDE<br>THE START<br>SEQUENCE.                                   |  |
| overtighten (v)  | TIGHTEN TOO MUCH   | DO NOT TIGHTEN THE FITTINGS TOO MUCH.   | Do not overtighten the fittings.                             |
|  | TOO TIGHT  | DO NOT MAKE THE FITTINGS TOO TIGHT.   | Do not overtighten the fittings.                             |
|  | TOO TIGHTLY  | DO NOT INSTALL THE FITTINGS TOO TIGHTLY.                                      | Do not overtighten the fittings.                             |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| pack (v)                                     | PUT (v)  | PUT THE ASSEMBLY INTO THE BOX.   | Pack the assembly into the box.  |
|  | FILL (v)   | FILL THE GROOVE<br>WITH GREASE.  | Pack grease into the groove.   |
| PAINT (v),<br>PAINTS,<br>PAINTED,<br>PAINTED | To apply paint to something  | PAINT ALL THE<br>SURFACES.   |  |
| PAIR (n)                                     | Two objects that are the same or almost the same, and/or that you use together | MEASURE THE<br>DISTANCE BETWEEN<br>EACH PAIR OF AXLES.                                   |  |
| PARALLEL (adj)                               | Along lines that stay a constant distance apart at all points                  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SURFACE IS<br>PARALLEL TO THE<br>AXIS OF THE SHAFT.                |  |
| PARK (v),<br>PARKS,<br>PARKED,<br>PARKED     | To stop a vehicle and to let it stay in one position on the ground             | PARK THE CAR IN THE PERMITTED AREA.  |  |
| PART (n)                                     | A constituent of an object, machine, component, assembly, or equipment         | REPLACE THE<br>DEFECTIVE PARTS.  |  |
|  | A piece or section of<br>a whole   | REFER TO PART 2<br>FOR THE APPLICABLE<br>PROCEDURE.                                      |  |
| part (v)                                     | DISCONNECT (v)   | DISCONNECT THE PIPES.  | Part the pipes.  |
| partial (adj)                                | NOT FULLY  | IF THE RODS DO NOT<br>FULLY EXTEND,<br>ADJUST THEM AGAIN.                                | If only partial extension of the rods occurs, do the adjustment again. |
| partially (adv)                              | NOT FULLY  | IF THE FLAPS DO NOT<br>FULLY EXTEND, DO<br>THE TEST AGAIN.                               | If the flaps only partially extend, do the test again.                 |
| PARTICLE (n)                                 | A very small piece of material   | IF THERE ARE METAL PARTICLES IN THE DISASSEMBLED PUMP, FIND THE SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION. |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| particular (adj)         | ONLY APPLICABLE                     | THIS PROCEDURE IS ONLY APPLICABLE TO TYPE A PARTS.  | This procedure is particular to type A parts.   |
|                          | VERY (adv)                          | THIS STEP IS VERY IMPORTANT.  | This step is of particular importance.  |
| particularly (adv)       | VERY (adv)                          | THIS PRECAUTION IS VERY IMPORTANT.  | This precaution is particularly important.  |
| partly (adv)             | NOT FULLY                           | IF THE VALVE DOES NOT FULLY OPEN, EXAMINE THE POSITIONS OF THE END STOPS ON THE ACTUATOR. | If the valve opens only partly, examine the positions of the end stops on the actuator. |
| pass (v)                 | GO (v)                              | MAKE SURE THAT THE CABLE GOES ONTO THE PULLEY.  | Make sure that the cable passes over the pulley.  |
|                          | THROUGH (prep)                      | PUT THE ANTENNA CABLE THROUGH THE TOP SLOTS.  | Pass the antenna cable through the top slots.   |
|                          | GIVE (v)                            | GIVE ONE END OF<br>THE CABLE TO A<br>SECOND PERSON.                                       | Pass one end of the cable to another person.  |
| passage (n)              | FLOW (n)                            | THE FLOW OF FLUID THROUGH THE VALVE MUST BE CONTINUOUS.                                   | The passage of fluid through the valve must be continuous.                              |
|                          | HOLE (n)                            | CAREFULLY PUT THE TUBE THROUGH THE HOLE.  | Carefully put the tube through the passage.   |
|                          | OPENING (n)                         | CAREFULLY PUT THE TUBE THROUGH THE OPENING.   | Carefully put the tube through the passage.   |
| past (prep)              | AROUND (prep)                       | IF YOU INSTALL THE<br>SEAL INCORRECTLY,<br>LEAKS CAN OCCUR<br>AROUND THE VALVE.           | If you install the seal incorrectly, leaks can occur past the valve.                    |
|                          | THROUGH (prep)                      | IF YOU INSTALL THE<br>SEAL INCORRECTLY,<br>THE FLUID WILL GO<br>THROUGH IT.               | An incorrect installation of the seal will let fluid go past it.                        |
| PASTE (n)                | A wet, flexible mixture or compound | MIX THE MATERIALS<br>UNTIL THEY MAKE A<br>SOLID PASTE.                                    |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| PATCH (n)                | A piece of material that you use to repair a surface or hole  | BOND THE PATCH TO<br>THE TUBE WITH<br>ADHESIVE.                                   |  |
| penetrate (v)            | GO THROUGH  | IF THE SCRATCH DOES NOT GO THROUGH THE PROTECTIVE LAYER, THE UNIT IS SERVICEABLE. | If the scratch does not penetrate the protective layer, the unit is serviceable. |
|                          | GO INTO   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>HYDRAULIC FLUID<br>DOES NOT GO INTO<br>THE RECEPTACLES.     | Make sure that the hydraulic fluid does not penetrate the receptacles.           |
| people (n)               | PERSON (n)  | KEEP ALL PERSONS<br>OUT OF THE WORK<br>AREA.                                      | Keep all people out of the work area.  |
|                          | PERSONNEL (n)  To select the correct alternative, refer to the approved meanings of PERSON (n) and PERSONNEL (n). | TELL YOUR PERSONNEL ABOUT THESE NEW REGULATIONS.                                  | Tell your people about these new regulations.                                    |
| per (prep)               | FOR EACH  | DO NOT USE MORE<br>THAN TWO WASHERS<br>FOR EACH BOLT.                             | Do not use more than two washers per bolt.                                       |
|                          | REFER (v)   | DO THE LEAK TEST:<br>REFER TO<br>PARAGRAPH 7.0.                                   | Do the leak test as per paragraph 7.0.   |
| perforated (adj)         | HOLE (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE ARE NO HOLES<br>IN THE MEMBRANE.                          | Make sure that the membrane is not perforated.                                   |
| perform (v)              | DO (v)  | DO THE LEAK TEST.   | Perform the leak test.   |
|                          | You can use a more accurate verb.   |   |  |
|                          | MEASURE (v)   | MEASURE THE<br>VOLTAGE BETWEEN<br>PINS A AND B.                                   | Perform the voltage measurement between pins A and B.                            |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| PERFORMANCE<br>(n)       | The ability of a part, a mechanism, or system to do its necessary function when you compare it with a standard or specification | THESE ADJUSTMENTS<br>WILL INCREASE THE<br>PERFORMANCE OF<br>THE ENGINE.                 |  |
|                          | For other meanings, use:  |   |  |
|                          | DO (v)  | DO THE TEST. THEN,<br>GO TO PARAGRAPH C.  | After performance of the test, go to paragraph C.      |
| PERIOD (n)               | A quantity of time  | THE EMERGENCY<br>LOCATOR<br>TRANSMITTER HAS A<br>STANDBY PERIOD OF<br>30 SECONDS.       |  |
| periodically (adv)       | INTERVAL (n)  Give the value.   | EXAMINE THE<br>CONDITION OF THE<br>HOSES AND SEALS AT<br>INTERVALS OF TWO<br>YEARS.     | Examine the condition of hoses and seals periodically. |
| PERMANENT (adj)          | Without a limit in time   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>PERMANENT<br>INSTALLATION OF THE<br>SYSTEM IS SAFE.               |  |
| PERMANENTLY (adv)        | In a permanent manner   | THE "NO SMOKING"<br>SIGNS WILL STAY ON<br>PERMANENTLY.                                  |  |
| permissible (adj)        | PERMITTED (adj)   | EQUIVALENT<br>MATERIALS ARE ALSO<br>PERMITTED.  | Equivalent materials are also permissible.             |
| permit (v)               | LET (v)   | DO NOT LET THE<br>FLUID TOUCH YOU.  | Do not permit the fluid to touch you.                  |
| PERMITTED (adj)          | Allowed   | A MAXIMUM OF TWO<br>WASHERS IS<br>PERMITTED FOR<br>EACH BOLT.                           |  |
| PERPENDICULAR<br>(adj)   | At a 90 degree angle to a given line or plane   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TOOL AND FASTENER<br>ARE PERPENDICULAR<br>TO THE WORK<br>SURFACE. |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| persist (v)              | CONTINUE (v)  | IF THE FAULT MESSAGE CONTINUES, PUSH THE AUDIO CANCEL SWITCH ON THE TEST PANEL.                          | If the fault message persists, push the AUDIO CANCEL switch on the test panel. |
| persistent (adj)         | CONTINUOUS (adj)  | IF YOU HEAR<br>CONTINUOUS<br>BACKGROUND NOISE,<br>FIND THE CAUSE.  | If you hear persistent background noise, find the cause.                       |
| PERSON (n)               | A human being   | WHEN YOU DO WORK<br>IN ISOLATED<br>LOCATIONS, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THERE IS<br>ALWAYS A PERSON<br>NEAR YOU. |  |
| PERSONNEL (n)            | Persons employed in a group or organization   | TELL YOUR PERSONNEL ABOUT THESE NEW REGULATIONS.   |  |
| pertinent (adj)          | APPLICABLE (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU HAVE ALL THE<br>APPLICABLE<br>DOCUMENTS.   | Make sure that you have all the pertinent documents.                           |
| picket (v)               | MOOR (v)  | IF STRONG WINDS<br>OCCUR, MOOR THE<br>VEHICLE.   | Picket the vehicle in strong winds.  |
| PIECE (n)                | A quantity or segment of<br>a whole that you can use<br>on its own, or that can<br>operate as an individual<br>item | REMOVE ALL PIECES<br>OF THE BROKEN<br>SEAL.  |  |
| pierced (adj)            | HOLE (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE ARE NO<br>HOLES IN THE<br>MEMBRANE.  | Make sure that the membrane is not pierced.                                    |
| placard (v)              | PUT (v)<br>(A PLACARD [TN])   | BEFORE YOU START<br>THE TEST, PUT A<br>PLACARD ON THE<br>CONTROLS.                                       | Placard the controls before you start the test.                                |
| place (n)                | POSITION (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT ALL<br>COVERS ARE IN THEIR<br>POSITION.   | Ensure that covers are in place.   |
|                          | AREA (n)  | REPAIR THE DAMAGED AREAS.  | Repair the damaged places.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                       | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                    |
|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| place (v)                                    | PUT (v)   | PUT THE MANIFOLD IN POSITION.   | Place the manifold in position.    |
| PLAY (n)                                     | Free movement, the length or dimension of this movement | THE AXIAL PLAY BETWEEN THE TWO GEARS MUST BE LESS THAN 0.05 mm.                                     |                                    |
| plot (v)                                     | MAKE (v)<br>(A PLOT [TN])                               | MAKE A PLOT OF<br>THESE POINTS.   | Plot these points.                 |
| plug (v)                                     | CONNECT (v)   | CONNECT THE MICROPHONE TO THE JACK.   | Plug the microphone into the jack. |
|  | SEAL (v)<br>(WITH A PLUG [TN] OR<br>PLUGS [TN])         | SEAL THE TUBE WITH A PLUG.  | Plug the tube.                     |
| PLUS (prep)                                  | With the addition of                                    | INCREASE THE PRESSURE IN THE SHOCK ABSORBER TO 85.5 bar, PLUS OR MINUS 2.7 bar.                     |                                    |
| PNEUMATIC (adj)                              | Related to, or operated by gas pressure                 | INSTALL THE<br>PNEUMATIC<br>CONTROLLER.   |                                    |
| PNEUMATICALLY (adv)                          | With pneumatic power                                    | SOME VALVES IN THE<br>SYSTEM OPERATE<br>PNEUMATICALLY.  |                                    |
| POINT (n)                                    | A sharp or tapered end                                  | PUT THE POINT OF<br>THE TOOL IN THE<br>SLOT.  |                                    |
|  | 2. An accurate location                                 | ON THE FLANGE,<br>MEASURE THE<br>DISTANCE BETWEEN<br>POINTS "A" AND "B."                            |                                    |
| POINT (v),<br>POINTS,<br>POINTED,<br>POINTED | To show the position or direction of                    | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>ARROW ON THE<br>CHECK VALVE POINTS<br>AWAY FROM THE<br>GROUND SUPPLY<br>DUCT. |                                    |
|  | To turn something in a specified direction              | DO NOT POINT THE<br>COMPRESSED AIR<br>NOZZLE AT YOUR<br>SKIN.                                       |                                    |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| POISONOUS (adj)                                   | That contains poison              | DO NOT SWALLOW<br>LUBRICATING OIL. IT<br>IS POISONOUS.          |  |
| POLISH (v),<br>POLISHES,<br>POLISHED,<br>POLISHED | To make smooth or shiny           | POLISH THE WINDOW<br>PANE WITH A SOFT<br>CLOTH.                 |  |
| poor (adj)  | UNSATISFACTORY<br>(adj)           | IF SYSTEM PERFORMANCE IS UNSATISFACTORY, EXAMINE CIRCUIT A.     | If system performance is poor, examine circuit A.              |
|   | DEFECTIVE (adj)                   | DEFECTIVE<br>CONTACTS CAN<br>CAUSE A FAILURE OF<br>THE UNIT.    | Poor contacts can cause a failure of the unit.                 |
|   | UNSERVICEABLE (adj)               | IF THE PART IS<br>UNSERVICEABLE,<br>REPLACE IT.                 | If the condition of the part is poor, replace it.              |
| pop (v)   | OPEN (v)                          | IF THE CIRCUIT<br>BREAKER OPENS,<br>DE-ENERGIZE THE<br>CIRCUIT. | If the circuit breaker pops, de-energize the circuit.          |
|   | PROTRUDE (v)                      | IF THE POP-OUT INDICATOR PROTRUDES, REPLACE THE FILTER ELEMENT. | If the pop-out indicator pops out, replace the filter element. |
|   | OUT (adv)                         | IF THE INDICATOR<br>BUTTON CAME OUT,<br>REPLACE THE FILTER.     | If the indicator button popped out, replace the filter.        |
| port (adj)  | LEFT (adj)                        | REMOVE THE WING TIP<br>BRAKE FROM THE<br>LEFT WING.             | Remove the wing tip brake from the port wing.                  |
| portion (n)                                       | PIECE (n)                         | REMOVE ALL THE<br>PIECES OF THE<br>DAMAGED<br>INSULATION.       | Remove all portions of the damaged insulation.                 |
|   | PART (n)                          | ISOLATE THE DEFECTIVE PART OF THE CIRCUIT.                      | Isolate the defective portion of the circuit.                  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| POSITION (n)             | The attitude or setting of something that you can adjust, or the place or site where you put something | SET THE SWITCH TO<br>THE CORRECT<br>POSITION.  |  |
|                          | Something  | ON THE CENTER PEDESTAL, MAKE SURE THAT THE WARNING NOTICES ARE IN POSITION.                                  |  |
| position (v)             | PUT (v)  | PUT THE BRACKET ON THE FRAME.  | Position the bracket on the frame.                                   |
|                          | SET (v)  | SET THE SWITCH TO "ON."  | Position the switch to ON.   |
| POSSIBLE (adj)           | That can occur   | IF YOU DO NOT USE A PROTECTIVE COVER, DAMAGE TO THE SURFACE IS POSSIBLE.                                     |  |
| POSSIBLY (adv)           | That can occur   | IF YOU CANNOT<br>ENGAGE THE ROD<br>AND THE PISTON, THE<br>LENGTH OF THE NEW<br>ROD IS POSSIBLY<br>INCORRECT. |  |
| potential (adj)          | POSSIBLE (adj)   | PUT BARRIERS<br>AROUND ALL THE<br>POSSIBLE DANGER<br>AREAS.  | Put barriers around all the potential danger areas.                  |
| pour (v)                 | PUT (v)  | PUT THE MIXTURE INTO THE CYLINDER.   | Pour the mixture into the cylinder.                                  |
| power (v)                | SUPPLY (v)   | THE BATTERY SUPPLIES POWER TO THE CIRCUITS.  | The battery powers the circuits.                                     |
| PRECAUTION (n)           | That which you do to prevent injury and/or damage  | OBEY THESE<br>PRECAUTIONS.   |  |
| precautionary<br>(adj)   | PRECAUTION (n)   | OBEY THESE<br>PRECAUTIONS.   | Take these precautionary measures.                                   |
| precede (v)              | BEFORE (conj)  | BEFORE YOU APPLY<br>THE TAPE, CLEAN THE<br>SURFACE.  | Application of the tape must be preceded by cleaning of the surface. |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| precise (adj)            | ACCURATE (adj)                    | THE GYRO<br>ADJUSTMENT MUST<br>BE ACCURATE.  | The gyro requires precise adjustment.   |
| precisely (adv)          | ACCURATELY (adv)                  | ADJUST THE ANGLE<br>OF THE CAMERA<br>ACCURATELY.   | The angle of the camera must be adjusted precisely.   |
| PRECISION (n)            | The quality of being accurate     | THE TEMPERATURE OF THE OIL HAS AN EFFECT ON THE PRECISION OF THE OIL LEVEL INDICATOR.  |   |
| preferable (adj)         | RECOMMEND (v)                     | IT IS POSSIBLE TO MIX APPROVED ENGINE OILS OF THE SAME TYPE. BUT THE STANDARD PRACTICES MANUAL RECOMMENDS THAT YOU ALWAYS USE THE SAME TYPE OF ENGINE OIL. | It is possible to mix approved engine oils of the same type, but. according to the Standard Practices Manual. it is always preferable to use the same type of engine oil. |
| preferably (adv)         | IF IT IS POSSIBLE                 | IF IT IS POSSIBLE,<br>APPLY THIS ADHESIVE<br>OUTDOORS.   | Preferably, apply this adhesive outdoors.   |
| preheat (v)              | HEAT (n)                          | BEFORE YOU START<br>THIS PROCEDURE,<br>APPLY HEAT TO THE<br>AREA WITH A HEAT<br>LAMP.  | Preheat the area with a heat lamp.  |
| preload (v)              | LOAD (TN)                         | BEFORE YOU START<br>THIS PROCEDURE,<br>APPLY A LOAD OF<br>10 lb TO THE SPRING.   | Preload the spring to 10 lb.  |
| premature (adj)          | BEFORE (conj)                     | IF THE VALVE OPENS<br>BEFORE THE SET<br>PRESSURE, STOP THE<br>TEST.  | If the valve opening is premature, stop the test.   |
| prematurely (adv)        | BEFORE (conj)                     | IF THE VALVE OPENS<br>BEFORE THE SET<br>PRESSURE, STOP THE<br>TEST.  | If the valve opens prematurely, stop the test.  |
| preparation (n)          | PREPARE (v)                       | PREPARE THE<br>MIXTURE 20 MINUTES<br>BEFORE YOU USE IT.  | Mixture preparation must be accomplished 20 minutes before use.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                       | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                     | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| PREPARE (v),<br>PREPARES,<br>PREPARED,<br>PREPARED             | To make or become ready                               | PREPARE THE TUBE<br>FOR THE LEAK TEST.                                     |   |
|  |   | PREPARE FOR THE ELECTRICAL BONDING PROCEDURE.                              |   |
| prescribed (adj)   | SPECIFIED (adj)                                       | FILL THE CONTAINER<br>WITH THE SPECIFIED<br>COOLANT FLUID.                 | Fill the container with the prescribed coolant fluid.                 |
| presence (n)   | BE (v)  | THIS INSPECTION IS<br>NECESSARY WHEN<br>THERE ARE DEFECTS.                 | This inspection is necessary in the presence of defects.              |
| present (adj)  | BE (v)  | IF THERE IS A VOLTAGE AT PIN C OF CONNECTOR F7, THE UNIT IS UNSERVICEABLE. | If a voltage is present at pin C of connector F7, the unit is faulty. |
| present (v)  | GIVE (v)  | THIS SECTION GIVES<br>THE APPLICABLE<br>TORQUE VALUES.                     | The applicable torque values are presented in this section.           |
|  | SHOW (v)  | THE TABLE THAT FOLLOWS SHOWS THE RESULTS OF THE SURVEY.                    | The results of the survey are presented in the following table.       |
| preserve (v)   | PRESERVATION (TN)                                     | THIS PROCEDURE IS<br>FOR THE<br>PRESERVATION OF<br>STEEL CABLES.           | This procedure will preserve the steel cables.                        |
| preset (v)   | SET (v)   | SET THE TENSION INDICATOR TO ZERO.   | Preset the tension indicator to zero.                                 |
| press (v)  | PUSH (v)  | PUSH AND HOLD THE TEST BUTTON.   | Press and hold the TEST button.                                       |
| PRESSURIZATION (n)   | The procedure that supplies or increases the pressure | CONTINUE THE PRESSURIZATION FOR 10 MINUTES.                                |   |
| PRESSURIZE (v),<br>PRESSURIZES,<br>PRESSURIZED,<br>PRESSURIZED | To supply pressure                                    | PRESSURIZE THE<br>CHAMBER TO 150 psi.                                      |   |

|  | STE example  |
|--|--|
|  | JI I OMAIII DIO  |
| PREVENT (v), To make sure that PREVENTS, something does not PREVENTED, occur IMMEDIATELY INSTALL PROTECTIVE COVERS ON ALL OPENINGS.  |  |
| prevent (from) (v) LET (v) DO NOT LET THE Prevent (prevent (from) (v) LET (v) DOOR OPEN. Open  | ent the door from<br>ning.   |
| PREVENTS prevent   | coating is a<br>entive measure for<br>osion.                               |
| PREVIOUS (adj)  That goes before in an unspecified time or unspecified time or sequence  That goes before in an unspecified time or "YES" IN A PREVIOUS STEP, GO TO PARAGRAPH 7.5. |  |
|  | ne previous<br>ection again.   |
| PREVIOUSLY (adv) Before, earlier, in the past THIS SOFTWARE FINDS TERMS FROM PREVIOUSLY TRANSLATED FILES.  |  |
| FUNCTION OF THE prima HYDRAULIC SYSTEM press   | hydraulic system<br>arily supplies the<br>sure to operate the<br>controls. |
| PRIMARY (adj)  First in importance  THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF THE POWER UNIT IS TO SUPPLY ELECTRICAL POWER.  |  |
| prime (v) FILL (v) FILL THE FILLER HOSE Prime  |  |
| WITH WATER. water  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| principal (adj)          | PRIMARY (adj)  | THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF THE SYSTEM IS TO SUPPLY ELECTRICAL POWER TO THE CONTROL PANEL.                                  | The principal function of<br>the system is to supply<br>electrical power to the<br>control panel. |
| prior to (prep)          | BEFORE (conj)  | BEFORE YOU<br>DISCONNECT THE<br>HOSES, DRAIN THE<br>SYSTEM.   | Drain the system prior to disconnecting the hoses.  |
| priority (n)             | IMPORTANT (adj)  | THIS PROCEDURE IS VERY IMPORTANT.   | This procedure has high priority.   |
|                          | BEFORE (prep)  | BEFORE YOU FILL THE<br>OUTER TANK, FILL THE<br>INNER TANK.  | The inner tank filling procedure has priority over the outer tank filling procedure.              |
|                          | FIRST (adv)  | DURING THE<br>PROCEDURE THAT<br>FOLLOWS, REPAIR THE<br>UPPER FLANGE FIRST.  | During the following repair procedure, the upper flange has priority.                             |
| probability (n)          | RISK (n)   | TO DECREASE THE<br>RISK OF FIRE, OBEY<br>THE SAFETY<br>PRECAUTIONS.   | Obey the safety precautions to decrease the probability of fire.                                  |
| probable (adj)           | VERY POSSIBLE  | IF YOU DO NOT<br>SAFETY THE DOOR, IT<br>IS VERY POSSIBLE<br>THAT STRONG WINDS<br>WILL CAUSE DAMAGE<br>TO THE STRUCTURE. | If you do not safety the door, damage to the structure due to strong winds is probable.           |
|                          | RISK (n)   | IF YOU DO NOT<br>SAFETY THE DOOR,<br>THERE IS A RISK THAT<br>STRONG WINDS WILL<br>CAUSE DAMAGE TO<br>THE STRUCTURE.     | If you do not safety the door, damage to the structure due to strong winds is probable.           |
| probe (v)                | FIND (v)<br>(WITH A PROBE [TN])  | FIND THE BLOCKAGE<br>IN THE TUBE WITH AN<br>APPLICABLE PROBE.   | Probe the tube to find the blockage.  |
| PROBLEM (n)              | Something that is difficult and for which you must find the correct answer | IF YOU FIND A PROBLEM DURING THE TEST, REFER TO THE FAULT ISOLATION TABLE.  |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)            | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| PROCEDURE (n)                       | Steps that are in a sequence   | THIS SECTION GIVES THE PROCEDURE TO DISASSEMBLE THE COMPONENT FULLY.          |  |
| proceed (v)                         | CONTINUE (v)   | CONTINUE WITH THE ELECTRICAL TEST.  | Proceed with the electrical test.                                      |
| process (in the process of ) (prep) | DURING (prep)  | DURING THIS REPAIR,<br>APPLY SUFFICIENT<br>HEAT TO THE UNIT.                  | Apply sufficient heat to the unit in the process of doing this repair. |
|                                     | WHILE (conj)   | WHILE YOU DO THIS<br>REPAIR, APPLY<br>SUFFICIENT HEAT TO<br>THE UNIT.         | Apply sufficient heat to the unit in the process of doing this repair. |
| process (n)                         | PROCEDURE (n)  | THESE TWO ASSEMBLY PROCEDURES ARE ALMOST THE SAME.                            | These two assembly processes are almost the same.                      |
|                                     | This word is a technical noun when it means a sequence of changes that occur and cause a result. | CORROSION IS AN ELECTROLYTIC PROCESS.   |  |
| process (v)                         | DO (v) THE<br>PROCEDURE (n)  | PUT THE PARTS IN AN ELECTROLYTIC BATH. THEN, DO THE ELECTROPLATING PROCEDURE. | Process the parts in an electrolytic bath.                             |
| produce (v)                         | CAUSE (v)  | ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT CAN CAUSE INTERFERENCE IN COMMUNICATION.                 | Electrical equipment can produce interference in communication.        |
|                                     | GIVE (v)   | A DILUTED SOLUTION WILL NOT GIVE YOU THE CORRECT RESULTS.                     | A diluted solution does not produce the correct results.               |
|                                     | MAKE (v)   | WHEN THE LEVER<br>ENGAGES, IT MAKES A<br>CLICK                                | The lever produces a click when engaged.                               |
|                                     | SUPPLY (v)   | THE POWER UNIT<br>SUPPLIES THE<br>SYSTEM WITH A<br>VOLTAGE OF 28 V DC.        | The power unit produces a voltage of 28 V DC.                          |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                            | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| product (n)              | Be accurate. If it is possible, use the name of the product. | WHEN YOU CLEAN<br>THIS UNIT, USE THE<br>CORRECT SOLVENT.                                | When you clean this unit, use the correct product.                               |
|                          |  | TRICHLOROETHANE IS A DANGEROUS MATERIAL.  | This product is dangerous.   |
| profile (n)              | CONTOUR (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>CONTOUR OF THE<br>TEMPLATE IS THE<br>SAME.                        | Make sure that the profile of the template is the same.                          |
| program (n)              | SEQUENCE (n)   | DISASSEMBLE THE<br>ROTOR IN THIS<br>SEQUENCE:   | Disassemble the rotor according to the following program:                        |
| progress (n)             | CONTINUE (v)  Also refer to IN PROGRESS (adv).               | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TEST CONTINUES<br>SATISFACTORILY.                                 | Monitor the progress of the test.  |
| progress (v)             | CONTINUE (v)   | YOU CAN CONTINUE<br>THE TEST.   | You can progress with the test.  |
| progressive (adj)        | GRADUALLY (adv)  | GRADUALLY TORQUE<br>THE NUT.  | Apply progressive torque to the nut.   |
| progressively (adv)      | GRADUALLY (adv)  | TORQUE THE BOLTS<br>GRADUALLY.  | Torque the bolts progressively.  |
| prohibit (v)             | PREVENT (v)  | PUT A WARNING NOTICE ON THE PANEL TO PREVENT OPERATION OF THE CONTROLS.                 | Display a warning notice on the panel prohibiting the operation of the controls. |
|                          | TELL (NOT TO) (v)  | TELL THE PERSONNEL<br>NOT TO USE<br>ASBESTOS PARTS.                                     | Prohibit the use of asbestos parts.  |
| prolonged (adj)          | LONG (adj)   | OPERATION OF THE<br>MOTOR FOR LONG<br>PERIODS CAN CAUSE<br>DAMAGE TO IT.                | Prolonged motor operation can cause damage.                                      |
| prompt (adj)             | IMMEDIATELY (adv)  | IF YOU SWALLOW<br>SOLVENT, DO NOT<br>CAUSE VOMITING.<br>GET MEDICAL AID<br>IMMEDIATELY. | Prompt action is required if you swallow solvent.                                |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| propagation (n)          | INCREASE (v)   | IF THE DIMENSION OF<br>A CRACK INCREASES,<br>THE PART CAN<br>BREAK.            | Crack propagation can cause the part to break.                               |
|                          | If it is possible, give the dimensions or limits.                  | IF THE DEPTH OF A<br>CRACK IS MORE THAN<br>0.2 mm, REJECT THE<br>PART.         | Crack propagation can cause the rejection of the part.                       |
|                          |  | IF A CRACK IS<br>LARGER THAN 0.2 mm,<br>REJECT THE PART.                       | Crack propagation can cause the rejection of the part.                       |
| proper (adj)             | CORRECT (adj)  | DO A CHECK FOR THE CORRECT OPERATION OF THE UNIT.                              | Check the unit for proper operation.   |
| properly (adv)           | CORRECTLY (adv)  | CLOSE THE DOORS<br>CORRECTLY.  | Close the doors properly.  |
| PROPERTY (n)             | A characteristic or attribute of an object                         | THE MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF THIS METAL DECREASE AT HIGH TEMPERATURES.           |  |
| PROPORTION (n)           | The ratio of something to something else  For other meanings, use: | ALWAYS MIX CLEANING AGENTS WITH COLD WATER IN THE CORRECT PROPORTIONS.         |  |
|                          | RELATION (n)   | THE TEMPERATURE DECREASES IN RELATION TO THE ALTITUDE.                         | The temperature decreases in proportion to the altitude.                     |
| proportional (adj)       | RELATION (n)   | THE CENTER OF<br>GRAVITY MOVES IN<br>RELATION TO THE<br>LOADS ON THE<br>WINGS. | Movement of the center of gravity is proportional to the loads on the wings. |
|                          | PROPORTION (n)   | MIX THE PIGMENT<br>AND SOLVENT IN THE<br>CORRECT<br>PROPORTIONS.               | Mix the correct quantity of pigment proportional to the quantity of solvent. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                     | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| proportionally<br>(adv)                    | RELATION (n)  | THE CABLE TENSION<br>CHANGES IN<br>RELATION TO THE<br>TEMPERATURE.                           | The cable tension changes proportionally with temperature.                 |
| protect (v)                                | PREVENT (v)   | USE CELLOPHANE TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE SURFACE.   | Use cellophane to protect the surface from damage.                         |
|  | PROTECTION (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT ALL<br>SHARP EDGES HAVE<br>VINYL TAPE<br>PROTECTION.                          | Make sure that all sharp edges are protected with vinyl tape.              |
| PROTECTION (n)                             | Something to prevent injury, damage, or failure       | APPLY TWO LAYERS OF SEALING COMPOUND ON THE SURFACES THAT HAVE NO PROTECTION.                |  |
| PROTECTIVE (adj)                           | That gives protection                                 | REMOVE THE PROTECTIVE LAYER.   |  |
| PROTRUDE (v) PROTRUDES PROTRUDED PROTRUDED | To be farther forward or out from an adjacent surface | IF THE POP-OUT INDICATOR PROTRUDES, REPLACE THE FILTER ELEMENT.                              |  |
| provide (v)                                | GIVE (v)  | THIS SECTION GIVES THE PROCEDURES FOR THE STORAGE FO THE COMPONENT.                          | This section provides the procedures for the storage of the component.     |
|  | SUPPLY (v)  | THE HYDRAULIC<br>SYSTEM SUPPLIES<br>PRESSURE FOR THE<br>OPERATION OF THE<br>FLIGHT CONTROLS. | The hydraulic system provides pressure for operating the flight controls.  |
| provided (that)<br>(conj)                  | IF (conj)   | IF A REPLACEMENT<br>PART IS AVAILABLE,<br>REPLACE THE<br>DAMAGED SHIELD.                     | Provided that a replacement part is available, replace the damaged shield. |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| providing (that)<br>(conj)               | IF (conj)   | IF A NEW PART IS<br>INSTALLED, YOU CAN<br>CONTINUE THE<br>OPERATION OF THE<br>MACHINE.      | Providing that a new part is installed, you can continue the operation of the machine. |
| proximity (n)                            | NEAR (prep)   | DO NOT DO<br>MAINTENANCE WORK<br>NEAR AN ENGINE<br>THAT IS IN<br>OPERATION.                 | Do not do maintenance work in proximity to a running engine.                           |
| PULL (v),<br>PULLS,<br>PULLED,<br>PULLED | To use a force on something to move it toward the source of the force     | PULL THE CABLE<br>DOWN AND AWAY<br>FROM THE BRACKET.  |  |
|  | Use this word together with a preposition or an adverb to show direction. |   |  |
| pump (v)                                 | REMOVE (v)<br>(WITH A PUMP [TN])  | OPEN THE VALVE.<br>THEN, REMOVE THE<br>OIL FROM THE TANK<br>AN APPLICABLE<br>PUMP.          | Open the valve and then pump oil from the tank.  |
|  | MOVE (v)<br>(WITH A PUMP [TN])  | WHEN THE VALVE IS OPEN, MOVE OIL FROM THE TANK TO THE CIRCUIT LINE WITH AN APPLICABLE PUMP. | When the valve is open, pump oil from the tank to the circuit lines.                   |
| puncture (v)                             | HOLE (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU DO NOT MAKE A<br>HOLE IN THE<br>BLADDER.                              | Take care not to puncture the bladder.   |
| purge (v)                                | REMOVE (v)  | REMOVE UNWANTED MATERIAL FROM THE SYSTEM.   | Purge the system.  |
| purify (v)                               | CLEAN (v)   | CLEAN THE WATER.  | Purify the water.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example |
|---|---|---|-----------------|
| PUSH (v),<br>PUSHES,<br>PUSHED,<br>PUSHED | To apply a force to<br>something to move it<br>away from the<br>source of the force | PUSH THE INSERT<br>DOWN UNTIL IT<br>TOUCHES THE<br>BOTTOM OF THE<br>HOLE. |                 |
|   | 2. To move with a force against something   | PUSHES AGAINST THE  |                 |
|   | Use this word together with a preposition or an adverb to show direction.           | BRAKE PEDAL.  |                 |
| PUT (v),<br>PUTS,                         | To cause something to move or to be in a  | PUT THE ADAPTER IN POSITION AGAINST                                       |                 |
| No other verb forms.                      | specified position or condition   | ITS SUPPORT.  |                 |
|   |   | PUT THE LEVER BACK<br>TO ITS INITIAL<br>POSITION.                         |                 |
| PUT ON (v),<br>PUTS ON,<br>PUT ON         | To cover your skin or face with clothing, or other items that give                  | PUT ON SAFETY<br>GOGGLES AND<br>PROTECTIVE                                |                 |
| No other verb forms.                      | protection  | CLOTHING.   |                 |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                 | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| qualified (adj)          | APPROVED (adj)                                    | AN APPROVED PERSON MUST DO THE IMPORTANT CHECKS.   | A qualified person must do the important checks.                              |
| QUALITY (n)              | Condition, property, or type                      | THIS MEDICAL EQUIPMENT MUST BE OF GOOD QUALITY.  |   |
| QUANTITY (n)             | A specified amount or number                      | APPLY A SMALL QUANTITY OF LUBRICATING OIL ON THE THREADS OF THE BOLTS.                               |   |
|                          | For an amount that you can count, use NUMBER (n). | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU HAVE THE<br>CORRECT NUMBER<br>OF SHIMS AVAILABLE.                              |   |
| quarterly (adv)          | INTERVAL (n)                                      | SEND REPORTS TO<br>THE AUTHORITIES AT<br>INTERVALS OF THREE<br>MONTHS.                               | Send reports to the authorities quarterly.                                    |
| questionable (adj)       | NOT SURE  | IF YOU ARE NOT SURE<br>OF THEIR CONDITION,<br>REJECT THE PARTS.                                      | Reject the parts that are in a questionable condition.                        |
| quick (adj)              | QUICKLY (adv)                                     | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>ROD DOES NOT MOVE<br>QUICKLY.  | Make sure that there is no quick movement of the rod.                         |
| QUICKLY (adv)            | In a fast manner                                  | MAKE SURE THAT THE PRESSURE DECREASES QUICKLY.   |   |
| quit (v)                 | GO (v)  | BEFORE YOU START<br>THE ENGINE, MAKE<br>SURE THAT ALL<br>PERSONS GO AWAY<br>FROM THE DANGER<br>AREA. | Before you start the engine, make sure that all persons quit the danger area. |
|                          | STOP (v)  | IF THE RED LIGHT<br>COMES ON, STOP THE<br>REFUEL PROCEDURE.  | If the red light comes on, quit the refuel procedure.                         |
| quote (v)                | GIVE (v)  | THE TABLE GIVES THE MAXIMUM TOLERANCE FOR THE HOLE.  | The table quotes the maximum tolerance for the hole.                          |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                               | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| RADIAL (adj)             | Along a radius  | DO A CHECK FOR<br>RADIAL CUTS,<br>CRACKS, OR SPLITS.                   |  |
| RADIALLY (adv)           | Along a radius  | THE FAN BLADES ARE INSTALLED RADIALLY.                                 |  |
| RADIOACTIVE<br>(adj)     | Related to radioactivity  | DO A CHECK FOR RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION.                              |  |
| raise (v)                | LIFT (v)  | DO NOT LIFT THE<br>COVER MORE THAN<br>THE SPECIFIED<br>CLEARANCE.      | Do not raise the cover more than the specified clearance.      |
|                          | INCREASE (v)  | INCREASE THE<br>TEMPERATURE BY<br>10 DEG.                              | Raise the temperature<br>10 deg.                               |
|                          | RETRACT (v)   | RETRACT THE LANDING GEAR.  | Raise the landing gear.  |
| RANDOM (adj)             | Not regular   | DURING THIS<br>PROCEDURE, DO<br>RANDOM CHECKS OF<br>THE TIRE PRESSURE. |  |
| RANDOMLY (adv)           | Not regularly   | DO THESE CHECKS RANDOMLY.  |  |
| RANGE (n)                | The limits within which something operates                      | THE AUDIO SPECTRUM IS THE FREQUENCY RANGE AT WHICH HUMANS CAN HEAR.    |  |
| rapid (adj)              | FAST (adj)  | CHEMICAL AGENTS CAUSE FAST DETERIORATION OF PAINTED SURFACES.          | Chemical agents cause rapid deterioration of painted surfaces. |
| rapidly (adv)            | QUICKLY (adv)   | QUICKLY TURN THE<br>HANDLE CLOCKWISE.                                  | Rapidly turn the handle clockwise.                             |
| RATE (n)                 | A measurement of how frequently or how quickly something occurs | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>FLOW RATE IS<br>CORRECT.                         |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| re- (prefix)                         | In general, use the word AGAIN (adv) or BACK (adv) with the basic word to replace words that have "re-" as a prefix. |   |   |
| reach (v)                            | GET (v)  | WHEN YOU GET THE<br>CORRECT PRESSURE,<br>CLOSE THE VALVE.                               | When the correct pressure is reached, close the valve.                |
|                                      | TOUCH (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE EXTENSION BAR TOUCHES THE TARGET PLATE.                              | Make sure that the extension bar reaches the target plate.            |
|                                      | BE (v)   | WHEN THE FLAPS ARE<br>AT THE 30 DEGREE<br>POSITION, INSTALL<br>THE RIGGING PIN.         | When the flaps reach the 30 degree position, install the rigging pin. |
| reactivate (v)                       | ACTIVATE (v)   | ACTIVATE THE MODE AGAIN.  | Reactivate the mode.  |
| READ (v),<br>READS,<br>READ,<br>READ | To come to know information with the eyes or electronically  | READ THE<br>INDICATORS ON THE<br>CONTROL PANEL.   |   |
| reading (n)                          | INDICATION (n)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE EXHAUST FROM THE GROUND CART DOES NOT CAUSE AN INCORRECT INDICATION. | Avoid an erroneous reading caused by exhaust from ground cart.        |
| readjust (v)                         | ADJUST (v)   | AFTER THE<br>INSPECTION, ADJUST<br>THE LINKAGE AGAIN.                                   | Readjust the linkage after the inspection.                            |
| ready (adj)                          | PREPARE (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>CONTROL SYSTEM IS<br>PREPARED FOR<br>OPERATION.                   | Make sure that the control system is in an operational ready state.   |
| ready (v)                            | PREPARE (v)  | PREPARE THE<br>REMOVAL KIT FOR<br>THE REMOVAL OF THE<br>STRUT.                          | Ready the removal kit for the removal of the strut.                   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                        | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| real (adj)               | AGREE (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE INDICATION ON THE GAUGE AGREES WITH THE QUANTITY OF FUEL THAT IS IN THE TANK. | Make sure that the gauge shows the real quantity of fuel that is in the tank. |
| REAR (adj)               | Away from the person who looks or from a reference point | INSTALL THE TWO<br>BOLTS IN THE REAR<br>FITTINGS.  |   |
| REAR (n)                 | The rear part or rear surface                            | THE CIRCUIT<br>BREAKERS ARE<br>INSTALLED ON THE<br>REAR OF THE UNIT.                             |   |
| rear of (prep)           | AFT OF   | THE PUMP IS<br>INSTALLED ON RIB 3,<br>AFT OF THE FRONT<br>SPAR.                                  | The pump is located on rib 3, rear of the front spar.                         |
|                          | BEHIND (prep)  | THE PUMP IS<br>INSTALLED ON RIB 3,<br>BEHIND THE FRONT<br>SPAR.                                  | The pump is located on rib 3, rear of the front spar.                         |
| rearmost (adj)           | REAR (n)   | YOU CANNOT<br>REMOVE THE HALF<br>CLAMP NEAREST TO<br>THE REAR.                                   | The rearmost half clamp is not removable.                                     |
| REARWARD (adv)           | In the direction of the rear                             | PULL THE LEVER<br>REARWARD.  |   |
| reason (n)               | CAUSE (n)  | FIND THE CAUSE OF<br>THE INCORRECT<br>INDICATION.  | Find the reason for the wrong indication.                                     |
|                          | BECAUSE OF (prep)  | BECAUSE OF THE<br>POSSIBLE EFFECTS<br>ON YOUR HEALTH,<br>USE ONLY POTABLE<br>WATER.              | For health reasons, only use potable water.                                   |
| reassemble (v)           | ASSEMBLE (v)   | ASSEMBLE THE<br>ACTUATOR AGAIN.  | Reassemble the actuator.  |
| rebuild (v)              | ASSEMBLE (v)   | ASSEMBLE THE UNIT<br>AGAIN.  | Rebuild the unit.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                           |
|--|--|---|---|
| RECEIVE (v),<br>RECEIVES,<br>RECEIVED,<br>RECEIVED | To get energy, material,<br>or a signal from a<br>different source | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>CAPTAIN'S BOOMSET<br>RECEIVES THE<br>SIGNALS CORRECTLY. |   |
| RECESS (n)   | An indentation in a surface  | WHEN YOU CLEAN<br>THE SURFACES,<br>REMOVE THE STAINS<br>FROM THE<br>RECESSES. |   |
| recess (v)   | RECESS (n)   | DO NOT MAKE A<br>RECESS OF MORE<br>THAN 5 mm FOR THE<br>STUDS.                | Do not recess studs more than 5 mm.       |
|  |  | THE FLANGE IS IN A RECESS IN THE FUSELAGE.                                    | The flange is recessed into the fuselage. |
| recharge (v)                                       | CHARGE (v)   | CHARGE THE<br>BATTERY AGAIN.  | Recharge the battery.                     |
|  | FILL (v)   | FILL THE FLUID<br>RESERVOIR.  | Recharge the fluid reservoir.             |
|  | PRESSURIZE (v)   | PRESSURIZE THE ACCUMULATOR.   | Recharge the accumulator.                 |
| recheck (v)  | MEASURE (v)  | MEASURE THE<br>DISTANCE BETWEEN<br>THE FACES AGAIN.                           | Recheck the distance between the faces.   |
|  | EXAMINE (v)  | EXAMINE THE CASTING FOR CORROSION AGAIN.                                      | Recheck the casting for corrosion.        |
|  | CHECK (n)  | DO A LEAKAGE<br>CHECK OF THE<br>FILTER ASSEMBLY<br>AGAIN.                     | Recheck the filter assembly for leakage.  |
| reclaim (v)  | REPAIR (v)   | REPAIR THE<br>DAMAGED FABRIC<br>AREA.   | Reclaim the damaged fabric area.          |
| recleat (v)  | ATTACH (v)<br>(TO A CLEAT [TN])                                    | ATTACH THE<br>TIEDOWN CORD TO A<br>CLEAT.                                     | Recleat the tiedown cord.                 |
| reclose (v)  | CLOSE (v)  | AFTER SERVICING,<br>CLOSE THE<br>COMPARTMENT<br>AGAIN.                        | Reclose the compartment after servicing.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                        | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| recoil (v)   | MOVE BACK  | BE CAREFUL WHEN<br>THE SLIDE MOVES<br>BACK.  | Be careful when the slide recoils.                       |
|  | WIND (v)   | WIND THE PROBE<br>WIRE BACK ON THE<br>SPOOL.   | Recoil the probe wire back on the spool.                 |
|  | RECOIL (TN)  | THE GUN BARREL HAS<br>A QUICK RECOIL.  | The gun barrel recoils quickly.                          |
| RECOMMEND (v),<br>RECOMMENDS,<br>RECOMMENDED,<br>RECOMMENDED | To advise that which is best                             | THE MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDS THAT YOU KEEP THE UNIT IN A DEDICATED AREA.                          |  |
| recondition (v)  | REPAIR (v)   | REPAIR THE SEATS.  | Recondition the seats.                                   |
|  | OVERHAUL (TN)  | DO AN OVERHAUL OF THE ENGINE.  | Recondition the engine.                                  |
| reconstruction (n)   | REPAIR (n)   | RECORD ALL REPAIRS<br>TO THE SKIN<br>SURFACE.  | Record all reconstruction of the skin surface.           |
|  | REPAIR (v)   | THIS PROCEDURE TELLS YOU HOW TO REPAIR THE SURFACE.  | This procedure is for the reconstruction of the surface. |
| RECORD (v),<br>RECORDS,<br>RECORDED,<br>RECORDED             | To make notes of<br>and keep data to<br>use subsequently | RECORD THE<br>RESULTS.   |  |
|  | To put data on a storage medium                          | THE COCKPIT VOICE<br>RECORDER RECORDS<br>SIGNALS FROM FOUR<br>AUDIO INPUTS<br>DURING THE FLIGHT. |  |
| recover (v)  | COLLECT (v)  | REMOVE THE NUT<br>AND THE BOLT. THEN,<br>COLLECT THE<br>WASHER.                                  | Remove the nut and the bolt. Then, recover the washer.   |
| rectify (v)  | CORRECT (v)  | BEFORE YOU START<br>THE PROCEDURE<br>AGAIN, CORRECT THE<br>DEFECT.                               | Rectify the defect before you restart the procedure.     |
| recur (v)  | OCCUR (v)  | IF THE SYMPTOMS<br>OCCUR AGAIN, DO A<br>SYSTEM TEST.   | If the symptoms recur,<br>do a system test.              |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|--|---|
| RECYCLE (v),<br>RECYCLES,<br>RECYCLED,<br>RECYCLED | To put a used material through a process to make it possible to use it or its components again  For other meanings, use: | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU RECYCLE THE<br>REMOVED<br>INSULATION<br>MATERIAL.  |   |
|  | CYCLE (n)  | DO ONE MORE TEST<br>CYCLE OF THE<br>COMPONENT.   | Recycle the component through a test.                                 |
| reduce (v)   | DECREASE (v)   | SLOWLY DECREASE<br>THE SPEED.  | Slowly reduce the speed.  |
| REFER (v),<br>REFERS,<br>REFERRED,<br>REFERRED     | To tell a person     where to find     information   | REFER TO CHAPTER<br>28 FOR THE<br>INSTALLATION<br>PROCEDURE.   |   |
|  | 2. To give information   | BEFORE YOU DO THIS PROCEDURE, ENGAGE THE RAMP SERVICE DOOR SAFETY CONNECTOR PIN (THE PIN THAT HOLDS THE RAMP SERVICE DOOR, REFERRED TO IN THIS PROCEDURE AS THE "SAFETY CONNECTOR PIN"). |   |
| reference (n)                                      | REFER (v)  | REFER TO<br>CHAPTER 20 FOR THE<br>STANDARD TORQUE<br>VALUES.   | Reference is made to<br>Chapter 20 for the<br>standard torque values. |
| referenced (adj)                                   | SHOW (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>GRAPH SHOWS THIS<br>POINT.   | Make sure that this point is referenced on the graph.                 |
| refill (v)   | FILL (v)   | FILL THE CONTAINER AGAIN.  | Refill the container.   |
| refit (v)  | INSTALL (v)  | INSTALL THE LINKAGE<br>AGAIN.  | Refit the linkage.  |
|  | REPAIR (v)   | ON THE SUBMARINE,<br>REPAIR ALL DAMAGE<br>AND REPLACE ALL<br>WORN PARTS.   | Refit the submarine.  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| reflect (v)                                      | REFLECTION (n)  | THE RETICLE IMAGE MAKES A REFLECTION ON THE BOTTOM SURFACE OF THE GLASS. | The reticle image reflects on the bottom surface of the glass. |
| REFLECTION (n)                                   | Something that occurs when energy comes against a surface which sends it back | A CLEAN SURFACE<br>GIVES A BETTER<br>REFLECTION.                         |  |
| REFUEL (v),<br>REFUELS,<br>REFUELED,<br>REFUELED | To supply with fuel   | REFUEL THE VEHICLE.  |  |
| register (v)                                     | SHOW (v)  | ADJUST THE "SET +40"<br>CONTROL UNTIL THE<br>POINTER SHOWS +40.          | Adjust the "SET +40" control until the pointer registers +40.  |
| regrease (v)                                     | APPLY (v)   | APPLY GREASE TO<br>THE ROD AGAIN.  | Regrease the rod.  |
|  | MORE (adj)  | PUT MORE GREASE<br>ON THE JOINT UNTIL<br>YOU CAN MOVE IT.                | Regrease the joint until you can move it.                      |
| REGULAR (adj)                                    | At specified or equal intervals   | THE COMPUTER GIVES REGULAR INPUTS TO THE CONTROL SYSTEM.                 |  |
| REGULARLY (adv)                                  | In a regular manner   | IF THE FAILURE<br>OCCURS REGULARLY,<br>DO A SYSTEM TEST.                 |  |
| regulate (v)                                     | CONTROL (v)   | CONTROL THE<br>ELECTRICAL<br>CURRENT.                                    | Regulate the electrical current.                               |
|  | ADJUST (v)  | ADJUST THE TIRE<br>PRESSURE AS<br>NECESSARY.                             | Regulate the tire pressure as necessary.                       |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|---|---|
| regulation (n)                                   | ADJUSTMENT (n)   | THE TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT IS AUTOMATIC.                                  | The regulation of temperature is automatic.                               |
|  | CONTROL (n)  | THE TEMPERATURE CONTROL IS AUTOMATIC.                                     | The regulation of temperature is automatic.                               |
|  | CONTROL (v)  | A SENSOR CONTROLS<br>THE TEMPERATURE IN<br>THE COMPARTMENT.               | The regulation of temperature in the compartment is effected by a sensor. |
| reinflate (v)                                    | INFLATE (v)  | INFLATE THE TIRE<br>AGAIN.  | Reinflate the tire.   |
| reinforce (v)                                    | MAKE STRONGER  | DOUBLERS MAKE THE JOINT STRONGER.   | Doublers reinforce the joint.   |
| reinstall (v)                                    | INSTALL (v)  | AFTER YOU ADJUST<br>THE UNIT, INSTALL<br>THE COVER AGAIN.                 | Reinstall the cover after you adjust the unit.                            |
| reinstallation (n)                               | INSTALLATION (n)   | ONLY APPROVED PERSONNEL CAN DO THE INSTALLATION PROCEDURE.                | This reinstallation must be performed by qualified personnel.             |
| REJECT (v),<br>REJECTS,<br>REJECTED,<br>REJECTED | To make a decision that something is unsatisfactory  | REJECT THE PARTS<br>THAT ARE DAMAGED.                                     |   |
| rejection (n)                                    | REJECT (v)   | IF THE TEST IS NOT<br>SATISFACTORY,<br>REJECT THE<br>COMPONENT.           | Rejection is mandatory if the test proves the component to be defective.  |
| relate (v)                                       | RELATED (adj)  | THE PROCEDURES ARE RELATED TO THE SYSTEM TEST.                            | The procedures relate to the system test.                                 |
| RELATED (adj)                                    | That has a relation  | CLEAN THE BALLS OF<br>THE ELECTRICAL<br>LATCH AND ITS<br>RELATED SOCKETS. |   |
| RELATION (n)                                     | The connection between<br>two or more things<br>caused by their<br>functions, values, or<br>conditions | THE RELATION BETWEEN THE TWO CONTROL SYSTEMS KEEPS THE AIRCRAFT STABLE.   |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                        | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                                      |
|--|--|--|--|
| relay (v)  | SEND (v)   | SEND THE INFORMATION TO THE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.                      | Relay the information to the engineering department. |
| RELEASE (v),<br>RELEASES,<br>RELEASED,<br>RELEASED | To make free, to let go                                  | RELEASE THE INSTRUMENT PANEL TO GET ACCESS TO THE CONNECTIONS.           |  |
| relevant (adj)                                     | RELATED (adj)  | REMOVE THE ROD<br>END FROM THE<br>RELATED PIVOT.                         | Withdraw the rod end from the relevant pivot.        |
|  | THEIR (adj)  | INSTALL THE BOLTS IN THEIR HOLES.  | Install the bolts in the relevant holes.             |
|  | ITS (adj)  | INSTALL THE<br>COMPUTER IN ITS<br>RACK.                                  | Install the computer in the relevant rack.           |
| relieve (v)  | RELEASE (v)  | RELEASE THE<br>TENSION IN THE<br>CABLE.                                  | Relieve the tension in the cable.                    |
| remain (v)   | STAY (v)   | THE FLAGS MUST<br>STAY OUT OF VIEW.                                      | The flags must remain out of view.                   |
| REMAINING (adj)                                    | That continues to stay                                   | REMOVE THE<br>REMAINING SEALANT<br>WITH SOLVENT.                         |  |
| remnant (n)  | REMAINING (adj)  | REMOVE THE<br>REMAINING SEALANT<br>FROM THE FLOOR<br>COVERING.           | Remove sealant remnants from the floor covering.     |
| removable (adj)                                    | REMOVE (v)   | FIND THE PART OF<br>THE BARREL THAT<br>YOU CAN REMOVE.                   | Find the removable part of the barrel.               |
| REMOVAL (n)  | A procedure which removes an object                      | THE SUPERVISOR MUST GIVE THE APPLICABLE PROCEDURE FOR CORROSION REMOVAL. |  |
| REMOVE (v),<br>REMOVES,<br>REMOVED,<br>REMOVED     | To take or move something away from its initial position | REMOVE THE INDICATOR FROM THE PANEL.                                     |  |
| render (v)   | MAKE (v)   | MAKE THE SYSTEM<br>ELECTRICALLY SAFE.                                    | Render the system electrically safe.                 |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                             | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| renew (v)  | NEW (adj)   | USE NEW ADHESIVE<br>TAPE.  | Renew the adhesive tape.  |
| renovate (v)                                     | REPAIR (v)  | REPAIR ALL WORN<br>SURFACES.   | Renovate all worn surfaces.   |
|  | NEW (adj)   | IF THE PAINT ON THE<br>CONTROL BOX IS<br>DAMAGED, APPLY<br>NEW PAINT.  | Renovate any damaged paint on the control box.                                      |
| repack (v)                                       | PUT (v)   | PUT THE ASSEMBLY<br>BACK IN THE BOX.   | Repack the assembly in the box.   |
|  | FILL (v)  | FILL THE HOLE WITH GREASE AGAIN.   | Repack the hole with grease.  |
| repaint (v)                                      | PAINT (v)   | PAINT ALL THE<br>SURFACES AGAIN.   | Repaint all the surfaces.   |
| REPAIR (n)                                       | The act of repairing or the result when something is repaired | AFTER THE REPAIR,<br>APPLY A PROTECTIVE<br>LAYER OF GREASE TO<br>ALL EXTERNAL<br>SURFACES.                         |   |
| REPAIR (v),<br>REPAIRS,<br>REPAIRED,<br>REPAIRED | To make an item serviceable                                   | REPAIR THE<br>DEFECTIVE WIRING.  |   |
| repairable (adj)                                 | REPAIR (v)  | IT IS POSSIBLE TO<br>REPAIR THIS<br>DAMAGE.  | This damage is repairable.  |
| repeat (v)                                       | AGAIN (adv)   | DO STEPS (10) THRU<br>(14) AGAIN.  | Repeat steps (10) to (14).  |
| repeated (adj)                                   | AGAIN AND AGAIN   | IF YOU HEAR SIGNALS<br>AGAIN AND AGAIN, DO<br>A CHECK OF THE "AP<br>ENGAGE" BUTTON ON<br>THE FLIGHT MODE<br>PANEL. | If repeated signals are heard, check the AP ENGAGE button on the flight mode panel. |
| repeatedly (adv)                                 | AGAIN AND AGAIN   | IF THE VOLTAGE DECREASES AGAIN AND AGAIN, ADJUST THE VOLTAGE REGULATOR.  | If voltage drops repeatedly, adjust the voltage regulator.                          |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|---|---|
| REPLACE (v),<br>REPLACES,<br>REPLACED,<br>REPLACED | To remove an item and to install a new or serviceable item of the same type | REPLACE THE RELAY.  |   |
| REPLACEMENT (n)                                    | The item you install when you replace an item                               | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>REPLACEMENT HAS<br>THE CORRECT<br>DIMENSIONS. |   |
| replenish (v)                                      | FILL (v)  | FILL THE<br>ACCUMULATOR WITH<br>OIL.                                | Replenish the accumulator with oil.                                 |
|  | ADD (v)   | ADD OIL TO THE ACCUMULATOR.   | Replenish the oil in the accumulator.                               |
|  | REFUEL (v)  | REFUEL THE VEHICLE.   | Replenish the vehicle with fuel.                                    |
| REPORT (n)   | The information that is recorded about a subject or occurrence              | IF THERE IS A<br>REPORT OF DAMAGE,<br>DO AN ACCURATE<br>INSPECTION. |   |
| reposition (v)                                     | MOVE (v)  | MOVE THE LEVER<br>BACK TO ITS INITIAL<br>POSITION.                  | Reposition the lever.   |
|  | PUT (v)   | PUT THE LEVER BACK<br>TO ITS INITIAL<br>POSITION.                   | Reposition the lever.   |
|  | SET (v)   | SET THE SWITCH<br>BACK TO THE OFF<br>POSITION.                      | Reposition the switch to OFF.                                       |
| represent (v)                                      | SHOW (v)  | THE SUCTION SHOWS<br>AS AN ALTIMETER<br>INDICATION.                 | The suction is represented by an altimeter reading.                 |
| repressurize (v)                                   | PRESSURIZE (v)  | PRESSURIZE THE<br>TANK AGAIN.                                       | Repressurize the tank.  |
| request (n)  | TELL (v)  | TELL THE FIRE<br>SERVICE TO HELP<br>YOU.                            | Make a request for external fire support.                           |
|  | WRITE (v)   | IF AID IS NECESSARY,<br>WRITE TO THE<br>MANUFACTURER.               | Any request for assistance should be addressed to the manufacturer. |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| request (v)              | TELL (v)                            | TELL THE FIRE<br>SERVICE TO HELP<br>YOU.                              | Request external fire support.   |
|                          | WRITE (v)                           | WRITE TO THE MANUFACTURER FOR REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS.                    | Request repair instructions from the manufacturer.                         |
| require (v)              | NECESSARY (adj)                     | DURING THIS<br>PROCEDURE, CLEAN<br>FILTERS ARE<br>NECESSARY.          | During this procedure, clean filters are required.                         |
| reseal (v)               | SEAL (v)                            | SEAL THE CONTAINER AGAIN.   | Reseal the container.  |
| reset (v)                | SET (v)                             | SET THE INDICATOR TO A NEW POSITION.                                  | Reset the indicator to a new position.                                     |
| residual (adj)           | REMAINING (adj)                     | REMOVE ALL THE<br>REMAINING GREASE.                                   | Remove all residual grease.  |
| residue (n)              | REMAINING (adj)                     | REMOVE THE<br>REMAINING GREASE.                                       | Remove the grease residues.  |
| RESISTANT (adj)          | That will help to prevent something | THE MATERIAL OF<br>THE SEATS IS<br>RESISTANT TO FIRE.                 |  |
| respective (adj)         | RELATED (adj)                       | ATTACH THE CABLES<br>TO THEIR RELATED<br>SHACKLES.                    | Attach the cables to their respective shackles.                            |
|                          | CORRECT (adj)                       | INSTALL THE BOLTS IN THEIR CORRECT POSITIONS.                         | Install the bolts in their respective positions.                           |
| respectively (adv)       | RELATED (adj)                       | ENGINES 1 AND 2<br>SUPPLY HOT AIR TO<br>THEIR RELATED<br>WINGS.       | Engines 1 and 2 supply the left and right wings respectively with hot air. |
| respond (v)              | RESULT (n)                          | IF THE INSTRUMENT<br>DOES NOT GIVE A<br>RESULT, DO A TEST.            | If the instrument fails to respond, do a test.                             |
| rest (n)                 | REMAINING (adj)                     | THE REMAINING INSTRUCTIONS ARE APPLICABLE ONLY TO APPROVED PERSONNEL. | The rest of these instructions only apply to approved personnel.           |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES           | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| rest (v)                 | BE (v)                                      | THE VEHICLE MUST<br>BE ON ITS WHEELS.                                      | The vehicle must rest on its wheels.                         |
|                          | PUT (v)                                     | PUT THE REMOVED PART ON A CLEAN SURFACE.                                   | Rest the removed part on a clean surface.                    |
| restart (v)              | START (v)                                   | START THE UNIT<br>AGAIN.   | Restart the unit.  |
| restore (v)              | REPAIR (v)                                  | DO NOT REPAIR THE<br>CHROMIC ACID<br>ANODIZING ON THE<br>SKIN PANEL.       | Do not restore the chromic acid anodizing on the skin panel. |
|                          | PUT (v)                                     | PUT THE PINS BACK IN THEIR LOCATION.                                       | Restore the pins to their location.                          |
| restrain (v)             | HOLD (v)                                    | HOLD THE HOSES IN POSITION.  | Restrain the hoses in position.                              |
|                          | STOP (v)                                    | STOP THE FLUID FLOW.   | Restrain all fluid flow.                                     |
|                          | PREVENT (v)                                 | THE STOP PREVENTS<br>THE MOVEMENT OF<br>THE ROD.                           | The stop restrains the movement of the rod.                  |
|                          | LIMIT (n)                                   | THE VALVE KEEPS<br>THE AIRFLOW IN<br>LIMITS.                               | The valve restrains the airflow.                             |
| restrict (v)             | DECREASE (v)                                | THE METERING PLUG<br>DECREASES THE<br>FUEL FLOW.                           | The metering plug restricts the fuel flow.                   |
|                          | PREVENT (v)                                 | THE STOP PREVENTS THE MOVEMENT OF THE ROD.                                 | The stop restricts the movement of the rod.                  |
|                          | ONLY (adv)                                  | USE THESE NUTS ONLY FOR THE TEST.  | Restrict the use of these nuts to test only.                 |
|                          | LIMIT (n)                                   | THE VALVE KEEPS<br>THE AIRFLOW IN<br>LIMITS.                               | The valve restricts the airflow.                             |
| RESULT (n)               | Something that occurs when you do something | IF THESE TESTS DO<br>NOT GIVE THE<br>CORRECT RESULTS,<br>REPLACE THE UNIT. |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                |
|--|------------------------------------|---|--|
| result (v)   | CAUSE (v)                          | AN INCORRECT<br>CONNECTION WILL<br>CAUSE DAMAGE.  | An incorrect connection will result in damage. |
|  | RESULT (n)                         | REPAIR DAMAGE<br>THAT IS THE RESULT<br>OF CORROSION.  | Repair any damage resulting from corrosion.    |
| resume (v)   | START (v)                          | INCREASE THE PRESSURE UNTIL THE FLOW STARTS AGAIN.  | Increase the pressure until the flow resumes.  |
|  | CONTINUE (v)                       | CONTINUE THE TEST.  | Resume the test.                               |
| retain (v)   | KEEP (v)                           | KEEP THE PLUG.  | Retain the plug.                               |
| retorque (v)   | TORQUE (v)                         | TORQUE THE FITTING AGAIN.   | Retorque the fitting.                          |
| retouch (v)  | APPLY (v)                          | APPLY ENAMEL ON<br>THE AREAS WHERE IT<br>IS MISSING.  | Retouch the missing enamel areas.              |
|  | PAINT (v)                          | PAINT THE DAMAGED<br>LETTERS ON THE<br>LABEL.   | Retouch the damaged label letters.             |
| RETRACT (v),<br>RETRACTS,<br>RETRACTED,<br>RETRACTED | 1. To pull in(to)                  | RETRACT THE<br>LANDING GEAR.  |  |
|  | 2. To move in(to)                  | THE NOSE LANDING<br>GEAR RETRACTS<br>INTO THE FUSELAGE.   |  |
| retractable (adj)                                    | RETRACT (v)                        | THE AIRCRAFT HAS A LANDING GEAR THAT RETRACTS.  | The aircraft has a retractable landing gear.   |
| RETRACTION (n)                                       | The result when something retracts | DURING THE RETRACTION SEQUENCE, MAKE SURE THAT THE LANDING GEAR DOORS CLOSE.                        |  |
| return (n)   | GO (v)                             | AFTER THE AILERONS<br>GO BACK TO<br>NEUTRAL, MAKE SURE<br>THAT THEY ARE<br>FLUSH WITH THE<br>FLAPS. | ailerons to neutral, check                     |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| return (v)               | GO (v)   | THE PLUNGERS MUST<br>GO BACK TO THE<br>CLOSED POSITION.                   | Plungers must return to the closed position.             |
| reusable (adj)           | USE (v)  | YOU CAN USE THE MIXTURE AGAIN.  | The mixture is reusable.                                 |
| reuse (v)                | USE (v)  | IF THE FABRIC IS NOT<br>DAMAGED, USE IT<br>AGAIN.                         | Reuse the fabric if it is not damaged.                   |
| reveal (v)               | SHOW (v)   | IF THE FUEL SAMPLE<br>SHOWS FREE WATER,<br>DRAIN THE SYSTEM.              | If the fuel sample reveals free water, drain the system. |
| reverse (adj)            | OPPOSITE (adj)   | MOVE THE CONTROL IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION.                               | Move the control in the reverse direction.               |
|                          | This word is part of a technical noun when it refers to rearward thrust. | MANUALLY TURN THE<br>PROPELLER BLADES<br>TO THE FULL<br>REVERSE POSITION. |  |
| reverse (v)              | OPPOSITE (adj)   | MOVE THE ROD IN<br>THE OPPOSITE<br>DIRECTION.                             | Reverse the movement of the rod.                         |
| review (n)               | INSPECTION (n)   | DO AN INSPECTION<br>OF THE DAMAGED<br>AREA.                               | Do a review of the damaged area.                         |
|                          | EXAMINE (v)  | EXAMINE THE DAMAGED AREA.   | Do a review of the damaged area.                         |
| rewind (v)               | WIND (v)   | WIND THE CABLE<br>BACK ONTO ITS REEL.                                     | Rewind the cable onto its reel.                          |
| rework (v)               | Refer to technical verbs, manufacturing processes.                       | EXAMINE FOR<br>SCRATCHES. THEN,<br>LIGHTLY POLISH ALL<br>DAMAGED AREAS.   | Examine for scratches and rework all damaged areas.      |
| rig (v)                  | ADJUST (v)   | ADJUST THE SYSTEM.  | Rig the system.  |
| RIGHT (adj)              | On the east side when you look north                                     | DO A FLOW CHECK OF<br>THE PUMP IN THE<br>RIGHT WING TANK.                 |  |
| right-hand (adj)         | RIGHT (adj)  | THE FUEL<br>CONNECTOR IS IN<br>THE RIGHT WING.                            | The fuel connector is in the right-hand wing.            |
| RIGID (adj)              | That cannot easily bend or change shape                                  | REMOVE THE<br>SCREWS FROM THE<br>RIGID COVER.                             |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)              | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                       | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| rinse (v)                             | FLUSH (v)   | FLUSH THE FILTER<br>WITH HOT WATER.  | Rinse the filter in hot running water.                                   |
|                                       | REMOVE (v)  | REMOVE THE<br>CLEANING AGENT<br>FROM THE SURFACE.  | Rinse the cleaning agent from the surface.                               |
|                                       | CLEAN (v)   | CLEAN THE WINDOW<br>PANE WITH A LARGE<br>QUANTITY OF WATER.                                      | Rinse the window pane with a large quantity of water.                    |
| ripped (adj)                          | DAMAGED (adj)   | IF THE SEAT COVER IS<br>DAMAGED, REPLACE<br>IT.  | If the seat cover is ripped, replace it.                                 |
| rise (n)                              | INCREASE (v)  | WHEN A FIRE STARTS,<br>THE TEMPERATURE<br>INCREASES AND<br>CAUSES THE<br>DETECTOR TO<br>OPERATE. | When a fire starts, the temperature rise causes the detector to operate. |
| rise (v)                              | INCREASE (v)  | FILL THE STRUT WITH<br>FLUID UNTIL THE<br>PRESSURE<br>INCREASES.                                 | Fill the strut with fuel until the pressure rises.                       |
| RISK (n)                              | The possibility that something that is dangerous occurs | OBEY THE<br>PRECAUTIONS TO<br>PREVENT THE RISK<br>OF FIRE.                                       |  |
| rope off (v)                          | ROPE (TN)   | PUT ROPES AROUND<br>THE AREA.  | Rope off the area.   |
| rotary (adj)                          | TURN (v)  | TURN THE GEARS TO<br>ALIGN THEM.   | Use a rotary movement to align the gears.                                |
| rotate (v)                            | TURN (v)  | SLOWLY TURN THE VANE.  | Slowly rotate the vane.  |
| rotation (n)                          | TURN (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE FAN TURNS FREELY.   | Ensure the free rotation of the fan.                                     |
| rotational (adj)                      | TURN (v)  | TURN THE GEARS TO<br>ALIGN THEM.   | Use a rotational movement to align the gears.                            |
| ROUGH (adj)<br>(ROUGHER,<br>ROUGHEST) | Not smooth  | CLEAN THE ROUGH<br>SURFACES<br>CAREFULLY.  |  |
| roughen (v)                           | ROUGH (adj)   | MAKE THE FAYING<br>SURFACES ROUGH.   | Roughen the faying surfaces.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| roughness (n)                          | ROUGH (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>AREA OF THE BOND IS<br>SUFFICIENTLY<br>ROUGH.                                 | Make sure the area of the bond has sufficient roughness. |
| round (adj)                            | CIRCULAR (adj)   | REPAIR THE DAMAGE<br>WITH A CIRCULAR<br>PATCH.  | Repair the damage with a round patch.                    |
| ROUNDED (adj)                          | Not angular  | WHEN YOU INSTALL<br>THE PART, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE<br>ROUNDED EDGE IS<br>AGAINST THE<br>STRUCTURE. |  |
| route (n)                              | ROUTING (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU DO NOT CHANGE<br>THE WIRE ROUTING.  | Make sure you do not change the wire routes.             |
| route (v)                              | PUT (v)  | PUT THE FUELING<br>HOSE ALONG THE<br>GROUND.  | Route the fueling hose along the ground.                 |
|  | ROUTING (n)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE ROUTING OF THE WIRE IS CORRECT.  | Make sure that the wiring is correctly routed.           |
| routine (adj)                          | USUAL (adj)  | IF SUCH FAILURES<br>BECOME USUAL,<br>REPLACE THE UNIT.  | If such failures become routine, replace the unit.       |
| ROUTING (n)                            | The specified direction that cables, pipes, wires, and other parts of a system must go along | DO NOT CHANGE THE<br>ROUTING OF THE<br>PIPE.  |  |
| ROW (n)                                | A number of objects in a line  | THE PANELS ARE INSTALLED IN ROWS.   |  |
| RUB (v),<br>RUBS,<br>RUBBED,<br>RUBBED | To move or cause something to move with pressure and friction along a surface                | RUB THE SURFACE<br>WITH A CLEAN CLOTH.  |  |
|  |  | MAKE SURE THAT THE COILS OF THE OXYGEN HOSE DO NOT RUB TOGETHER.                                    |  |
| run (v)                                | OPERATE (v)  | OPERATE THE<br>ENGINE AT 100%<br>THRUST.  | Run the engine at 100% thrust.                           |
| running (adj)                          | FLUSH (v)  | FLUSH THE PIPES<br>WITH WATER.  | Clean the pipes with running water.                      |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech)                          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|---|---|--|
| SAFE (adj)<br>(SAFER,<br>SAFEST)                  | Not dangerous,<br>disarmed  | BEFORE YOU<br>CONTINUE THE<br>WORK, MAKE THE<br>AREA SAFE.                |  |
| SAFELY (adv)                                      | In a safe manner  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>LADDER IS SAFELY<br>ATTACHED.                       |  |
| SAFETY (n)  | A condition that is safe  | FOR YOUR SAFETY,<br>ALWAYS USE A<br>PROTECTIVE MASK.                      |  |
| SAFETY (v),<br>SAFETIES,<br>SAFETIED,<br>SAFETIED | To prevent accidental operation   | OPEN AND TAG THE<br>CIRCUIT BREAKERS.<br>THEN, SAFETY THEM.               |  |
|   | <ol><li>To make sure that<br/>something does not<br/>become loose</li></ol> | SAFETY THE NUT<br>WITH LOCKWIRE.  |  |
| safety-clip (v)                                   | LOCK (v)<br>(WITH A CLIP [TN] OR<br>CLIPS [TN])                             | LOCK THE<br>TURNBUCKLE ON THE<br>CONTROL ROD WITH<br>A CLIP.              | Safety-clip the turnbuckle on the control rod.         |
|   | SAFETY (v)<br>(WITH A CLIP [TN] OR<br>CLIPS [TN])                           | OPEN AND TAG THE<br>CIRCUIT BREAKER.<br>THEN, SAFETY IT<br>WITH A CLIP.   | Open, tag, and safety-clip the circuit breaker.        |
| safety-wire (v)                                   | LOCK (v)<br>(WITH LOCKWIRE [TN])  | LOCK THE COVER TO<br>THE FIRE<br>EXTINGUISHER<br>SWITCH WITH<br>LOCKWIRE. | Safety-wire the cover to the fire extinguisher switch. |
|   | SAFETY (v)<br>(WITH SAFETY WIRE<br>[TN])                                    | SAFETY THE NUT<br>WITH SAFETY WIRE.                                       | Safety-wire the nut.                                   |
| SAME (adj)  | Agrees in all details   | THE SAME PROCEDURE IS APPLICABLE TO THE TWO UNITS.                        |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                   |
|--|---|---|---|
| SAME (pron)  | Agrees in all details   | THE ADJUSTMENT OF<br>THE LEFT AND RIGHT<br>ACTUATORS MUST BE<br>THE SAME. |   |
| SAMPLE (n)   | A piece or quantity of something that you use for an inspection or test procedure to show that it has specified qualities | GET A SAMPLE OF<br>THE FUEL. THEN,<br>MEASURE ITS<br>SPECIFIC GRAVITY.    |   |
| sample (v)   | SAMPLE (n)  | GET A SAMPLE OF<br>FUEL. THEN, DO A<br>TEST FOR WATER<br>CONTAMINATION.   | Sample and test the fuel for water contamination. |
| SATISFACTORILY (adv)                                   | In a satisfactory manner  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>MICROSWITCHES<br>OPERATE<br>SATISFACTORILY.         |   |
| SATISFACTORY<br>(adj)                                  | Agrees with all that is necessary   | A CLEARANCE OF<br>3 mm IS<br>SATISFACTORY.                                |   |
| saturate (v)   | SOAK (v)  | SOAK THE ELEMENT<br>FOR FOUR HOURS.                                       | Saturate the element for four hours.              |
| save (v)   | KEEP (v)  | KEEP THE O-RINGS<br>FOR THE<br>SUBSEQUENT<br>PROCEDURES.                  | Save the O-rings for the subsequent procedures.   |
| scan (v)   | EXAMINE (v)   | EXAMINE THE<br>SURFACE ALONG THE<br>TRAILING EDGE.                        | Scan the surface along the trailing edge.         |
|  | SCAN (TN)   | THE ANTENNA DOES A SCAN THROUGH 80 DEG.                                   | Antenna scans through 80 deg.                     |
| SCHEDULE (v),<br>SCHEDULES,<br>SCHEDULED,<br>SCHEDULED | To plan something in a time or a sequence   | SCHEDULE THE<br>CHECKS OF THE<br>TIRES AT REGULAR<br>INTERVALS.           |   |
| scored (adj)   | SCORE (TN)  | IF THE BEARING RACE<br>HAS SCORES,<br>REPLACE IT.                         | If the bearing race is scored, replace it.        |
| scrap (v)  | DISCARD (v)   | DISCARD THE<br>REMOVED SEAL.  | Scrap the removed seal.                           |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| scrape (v)                               | REMOVE (v)<br>(WITH A SCRAPER<br>[TN])              | REMOVE THE<br>REMAINING SEALANT<br>WITH AN APPLICABLE<br>SCRAPER.      | Scrape off the old sealant.  |
| scratched (adj)                          | SCRATCH (TN)  | REPAIR THE<br>SURFACES THAT<br>HAVE SCRATCHES.                         | Repair the scratched surfaces.   |
| screw (v)                                | TURN (v)  | CONTINUE TO TURN THE END FITTING UNTIL IT IS IN THE CORRECT POSITION.  | Continue screwing the end fitting until it is in the correct position. |
|  | ATTACH (v)<br>(WITH A SCREW [TN]<br>OR SCREWS [TN]) | ATTACH THE STRAPS<br>TO THE PANELS WITH<br>SCREWS.                     | Screw the straps to the panels.  |
| scrub (v)                                | CLEAN (v)<br>(WITH A BRUSH [TN])                    | CLEAN THE METAL<br>PARTS WITH A<br>BRUSH.                              | Scrub all metal parts.   |
| SEAL (n)                                 | Something that prevents access or leaks             | APPLY SEALANT TO<br>THE FILLET SEALS.                                  |  |
| SEAL (v),<br>SEALS,<br>SEALED,<br>SEALED | To prevent access or leaks                          | SEAL THE OPENINGS<br>WITH POLYETHYLENE.                                |  |
| search (v)                               | EXAMINE (v)   | EXAMINE THE<br>SURFACE FOR<br>CRACKS.                                  | Search the surface for cracks.   |
| seat (v)                                 | INSTALL (v)   | INSTALL THE O-RING<br>IN ITS GROOVE ON<br>THE PISTON.                  | Seat the O-ring in its groove on the piston.                           |
|  | AGAINST (prep)                                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE VALVE IS IN ITS CORRECT POSITION AGAINST THE FRAME. | Make sure that the valve is seated on the frame.                       |
| SECONDARY (adj)                          | Second in importance                                | THE SECONDARY FILTER REMOVES THE REMAINING CONTAMINATION.              |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| secure (adj)             | TIGHT (adj)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>BOLTS ARE TIGHT.                            | Make sure that the bolts are secure.                      |
|                          | SAFE (adj)                        | BEFORE YOU LIFT<br>THE PLATFORM, MAKE<br>SURE THAT IT IS<br>SAFE. | Make sure that the platform is secure before you lift it. |
|                          | CORRECTLY (adv)                   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>BRACKETS ARE<br>CORRECTLY<br>ATTACHED.      | Check the brackets for secure attachment.                 |
| secure (v)               | ATTACH (v)                        | REMOVE THE BOLTS<br>THAT ATTACH THE<br>UNIT.                      | Remove the bolts that secure the unit.                    |
|                          | SAFETY (v)                        | SAFETY THE PULLEY<br>GUARD PINS WITH<br>SPLIT PINS.               | Secure the pulley guard pins with split pins.             |
| securely (adv)           | CORRECTLY (adv)                   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>BRACKETS ARE<br>CORRECTLY<br>ATTACHED.      | Make sure that the brackets are securely attached.        |
|                          | SAFELY (adv)                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE LADDER IS SAFELY ATTACHED.                     | Make sure the ladder is securely attached.                |
|                          | TIGHT (adj)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE BOLTS ARE TIGHT.                               | Make sure that the bolts are securely installed.          |
| security (n)             | CORRECTLY (adv)                   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>COMPONENTS ARE<br>CORRECTLY<br>ATTACHED.    | Check the security of the components.                     |

| Word<br>(part of speech)          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| SEE (v),<br>SEES,<br>SAW,<br>SEEN | To know with the eyes             | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU CAN SEE THE<br>CABLE THROUGH THE<br>INSPECTION HOLE. |  |
|                                   | For other meanings, use:          |  |  |
|                                   | REFER (v)                         | REFER TO TABLE 8001<br>FOR THE APPLICABLE<br>TORQUE VALUES.                | See Table 8001 for the applicable torque values.                         |
|                                   | EXAMINE (v)                       | EXAMINE THE<br>MEMBRANE FOR<br>HOLES.                                      | Check the membrane to see if there are holes.                            |
|                                   | MAKE SURE (v)                     | MOVE THE TUBE TO MAKE SURE THAT ITS INNER CONNECTION IS TIGHT.             | Move the tube to see if its inner connection is tight.                   |
| seek (v)                          | GET (v)                           | GET MEDICAL AID IMMEDIATELY.   | Seek medical attention immediately.                                      |
| seepage (n)                       | LEAKAGE (n)                       | CLEAN THE AREAS<br>WHERE THERE IS<br>HYDRAULIC FLUID<br>LEAKAGE.           | Clean the areas where there is hydraulic fluid seepage.                  |
| seized (adj)                      | CATCH (v)                         | IF THE CONTROL CABLE IS CAUGHT IN THE PULLEY, RELEASE THE CABLE TENSION.   | If the control cable is seized in the pulley, release the cable tension. |
|                                   | MOVE (v)                          | IF YOU CANNOT MOVE<br>THE BOLTS, APPLY<br>SOME PENETRATING<br>OIL.         | If the bolts are seized, apply some penetrating oil.                     |
|                                   | TURN (v)                          | IF THE FLAP CONTROL<br>MOTOR CANNOT<br>TURN, USE THE<br>ALTERNATIVE MODE.  | If the flap control motor is seized, use the alternate mode.             |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES              | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                        |
|--|--|--|--|
| SELECT (v),<br>SELECTS,<br>SELECTED,<br>SELECTED | To make a choice                               | SELECT THE<br>HYDRAULIC SYSTEM<br>THAT YOU WILL<br>PRESSURIZE.                         |  |
|  |  | SELECT A LANGUAGE FROM THE MENU.   |  |
|  | Do not use this word as a synonym for SET (v). | SET THE SWITCH TO "TEST."  | Select the switch to TEST.             |
| SELECTION (n)                                    | The action or result of choosing               | THE OPERATION OF<br>THE INDICATOR DOES<br>NOT PREVENT THE<br>SELECTION OF<br>SYSTEM 1. |  |
| SEMICIRCULAR (adj)                               | That has the shape of half a circle            | THE VALVE FLAPS<br>ARE SEMICIRCULAR.   |  |
| SEND (v),<br>SENDS,<br>SENT,<br>SENT             | To cause to go                                 | SEND THE FILTER ELEMENT TO THE MAINTENANCE SHOP FOR THE NECESSARY INSPECTION.          |  |
| SENSE (v),<br>SENSES,<br>SENSED,<br>SENSED       | To get an input automatically                  | THE TEMPERATURE BULB SENSES THE EXTERNAL AIR TEMPERATURE.                              |  |
| SENSITIVE (adj)                                  | That can sense small changes                   | THE CAPSULE IS<br>SENSITIVE TO<br>PRESSURE CHANGES.                                    |  |
| separable (adj)                                  | DISASSEMBLE (v)                                | YOU CAN<br>DISASSEMBLE THIS<br>UNIT INTO TWO<br>PARTS.                                 | This unit is separable into two parts. |
|  | DISCONNECT (v)                                 | YOU CAN<br>DISCONNECT THESE<br>LINE FITTINGS.  | These line fittings are separable.     |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| separate (adj)           | ISOLATED (adj)  | EACH HYDRAULIC<br>SYSTEM IS FULLY<br>ISOLATED.                        | All hydraulic systems are completely separate.             |
|                          | DIFFERENT (adj)   | PUT THE REMAINING<br>PARTS IN A<br>DIFFERENT<br>CONTAINER.            | Put the remaining parts in a separate container.           |
|                          | NOT CONNECTED   | THESE TWO TRACKS<br>ARE NOT CONNECTED<br>TO THE OTHER TWO.            | These two tracks are separate from the other two.          |
|                          | NOT ATTACHED  | THE CAP IS NOT<br>ATTACHED TO THE<br>COUPLING.                        | The cap is separate from the coupling.                     |
| separate (v)             | DISCONNECT (v)  | DISCONNECT THE LINE FITTINGS.   | Separate the line fittings.                                |
|                          | DIVIDE (v)  | YOU CAN DIVIDE THE DRAINS INTO THREE GROUPS.                          | You can separate the drains into three groups.             |
| separately (adv)         | INDEPENDENTLY (adv)   | THE SYSTEM MONITORS THE CONDITION OF THE PARTS INDEPENDENTLY.         | The system monitors the condition of the parts separately. |
| SEPARATION (n)           | The action or result of separating  | SEPARATION OF<br>THESE PARTS IS NOT<br>EASY.                          |  |
| SEQUENCE (n)             | The relation of items that follow one after the other in a list or the relation of steps or events that occur one after the other in time | TIGHTEN THE BOLTS<br>IN THE SEQUENCE<br>THAT IS GIVEN IN<br>FIGURE 3. |  |
| serious (adj)            | IMPORTANT (adj)   | VIRUS CONTAMINATION IS AN IMPORTANT PROBLEM.                          | Virus contamination is a serious problem.                  |
|                          | DANGEROUS (adj)   | HYDRAULIC FLUID IS<br>DANGEROUS FOR<br>YOUR EYES.                     | Hydraulic fluid can cause serious eye injury.              |



| Word<br>(part of speech)         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| serrated (adj)                   | SERRATION (n)  | USE GLOVES WHEN<br>YOU TOUCH PARTS<br>WITH EDGE<br>SERRATIONS.             | Use gloves when handling parts with serrated edges.                           |
| SERRATION (n)                    | One or more notches or teeth as in a saw                         | MAKE MARKS THAT<br>SHOW THE LOCATION<br>OF THE SERRATIONS.                 |   |
| serve (v)                        | Use an accurate verb.  | THE RADIO MASTER<br>SWITCH CONTROLS<br>THE BUS BAR.                        | The radio master switch serves to control the bus bar.                        |
| service (v)                      | SERVICING (n)  | DO THE SERVICING<br>OF THE FIRE<br>EXTINGUISHERS.                          | Service the fire extinguishers.   |
| serviceability (n)               | SERVICEABLE (adj)  | THE TIRE IS<br>SERVICEABLE IF THE<br>CUTS ARE SMALLER<br>THAN 10 mm.       | The serviceability of the tire is not affected by any cut smaller than 10 mm. |
| SERVICEABLE<br>(adj)             | Correct or satisfactory  | DO A VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE ADAPTER TO MAKE SURE THAT IT IS SERVICEABLE. |   |
| SERVICING (n)                    | The steps necessary to prepare something for operation           | BEFORE YOU DO<br>SERVICING OF THE<br>HYDRAULIC SYSTEM,<br>ISOLATE IT.      |   |
| SET (n)                          | A group of related items that you (can) use for the same purpose | USE THE SET OF<br>TOOLS THAT IS<br>SUPPLIED WITH THE<br>UNIT.              |   |
| SET (v),<br>SETS,<br>SET,<br>SET | To put something into a given adjustment, condition, or mode     | SET THE ALTIMETER<br>SCALE TO 1013 mbar.                                   |   |
| setting (n)                      | ADJUSTMENT (n)   | DO NOT CHANGE THE ADJUSTMENT OF THE SWITCHES.                              | Do not change the setting of the switches.                                    |
|                                  | POSITION (n)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE POSITION OF THE FLAPS IS EIGHT DEG.                     | Check flaps for eight deg. setting.   |
|                                  | SET (v)  | THE MANUFACTURER<br>SETS THE LENGTH OF<br>THE ROD IN THE<br>FACTORY.       | Setting of the rod length is achieved in the factory.                         |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|--|---|--|
| settle (v)                                | COLLECT (v)  | LET THE SEDIMENT<br>COLLECT AT THE<br>BOTTOM OF THE<br>CONTAINER.                 | Let the sediment settle at the bottom of the container.    |
|   | STABLE (adj)   | LET THE INDICATIONS BECOME STABLE.  | Let the indications settle.                                |
| sever (v)                                 | CUT (v)  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU DO NOT CUT THE<br>CONTROL CABLE.                            | Make sure you do not sever the control cable.              |
| several (adj)                             | SOME (adj)   | SOME FUNCTIONS<br>ARE NOT AVAILABLE.  | Several functions are not available.                       |
|   | If this alternative is not sufficient, give the range, quantity, number, or minimum value. | SOAK THE FILLER<br>CAPS IN DISTILLED<br>WATER FOR A<br>MINIMUM OF<br>EIGHT HOURS. | Soak the filler caps in distilled water for several hours. |
| severe (adj)                              | DANGEROUS (adj)  | THIS ANTISEPTIC CAN<br>BE DANGEROUS FOR<br>YOUR SKIN.                             | This antiseptic can cause severe skin problems.            |
| SHAKE (v),<br>SHAKES,<br>SHOOK,<br>SHAKEN | To move or cause to move quickly up and down or from side to side                          | SHAKE THE<br>CONTAINER.   |  |
|   |  | THE CONTROL<br>COLUMN STARTS TO<br>SHAKE BEFORE A<br>STALL OCCURS.                |  |
| shall (v)                                 | MUST (v)   | HOLES MUST NOT<br>HAVE SHARP EDGES.   | Holes shall not have sharp edges.                          |
| SHAPE (n)                                 | The contour of an object   | THE PATCH MUST BE<br>THE SAME SHAPE AS<br>THE CUTOUT.                             |  |
| shape (v)                                 | SHAPE (n)  | MAKE THE PATCH THE<br>SAME SHAPE AS THE<br>CUTOUT.                                | Shape the patch to suit the cutout.                        |
| SHARP (adj)<br>(SHARPER,<br>SHARPEST)     | That can cut or make a hole  | MAKE A HOLE WITH A SHARP TOOL.  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)              | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                    | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                            |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| sharply (adv)                         | QUICKLY (adv)  | QUICKLY PULL THE<br>CABLES TO<br>DISENGAGE THEM.  | Sharply pull the cables to disengage them. |
|                                       | SUDDENLY (adv)   | MOVE THE CONTROL<br>COLUMN FORWARD<br>SUDDENLY.   | Move the control column forward sharply.   |
| shear (v)                             | BREAK (v)  | TIGHTEN THE NUT.<br>CONTINUE UNTIL THE<br>NUT BREAKS.   | Tighten the nut until it shears.           |
|                                       | CUT (v)  | DO NOT CUT THE WIRES.   | Do not shear the wires.                    |
| SHEET (n)                             | A piece of material that is thin in relation to its length and width | IF THE SHEETS HAVE<br>DENTS WITH A DEPTH<br>OF MORE THAN<br>0.5 mm, REMOVE<br>THESE DENTS.                              |  |
| shield (v)                            | PREVENT (v)  | PUT ON GOGGLES TO PREVENT INJURY TO YOUR EYES.  | Shield your eyes.                          |
|                                       | PROTECTION (n)   | GIVE THE CONTROL UNIT PROTECTION FROM DAMAGE.   | Shield the control unit from damage.       |
| shift (v)                             | MOVE (v)   | MOVE THE LEVER FORWARD.   | Shift the lever forward.                   |
| SHINY (adj)<br>(SHINIER,<br>SHINIEST) | That can cause a reflection of light                                 | CLEAN THE SHINY<br>AREA OF THE OLEO<br>STRUT.   |  |
| SHOCK (n)                             | The sudden effect of energy on a person or object                    | SHOCKS CAN CAUSE<br>DAMAGE TO THE<br>GYROSCOPE.   |  |
| SHORT (adj)<br>(SHORTER,<br>SHORTEST) | That has small length or duration                                    | ATTACH THE SHORT<br>ARM OF THE<br>BELLCRANK TO THE<br>ROD.  |  |
|                                       | If it is possible, be accurate.                                      | AFTER YOU STOP THE POWER SUPPLY, THE TEMPERATURE DECREASES IN A SHORT TIME. THIS TIME MUST NOT BE MORE THAN 30 SECONDS. |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|---|---|--|--|
| shorten (v)                             | DECREASE (v)  | DO NOT DECREASE<br>THE STERILIZATION<br>TIME.                      | Do not shorten the sterilization time.                               |
| should (v)                              | MUST (v)  | PERSONNEL MUST<br>USE PROTECTIVE<br>CLOTHING.                      | Personnel should wear protective clothing.                           |
|   | IF (conj)   | IF A SYSTEM FAILURE<br>OCCURS, STOP<br>OPERATION<br>IMMEDIATELY.   | Should a system failure occur, stop operation immediately.           |
| SHOW (v),<br>SHOWS,<br>SHOWED,<br>SHOWN | 1. To cause to be seen  | THE INDICATOR<br>SHOWS THE LEVEL OF<br>BATTERY CHARGE.             |  |
|   | <ol><li>To be in view or<br/>come into view</li></ol>   | THE SYMBOL SHOWS ON THE SCREEN.                                    |  |
| shut down (v)                           | STOP (v)  | STOP THE ENGINE.   | Shut down the engine.  |
| SIDE (n)                                | The specified     surface or area of     an object  | LUBRICATE ONE SIDE<br>OF THE WASHER.                               |  |
|   | <ol> <li>A location or<br/>direction that has a<br/>relationship to a<br/>center or a line of<br/>division</li> </ol> | PUSH THE UNIT OUT<br>AND THEN MOVE IT<br>TO THE LEFT SIDE.         |  |
| sideways (adv)                          | SIDE (n)  | PUSH THE UNIT OUT<br>AND THEN MOVE IT<br>TO THE LEFT SIDE.         | Push the unit out and then move it sideways.                         |
| sight (n)                               | VIEW (n)  | TURN THE KNOB TO<br>MAKE THE DISPLAY<br>GO OUT OF VIEW.            | Turn the knob to make the display go out of sight.                   |
| sight (v)                               | LOOK (v)  | LOOK ALONG THE<br>SKIN.  | Sight along the skin.  |
| SIGN (n)                                | The indication of a possible condition  | EXAMINE THE<br>SURFACE FOR SIGNS<br>OF INTERNAL<br>DAMAGE.         |  |
| significant (adj)                       | IMPORTANT (adj)   | THIS PROCEDURE IS IMPORTANT FOR THE CORRECT OPERATION OF THE UNIT. | This procedure is significant for the correct operation of the unit. |
| silence (v)                             | STOP (v)  | STOP THE ALARM<br>BELL.  | Silence the alarm bell.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| similar (adj)  | EQUIVALENT (adj)   | USE THE SPECIFIED<br>MATERIAL OR AN<br>EQUIVALENT ONE.                                | Use the specified material or a similar one.                                     |
|  | ALMOST THE SAME  | THE TWO ITEMS HAVE ALMOST THE SAME SHAPE.   | The two items are similar in shape.  |
| SIMULATE (v),<br>SIMULATES,<br>SIMULATED,<br>SIMULATED | To make a condition that is the same as one that can occur in operation                                    | SIMULATE A WHEEL<br>SPEED OF 80 KNOTS.  |  |
| simultaneous (adj)                                     | AT THE SAME TIME   | REMOVE THE FILTER<br>ELEMENT AND THE<br>FILTER HOUSING AT<br>THE SAME TIME.           | Simultaneous removal of the filter element and the filter housing is obligatory. |
| simultaneously<br>(adv)                                | AT THE SAME TIME   | DO THESE TWO<br>STEPS AT THE SAME<br>TIME.  | Do these two steps simultaneously.   |
| SINCE (conj)   | Function word that shows: "from some time in the past until a later time or now"  For other meanings, use: | IF IT IS MORE THAN<br>TWO HOURS SINCE<br>YOU MIXED THE<br>COMPOUND, DO NOT<br>USE IT. |  |
|  | BECAUSE (conj)   | BE CAREFUL WHEN<br>YOU USE ALODINE,<br>BECAUSE IT IS A<br>DANGEROUS<br>MATERIAL.      | Since Alodine is a dangerous material, be careful when you use it.               |
| situated (adj)   | INSTALL (v)  | THE TRIM CONTROL<br>KNOB IS INSTALLED<br>ON THE CONTROL<br>PEDESTAL.                  | The trim control knob is situated on the control pedestal.                       |
|  | BE (v)   | THE TRIM CONTROL<br>KNOB IS ON THE<br>CONTROL PEDESTAL.                               | The trim control knob is situated on the control pedestal.                       |
| situation (n)  | CONDITION (n)  Use the plural form.  | THE ALGORITHM<br>ADAPTS TO THE NEW<br>CONDITIONS.                                     | The algorithm adapts to the new situation.                                       |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| size (n)                 | DIMENSION (n)                     | THESE PARTS HAVE<br>DIFFERENT<br>DIMENSIONS.   | These parts are of different sizes.  |
| skid (v)                 | SKID (TN)                         | THIS INDICATOR<br>SHOWS THAT THE<br>CAR IS IN A SKID.  | This indicator indicates that the car is skidding.                                 |
| slack (adj)              | TENSION (TN)                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TENSION IN THE<br>CONTROL CABLES IS<br>CORRECT.                          | Check for slack control cables.  |
| slack (n)                | TENSION (TN)                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TENSION IN THE<br>CONTROL CABLES IS<br>CORRECT.                          | Check for slack in the control cables.   |
| slacken (v)              | TENSION (TN)                      | RELEASE THE<br>TENSION IN THE<br>CONTROL CABLES.   | Slacken the control cables.  |
| slackness (n)            | TENSION (TN)                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TENSION IN THE<br>CABLES IS CORRECT.                                     | Make sure there is no slackness in the cables.                                     |
| slave (v)                | CONTROL (v)                       | THE PILOT'S INDICATORS CONTROL THE COPILOT'S INDICATORS.                                       | The copilot's indicators are slaved to the pilot's indicators.                     |
| slide (v)                | MOVE (v)                          | MOVE THE<br>COMPUTER<br>HORIZONTALLY TO<br>PREVENT DAMAGE.                                     | Slide the computer horizontally to avoid damage.                                   |
| slight (adj)             | SMALL (adj)                       | IF THE LEAKAGE IS<br>SMALL, TORQUE THE<br>CONNECTION TO<br>4.0 Nm. THEN, DO THE<br>TEST AGAIN. | If slight leakage is found, torque the connection to 4.0 Nm. Then repeat the test. |
|                          | LIGHT (adj)                       | APPLY A LIGHT<br>FORCE TO<br>COMPRESS THE<br>SPRING.   | Apply a slight force to compress the spring.                                       |
| slightly (adv)           | SMALL (adj)                       | MOVE THE ADAPTER<br>A SMALL DISTANCE<br>FORWARD.   | Move the adapter slightly forward.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| slip (v)                           | MOVE (v)                          | MOVE THE CARRIAGE ALONG THE TRACK.   | Slip the carriage along the track.                                |
|                                    | REMOVE (v)                        | REMOVE THE CLAMP FROM THE CABLE.   | Slip the clamp from the cable.                                    |
|                                    | CAUSE TO FALL                     | IF OIL SPILLS, CLEAN<br>THE AREA<br>IMMEDIATELY. A WET<br>SURFACE IS<br>DANGEROUS AND<br>CAN CAUSE YOU TO<br>FALL. | If oil spills, clean the area immediately. You can slip and fall. |
|                                    | MOVE ACCIDENTALLY                 | MAKE SURE THAT THE CLUTCH DOES NOT MOVE ACCIDENTALLY.  | Make sure that the clutch does not slip.                          |
| SLOPE (n)                          | A surface that is not level       | IF THE VEHICLE IS PARKED ON A SLOPE, MAKE SURE THAT WHEEL CHOCKS ARE IN POSITION.                                  |   |
| SLOT (n)                           | A long opening that is not wide   | PUSH THE CABLES<br>THROUGH THE SLOT<br>IN FRAME 8 AND<br>ATTACH THEM TO THE<br>CLIPS.                              |   |
| SLOW (adj)<br>(SLOWER,<br>SLOWEST) | At low speed                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE MOVEMENT OF THE ELEVATORS IS SLOW.  |   |
| slow down (v)                      | DECREASE (v)                      | DECREASE THE<br>SPEED OF THE<br>SCREWING MACHINE<br>TO PREVENT DAMAGE<br>TO FASTENERS.                             | Slow down the screwing machine to prevent damage to fasteners.    |
| SLOWLY (adv)                       | In a slow manner                  | TURN THE KNOB<br>SLOWLY.   |   |
| sluggish (adj)                     | SLOW (adj)                        | IF THE MOVEMENT OF<br>THE NEEDLE IS TOO<br>SLOW, REPLACE THE<br>SENSOR.  | If the movement of the needle is sluggish, replace the sensor.    |

| Word (part of speech)  SMALL (adj) (SMALLER, SMALLEST) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  Less than average in dimension, quantity, quality, or capacity | STE EXAMPLE  IF THE TEMPERATURE INCREASES SUDDENLY, ADD A SMALL QUANTITY OF REAGENT TO GET A | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| smear (v)  | APPLY (v)   | STABLE REACTION.  APPLY GREASE TO THE TAPER SLEEVE.  | Smear grease on the taper sleeve.                         |
| SMELL (v),<br>SMELLS,<br>SMELLED,<br>SMELLED           | To sense with the nose  | IF YOU SMELL OIL IN<br>THE COMPARTMENT,<br>REPLACE THE<br>RECIRCULATION<br>FILTERS.          |   |
| SMOKE (n)  | A gas that has particles of burned material and that you can see                                  | WHEN THE<br>CONCENTRATION OF<br>SMOKE IS MORE THAN<br>THE LIMIT, AN ALARM<br>OPERATES.       |   |
| SMOKE (v),<br>SMOKES,<br>SMOKED,<br>SMOKED             | To breathe the fumes of burning material and especially tobacco                                   | DO NOT SMOKE IN<br>THE WORK AREA.  |   |
| SMOOTH (adj)<br>(SMOOTHER,<br>SMOOTHEST)               | That has a continuous uniform surface   | MAKE SURE THAT THE PAINTED SURFACE IS SMOOTH.  |   |
|  | That has a constant rate of movement  | EXAMINE THE<br>LINKAGE FOR<br>SMOOTH MOVEMENT.   |   |
| smooth (v)   | SMOOTH (adj)  | MAKE THE TAPE<br>SMOOTH.   | Smooth the tape out.                                      |
| SMOOTHLY (adv)   | In a smooth manner  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>REDUCTION GEAR<br>MOVES SMOOTHLY.                                      |   |
| snag (v)   | CATCH (v)   | THE CLOTH WILL<br>CATCH ON BROKEN<br>WIRES.  | The cloth will snag on broken wires.                      |
| snap (n)   | CLICK (n)   | WHEN YOU ATTACH<br>THE SPRING CLIP,<br>MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU HEAR A CLICK.                   | Ensure that there is a snap when you fit the spring clip. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| snap (v)                                 | MOVE QUICKLY   | THE RETAINING CLIP<br>MUST MOVE QUICKLY<br>INTO ITS POSITION.                      | The retaining clip must snap into its position.                        |
|  | BREAK (v)  | IF YOU BEND THIS<br>PART TOO MUCH, IT<br>WILL BREAK.                               | If you bend this part too much, it will snap.                          |
| so (that) (conj)                         | UNTIL (prep)   | ADJUST THE LENGTH<br>OF THE ROD UNTIL<br>YOU GET A MINIMUM<br>CLEARANCE OF 0.1 in. | Adjust the length of rod so that a minimum gap of 0.1 in. is obtained. |
|  | PREVENT (v)  | LOCK THE WHEEL TO PREVENT MOVEMENT.  | Lock the wheel so that it does not move.                               |
| SOAK (v),<br>SOAKS,<br>SOAKED,<br>SOAKED | To put something into a liquid and keep it there until it is fully wet or soft | SOAK THE FILTER IN<br>THE CLEANING<br>SOLUTION FOR<br>4 HOURS.                     |  |
|  | To stay in liquid until fully wet or soft.                                     | THE COMPONENT<br>MUST SOAK IN THE<br>SOLUTION FOR A<br>MINIMUM OF<br>2 HOURS.      |  |
| soapy (adj)                              | SOAP (TN)  | CLEAN THE SURFACE<br>WITH A SOLUTION OF<br>SOAP AND WATER.                         | Clean the surface using soapy water.                                   |
| SOFT (adj)<br>(SOFTER,<br>SOFTEST)       | Flexible, not hard   | RUB THE SURFACE<br>WITH A SOFT, DRY<br>CLOTH.                                      |  |
| soften (v)                               | MAKESOFT   | PUT THE MATERIAL<br>INTO THE SOLVENT<br>TO MAKE THE<br>COMPOUND SOFT.              | Put the material into the solvent to soften the compound.              |
| soiled (adj)                             | DIRTY (adj)  | DISCARD THE DIRTY<br>RAGS.   | Scrap the soiled rags.   |
| SOLID (adj)                              | That has the properties of a solid   | THE RAILS ARE MADE FROM SOLID BARS.  |  |
| SOLID (n)                                | Material that is not a gas or a liquid   | APPLY HEAT SLOWLY<br>TO THE SOLID TO<br>MONITOR ITS<br>MELTING POINT.              |  |
| solidify (v)                             | SOLID (adj)  | DO NOT LET THE FOAM BECOME SOLID.  | Do not allow the foam to solidify.                                     |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES           | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| SOLUTION (n)             | A liquid that includes a dissolved material | PREPARE THE<br>SOLUTION IN A<br>CONTAINER MADE OF<br>CERAMIC MATERIAL.                                  |  |
|                          | The answer to a problem                     | THE TEAM'S WORK WAS IMPORTANT FOR THE SOLUTION OF THE TECHNICAL PROBLEM.                                |  |
| solve (v)                | SOLUTION (n)                                | IF THE REMOVAL OF<br>THE VALVE WAS NOT<br>THE SOLUTION TO<br>THE PROBLEM,<br>REPLACE THE UNIT.          | If the removal of the valve did not solve the problem, replace the unit. |
| SOME (adj)               | Related to a quantity not specified         | SOME MODELS DO<br>NOT HAVE THIS<br>FUNCTION.  |  |
| SOME (pron)              | Related to a quantity not specified         | SOME MODELS HAVE<br>THIS FUNCTION, BUT<br>SOME DO NOT.  |  |
| SOMETHING<br>(pron)      | A thing that is not determined or specified | IF SOMETHING UNUSUAL OCCURS, DO THE NECESSARY CHECKS TO FIND THE CAUSE.                                 |  |
| soon (adv)               | TIME (n)                                    | WHEN YOU STOP THE<br>POWER SUPPLY, THE<br>TEMPERATURE WILL<br>DECREASE IN A<br>SHORT TIME.              | When you stop the power supply, the temperature will decrease soon.      |
|                          | If it is possible, give the time.           | WHEN YOU STOP THE<br>POWER SUPPLY, THE<br>TEMPERATURE WILL<br>DECREASE IN<br>APPROXIMATELY<br>1 MINUTE. | When you stop the power supply, the temperature will decrease soon.      |
| SOUND (n)                | Something that you can hear                 | INCREASE THE<br>VOLUME OF THE<br>SOUND.   |  |
| sound (v)                | OPERATE (v)                                 | THE ALARM BELL<br>OPERATES.   | The alarm bell sounds.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                  | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES               | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---|---|---|---|
| SOURCE (n)                                | Something that supplies energy or data          | THE SOLAR PANEL IS<br>A SATISFACTORY<br>SOURCE OF ENERGY.                           |   |
|   | The point where something starts                | FIND THE SOURCE OF THE LEAKAGE.   |   |
| SPACE (n)                                 | A distance, area, or volume                     | PUT THE SEALANT<br>INTO THE SPACE<br>BEHIND THE FLANGE<br>OF THE WATER<br>INJECTOR. |   |
| space (v)                                 | DISTANCE (n)                                    | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS AN EQUAL<br>DISTANCE BETWEEN<br>THE HOLES.               | Make sure you space the holes equally.                    |
| spacing (n)                               | DISTANCE (n)                                    | REFER TO FIG. 401<br>FOR THE DISTANCE<br>BETWEEN RIVETS.                            | The rivet spacing is given in Fig. 401.                   |
| spanwise (adj)                            | SPAN (TN)                                       | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE ARE NO SIGNS<br>OF MOVEMENT<br>ALONG THE SPAN.              | Check for signs of spanwise movement.                     |
| sparingly (adv)                           | QUANTITY (n)                                    | APPLY A SMALL<br>QUANTITY OF<br>GREASE.   | Apply grease sparingly.                                   |
| SPARK (n)                                 | A hot, bright particle of a material that burns | DO NOT USE TEST<br>EQUIPMENT THAT<br>CAN CAUSE SPARKS.                              |   |
| spark (v)                                 | SPARK (n)                                       | WHEN YOU USE<br>ELECTRICAL<br>EQUIPMENT THAT<br>MAKES SPARKS, USE<br>GOGGLES.       | Wear goggles when using electrical equipment that sparks. |
| SPEAK (v),<br>SPEAKS,<br>SPOKE,<br>SPOKEN | To use a voice to make words                    | SPEAK INTO THE<br>MICROPHONE.   |   |
| SPECIAL (adj)                             | For a specified function                        | TIGHTEN THE<br>SPECIAL NUT.   |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|---|---|
| SPECIALLY (adv)                              | In a special manner  | THIS EXTRACTOR IS SPECIALLY MADE TO REMOVE THESE PINS.            |   |
| specific (adj)                               | APPROVED (adj)   | USE APPROVED<br>TOOLS TO PREVENT<br>POSSIBLE DAMAGE.              | Use specific tools to preclude the possibility of damage.       |
|  | SPECIFIED (adj)  | THESE AREAS HAVE<br>SPECIFIED DAMAGE<br>LIMITS.                   | These areas have specific damage limits.                        |
| specifically (adv)                           | SPECIALLY (adv)  | THESE MATERIALS<br>ARE SPECIALLY MADE<br>FOR PLASTIC<br>SURFACES. | These materials are specifically designed for plastic surfaces. |
| SPECIFIED (adj)                              | Given in, identified in, or related to a specification, regulation, or procedure | INFLATE THE TIRE WITH NITROGEN TO THE SPECIFIED PRESSURE.         |   |
| speck (n)                                    | PARTICLE (n)   | REMOVE ALL<br>PARTICLES OF DUST<br>FROM THE LENS.                 | Remove all specks of dust from the lens.                        |
| speech (n)                                   | VOICE (n)  | IF YOU CANNOT HEAR<br>THE VOICE, REPLACE<br>THE UNIT.             | If the speech is not audible, replace the unit.                 |
| SPEED (n)                                    | The rate of movement   | ON THIS ROAD, THE<br>MAXIMUM PERMITTED<br>SPEED IS 30 MPH.        |   |
| SPHERICAL (adj)                              | That has the shape of a sphere   | THE ACCUMULATORS<br>ARE SPHERICAL AND<br>HAVE BLADDERS.           |   |
| SPILL (v),<br>SPILLS,<br>SPILLED,<br>SPILLED | To accidentally flow, or cause to flow, out of a container                       | IF THE ELECTROLYTE<br>SPILLS, REMOVE IT<br>IMMEDIATELY.           |   |
|  |  | IF YOU SPILL THE ELECTROLYTE, REMOVE IT IMMEDIATELY.              |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| spillage (n)             | CONTAMINATION (n)                   | FIND THE AREA OF<br>MERCURY<br>CONTAMINATION.                                       | Find the area of the mercury spillage.  |
|                          | SPILL (v)                           | IF ACID SPILLS, CLEAN THE AREA.   | After acid spillage, clean the area.  |
| spin (v)                 | TURN QUICKLY                        | TURN THE WHEEL<br>QUICKLY WITH YOUR<br>HAND.  | Spin the wheel by hand.   |
| splash (v)               | GET (v)                             | IF YOU GET FLUID IN<br>YOUR EYES, GET<br>MEDICAL AID.                               | If fluid splashes into eyes, get medical aid.                                       |
| splined (adj)            | SPLINE (TN)                         | THE DRIVE SHAFT<br>HAS SPLINES.   | The drive shaft is splined.   |
| split (adj)              | DAMAGED (adj)                       | REPLACE DAMAGED COVERS.   | Split covers must be replaced.  |
| split (v)                | DIVIDE (v)                          | DIVIDE THE<br>ELECTRICAL LOAD<br>BETWEEN THE TWO<br>BUS BARS.                       | Split the electrical load between the two bus bars.                                 |
|                          | BREAK (v)                           | WHEN YOU APPLY THE MAXIMUM TEST PRESSURE, MAKE SURE THAT THE HOUSING DOES NOT BREAK | Make sure that the housing does not split when you apply the maximum test pressure. |
| spot (n)                 | MARK (n)                            | A RED MARK ON THE PIN IDENTIFIES THE LUBRICATION POINT.                             | A red spot on the pin identifies the lubrication point.                             |
|                          | STAIN (TN)                          | REMOVE ALL STAINS<br>FROM THE CARPET<br>WITH SOAP AND<br>WARM WATER.                | Remove any spots from the carpet with soap and warm water.                          |
| spot (v)                 | FIND (v)                            | IF YOU FIND<br>CORROSION IN THIS<br>AREA, USE REPAIR<br>SCHEME No. 3.               | If you spot corrosion in this area, use repair scheme No. 3.                        |
| SPRAY (n)                | A jet of very small drops of liquid | THE SEALANT IS<br>RESISTANT TO SALT<br>SPRAY.                                       |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                    | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| SPRAY (v)<br>SPRAYS,<br>SPRAYED,<br>SPRAYED | To apply as a spray               | DO NOT SPRAY DISINFECTANTS DIRECTLY ONTO THE CARPETS OR INSTRUMENT PANELS.    |   |
| spread (v)                                  | APPLY (v)                         | APPLY THE COMPOUND EQUALLY.   | Spread compound evenly.   |
| spring (v)                                  | MOVE (v)                          | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>PINS DO NOT MOVE<br>OUT OF THE NOTCH.                   | Make certain that the pins do not spring out of the notch.              |
| spurious (adj)                              | UNWANTED (adj)                    | IF THERE ARE<br>UNWANTED<br>INDICATIONS, DO A<br>TEST.                        | In the event of spurious indications, do a test                         |
| stability (n)                               | STABLE (adj)                      | BEFORE YOU LIFT<br>THE VEHICLE WITH<br>JACKS, MAKE SURE<br>THAT IT IS STABLE. | Before jacking up the vehicle, make sure that its stability is ensured. |
| stabilization (n)                           | STABLE (adj)                      | WHEN THE TEMPERATURE IS STABLE, MAKE SURE THAT THE OIL PRESSURE DECREASES.    | Check that oil pressure drops after stabilization of temperature.       |
| stabilize (v)                               | STABLE (adj)                      | LET THE V-BARS<br>BECOME STABLE.  | Allow V-bars to stabilize.  |
| STABLE (adj)                                | That does not change or move      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TEMPERATURE<br>INDICATIONS ARE<br>STABLE.               |   |
| stage (n)                                   | STEP (n)                          | DURING THIS STEP,<br>DO NOT REMOVE THE<br>PIN.                                | Do not remove the pin at this stage.                                    |
| stained (adj)                               | DIRTY (adj)                       | IF THE CARPET IS<br>DIRTY, CLEAN IT WITH<br>MATERIAL No. 8.                   | If the carpet is stained,<br>clean it with<br>Material No. 8.           |
|   | STAIN (TN)                        | IF THERE ARE HYDRAULIC FLUID STAINS ON THE COVER, EXAMINE THE LINE COUPLINGS. | If the cover is stained by hydraulic fluid, check line couplings.       |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|---|--|
| stamp (v)                                    | PUT (v)<br>(WITH A STAMP [TN]<br>OR STAMPS [TN])                 | PUT THE TEST DATE<br>ON THE CYLINDER<br>NECK WITH THE<br>APPLICABLE STAMP.                  | Stamp the test date on the cylinder neck.                                |
|  | IDENTIFY (v)<br>(WITH A STAMP [TN]<br>OR STAMPS [TN])            | IDENTIFY THE MANUFACTURING DATE ON THE NAMEPLATE WITH THE APPLICABLE STAMP.                 | Stamp the manufacturing date on the nameplate.                           |
| stand (v)                                    | STAY (v)   | STAY AWAY FROM<br>SURFACES THAT<br>MOVE.  | Do not stand near moving surfaces.                                       |
| STANDARD (adj)                               | Related to equipment<br>and procedures that are<br>normally used | IN THIS PROCEDURE,<br>USE STANDARD<br>TOOLS.  |  |
| starboard (adj)                              | RIGHT (adj)  | ON THE RIGHT WING,<br>MOVE THE AILERONS<br>UP.  | On the starboard wing, move the ailerons up.                             |
| START (n)                                    | The beginning of a movement or operation                         | MOVEMENT CAN BE<br>SLOW AT THE START.   |  |
| START (v),<br>STARTS,<br>STARTED,<br>STARTED | To begin a     procedure,     movement, or     operation         | START THE ENGINE.   |  |
|  | To come into     being, activity, or     operation               | MEASURE THE BEND<br>RADIUS OF THE HOSE<br>FROM THE POINT<br>WHERE THE BEND<br>STARTS.       |  |
| state (n)                                    | CONDITION (n)  | EXAMINE THE<br>CONDITION OF THE<br>UNIT.  | Examine the state of the unit.   |
| state (v)                                    | TELL (v)   | UNLESS THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS TELL YOU DIFFERENTLY, DO THE PROCEDURE THAT FOLLOWS. | Unless otherwise stated by the manufacturer, do the following procedure. |
| station (v)                                  | PUT (v)  | PUT A PERSON NEAR<br>THE FUEL TANK.   | Station a person near the fuel tank.                                     |



| Word<br>(part of speech)      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES            | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| stationary (adj)              | STABLE (adj)                                 | WHEN THE PRESSURE<br>IS STABLE, CLOSE<br>THE VALVE.  | When the pressure is stationary, close the valve.                      |
|                               | STOP (v)                                     | WHEN THE FAN<br>STOPS, MEASURE<br>THE TEMPERATURE.   | When the fan is stationary, measure the temperature.                   |
| STAY (v),<br>STAYS,<br>STAYED | To continue to be in a location or condition | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>ASSEMBLED PARTS<br>STAY ALIGNED.   |  |
| No other verb forms.          |  |  |  |
| steadily (adv)                | CONTINUOUSLY (adv)                           | IF THE TEMPERATURE INCREASES CONTINUOUSLY, STOP THE ENGINE.  | If the temperature increases steadily, stop the engine.                |
| steady (adj)                  | STABLE (adj)                                 | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SYSTEM PRESSURE IS<br>STABLE.  | Make sure that the system pressure is steady.                          |
| STEP (n)                      | A specified part of a procedure              | DO STEPS 13 THRU 16<br>A MINIMUM OF THREE<br>TIMES.  |  |
| stick (v)                     | ATTACH (v)                                   | ATTACH THE LABEL<br>TO THE SURFACE.  | Stick the label to the surface.  |
|                               | FREELY (adv)                                 | MAKE SURE THAT THE FAN BLADES MOVE FREELY.   | Check that the fan blades do not stick.                                |
|                               | CATCH (v)                                    | REMOVE ALL<br>JEWELRY THAT CAN<br>CATCH IN THE<br>MACHINE.   | Remove all jewelry that can get stuck in the machine.                  |
| sticky (adj)                  | TACKY (adj)                                  | WHEN THE CEMENT IS TACKY, PUT THE PATCH ON THE SURFACE.  | Put the patch on the surface when the cement is sticky.                |
| stiff (adj)                   | MOVE (v)                                     | IF THE PISTON DOES<br>NOT MOVE EASILY IN<br>THE SLEEVE, DO A<br>DIMENSIONAL<br>INSPECTION OF THE<br>PARTS. | If the piston is stiff, check the dimensions of the piston and sleeve. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                      | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|--|--|--|
| still (adv)                                | STAY (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE "OVHT" LIGHT STAYS ON.  | Make sure that the "OVHT" light is still illuminated.              |
|  | CONTINUE (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE ROTOR CONTINUES TO TURN.  | Make sure that the rotor still turns.                              |
| stimulate (v)                              | INCREASE (v)   | INCREASE THE<br>AIRFLOW.   | Stimulate the airflow.   |
| stir (v)                                   | MIX (v)  | MIX THE BONDING<br>MATERIAL WITH A<br>SPATULA.   | Stir the bonding material with a spatula.                          |
| STOP (v),<br>STOPS,<br>STOPPED,<br>STOPPED | To cause the end     of a procedure,     movement, or an     operation | STOP THE ENGINE.   |  |
|  | 2. To come to an end   | WHEN THE FLOW<br>STOPS, REMOVE THE<br>DRAIN HOSE.  |  |
| store (v)                                  | KEEP (v)   | KEEP THE<br>CARTRIDGES IN A<br>SAFETY AREA.  | Cartridges should be stored in a safety area.                      |
|  | CONTAIN (v)  | THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER BOTTLES CONTAIN A DRY CHEMICAL POWDER AGENT.                               | The fire extinguisher bottles store a dry chemical powder agent.   |
|  | STORAGE (TN)   | WHEN YOU PUT THE UNIT INTO STORAGE, OBEY THE APPLICABLE STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS.                    | When you store the unit, obey the applicable storage instructions. |
| STOW (v),<br>STOWS,<br>STOWED,<br>STOWED   | To move or cause to move into a specified position of storage.         | STOW THE LIFE VEST<br>SAFELY BELOW THE<br>PASSENGER SEAT.  |  |
|  |  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>THRUST REVERSER<br>STOWS WHEN YOU<br>PUSH THE QUADRANT<br>CONTROL FORWARD. |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                       | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                       | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| STRAIGHT (adj)<br>(STRAIGHTER,<br>STRAIGHTEST) | Without curves or bends                                 | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>STRAIGHT PART OF<br>THE RIGGING PIN IS<br>SMOOTH.            |  |
| straighten (v)                                 | STRAIGHT (adj)  | DO NOT TRY TO MAKE<br>THE BENDS IN THE<br>CABLE STRAIGHT.                          | Do not try to straighten the bends in the cable.                           |
| strain (v)                                     | FILTER (TN)   | BEFORE YOU USE<br>THE OIL, PUT IT<br>THROUGH A FILTER.                             | Strain the oil before use.   |
|  | STRAIN (TN)   | DO NOT PUT STRAIN ON THE BELLOWS.  | Do not strain bellows.   |
| strap (v)                                      | ATTACH (v)<br>(WITH STRAPS [TN])                        | ATTACH THE CABLES<br>TO THE STRUCTURE<br>WITH AN APPLICABLE<br>STRAP.              | Strap the cables to the structure.   |
| stress (v)                                     | FORCE (TN)  | DO NOT PUT TOO<br>MUCH FORCE ON THE<br>DUCTING.                                    | Do not stress the ducting unnecessarily.                                   |
| strictly (adv)                                 | FULLY (adv)   | FULLY OBEY THE<br>SAFETY<br>PRECAUTIONS.   | Strictly obey the safety precautions.                                      |
| strike (v)                                     | HIT (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SLING DOES NOT HIT<br>THE SURFACE.                           | Make certain that the sling does not strike the surface.                   |
| STRIP (n)                                      | A piece of material that is long and thin, but not wide | PUT A STRIP OF<br>ADHESIVE TAPE<br>ALONG THE<br>INSULATION BLANKET.                |  |
| strip (v)                                      | REMOVE (v)  | REMOVE THE<br>INSULATION FROM<br>THE WIRE.   | Strip the insulation from the wire.  |
| STRIPE (n)                                     | A line on a surface which is a different color          | THE FLAG HAS RED<br>AND WHITE STRIPES.   |  |
| striped (adj)                                  | STRIPE (n)  | THE FLAG HAS RED<br>AND WHITE STRIPES.   | The flag is striped red and white.   |
| stroke (n)                                     | TRAVEL (n)  | TO BLEED THE BRAKING SYSTEM, OPERATE THE HAND PUMP HANDLE THROUGH ITS FULL TRAVEL. | Bleed the braking system by applying full strokes to the hand pump handle. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| STRONG (adj)<br>(STRONGER,<br>STRONGEST) | With much strength, power, or concentration   | WHEN WINDS ARE<br>STRONG, MOOR THE<br>AIRCRAFT<br>CAREFULLY.            |  |
| STRUCTURAL<br>(adj)                      | Related to the structure  | THE CHASSIS IS A<br>STRUCTURAL<br>COMPONENT OF THE<br>VEHICLE.          |  |
| STRUCTURALLY (adv)                       | Related to the structure  | THE LIST GIVES YOU<br>STRUCTURALLY<br>IMPORTANT ITEMS.                  |  |
| STRUCTURE (n)                            | A construction  | ATTACH THE WIRES TO THE STRUCTURE.                                      |  |
|  | The arrangement of something  | THE INTRODUCTION GIVES YOU THE STRUCTURE OF THE MAINTENANCE MANUAL.     |  |
| SUBASSEMBLY<br>(n)                       | An assembly that is a part of a larger assembly                                       | DO NOT CHANGE THE POSITION OF THE SUBASSEMBLIES.                        |  |
| submerge (v)                             | PUT (v)   | PUT THE FILTER ELEMENT FULLY INTO THE FLUID.                            | Submerge the filter element in the fluid.                |
| submit (v)                               | SEND (v)  | SEND THE METAL<br>PARTICLES TO A<br>LABORATORY FOR<br>ANALYSIS.         | Submit the metal particles to a laboratory for analysis. |
| SUBSEQUENT<br>(adj)                      | Following in an unspecified time or sequence  | A SUBSEQUENT<br>REPAIR WILL BE FOR<br>THE NEW<br>CONFIGURATION<br>ONLY. |  |
|  | Use NEXT (adj) for the first occurrence that follows immediately in time or sequence. | DO THE NEXT INSPECTION.   | Do the immediately subsequent inspection.                |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|--|---|
| SUBSEQUENTLY<br>(adv)                                    | After an unspecified time  | MAKE SURE THAT THE TOOL IS SUBSEQUENTLY AVAILABLE FOR THE INSTALLATION PROCEDURE.      |   |
|  | Use THEN (adv) for an occurrence that follows immediately in time or sequence. | LIFT THE COVER.<br>THEN, PULL THE<br>HANDLE.   | Lift the cover and subsequently pull the handle.                          |
| subsequent to (prep)                                     | AFTER (conj)   | AFTER YOU INSTALL<br>THE COMPONENT,<br>REMOVE THE<br>HANDLING TOOL.                    | Remove the handling tool subsequent to the installation of the component. |
| substance (n)  | MATERIAL (n)   | THE PRIMER CONTAINS A MATERIAL THAT PREVENTS CORROSION.                                | The primer contains a substance that prevents corrosion.                  |
| substitute (adj)   | EQUIVALENT (adj)   | IF THE SPECIFIED<br>MATERIAL IS NOT<br>AVAILABLE, YOU CAN<br>USE AN EQUIVALENT<br>ONE. | A substitute material may be used if the specified one is not available.  |
|  | ALTERNATIVE (adj)  | IF THIS SPECIAL TOOL<br>IS NOT AVAILABLE,<br>USE AN ALTERNATIVE<br>METHOD.             | If this special tool is not available, use a substitute method.           |
| substitute (n)   | ALTERNATIVE (n)  | YOU CAN USE<br>ALTERNATIVES FOR<br>THESE ITEMS.  | Equivalent substitutes may be used for these items.                       |
| substitute (v)   | REPLACE (v)  | DO NOT REPLACE THE<br>SELF-LOCKING NUTS<br>WITH PLAIN NUTS.                            | Do not substitute the self-locking nuts with plain nuts.                  |
| SUBTRACT (v),<br>SUBTRACTS,<br>SUBTRACTED,<br>SUBTRACTED | To take from a number or quantity  | SUBTRACT<br>COEFFICIENT "A"<br>FROM THE<br>INDICATION.                                 |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| successful (adj)         | CORRECT (adj)                     | IF THE TEST RESULTS<br>ARE NOT CORRECT,<br>REPLACE THE UNIT.  | If the test is not successful, replace the unit.                                     |
|                          | SATISFACTORY (adj)                | IF THE TEST RESULTS<br>ARE NOT<br>SATISFACTORY,<br>REPLACE THE UNIT.  | If the test is not successful, replace the unit.                                     |
| SUCH (adj)               | Of the same group                 | WHEN YOU DO WORK<br>ON SUCH SYSTEMS,<br>USE GOGGLES.  |  |
| such as                  | FOR EXAMPLE                       | WHEN YOU REMOVE<br>THE STUD, USE<br>APPLICABLE TOOLS.<br>FOR EXAMPLE, USE A<br>PLASTIC MALLET AND<br>A PUNCH. | When you remove the stud, use applicable tools such as a plastic mallet and a punch. |
| suck (v)                 | REMOVE (v)<br>(WITH SUCTION [TN]) | REMOVE THE<br>UNWANTED MATERIAL<br>WITH SUCTION.  | Suck out the unwanted material.  |
| SUDDEN (adj)             | That occurs in a short time       | SUDDEN MOVEMENT<br>CAN CAUSE DAMAGE<br>TO THE LIMIT STOPS.  |  |
| SUDDENLY (adv)           | In a sudden manner                | IF THE TEMPERATURE INCREASES SUDDENLY, STOP THE ENGINE.   |  |
| SUFFICIENT (adj)         | Not less (or more) than necessary | ADJUST THE CLAMP<br>UNTIL THERE IS<br>SUFFICIENT FRICTION<br>TO KEEP IT IN<br>POSITION.                       |  |
| SUFFICIENTLY<br>(adv)    | Not less (or more) than necessary | WHEN THE PAINT IS<br>SUFFICIENTLY SOFT,<br>REMOVE IT WITH A<br>PLASTIC SPATULA.                               |  |
| suitable (adj)           | APPLICABLE (adj)                  | PUT AN APPLICABLE<br>SCREWDRIVER IN THE<br>SLOT.  | Put a suitable screwdriver in the slot.  |
|                          | CORRECT (adj)                     | PUT THE CORRECT<br>PLUGS ON THE<br>DISCONNECTED<br>LINES.   | Put suitable plugs on the disconnected lines.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                          | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES     | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| suitably (adv)                                    | SUFFICIENTLY (adv)                    | WHEN THE PAINT IS<br>SUFFICIENTLY SOFT,<br>REMOVE IT WITH A<br>PLASTIC SPATULA.   | When the paint is suitably soft, remove it with a plastic spatula.                  |
| SUM (n)   | The result when you add               | CALCULATE THE SUM<br>OF THE LOADS FOR<br>EACH AREA.                               |   |
| SUPPLY (n)  | Something that is supplied            | STOP THE<br>ELECTRICAL POWER<br>SUPPLY.   |   |
| SUPPLY (v),<br>SUPPLIES,<br>SUPPLIED,<br>SUPPLIED | To give something that is necessary   | SUPPLY ELECTRICAL<br>POWER TO THE<br>AUXILIARY SYSTEM.                            |   |
|   | To make something available for use   | THE POWER UNIT SUPPLIES ELECTRICITY TO THE CONTROL SYSTEM.                        |   |
| support (n)                                       | SUPPORT (TN)                          | BEFORE YOU<br>DISCONNECT THE<br>ITEM, PUT A SUPPORT<br>BELOW IT.                  | Make certain there is adequate support for the item before disconnecting it.        |
|   | HOLD (v)                              | WHILE YOU<br>DISCONNECT THE<br>COMPONENT, MAKE<br>SURE THAT A PERSON<br>HOLDS IT. | Make certain that someone provides adequate support during component disconnection. |
| support (v)                                       | HOLD (v)                              | HOLD THE SWITCH<br>AND REMOVE THE<br>SCREWS.                                      | Support the switch and remove the screws.   |
|   | SUPPORT (TN)                          | PUT A SUPPORT<br>BELOW THE PUMP.<br>THEN, REMOVE IT<br>FROM THE DRIVE<br>SHAFT.   | Support the pump, then remove it from the drive shaft.                              |
| SURE (adj)  | Certain                               | IF YOU ARE NOT SURE<br>THAT A PART IS<br>SERVICEABLE,<br>DISCARD IT.              |   |
| SURFACE (n)                                       | One or more of the faces of something | CLEAN THE SURFACE<br>WITH A SOFT, DRY<br>CLOTH.                                   |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|---|---|
| surplus (adj)  | UNWANTED (adj)  | REMOVE THE UNWANTED GREASE.   | Wipe off surplus grease.  |
| surrounding (adj)                                    | ADJACENT (adj)  | CLEAN THE<br>MOUNTING AND THE<br>ADJACENT AREA.   | Clean the mounting and the surrounding area.                                      |
|  | AROUND (prep)   | REMOVE ALL<br>SEALANT THAT IS<br>AROUND THE HOLE.   | Remove all sealant surrounding the hole.  |
| survey (v)   | EXAMINE (v)   | EXAMINE THE SURFACE.  | Survey the surface.   |
|  | INSPECTION (n)  | DO AN INSPECTION OF THE SURFACE.  | Survey the surface.   |
| suspect (adj)  | THINK (v)   | IF YOU THINK THAT<br>THE VALVE IS<br>UNSERVICEABLE,<br>REMOVE IT.                           | Remove the suspect valve.   |
| suspect (v)  | THINK (v)   | IF YOU THINK THAT THE POWER UNIT DOES NOT OPERATE CORRECTLY, DO A SYSTEM CHECK.             | If you suspect that the power unit does not operate correctly, do a system check. |
| suspend (v)  | HANG (v)  | HANG THE ENGINE IN A FIREPROOF BAY.   | Suspend the engine in a fireproof bay.  |
|  | STOP (v)  | IF THE CABLE<br>CATCHES, STOP THE<br>PROCEDURE.   | If the cable catches, suspend all operations.                                     |
| SWALLOW (v),<br>SWALLOWS,<br>SWALLOWED,<br>SWALLOWED | To take through the mouth and esophagus into the stomach  Use this word for safety instructions only. | IF YOU SWALLOW<br>NITRIC ACID, DO NOT<br>CAUSE VOMITING.<br>GET MEDICAL AID<br>IMMEDIATELY. |   |
| swap (v)   | INTERCHANGE (v)   | INTERCHANGE THE<br>COMPUTERS 1 AND 2.<br>THEN DO THE TEST<br>AGAIN.                         | Swap computers 1 and 2. Then do the test again.                                   |
| sweep (v)  | SCAN (TN)   | MAKE A SCAN OF THE FREQUENCY BAND.  | Sweep the frequency band.   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| swing (v)                | MOVE (v)   | MOVE THE SHOCK<br>ABSORBERS INTO<br>THEIR CORRECT<br>POSITIONS.                        | Swing the shock absorbers into their correct positions. |
|                          | CALIBRATE (v)  | YOU CAN CALIBRATE<br>ALL THE COMPASS<br>SYSTEMS AT THE<br>SAME TIME.                   | All compass systems may be swung simultaneously.        |
| switch (v)               | SET (v)  | SET THE SELECTOR<br>TO "SYSTEM<br>DISPLAY."  | Switch the selector to<br>"SYSTEM DISPLAY."             |
| switch off (v)           | SET (v)  | SET THE NAV 1<br>SWITCH TO "OFF."  | Switch off NAV 1.                                       |
|                          | STOP (v)   | STOP THE UNIT<br>AFTER 5 MINUTES.  | Switch off the unit after 5 minutes.                    |
|                          | DE-ENERGIZE (v)  | DE-ENERGIZE THE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM.   | Switch the electrical system off.                       |
| switch on (v)            | SET (v)  | SET THE NAV 1<br>SWITCH TO "ON."   | Switch on NAV 1.  |
|                          | START (v)  | START THE UNIT.  | Switch on the unit.                                     |
|                          | ENERGIZE (v)   | ENERGIZE THE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM.  | Switch the electrical system on.                        |
| SYMBOL (n)               | A written sign that identifies a quantity, operation, item, or condition | THE SPECIFICATION GIVES THE SYMBOLS FOR RELAYS, DIODES, AND OTHER PARTS OF THE SYSTEM. |   |
| SYMMETRICAL (adj)        | That has or is with symmetry   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>POSITION OF THE<br>PARTS IS<br>SYMMETRICAL.                      |   |
| SYMMETRICALLY (adv)      | In a symmetrical manner  | THE ELEVATORS MUST MOVE SYMMETRICALLY.   |   |
| SYMPTOM (n)              | A sign of a condition  | IF THE SYMPTOMS<br>OCCUR AGAIN,<br>REMOVE THE UNIT.                                    |   |
| synchronize (v)          | ADJUST (v)   | ADJUST COMPASS<br>SYSTEM 1 UNTIL IT<br>AGREES WITH<br>COMPASS SYSTEM 2.                | Synchronize compass system 1 with compass system 2.     |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                        | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example |
|--------------------------|--|--|-----------------|
| SYNCHRONIZED (adj)       | That operates at the same time                           | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TWO ROTORS ARE<br>SYNCHRONIZED.                      |                 |
|                          | 2. That agrees with                                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TIMER IS<br>SYNCHRONIZED WITH<br>THE GPS CLOCK.      |                 |
| SYSTEM (n)               | An assembly of related parts to do a specified operation | DO NOT FILL THE<br>SYSTEM DIRECTLY<br>FROM A<br>HIGH-PRESSURE<br>CYLINDER. |                 |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| TACKY (adj)  No other forms of this adjective | Sticky when you touch it          | WHEN THE<br>COMPOUND IS TACKY,<br>APPLY THE PATCH.                                   |   |
| TAG (v),<br>TAGS,<br>TAGGED,<br>TAGGED        | To put a tag on                   | OPEN AND TAG THE<br>CIRCUIT BREAKERS.<br>THEN, SAFETY THEM.                          |   |
| take (v)                                      | REMOVE (v)                        | REMOVE THE FILTER FROM THE SOLVENT.  | Take the filter from the solvent.                               |
|   | READ (v)                          | BEFORE YOU READ<br>THE INDICATIONS, LET<br>THE DIAL BECOME<br>STABLE.                | Let the dial become stable before taking readings.              |
|   | GET (v)                           | GET A SAMPLE OF THE SOLUTION.  | Take a sample of the solution.                                  |
|   | NECESSARY (adj)                   | TWO HOURS ARE NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE PROCEDURE.                                   | The procedure takes 2 hours to complete.                        |
| take care (v)                                 | MAKE SURE (v)                     | DURING THIS STEP,<br>MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU DO NOT CAUSE<br>DAMAGE TO THE<br>SURFACE. | During this step, take care not to cause damage to the surface. |
|   | OBEY (v)                          | WHEN YOU DO WORK<br>WITH HIGH<br>VOLTAGES, OBEY THE<br>SAFETY<br>PRECAUTIONS.        | You must take care when you work with high voltages.            |
|   | DO NOT (v)                        | DO NOT<br>INTERCHANGE THE<br>TWO UNITS.  | Take care not to interchange the two units.                     |
|   | CAREFUL (adj)                     | BE CAREFUL WHEN<br>YOU INSTALL THE<br>ELECTRONIC BOARD.                              | Take care when installing the electronic board.                 |
| talk (v)                                      | SPEAK (v)                         | SPEAK INTO THE MICROPHONE.   | Talk into the microphone.                                       |
| TAP (v),<br>TAPS,<br>TAPPED,<br>TAPPED        | To hit lightly and quickly        | TAP THE BOLT WITH A<br>MALLET.   |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES             | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                        |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| tape (v)                             | TAPE (TN)                                     | ATTACH THE FOIL<br>WITH TAPE TO KEEP<br>IT IN POSITION.                             | Tape the foil in position.             |
| TASK (n)                             | Assigned work or procedure                    | EACH TASK HAS AN IDENTIFICATION LETTER.   |  |
| taut (adj)                           | TENSION (TN)                                  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TENSION IN THE<br>CABLES IS CORRECT.                          | Make sure the cables are taut.         |
| tear (v)                             | DAMAGE (n)                                    | BE CAREFUL THAT<br>YOU DO NOT CAUSE<br>DAMAGE TO THE<br>BELLOWS.                    | Take care you do not tear the bellows. |
| technique (n)                        | METHOD (n)                                    | THIS METHOD GIVES THE BEST RESULTS.   | This technique gives the best results. |
| TELESCOPIC (adj)                     | Related to items that retract into each other | INSTALL THE<br>TELESCOPIC LENS IN<br>THE CAMERA.                                    |  |
| TELL (v),<br>TELLS,<br>TOLD,<br>TOLD | To give an order or supply information        | PUT A WARNING NOTICE IN THE ENTRANCE TO TELL VISITORS ABOUT THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS. |  |
|                                      |   | THE COMPUTER TELLS THE TECHNICIAN THE ERROR CODE.                                   |  |
| TEMPORARILY (adv)                    | In a temporary manner                         | ATTACH THE COVER TEMPORARILY.   |  |
| TEMPORARY (adj)                      | For a short time only, not permanent          | THIS INSTALLATION IS ONLY TEMPORARY.  |  |
| tension (v)                          | TENSION (TN)                                  | ADJUST THE TENSION<br>IN THE CABLES TO<br>THE CORRECT VALUE.                        | Tension cables to the correct value.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example                     |
|--------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| terminate (v)            | STOP (v)   | STOP THE TEST<br>AFTER 2 SECONDS.  | Terminate the test after 2 seconds. |
| TERTIARY (adj)           | Third in importance  | THERE ARE THREE CLASSES OF STRUCTURE: PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY.    |                                     |
| TEST (n)                 | The procedure where an object or system is operated to make sure that its performance and/or function is correct | DISCONNECT ALL THE<br>SYSTEMS WHICH ARE<br>NOT NECESSARY FOR<br>THE TEST.  |                                     |
| test (v)                 | TEST (n)   | DO A FUNCTIONAL<br>TEST OF THE<br>SOFTWARE.                                | Functionally test the software.     |
| THAN (conj)              | Function word that you use with comparative adjectives or adverbs  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TOTAL ANGLE IS<br>SMALLER THAN<br>20 DEG.            |                                     |
|                          |  | CORROSION CAN<br>OCCUR MORE EASILY<br>IN THIS AREA THAN IN<br>OTHER AREAS. |                                     |
| THAT (conj)              | Function word that starts a subordinate clause  Refer to section 9, GR-1.  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SURFACE IS CLEAN.                                    |                                     |
| THAT (pron)              | Function word that shows the person or thing referred to   | EXAMINE THE UNIT TO<br>SEE IF THAT IS THE<br>PROBLEM.                      |                                     |
| THE (art)                | Function word: definite article  | REMOVE THE SEVEN<br>FLEXIBLE HOSES.  |                                     |
| THEIR (adj)              | Belonging to persons or things   | WRITE TO THE MANUFACTURERS FOR THEIR REPAIR SCHEMES.                       |                                     |
| THEM (pron)              | Function word that shows the persons or things referred to   | IF THE SURFACES<br>ARE DIRTY, CLEAN<br>THEM.                               |                                     |
| THEN (adv)               | Immediately after in time or sequence  | LIFT THE COVER.<br>THEN, PULL THE<br>HANDLE.                               |                                     |



| Word<br>(part of speech)              | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                            | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| THERE (adv)                           | In that position   | IF THE LABEL IS NOT<br>THERE, ATTACH A<br>NEW ONE.  |   |
| THERE (pron)                          | Function word that starts a sentence or a subordinate clause | THERE ARE THREE MEASUREMENT POINTS ON THE DIAGRAM.  |   |
|                                       |  | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE ARE NO<br>LOOSE OBJECTS.  |   |
| therefore (adv)                       | THUS (adv)   | THIS TORQUE SHAFT<br>CANNOT MOVE<br>INBOARD. THUS,<br>BEFORE YOU<br>REMOVE IT, REMOVE<br>THE OUTBOARD<br>TORQUE SHAFT.        | This torque shaft cannot move inboard. Therefore, before you remove it, remove the outboard torque shaft. |
|                                       | AS A RESULT  | THIS TORQUE SHAFT<br>CANNOT MOVE<br>INBOARD. AS A<br>RESULT, BEFORE YOU<br>REMOVE IT, REMOVE<br>THE OUTBOARD<br>TORQUE SHAFT. | This torque shaft cannot move inboard. Therefore, before you remove it, remove the outboard torque shaft. |
| THESE (adj)                           | Refers to specified persons or things                        | REMOVE THESE<br>PARTS FROM THEIR<br>RELATED BOXES.  |   |
| THESE (pron)                          | Function word that shows the persons or things referred to   | THESE ARE SPECIAL TOOLS.  |   |
| THEY (pron)                           | Function word that shows the persons or things referred to   | DENTS ARE NOT PERMITTED IF THEY PREVENT CORRECT OPERATION OF THE PARTS.   |   |
| THICK (adj)<br>(THICKER,<br>THICKEST) | That has a specified or large thickness                      | INSTALL A SHIM THAT IS 3.5 mm THICK.  |   |
|                                       |  | APPLY A THICK LAYER<br>OF GREASE ON THE<br>BARE METAL.  |   |
| THICKNESS (n)                         | The smallest of the three dimensions                         | THE THICKNESS OF<br>THE PRIMER LAYER<br>MUST BE BETWEEN<br>0.05 mm AND 0.06 mm.   |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                 |
|--|---|---|---|
| THIN (adj)<br>(THINNER,<br>THINNEST)         | That has a small thickness  | APPLY A THIN LAYER<br>OF SEALING<br>COMPOUND ON THE<br>BARE METAL.                |   |
| thin (v)                                     | LIQUID (adj)  | ADD SOLVENT TO<br>MAKE THE PAINT<br>MORE LIQUID.                                  | Add solvent to thin the paint.                  |
| THINK (v),<br>THINKS,<br>THOUGHT,<br>THOUGHT | To have an opinion  | IF YOU THINK THAT<br>THE WATER WILL<br>FREEZE, ADD<br>ANTIFREEZE.                 |   |
| THIS (adj)                                   | Refers to a specified person or thing   | DO THIS TEST AT<br>FULL VOLTAGE.  |   |
| THIS (pron)                                  | Function word that shows the person or thing referred to  Refer to section 9, GR-4. | REFER TO THE FAULT<br>ISOLATION TABLE.<br>THIS TELLS YOU THE<br>PARTS TO REPLACE. |   |
| thorough (adj)                               | FULL (adj)  | DO A FULL CHECK OF<br>THE CONTROL<br>SYSTEM.                                      | Do a thorough check of the control system.      |
| thoroughly (adv)                             | FULLY (adv)   | DRY THE SURFACE FULLY.  | Dry the surface thoroughly.                     |
| THOSE (pron)                                 | Function word that shows the persons or things referred to                          | WHEN YOU EXAMINE<br>THE PARTS, DISCARD<br>THOSE THAT ARE<br>DAMAGED.              |   |
| thread (v)                                   | PUT (v)   | PUT TAPE ON THE<br>ROLLER.  | Thread tape on the roller.                      |
|  | TURN (v)  | TURN THE LOCK NUT ON THE FITTING.   | Thread the lock nut on the fitting.             |
| threaded (adj)                               | THREAD (TN)   | PUT THE END OF THE<br>ROD THAT HAS A<br>THREAD IN THE<br>FITTING.                 | Put the threaded end of the rod in the fitting. |
| THROUGH (adv)                                | Function word that shows movement into one end or side and out of the other         | IF FUMES COME<br>THROUGH, DO THE<br>EMERGENCY<br>PROCEDURE.                       |   |
| THROUGH (prep)                               | Function word that shows movement into one end or side and out of the other         | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>FLUID THAT GOES<br>THROUGH THE TUBE<br>HAS NO BUBBLES.      |   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES         | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| throughout (prep)                                    | DURING (prep)                             | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>DOORS ARE CLOSED<br>DURING THE TEST.  | Make sure that the doors are closed throughout the test. |
| THRU (prep)  | From a point in a sequence to another     | DO STEPS 4 THRU 10<br>AGAIN.  |  |
| THUS (adv)   | For that reason  For other meanings, use: | THIS BOILER CONTROLLER IS APPLICABLE TO ALL SYSTEMS. THUS, IT CAN ALSO CONTROL THERMAL OIL HEATERS. |  |
|  | FOLLOW (v)                                | CALCULATE THE<br>THICKNESS OF THE<br>SHIM AS FOLLOWS:<br>T=X-Y.                                     | The thickness of the shim is thus calculated: T=X-Y.     |
| tie (v)  | ATTACH (v)                                | ATTACH THE<br>THREADING CORD TO<br>THE NEW CABLE.   | Tie the threading cord to the new cable.                 |
| TIGHT (adj)<br>(TIGHTER,<br>TIGHTEST)                | Not free  For other meanings, use:        | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>NUTS ARE TIGHT.   |  |
|  | SEAL (v)                                  | MAKE SURE THAT THE FUEL TANK IS SEALED.   | Make sure that the fuel tank is tight.                   |
|  | TENSION (TN)                              | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS TENSION IN<br>THE LOCKWIRE.  | Make sure that the lockwire is tight.                    |
| TIGHTEN (v),<br>TIGHTENS,<br>TIGHTENED,<br>TIGHTENED | To cause to be tight                      | TIGHTEN THE<br>SCREWS.  |  |
| TIGHTLY (adv)  | In a tight manner                         | HOLD THE CYLINDER TIGHTLY.  |  |
| till (conj)  | UNTIL (conj)                              | MOVE THE LEVER<br>UNTIL IT TOUCHES<br>THE STOP.   | Move the lever till it hits the stop.                    |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| TILT (v),<br>TILTS,<br>TILTED,<br>TILTED | To move at an angle or to put something at an angle between the vertical and the horizontal   | TO ALIGN THE BOLT,<br>TILT IT TO THE LEFT<br>SIDE.  |  |
|  |   | IF THE SHAFT TILTS,<br>STOP THE TEST<br>PROCEDURE.  |  |
| TIME (n)                                 | A duration that you can measure   | THE TIME BETWEEN<br>CLICKS MUST BE<br>20 SECONDS.   |  |
|  | 2. An occurrence  | DO STEP 2 THREE TIMES.  |  |
|  |   | DO NOT TIGHTEN THE NUTS AT THIS TIME.   |  |
| time (v)                                 | TIME (n)  | MEASURE THE TIME<br>THAT IS NECESSARY<br>FOR THE PRESSURE<br>TO DECREASE.                 | Time the pressure decay.   |
| tip (n)                                  | POINT (n)   | BEFORE YOU MAKE<br>THE HOLE, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE<br>POINT OF THE DRILL<br>BIT IS SHARP. | Before you make the hole, make sure the tip of the drill bit is sharp. |
| tip (v)                                  | TILT (v)  | TO INSTALL THE INDICATOR, TILT IT REARWARD.   | To install the indicator, tip it rearward.                             |
| TO (prep)                                | Function word that shows:  - The direction of, point of arrival or time, connection, result, cause  - That the word that follows is an infinitive | SET THE SWITCH TO "OFF".  |  |
|  |   | THIS VALUE IS EQUIVALENT TO THE MAXIMUM.  |  |
|  |   | ATTACH THE UNIONS<br>TO THE VALVE.  |  |
|  |   | GET ACCESS TO THE SELECTOR VALVES.  |  |
|  |   | TRY TO LIFT THE COVER MANUALLY.   |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                       | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES      | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|--|---|---|
| TOGETHER (adv)                                 | In one group or position               | USE TAPE TO ATTACH<br>THE CABLES<br>TOGETHER.                                     |   |
|  | For other meanings, use:               |   |   |
|  | AT THE SAME TIME                       | DISASSEMBLE THE<br>BYPASS VALVE AND<br>THE DUMP VALVE AT<br>THE SAME TIME.        | Disassemble the bypass valve and the dump valve together. |
| TOLERANCE (n)                                  | A permitted difference from a standard | THE TOLERANCE IS PLUS OR MINUS 0.2 mm.  |   |
| TOO (adv)                                      | More than is necessary or correct      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TEMPERATURE IS<br>NOT TOO HIGH.                             |   |
| TOOL (n)                                       | An object used to make or do something | REMOVE ALL TOOLS<br>AND EQUIPMENT.  |   |
| TOP (adj)                                      | That is uppermost                      | A NUMBER IN THE<br>TOP LEFT CORNER OF<br>THE DISPLAY REFERS<br>TO A RELATED PAGE. |   |
| TOP (n)  | The uppermost position                 | THE VERTICAL STABILIZER IS INSTALLED ON THE TOP OF THE FUSELAGE TAIL SECTION.     |   |
| top off (v)                                    | FILL (v)                               | FILL THE HYDRAULIC<br>SYSTEM AS<br>NECESSARY.                                     | Top off the hydraulic system as necessary.                |
|  | ADD (v)                                | ADD FLUID TO THE<br>HYDRAULIC<br>RESERVOIR AS<br>NECESSARY.                       | Top off the hydraulic reservoir as necessary.             |
| TORQUE (v),<br>TORQUES,<br>TORQUED,<br>TORQUED | To tighten to a specified torque       | TORQUE THE PLUG<br>TO 6 Nm.   |   |
| TOTAL (adj)                                    | All of                                 | THE TOTAL QUANTITY<br>OF FUEL IN THE<br>CENTER TANK IS<br>5000 lb.                |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                      | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| TOTAL (n)                                     | The full quantity                 | ADD THE VALUES.<br>THE TOTAL MUST NOT<br>BE MORE THAN<br>15 mm.                           |  |
| TOUCH (v),<br>TOUCHES,<br>TOUCHED,<br>TOUCHED | To be in contact                  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>LOCK NUT TOUCHES<br>THE SPRING.                                     |  |
| TOW (v),<br>TOWS,<br>TOWED,<br>TOWED          | To pull something along           | BEFORE YOU TOW THE VEHICLE BACK TO ITS INITIAL POSITION, COMPLETE THE PROCEDURE           |  |
| toward (prep)                                 | TO (prep)                         | THE ARROW MUST POINT TO THE REAR.   | The arrow must point toward the rear.                                  |
|   | DIRECTION (n)                     | MANUALLY PUSH THE<br>RAM AIR TURBINE IN<br>THE DIRECTION OF<br>THE RETRACTED<br>POSITION. | Manually push the Ram<br>Air Turbine toward the<br>retracted position. |
| toxic (adj)                                   | POISONOUS (adj)                   | THIS COMPOUND IS POISONOUS.   | This compound is toxic.  |
| trace (n)                                     | SIGN (n)                          | EXAMINE THE AREA<br>AROUND THE DRAIN<br>HOLES FOR SIGNS OF<br>CORROSION.                  | Check the area surrounding the drain holes for traces of corrosion.    |
| trace (v)                                     | FIND (v)                          | FIND THE BROKEN<br>WIRE.  | Trace the broken wire.   |
| track (v)                                     | MONITOR (v)                       | MONITOR THE<br>TEMPERATURE.   | Track the temperature.   |
| trained (adj)                                 | APPROVED (adj)                    | ONLY APPROVED<br>PERSONNEL CAN<br>OPERATE THE<br>BRAKES.                                  | Only trained personnel can operate the brakes.                         |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| transfer (n)   | MOVEMENT (n)                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>RATE OF MOVEMENT<br>OF FUEL FROM THE<br>WING TANKS TO THE<br>CENTER TANK IS<br>EQUAL. | Make sure the rate of fuel transfer from the wing tanks to the center tank is equal.              |
|  | SUPPLY (n)                        | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>RATE OF SUPPLY OF<br>FUEL FROM THE WING<br>TANKS TO THE<br>CENTER TANK IS<br>EQUAL.   | Make sure the rate of fuel transfer from the wing tanks to the center tank is equal.              |
| transfer (v)   | MOVE (v)                          | MOVE THE<br>COUPLINGS TO THE<br>NEW UNIT.   | The couplings must be transferred to the new unit.  |
|  | INSTALL (v)                       | INSTALL THE<br>COUPLINGS ON THE<br>NEW UNIT.  | Transfer the couplings to the new unit.   |
| transition (n)   | CHANGE (n)                        | THE CHANGE FROM FULL-RATE OPERATION TO HALF-RATE OPERATION MUST OCCUR IMMEDIATELY.                          | The transition from full-<br>rate operation to half-<br>rate operation must<br>occur immediately. |
| TRANSMIT (v),<br>TRANSMITS,<br>TRANSMITTED,<br>TRANSMITTED | To send energy or a signal        | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TRANSPONDER<br>TRANSMITS THE<br>SIGNAL CORRECTLY.                                     |   |
| TRANSPARENT (adj)  | Easy to see through               | PUT A TRANSPARENT<br>SHEET OF PLASTIC<br>ON THE SURFACE.  |   |
| transport (v)  | SEND (v)                          | SEND THE PART TO<br>THE OVERHAUL<br>SHOP.   | Transport the part to the overhaul shop.  |
| trapped (adj)  | CAUGHT (adj)                      | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>CABLE IS NOT<br>CAUGHT.   | Make sure that the cable is not trapped.  |
| TRAVEL (n)   | The movement of an item           | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>RANGE OF TRAVEL OF<br>THE CONTROL<br>SURFACES IS CLEAR.                               |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| travel (v)               | GO (v)                            | THE TURNBUCKLE<br>GOES THROUGH A<br>HOLE IN THE<br>BULKHEAD.                                     | The turnbuckle travels through a hole in the bulkhead.                        |
|                          | MOVE (v)                          | THE LEVER MOVES<br>THROUGH A 30-DEG.<br>ARC.   | The lever travels through a 30-deg. arc.                                      |
| treat (v)                | APPLY (v)                         | APPLY WAX TO THE SURFACE.  | Treat the surface with wax.   |
|                          | TOUCH (v)                         | BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU TOUCH PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS.  | Be careful when you treat printed circuit boards.                             |
| trigger (v)              | CAUSE (v)                         | HEAT CAUSES THE<br>PRESSURE TO<br>INCREASE.  | Heat triggers a pressure increase.  |
|                          | START (v)                         | THIS SIGNAL STARTS THE OPERATION OF THE TEST SET.  | This signal triggers test set operation.                                      |
| trim (v)                 | CUT (v)                           | CUT THE PATCH TO<br>THE CORRECT<br>DIMENSION.  | Trim the patch to fit.  |
| trip (v)                 | OPEN (v)                          | OPEN THE CIRCUIT<br>BREAKER.   | Trip the circuit breaker.   |
|                          | RELEASE (v)                       | THE HOLD-ON SWITCH RELEASES.   | Hold-on switch trips.   |
|                          | CAUSE TO FALL                     | AN IRREGULAR<br>SURFACE CAN CAUSE<br>YOU TO FALL.  | You can trip and fall on an irregular surface.                                |
| troubleshoot (v)         | TROUBLESHOOTING<br>(TN)           | DO THE TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE ON THE VHF NAVIGATION SYSTEM.                                   | Troubleshoot the VHF navigation system.                                       |
| true (adj)               | CORRECT (adj)                     | MAKE SURE THAT THE VALUE SHOWN ON THE INDICATOR IS CORRECT.                                      | Make sure that the indicator reading is true.                                 |
|                          | AGREE (v)                         | MAKE SURE THAT THE INDICATION ON THE GAUGE AGREES WITH THE QUANTITY OF FUEL THAT IS IN THE TANK. | Make sure that the gauge shows the true quantity of fuel that is in the tank. |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                                  |
|--|--|---|--|
| TRY (v),<br>TRIES,<br>TRIED,<br>TRIED    | To make an effort to do something                  | TRY TO MOVE THE CONTROL COLUMN.   |  |
| tuck (v)                                 | PUT (v)  | PUT THE HEADSTRAP<br>INTO THE FACE<br>PIECE.  | Tuck the headstrap into the face piece.          |
| TUNE (v),<br>TUNES,<br>TUNED,<br>TUNED   | To adjust equipment to the best performance        | TUNE ADF 1 TO A<br>KNOWN FREQUENCY.   |  |
| TURN (n)                                 | One full cycle of movement around an axis          | LET THE PRESSURE<br>BECOME STABLE<br>AFTER EACH TURN OF<br>THE ADJUSTMENT<br>SCREW. |  |
| TURN (v),<br>TURNS,<br>TURNED,<br>TURNED | To move or cause to move around an axis or a point | TURN THE CONTROL<br>CLOCKWISE.  |  |
|  |  | THE BEARING TURNS<br>AT 1500 RPM.   |  |
| turn off (v)                             | SET (v)  | SET THE COMPUTER TO "OFF."  | Turn off the computer.                           |
|  | STOP (v)   | STOP THE COMPUTER.  | Turn off the computer.                           |
|  | DE-ENERGIZE (v)                                    | DE-ENERGIZE THE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM.  | Turn the electrical system off.                  |
| turn on (v)                              | SET (v)  | SET THE POWER TO "ON."  | Turn on the power.                               |
|  | START (v)  | START THE POWER.  | Turn on the power.                               |
|  | ENERGIZE (v)                                       | ENERGIZE THE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM.   | Turn the electrical system on.                   |
| turn over (v)                            | TURN (v)   | TURN THE DISPLAY PANEL UNTIL YOU HAVE ACCESS TO THE CABLE.                          | Turn the display panel over to access the cable. |
| twice (adv)                              | TWO (TN)   | DO THIS PROCEDURE TWO TIMES.  | Do this procedure twice.                         |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                 | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example |
|--|---|---|-----------------|
| TWIST (v),<br>TWISTS,<br>TWISTED,<br>TWISTED | To use a force that<br>turns something and<br>causes a distortion | DO NOT TWIST THE CABLES.  |                 |
|  | To turn or change<br>shape as a result of<br>torsion              | IF THE CABLE TWISTS,<br>DISCONNECT THE<br>TWO CONNECTORS.         |                 |
| TYPE (n)                                     | A specified group   | FIND THE TYPE AND DIMENSIONS OF THE DAMAGE.                       |                 |
| TYPICAL (adj)                                | That has the important qualities of a group                       | THIS INSTALLATION PROCEDURE IS TYPICAL FOR THIS TYPE OF FASTENER. |                 |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                 | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| unable (adj)             | CANNOT (v)  | IF YOU CANNOT TURN<br>THE PULLEY, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE PIN IS<br>REMOVED.       | If you are unable to turn<br>the pulley, make sure<br>that the pin is removed. |
| unauthorized (adj)       | NOT APPROVED                                      | IF YOU ARE NOT<br>APPROVED TO DO<br>THIS WORK, DO NOT<br>DO THIS ENGINE<br>TEST. | If you are unauthorized,<br>do not do this engine<br>test.                     |
| uncap (v)                | REMOVE (v)<br>(A CAP [TN] OR CAPS<br>[TN])        | REMOVE THE CAPS<br>FROM THE HOSES.   | Uncap the hoses.   |
| unclip (v)               | REMOVE (v)<br>(FROM A CLIP [TN] OR<br>CLIPS [TN]) | REMOVE THE VISOR FROM THE CLIP.  | Unclip the visor.  |
| uncoil (v)               | UNWIND (v)  | UNWIND THE CABLES CAREFULLY.   | Uncoil the cables carefully.   |
| uncontaminated<br>(adj)  | CLEAN (adj)                                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>HYDRAULIC FLUID IS<br>CLEAN.                               | Make sure that the hydraulic fluid is uncontaminated.                          |
|                          | CONTAMINATION (n)                                 | MAKE SURE THAT<br>THERE IS NO<br>CONTAMINATION IN<br>THE FUEL TANKS.             | Make sure that the fuel tanks are uncontaminated.                              |
| uncouple (v)             | DISCONNECT (v)                                    | DISCONNECT THE<br>TOW BAR FROM THE<br>VEHICLE.                                   | Uncouple the tow bar from the vehicle.   |
| uncovered (adj)          | COVER (TN)  | DO NOT PUT A COVER ON THE CONTAINER.   | Leave the container uncovered.   |
| undamaged (adj)          | NOT DAMAGED                                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>SKIN IS NOT<br>DAMAGED.                                    | Make sure that the skin is undamaged.  |
| UNDEMANDED<br>(adj)      | That occurs without an apparent cause             | IF YOU GET AN UNDEMANDED MOVEMENT, DO A TEST OF THE SYSTEM.                      |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES        | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| under (prep)             | BELOW (prep)                             | INSTALL THE CABLE<br>THROUGH THE GUIDE<br>TUBE BELOW THE<br>CABIN FLOOR.                   | Install the cable through the guide tube under the cabin floor. |
|                          | IN (prep)                                | THIS RESULT CAN OCCUR IN DIFFERENT CONDITIONS.   | This result can occur under different conditions.               |
|                          | LESS THAN                                | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>PRESSURE IS LESS<br>THAN 30 psi.                                     | Make sure the pressure is under 30 psi.                         |
| underneath (prep)        | BELOW (prep)                             | PUT THE CONTAINER<br>BELOW THE DRAIN<br>VALVE.   | Place the container underneath the drain valve.                 |
| underside (n)            | BOTTOM (n)                               | EXAMINE THE FOUR ATTACHING HOLES ON THE BOTTOM.  | Examine the four attaching holes on the underside.              |
| undertake (v)            | DO (v) You can use a more accurate verb. | DO THIS TASK IN AN<br>AREA THAT HAS<br>GOOD AIRFLOW.                                       | Undertake this task in an area that has good airflow.           |
|                          | START (v)                                | DO NOT START THE TEST WITHOUT PRECAUTIONS.   | Do not undertake the test without precautions.                  |
| undo (v)                 | LOOSEN (v)                               | LOOSEN THE BOLTS<br>THAT ATTACH THE<br>UNIT.   | Undo the bolts that attach the unit.                            |
| undue (adj)              | UNWANTED (adj)                           | TO PREVENT UNWANTED FRICTION, POLISH THE SURFACE.  | To prevent undue friction, polish the surface.                  |
| uneven (adj)             | EQUAL (adj)                              | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>FUEL LOAD IS EQUAL<br>ON EACH SIDE OF THE<br>AIRCRAFT<br>CENTERLINE. | about the aircraft  |
|                          | ROUGH (adj)                              | IF THE SURFACE IS<br>ROUGH, REPLACE<br>THE SLIDE VALVE.                                    | Replace the slide valve if its surface is uneven.               |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| UNFOLD (v),<br>UNFOLDS,<br>UNFOLDED,<br>UNFOLDED | To open or to straighten or to cause to open or to straighten from a folded position or condition | UNFOLD THE<br>SHEETING<br>CAREFULLY.   |  |
|  |   | MAKE SURE THAT THE INDICATOR LIGHT COMES ON WHEN THE BLADES UNFOLD.                                  |  |
| uniform (adj)                                    | CONSTANT (adj)  | CURE THE SEALANT<br>AT A CONSTANT<br>TEMPERATURE.  | Cure the sealant at a uniform temperature.   |
|  | EQUAL (adj)   | THE FUEL LOAD MUST<br>BE EQUAL ON EACH<br>SIDE OF THE<br>AIRCRAFT<br>CENTERLINE.                     | The fuel load must be uniform on each side of the aircraft centerline.                                   |
| uniformly (adv)                                  | EQUALLY (adv)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE TWO PISTONS EXTEND EQUALLY.   | Make sure that the two pistons extend uniformly.   |
| unintentional (adj)                              | ACCIDENTAL (adj)  | A GUARD ON THE CONTROL SWITCH OF THE PUMP PREVENTS ACCIDENTAL OPERATION.                             | A guard on the control switch of the pump prevents unintentional operation.                              |
| unintentionally<br>(adv)                         | ACCIDENTALLY (adv)  | IF YOU ACCIDENTALLY SPRAY RAIN REPELLENT FLUID ONTO A DRY WINDSHIELD, REMOVE THE FLUID WITH SOLVENT. | If rain repellent fluid is unintentionally sprayed onto a dry windshield, remove the fluid with solvent. |
| UNIT (n)   | Equipment that does a function  | YOU CAN REPLACE A<br>LARGE NUMBER OF<br>UNITS DURING THIS<br>REPAIR PROCEDURE.                       |  |
|  | A quantity that is a standard of measurement  | THIS MANUAL USES SI UNITS.   |  |
| UNKNOWN (adj)                                    | Not known   | DO NOT USE FUEL<br>WITH UNKNOWN<br>PROPERTIES.   |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                         | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                     | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| unlatch (v)                                      | RELEASE (v)   | THE SWITCH MUST RELEASE.  | Switch must unlatch.   |
|  | OPEN (v)  | THE SWITCH MUST OPEN.   | Switch must unlatch.   |
| UNLESS (conj)                                    | Except if   | DO NOT REMOVE THE<br>ADAPTER FROM THE<br>STABILIZER UNLESS A<br>REPAIR IS<br>NECESSARY.         |  |
| unload (v)                                       | RELEASE (v)   | RELEASE THE SPRING TENSION.   | Unload the spring tension.   |
|  | LOAD (TN)   | REMOVE THE LOAD<br>FROM THE SPRING<br>BALANCE.  | Unload the spring balance.   |
| UNLOCK (v),<br>UNLOCKS,<br>UNLOCKED,<br>UNLOCKED | To release or become released from a locked condition | BEFORE YOU UNLOCK<br>THE DOOR, MAKE<br>SURE THAT THE<br>CABIN DIFFERENTIAL<br>PRESSURE IS ZERO. |  |
|  |   | IF THE LEVER UNLOCKS DURING THE TEST, SET THE LEVER TO THE LOCKED POSITION AGAIN.               |  |
| unnecessary (adj)                                | NOT NECESSARY   | REMOVE THE<br>GROUND EQUIPMENT<br>THAT IS NOT<br>NECESSARY.                                     | Remove the unnecessary ground equipment.                               |
| unobstructed (adj)                               | CLOGGED (adj)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>DRAIN OPENINGS ARE<br>NOT CLOGGED.  | Make sure that the drain openings are unobstructed.                    |
|  | CLEAR (adj)   | AN ATTENDANT MUST<br>HAVE A CLEAR VIEW<br>OF THE PERSON IN<br>THE TANK.                         | An attendant must have an unobstructed view of the person in the tank. |
| unpack (v)                                       | REMOVE (v)  | REMOVE THE PARTS FROM THE SHIPPING CONTAINER.   | Unpack the shipping container.   |
| unpainted (adj)                                  | BARE (adj)  | APPLY PROTECTIVE<br>TREATMENT ON THE<br>BARE SURFACES.  | Protect the unpainted surfaces.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)    | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| unplug (v)                  | DISCONNECT (v)                    | DISCONNECT THE SOLDERING IRON.   | Unplug the soldering iron.  |
|                             | PLUG (TN)                         | REMOVE THE PLUG<br>FROM THE FUEL LINE.   | Unplug the fuel line.   |
| unprotected (adj)           | PROTECTION (n)                    | WHEN YOU REMOVE<br>THE COVER, THE<br>CONTACTS HAVE NO<br>PROTECTION.                             | When you remove the cover, the contacts are unprotected.                                      |
| unreel (v)                  | UNWIND (v)                        | UNWIND THE HOSE.   | Unreel the hose.  |
| unrestricted (adj)          | FREE (adj)                        | THE BALL BEARING<br>MUST BE FREE TO<br>TURN.   | Ball bearing rotation must be unrestricted.   |
| unsafe (adj)                | DANGEROUS (adj)                   | IN THESE CONDITIONS, IT IS DANGEROUS TO REMOVE THE CARTRIDGES FROM THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER BOTTLE. | In these conditions, it is unsafe to remove the cartridges from the fire extinguisher bottle. |
| UNSATISFAC-<br>TORILY (adv) | In an unsatisfactory manner       | IF THE ELEVATORS OPERATE UNSATISFACTORILY, MOVE THE CONTROL COLUMN.                              |   |
| UNSATISFAC-<br>TORY (adj)   | Not satisfactory                  | IF THE CONDITION OF<br>THE FILTERS IS<br>UNSATISFACTORY,<br>REPLACE THEM.                        |   |
| unscrew (v)                 | LOOSEN (v)                        | LOOSEN THE CAPTIVE BOLTS.  | Unscrew the captive bolts.  |
|                             | TURN (v)                          | TURN THE END<br>FITTING TO ALIGN THE<br>RIGGING HOLES.   | Unscrew the end fitting to align the rigging holes.   |
|                             | REMOVE (v)                        | REMOVE THE NUTS.   | Unscrew the nuts.   |
| UNSERVICEABLE (adj)         | Not fit for its purpose           | REPLACE THE<br>UNSERVICEABLE<br>BUSHINGS.  |   |
| unstable (adj)              | NOT STABLE                        | IF THE SURFACE IS<br>NOT STABLE, AN<br>ACCIDENT CAN<br>OCCUR.                                    | If the surface is unstable, an accident can occur.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)                       | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                 | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example                |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| UNTIL (conj)                                   | Up to the time that                               | MOVE THE LEVER<br>UNTIL THE END OF<br>THE LINK TOUCHES<br>THE LOCK BAR.   |                                |
| UNTIL (prep)                                   | Up to the time of                                 | KEEP THE FIRE<br>BOTTLE ARMED UNTIL<br>THE END OF THE<br>TEST.            |                                |
| unused (adj)                                   | NEW (adj)   | FILL THE TANK WITH<br>NEW OIL.  | Fill the tank with unused oil. |
| UNUSUAL (adj)                                  | Not usual   | UNUSUAL LOADS CAN<br>CAUSE TREAD<br>SEPARATION IN THE<br>TIRES.           |                                |
| UNUSUALLY (adv)                                | In an unusual manner                              | THE VALVE OPERATES WHEN THERE IS AN UNUSUALLY LARGE FLOW OF FLUID.        |                                |
| UNWANTED (adj)                                 | That must not be there                            | UNWANTED AIR GOES<br>OUT THROUGH THE<br>OVERFLOW PORT.                    |                                |
|  |   | IF THE DRAIN HOLE IS<br>BLOCKED, REMOVE<br>THE UNWANTED<br>MATERIAL.      |                                |
| UNWIND (v),<br>UNWINDS,<br>UNWOUND,<br>UNWOUND | To remove or become removed from around an object | UNWIND THE CABLE.   |                                |
|  |   | IF THE HOSE<br>UNWINDS TOO<br>QUICKLY FROM THE<br>REEL, STOP THE<br>TEST. |                                |
| UP (adj)                                       | In a position above                               | MAKE SURE THAT THE ANCHOR IS UP.  |                                |
| UP (adv)                                       | To a position above                               | IF THE POINTER<br>MOVES UP,<br>DECREASE THE<br>POWER.                     |                                |
| UP (prep)                                      | To a position above                               | LET THE SLEEVE<br>MOVE UP THE GUIDE<br>TUBE.                              |                                |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/ ALTERNATIVES      | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| upon (prep)              | ON (prep)                           | PUT THE OHMMETER<br>ON A FLAT SURFACE.  | Put the ohmmeter upon a flat surface.                                   |
|                          | WHEN (conj)                         | WHEN YOU SET THE<br>LEVER TO "UP," THE<br>HYDRAULIC<br>PRESSURE MUST<br>DECREASE. | Upon UP selection, the hydraulic pressure must decrease.                |
| upper (adj)              | MAXIMUM (adj)                       | FILL THE CONTAINER<br>TO THE MAXIMUM<br>LEVEL.                                    | Fill the container to the upper level.                                  |
|                          | TOP (adj)                           | THE AIRFLOW THEN GOES ALONG THE TOP AND BOTTOM SURFACES OF THE SLATS.             | The airflow then passes over the upper and lower surfaces of the slats. |
| uppermost (adj)          | UP (adv)                            | INSTALL THE BOLTS<br>WITH THEIR HEADS<br>UP.                                      | Install the bolts with their heads in uppermost position.               |
| uppermost (adv)          | UP (adv)                            | INSTALL THE BOLTS<br>WITH THEIR HEADS<br>UP.                                      | Install the bolts with their heads uppermost.                           |
| UPSTREAM (adj)           | In a direction opposite to the flow | DISCONNECT THE UPSTREAM CONNECTION OF THE VALVE.                                  |   |
| UPSTREAM (adv)           | In a direction opposite to the flow | MOVE THE PROBE UPSTREAM AND MONITOR THE TEMPERATURE AGAIN.                        |   |
| UPSTREAM OF (prep)       | In a direction opposite to the flow | DISCONNECT THE<br>CONNECTION<br>UPSTREAM OF THE<br>VALVE.                         |   |
| up to (prep)             | UNTIL (prep)                        | UNTIL THIS STEP, THE UNIT IGNORES ALL OUTPUT SIGNALS.                             | Up to this step the unit ignores all output signals.                    |
|                          | THRU (prep)                         | DO STEPS 1 THRU 4.  | Do all steps up to and including step 4.                                |
|                          | MAXIMUM (n)                         | YOU CAN INSTALL A<br>MAXIMUM OF TEN<br>WASHERS.                                   | You can install up to ten washers.                                      |
| upward (adv)             | UP (adv)                            | MOVE THE LEVER UP.  | Move the lever upward.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech)           | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES           | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| urgently (adv)                     | IMMEDIATELY (adv)                           | GET MEDICAL AID IMMEDIATELY.  | Seek medical aid urgently.   |
| usage (n)                          | USE (v)                                     | IF YOU USE INCORRECT THINNERS. PROBLEMS CAN OCCUR DURING OPERATION.           | The usage of incorrect thinners can cause problems during operation.       |
| use (n)                            | OPERATION (n)                               | WHEN THE MOTOR IS<br>IN OPERATION, KEEP<br>YOUR HANDS AWAY<br>FROM THE BLADE. | Keep your hands away from the blade when the motor is in use.              |
|                                    | USE (v)                                     | DURING THIS TASK,<br>USE PROTECTIVE<br>GLOVES.                                | The use of protective gloves is mandatory during this task.                |
| USE (v),<br>USES,<br>USED,<br>USED | To make something do its specified function | IN THIS STEP, USE<br>AUXILIARY SCREWS.  |  |
|                                    |   | USE A SPECIAL<br>CONTAINER FOR<br>STORAGE.                                    |  |
|                                    |   | DURING THE<br>CLEANING<br>PROCEDURE, DO NOT<br>USE HIGH PRESSURE.             |  |
| USUAL (adj)                        | That you use or that occurs most frequently | IF YOU DO NOT GET<br>THE USUAL RESULTS,<br>DO A SYSTEM TEST.                  |  |
| USUALLY (adv)                      | In a usual manner                           | USUALLY, THE<br>HYDRAULIC FLUID<br>FLOWS INTO THE<br>VALVE THROUGH<br>PORT A. |  |
| utilization (n)                    | USE (v)                                     | READ THE INSTRUCTIONS THAT TELL YOU HOW TO USE THE OXYGEN MASK.               | Read the oxygen mask instructions for its utilization.                     |
| utilize (v)                        | USE (v)                                     | THE SOFTWARE USES CACHING TECHNIQUES TO DECREASE DATA RETRIEVAL TIMES.        | The software utilizes caching techniques to decrease data retrieval times. |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| valid (adj)              | CORRECT (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TEST RESULTS ARE<br>CORRECT.   | Make sure that the test results are valid.                                       |
|                          | APPLICABLE (adj)   | THIS PROCEDURE IS APPLICABLE ONLY IN DIGITAL MODE.   | This procedure is only valid in digital mode.                                    |
|                          | This word becomes part of a technical noun when it refers to an official document. | NDT PERSONNEL<br>MUST HOLD A VALID<br>CERTIFICATE OF<br>COMPETENCE AT<br>LEVEL 1, 2, OR 3.       |  |
| validity (n)             | CORRECT (adj)  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TEST RESULTS ARE<br>CORRECT.   | Check the validity of the test results.  |
|                          | APPLICABLE (adj)   | THIS STEP IS APPLICABLE ONLY WHEN YOU APPLY THE TOP LAYER OF PAINT.                              | The validity of this step is restricted to the application of the paint topcoat. |
| VALUE (n)                | A quantity that is calculated or given   | MAKE SURE THAT THE VALUES AGREE WITH THE SPECIFIED TOLERANCES.                                   |  |
| variable (adj)           | CHANGE (v)   | IF THE HUMIDITY<br>CHANGES<br>FREQUENTLY, PUT A<br>COVER ON THE UNIT.                            | If the humidity is variable, put a cover on the unit.                            |
| various (adj)            | DIFFERENT (adj)  | REFER TO TABLE 5<br>FOR THE DIFFERENT<br>TORQUE VALUES<br>THAT ARE<br>APPLICABLE TO THE<br>UNIT. | Refer to Table 5 for the various torque values that are applicable to the unit.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| vary (v)                 | CHANGE (v)                        | CHANGE THE<br>FREQUENCY AND<br>RECORD THE<br>RESULTS.                                 | Vary the frequency and record the results.                              |
| vent (v)                 | RELEASE (v)                       | RELEASE THE<br>PRESSURE.  | Vent the pressure.  |
|                          | FLOW (v)                          | LET THE FUEL FLOW FREELY OVERBOARD.   | Let the fuel vent freely overboard.                                     |
|                          | OPEN (adj)                        | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>TANK IS IN AN OPEN<br>AREA THAT HAS A<br>GOOD AIRFLOW.          | Make sure that the tank is in an area that is vented to the atmosphere. |
| ventilate (v)            | AIRFLOW (n)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>AREA WHERE YOU<br>WILL USE THIS<br>SOLVENT HAS GOOD<br>AIRFLOW. | Ventilate the area where this solvent is used.                          |
| ventilation (n)          | AIRFLOW (n)                       | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>AIRFLOW IS<br>SUFFICIENT.                                       | Make sure that the ventilation is sufficient.                           |
| verify (v)               | MAKE SURE (v)                     | MAKE SURE THAT THE FITTINGS ARE TIGHT.  | Verify the tightness of the fittings.                                   |
| VERTICAL (adj)           | At 90 degrees to the horizon      | MEASURE THE VERTICAL DISTANCE BETWEEN THE TWO POINTS ON THE GRAPH.                    |   |
| VERTICALLY (adv)         | At 90 degrees to the horizon      | THE POINTER MOVES VERTICALLY ALONG THE SCALE.   |   |
| VERY (adv)               | To a high degree                  | ADD THE OIL VERY SLOWLY.  |   |
| via (prep)               | THROUGH (prep)                    | GET ACCESS<br>THROUGH THE No. 6<br>BREAK-IN PANEL.                                    | Get access via No. 6 break-in panel.                                    |

| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES       | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| vibrate (v)              | VIBRATION (n)                           | IF THERE IS<br>VIBRATION IN THE<br>UNIT, DISCONNECT<br>THE POWER SUPPLY.  | If the unit vibrates, cut the power.                                   |
| VIBRATION (n)            | Regular movement from a center position | PRESSURE SURGES<br>AND VIBRATION CAN<br>CAUSE WEAR ON THE<br>HOSES.   |  |
| vicinity (n)             | NEAR (prep)                             | MAKE SURE THAT<br>SOLVENTS ARE NOT<br>NEAR THE ENGINE<br>EXHAUST.   | Make sure that solvents are not in the vicinity of the engine exhaust. |
|                          | ADJACENT (adj)                          | DO AN INSPECTION OF THE DAMAGE AND OF THE ADJACENT AREA.  | Do an inspection of the damage and of the immediate vicinity.          |
| VIEW (n)                 | The ability to see something            | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU HAVE A<br>SATISFACTORY VIEW<br>OF ALL<br>COMPONENTS.  |  |
| view (v)                 | SEE (v)                                 | THE BOLT WILL BE AT<br>THE 2 O'CLOCK<br>POSITION WHEN SEEN<br>FROM THE REAR.                                      | The bolt will be at 2 o'clock when viewed from the rear.               |
|                          | LOOK (v)                                | THE BOLT WILL BE AT THE 2 O'CLOCK POSITION WHEN YOU LOOK AT THE PUMP FROM THE REAR.                               | The bolt will be at 2 o'clock when viewed from the rear.               |
| vigorous (adj)           | FORCE (TN)                              | WHEN YOU CLEAN THE CARPET, DO NOT USE TOO MUCH FORCE ON THE BRUSH. TOO MUCH FORCE CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE CARPET. | Vigorous cleaning with a brush can cause damage to the carpet.         |
| vigorously (adv)         | FORCE (TN)                              | WHEN YOU MOVE THE<br>CONTROL WHEEL, DO<br>NOT APPLY TOO<br>MUCH FORCE.  |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES   | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| visible (adj)            | SEE (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT<br>YOU CAN SEE THE OIL<br>LEVEL THROUGH THE<br>SIGHT GAUGE.                   | Make certain that the oil level is visible through the sight gauge.          |
|                          | VIEW (n)  | WHEN THE INDICATOR<br>COMES INTO VIEW,<br>STOP THE TEST<br>PROCEDURE.                        | When the indicator is visible, stop the test procedure.                      |
| VISUAL (adj)             | That you can see  | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>VISUAL INDICATOR<br>SHOWS THE<br>CORRECT VALUE.                        |  |
| VISUALLY (adv)           | With the eyes   | VISUALLY EXAMINE<br>THE DUCT.  |  |
| vital (adj)              | MANDATORY (adj)   | IT IS MANDATORY TO<br>OBEY THE<br>SUPPLIER'S<br>MAINTENANCE<br>INTERVALS.                    | It is vital to obey the supplier's maintenance intervals.                    |
| VOICE (n)                | The sound you make when you speak   | SPEAK INTO THE<br>MICROPHONE IN<br>YOUR USUAL VOICE.   |  |
| volatile (adj)           | Use a different construction. Tell the reader what the risk or effect is. | BE CAREFUL WITH THE SOLVENT NEAR FLAMES OR SPARKS. THIS SOLVENT CAN RELEASE FLAMMABLE FUMES. | Be careful with the solvent (this solvent is volatile and can be dangerous). |
| VOLUME (n)               | The space that an object fills  | MEASURE THE<br>VOLUME OF THE OIL<br>CAREFULLY.   |  |
|                          | 2. How loud a sound is  | TO ADJUST THE VOLUME, USE THE BUTTONS ON THE SIDE OF THE PHONE.                              |  |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                 | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                         | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|---|---|
| WAIT (v),<br>WAITS,<br>WAITED,           | To stop doing something while another thing occurs.       | (1) IF THE STATUS OF<br>THE FAULT IS "NOT<br>CONFIRMED":  |   |
| WAITED                                   |   | (a) OPEN THE<br>APPLICABLE<br>CIRCUIT BREAKER.  |   |
|  |   | (b) WAIT FOR<br>4 MINUTES.  |   |
|  |   | (c) DO THE BITE TEST.   |   |
| WALK (v),<br>WALKS,<br>WALKED,<br>WALKED | To move on foot from one location to a different location | DO NOT WALK ON<br>THIS AREA.  |   |
| WANT (v),<br>WANTS,<br>WANTED,<br>WANTED | To intend, to desire                                      | RECORD THE NAME<br>OF THE FILE THAT<br>YOU WANT TO<br>DOWNLOAD.                                 |   |
|  |   | IF YOU WANT TO<br>STOP THE<br>PROCEDURE,<br>RECORD THE<br>NUMBER OF THE LAST<br>COMPLETED STEP. |   |
| WARM (adj)                               | Moderately hot  | KEEP THE GASKETS<br>IN A WARM, DRY<br>AREA.   |   |
| warm (v)                                 | WARM (adj)  | MAKE THE MIXTURE<br>WARM BEFORE YOU<br>USE IT.  | Warm the mixture before use.  |
| warn (v)                                 | TELL (v)  | TELL PERSONNEL TO<br>STAY AWAY FROM<br>THE CONVEYOR<br>SYSTEM.                                  | Warn personnel to stay away from the conveyor system.                                 |
|  | WARNING (TN)  | IF THE INSTRUCTIONS GIVE A WARNING ABOUT DANGEROUS PRESSURE, DO NOT OPEN THE CONTAINER.         | If the instructions warn of<br>a dangerous pressure,<br>do not open the<br>container. |
| wash (v)                                 | CLEAN (v)   | CLEAN YOUR HANDS<br>WITH SOAP.  | Wash your hands using soap.   |



| Word<br>(part of speech)             | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| watch (v)                            | MONITOR (v)  | MONITOR THE SPEED INDICATION CONTINUOUSLY UNTIL THE END OF THE TEST. | Watch the speed indication for the duration of the test.  |
|                                      | LOOK (v)   | LOOK FOR AIR<br>BUBBLES.   | Watch for air bubbles.                                    |
| watertight (adj)                     | SEAL (v)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE TANK IS SEALED.                                   | Check that the tank is watertight.                        |
| way (n)                              | PROCEDURE (n)  | DO NOT USE OTHER PROCEDURES TO REPLACE THE UNIT.                     | Do not use other ways to replace the unit.                |
| WE (pron)                            | The manufacturer,<br>company, or<br>organization that<br>releases the<br>documentation | WE DO NOT<br>RECOMMEND OTHER<br>ALTERNATIVES.                        |   |
|                                      | Do not use this pronoun for other meanings.  |  |   |
| WEAK (adj)<br>(WEAKER,<br>WEAKEST)   | With small strength, power, or concentration   | USE A WEAK<br>CLEANING SOLUTION.                                     |   |
| weakness (n)                         | WEAK (adj)   | THERE IS A WEAK<br>POINT IN THE STRUT.                               | There is a point of weakness in the strut.                |
| WEAR (v),<br>WEARS,<br>WORE,<br>WORN | To become damaged by friction  For other meanings, use:                                | THE CABLE CAN<br>WEAR QUICKLY IN<br>THIS POSITION.                   |   |
|                                      | USE (v)  | DURING THE<br>SOLDERING<br>PROCEDURE, USE A<br>PROTECTIVE SHIELD.    | During the soldering procedure, wear a protective shield. |
|                                      | PUT ON (v)   | WHEN YOU USE THE<br>SOLVENT, PUT ON<br>PROTECTIVE<br>CLOTHING.       | Wear protective clothing when you use the solvent.        |
| WEATHER (n)                          | Conditions of the atmosphere: temperature, moisture, winds, and clouds                 | STEP 2 IS APPLICABLE<br>ONLY IF THE<br>WEATHER IS WET.               |   |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                     | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                           | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|--|--|
| weep (n)                                     | LEAKAGE (n)   | IF THERE IS FUEL<br>LEAKAGE FROM THE<br>COUPLINGS, REJECT<br>THE UNIT. | If there are fuel weeps from the couplings, reject the unit. |
| WEIGH (v),<br>WEIGHS,<br>WEIGHED,<br>WEIGHED | To measure the weight of something                          | WEIGH THE TWO<br>PARTS OF THE<br>COMPOUND.                             |  |
|  | To have a specified weight                                  | THE UNIT WEIGHS<br>20 kg.  |  |
| WEIGHT (n)                                   | The force caused when gravity acts on the mass of an object | THE BASIC WEIGHT OF THE UNIT DOES NOT INCLUDE THE PROTECTIVE COVERS.   |  |
| well (adv)                                   | CORRECTLY (adv)   | MAKE SURE THAT THE<br>BEARING IS<br>CORRECTLY<br>INSTALLED.            | Make sure that the bearing is well seated.                   |
|  | GOOD (adj)  | THERE MUST BE A<br>GOOD AIRFLOW IN<br>THE WORK AREA.                   | The work area must be well ventilated.                       |
|  | FULLY (adv)   | MAKE SURE THAT ALL LABORATORY EQUIPMENT IS FULLY CLEAN.                | All laboratory equipment must be well cleaned.               |
| WET (adj)<br>(WETTER,<br>WETTEST)            | That has liquid on it, in it, or absorbed into it           | DRY THE WET<br>SURFACES.   |  |
| WHEN (conj)                                  | At the time that or during                                  | WHEN THE PISTON<br>MOVEMENT STOPS,<br>MEASURE THE<br>TRAVEL.           |  |
| whenever (conj)                              | WHEN (conj)   | WHEN THE PRESSURE<br>IS MORE THAN<br>7000 kPa, STOP THE<br>TEST.       | Stop the test whenever the pressure is more than 7000 kPa.   |
| WHERE (conj)                                 | At, to, or in which location                                | CLEAN THE AREA<br>WHERE YOU APPLIED<br>THE SEALANT.                    |  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/ ALTERNATIVES | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| whether (conj)           | IF (conj)                      | THIS LIMIT IS APPLICABLE IF THE AIRCRAFT IS ON THE LANDING GEAR OR ON JACKS.  | This limit applies whether the aircraft is on the landing gear or on |
| WHICH (pron)             | The thing or things that       | EXAMINE THE<br>EMERGENCY FUEL<br>PUMP, WHICH IS ON<br>THE LEFT SIDE.          |  |
| whichever (adj)          | THAT (pron)                    | USE THE ADHESIVE<br>THAT IS AVAILABLE.  | Use whichever adhesive is available.                                 |
| whichever (pron)         | THAT (pron)                    | DIFFERENT<br>ADHESIVES ARE<br>PERMITTED. USE THE<br>ONE THAT IS<br>AVAILABLE. | Different adhesives are permitted. Use whichever is available.       |
| WHILE (conj)             | At the same time               | MAKE SURE THAT A<br>PERSON HOLDS THE<br>ITEM, WHILE YOU<br>DISCONNECT IT.     |  |
| whilst (conj)            | WHILE (conj)                   | DO NOT OPEN THE<br>HOUSING WHILE THE<br>ELECTRICAL POWER<br>IS CONNECTED.     | Do not open the housing whilst the electrical power is connected.    |
| WHO (pron)               | The person or personnel that   | THE DECKHAND, WHO OPERATES THE REAR WINCH, MUST LOCK THE FIXTURE.             |  |
| whoever (pron)           | WHO (pron)                     | ALL PERSONS WHO<br>ARE IN THIS AREA<br>MUST USE A<br>RESPIRATOR.              | Whoever is in this area must use a respirator.                       |
| whole (adj)              | FULL (adj)                     | DO THE FULL<br>PROCEDURE.   | The whole procedure must be done.                                    |
|                          | ALL (adj)                      | EXAMINE ALL OF THE<br>SYSTEM TO FIND THE<br>CAUSE OF<br>INTERFERENCE.         | Examine the whole system to find the cause of interference.          |
| wholly (adv)             | FULLY (adv)                    | THE SYSTEM IS FULLY AUTOMATIC.  | The system is wholly automatic.                                      |

| Word<br>(part of speech)               | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                                     | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--|---|---|--|
| whose (pron)                           | Use a different construction.   | THE GENERATORS SUPPLY A THREE- PHASE VOLTAGE. THE FREQUENCY OF THIS VOLTAGE INCREASES WHEN THE GENERATOR ROTOR SPEED INCREASES. | The generators produce<br>a three-phase voltage<br>whose frequency is<br>proportional to the<br>generator rotor speed. |
| WIDE (adj)<br>(WIDER,<br>WIDEST)       | That has a specified or large width                                   | REPAIR ALL CRACKS<br>THAT ARE WIDER<br>THAN 0,05 mm.  |  |
| WIDTH (n)                              | The smaller of two dimensions, the second-largest of three dimensions | MEASURE THE WIDTH<br>OF THE CRACK AT<br>THE WIDEST POINT.   |  |
| WILL (v)  No other verb forms.         | Auxiliary modal verb that shows simple future tense                   | WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL WILL HELP YOU TO DO THE WORK SAFELY AND CORRECTLY.   |  |
| WIND (v),<br>WINDS,<br>WOUND,<br>WOUND | To move around and around an object                                   | WIND THE TAPE ON<br>THE REEL.   |  |
| windy (adj)                            | WIND (TN)   | WHEN THERE ARE<br>STRONG WINDS,<br>OBEY THESE SPECIAL<br>PRECAUTIONS.   | Take special precautions in very windy conditions.   |
| wipe (v)                               | CLEAN (v)   | BEFORE EACH CYCLE,<br>CLEAN THE<br>INDICATOR.   | Wipe the indicator surfaces before each cycle.   |
| wire (v)                               | ATTACH (v)<br>(WITH WIRE [TN])  | ATTACH THE HOSE TO<br>THE FIXTURE WITH<br>WIRE.   | Wire the hose to the fixture.  |
| wire-lock (v)                          | LOCK (v)<br>(WITH LOCKWIRE [TN])                                      | LOCK THE FOUR<br>BOLTS TO EACH<br>OTHER WITH<br>LOCKWIRE.   | Wire-lock the four bolts to each other.  |
|  | SAFETY (v)<br>(WITH SAFETY WIRE<br>[TN])                              | SAFETY THE FOUR<br>BOLTS TO EACH<br>OTHER WITH SAFETY<br>WIRE.  | Wire-lock the four bolts to each other.  |



| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES  | STE EXAMPLE   | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| WITH (prep)              | Function word that shows association or relationship, help or sharing, a means or instrument | ALIGN THE MARK<br>WITH THE<br>LONGITUDINAL AXIS.                                      |  |
|                          | Refer to section 9, GR-2.  | ATTACH THE FLANGE<br>(10) WITH THE FOUR<br>BOLTS (15).                                |  |
|                          |  | REMOVE THE VALVE (2) WITH THE EXTRACTOR.  |  |
| withdraw (v)             | REMOVE (v)   | REMOVE THE INDICATOR FROM THE INSTRUMENT PANEL.                                       | Withdraw the indicator from the instrument panel.                    |
| within (prep)            | IN (prep)  | A FILTER PREVENTS<br>CONTAMINATION OF<br>THE COMPONENTS IN<br>THE SYSTEM.             | A filter prevents contamination of the components within the system. |
|                          | IN OR LESS   | LIGHT L4 COMES ON<br>IN 5 SECONDS OR<br>LESS.   | Light L4 illuminates within 5 seconds.                               |
|                          | IN LESS THAN   | MAKE SURE THAT THE WARNING LIGHT COMES ON IN LESS THAN 3 SECONDS.                     | Make sure that the warning light illuminates within 3 seconds.       |
| WITHOUT (prep)           | Not with   | SMALL DAMAGE IS PERMITTED WITHOUT REPAIR. REFER TO TABLE 1 FOR THE APPLICABLE LIMITS. |  |
| withstand (v)            | RESISTANT (adj)  | THIS MATERIAL IS<br>RESISTANT TO FIRE.  | This material can withstand fire.                                    |
| WORK (n)                 | That which you do when you use physical strength, or mental power                            | DO THE WORK IN A<br>CLEAN AREA.   |  |
| work (v)                 | WORK (n)   | BE CAREFUL WHEN<br>YOU DO WORK NEAR<br>FUEL TANKS.                                    | Be careful when you work near fuel tanks.                            |
| would (v)                | CAN (v)  | SOLVENTS THAT STAY<br>ON THE PART CAN<br>CAUSE CORROSION.                             | Solvents left on the part would corrode the part.                    |

| Word<br>(part of speech)                   | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                           | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example   |
|--|---|--|---|
| wrap (v)                                   | PUT (v)   | PUT THE PART IN<br>OILPAPER.   | Wrap the part in oilpaper.                                  |
|  | WIND (v)  | WIND MASKING TAPE AROUND THE PART.   | Wrap masking tape around the part.                          |
| WRITE (v),<br>WRITES,<br>WROTE,<br>WRITTEN | To record data or information as words, letters, or symbols | WRITE THE TEST<br>DATE ON THE<br>CERTIFICATE.  |   |
| wrong (adj)                                | INCORRECT (adj)   | IDENTIFY THE BELLCRANK AND SHAFT WITH MARKS. THESE MARKS WILL PREVENT AN INCORRECT INSTALLATION. | Mark the bellcrank and shaft to prevent wrong installation. |
| wrongly (adv)                              | INCORRECTLY (adv)   | IF THE HOSES ARE INCORRECTLY INSTALLED, DAMAGE CAN OCCUR.  | Damage can occur if hoses are wrongly installed.            |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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| Word<br>(part of speech) | Approved meaning/<br>ALTERNATIVES                          | STE EXAMPLE  | Non-STE example  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| YES (adv)                | Function word that shows the positive answer to a question | DOES THE LIGHT<br>COME ON? YES OR<br>NO?   |  |
| yet (conj)               | BUT (conj)   | TIGHTEN THE NUTS,<br>BUT KEEP THEM<br>SUFFICIENTLY LOOSE<br>TO REMOVE THEM<br>WITH YOUR HAND.  | The nuts should be tightened, yet loose enough to remove by hand.  |
| yet (adv)                | AT THIS TIME   | DO NOT REMOVE THE FIXTURE COVER AT THIS TIME.  | Do not remove the fixture cover yet.   |
| YOU (pron)               | The reader or the user                                     | YOU CAN CONTINUE THE TEST.   |  |
|                          |  | HOT SURFACES CAN<br>BURN YOU.  |  |
| YOUR (adj)               | Related to the reader or the user                          | IF YOU GET SOLVENT<br>IN YOUR EYES, FLUSH<br>THEM IMMEDIATELY<br>WITH WATER.   |  |
| yourself (pron)          | YOU (pron)   | DO NOT USE YOUR HANDS TO PREVENT MOVEMENT OF THE LP COMPRESSOR. IF YOU DO, THE LP COMPRESSOR CAN CAUSE YOU INJURY AND CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE EQUIPMENT. | Do not use your hands<br>to prevent movement of<br>the LP compressor. If<br>you do, you can cause<br>injury to yourself and<br>damage to the<br>equipment. |
| zero (v)                 | ZERO (TN)  | ADJUST THE METER<br>TO ZERO.   | Zero the meter.  |



Word Approved meaning/ (part of speech) ALTERNATIVES

(part of speech) ALTERNATIVES STE EXAMPLE Non-STE example

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